Case 1:	18-cv-00651-CFC Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 10174	Page 1 of 311 PageID #:
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2	IN THE UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
3	IN AND FOR THE DISTR	ICT OF DELAWARE
4		
5	VANDA PHARMACEUTICALS, INC,)	CIVIL ACTION
6	Plaintiff,) v.)	NO. 18-651-CFC
7)	
8	TEVA PHARMACEUTICALS USA,) INC., et al.,)	
9	Defendant.	
	Defendant.)	
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15	Wilmington, Dela	aware
16	Thursday, March Bench Trial Tra	31, 2022
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19	BEFORE: HONORABLE COLM F. CONNOLLY, (Thief Judge
20	BEFORE: MONOREELE COMMONENT, C	mier ouuge
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	Miche	le L. Rolfe, RPR, CRR

Case 1:	18-cv-00651-CFC	Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 Page 2 of 311 PageID #: 10175
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Case 1:**1**8-cv-00651-CFC Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 Page 3 of 311 PageID #: CROSS-EXAMINATION- DR. BERGMEIER 1 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 (REPORTER'S NOTE: The following bench trial was held in Courtroom 4B, beginning at 8:30 a.m.) 4 5 THE COURT: Good morning. Mr. Rozendaal. Dr. Bergmeier, you remain under oath. 6 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. ROZENDAAL: 9 Good morning, Dr. Bergmeier. Q. 10 Good morning. Α. So we left off yesterday starting to talk about the 11 12 CN268 reference. 13 Do you recall that? 14 Α. Yes. So let's go ahead and pull up CN268, which is 15 DTX-301, and let's go to page 301.37. 16 17 And what I wanted to confirm was that the CN268 18 reference describes how to carry out the two process steps 19 that are in Claim 10 of the '465 patent that we have been 20 talking about. So if we go down at the bottom at Paragraphs 63 21 and 64, it says synthesis has tasimelteon, right? 22 23 Α. Yes. 24 And Paragraph 64 describes adding polypropylene

chloride to a methanamine in order to arrive at tasimelteon,

- 1 | right?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 \ Q. And we agree that that corresponds to the
- 4 propionylating state of the '465 patent, right?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And then if we go up before that to see how we got
- 7 there, if we go to Paragraphs 61 and 62, it talks about how
- 8 | to prepare the methanamine that's used to get to the
- 9 | tasimelteon, right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And it says that you react the carboxamide with a
- 12 reducing agent and an acid in order to form the methanamine;
- 13 | is that fair?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 \ Q. And that corresponds to the first of the two process
- 16 steps in Claim 10 of the '465, does it not?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And just for completeness, in case you're wondering
- 19 how we get to the carboxamide, at Paragraphs 59 at the
- 20 bottom of Page 36, and 60 at the top of page 37, describe
- 21 how to prepare the carboxamide that is used for the
- 22 | remaining two steps of the reaction; is that right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 \ Q. And people of skill in the art reading these
- 25 instructions would know how to carry out those steps, right?

A. Yes.

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- 2 Q. Okay. So that's the '268 patent.
 - Now if we go back for just a moment to the other Chinese patent application we were talking about, which is the '019 patent, that's DTX-411. If we go to 411, Page 52, Paragraph 22 at the top, it says to carry out the step in this claimed process you start with the carboxamide that is prepared according to the method in the CN268 that we were just looking at, right? Patent application, I guess.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. Okay. So then we have -- and that carboxamide 12 | corresponds to the same carboxamide that's in Claims 1 and 13 | 10 of the '465 parent, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Okay. And then the '019 patent, if we go down to the bottom of that same page, 52, and over to the top half of
 17 Page 53, it describes Embodiment 1, right. And essentially
 18 it tells you how to carry out reaction steps to turn that
 19 carboxamide into tasimelteon, right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. All right. And people of skill in the art would understand how to follow those instructions to arrive at the tasimelteon product described there, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Okay. So if we now go back to the Claim 10 of the

- 1 | '465 patent, if we look at the requirements of this claim,
- it has to have a composition comprising tasimelteon, right?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 | Q. And those two process steps, we agree, are not
- 7 something that Vanda invented?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Right. That was an old process.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. We've just established it was described in the CN268
- 12 patent.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Right. You told us yesterday it was also described
- 15 in the Singh reference.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And we know from BMS's process documents that BMS had
- 18 the process long ago, right?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 \ Q. So whatever is new in this claim it's not those two
- 21 process steps.
- 22 A. Yes.
- 24 is the impurities.
- 25 A. **Yes**.

- Q. Right. So your point is not that Vanda came up with a new process for making tasimelteon, it's that Vanda
- 3 identified new impurities in an old process.
- 4 | A. Yes.
- Okay. And just to be clear, the .15 percent impurity
- 6 threshold, that's also not something Vanda came up with,
- 7 | right; that came from regulatory documents?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Okay. Now, if someone wanted to make or use
- 10 tasimelteon during the term of the BMS '529 patent, which is
- 11 the compound patent, it would have needed to have a license
- 12 to the patent in order to use the compound, right?
- 13 A. I believe so, yes.
- 14 Q. Okay. And we agree that the '529 patent discloses
- 15 | tasimelteon compositions for pharmaceutical use, right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Okay. So would a POSA have been motivated to apply
- 18 the .15 percent threshold from the ICH Guidelines to the
- 19 tasimelteon synthesis in the '529 patent?
- 20 A. I'm sorry, would a what?
- 21 \parallel Q. Yeah. Would a person of skill in the art --
- 22 A. Oh, okay.
- 23 \ \Q. -- been motivated to apply the .15 percent impurity
- 24 | threshold from the ICH Guidelines to the process in the '529
- 25 patent if they wanted to make tasimelteon for pharmaceutical

1 use?

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- A. They would have been motivated to get impurities below that level.
- Q. Okay. So that's a yes, they would have used that guideline together with the process in order to come up with a significantly pure tasimelteon?
 - A. They would have tried to have done that.
- Q. Okay. And the same thing is true of the process
 described in the '268 patent, right? Someone trying to make
 tasimelteon according to the '268 patent would be motivated
 to apply the impurity thresholds from the ICH Guidelines in
 order to come up with a sufficiently pure product, right?
 - A. Yes, but they may not be successful.
- 14 \ Q. Right. But they would want to try.
- 15 A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. Now, I'd like to talk to you about some of the assumptions that you relied on in forming your opinions on validity.
 - So one of the premises of your validity opinions is that a person of ordinary skill in the art would not have known or been aware of regulatory considerations concerning pharmaceutical products. Fair?
 - A. They would not need to know that, no.
- 24 \parallel Q. Well, and they -- so they might not know that.
- 25 A. They might not.

- 1 \ \Q. In fact, they would not, right? They don't have to.
- 2 A. It's not a requirement.
- 3 Q. Okay. And more specifically, a premise of your
- 4 | opinions is that a person having ordinary skill in the art
- 5 would not have been aware of or understood the teachings of
- 6 the ICHQ3A Guidelines.
- 7 A. They would not need to.
- 8 \ Q. Well, and they would not, in your opinion.
- 9 A. Again, they wouldn't have to. They could. It's
- 10 certainly not a disqualification -- you wouldn't take that
- person and fire them because they learned that.
- 12 Q. I see. But in order to be a person of skill in the
- 13 art, in your opinion, you don't need to know about the
- 14 ICHQ3A Guideline.
- 15 A. You don't have to, no.
- 16 \ Q. All right. Now, you're aware, are you not, Doctor,
- 17 | that a person of skill in the art is presumed to be aware of
- 18 | all pertinent prior art?
- 19 A. **Yes**.

product.

- 20 Q. And so you don't think that the ICHQ3A Guideline is
- 21 pertinent prior art to the subject matter of the '465?
- 22 A. I don't think it's a requirement that you know that
- 23 particular piece of information. It's something that could
- 24 | be looked up once you start on your -- trying to purify your
- 25

- 1 Q. We agree that the subject matter, the title of the
- 2 465 patent, is highly purified pharmaceutical-grade
- 3 tasimelteon, right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And so just to be clear, even though the subject
- 6 matter of the patent is pharmaceutical-grade tasimelteon,
- your opinion is that a person of skill in the art does not
- 8 need to know about regulatory guidelines for
- 9 pharmaceutical-grade products.
- 10 A. I don't believe they have to know that, no.
- 11 Q. Okay. Now, you personally don't have any experience
- 12 in obtaining FDA approval of a drug product, correct?
- 13 A. No, I don't.
- 14 Q. And you don't consider yourself to be an expert in
- 15 | FDA regulations or approval, right?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. You have not been part of a team that has developed a
- 18 drug product, right?
- 19 A. Not all the way to a drug, no.
- 20 Q. Okay. And, in fact, you, yourself, were not aware of
- 21 the ICHQ3A Guidelines prior to your work in this case; is
- 22 | that right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. All right.
- 25 MR. ROZENDAAL: Thank you, Dr. Bergmeier.

THE COURT: All right. We'll do a sidebar.

And then so the record reflects, judging -- I made the decision based on Mr. Rozendaal's facial reaction.

(Whereupon, a discussion was held at sidebar as

25 **follows:**)

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THE COURT: Obviously by facial reactions I was being silly. The courtroom is crowded and now we have a sidebar of about 20 people, so that's just the nature of the beast.

Go ahead, Mr. Rozendaal.

MR. ROZENDAAL: So, Your Honor, the issue is that on Dr. Bergmeier's direct, the plaintiff put in front of him a demonstrative that called attention to the Chinese '019 patent and elicited testimony about prosecution history involving a patent.

THE COURT: Hold on a second.

Yes.

MR. ROZENDAAL: And on cross-examination,

Dr. Bergmeier confirmed that the '019 patent describes

99.9 percent pure tasimelteon that has fewer than

0.15 percent by way of all of the named impurities in the claim at issue in the '465 patent. Also confirmed that people of skill in the art would be able to follow instructions of the '019 patent in order to make the product.

And so, that means that that constitutes an admission that the '019 patent is an anticipating reference for the claim. Now, we did not list the '019 patent in the pretrial order as an anticipatory reference, but in light of this rather unexpected testimony that was elicited initially

CROSS-EXAMINATION- DR. BERGMEIER

by the plaintiffs and the evidence that was brought in without any objection by the plaintiff, we think it would be appropriate to amend the pleadings to conform the pretrial order to the evidence and allow us to raise that as a ground of invalidity.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: We don't, surprisingly, disagree, Your Honor. Had they raised this in a timely fashion, we would have put on evidence with a host of other reasons why the process of the '019 patent is not identical and therefore it would produce different impurities. And also that there are reasons in that domestic, as I think Dr. Bergmeier touched on, eluded to at some point to disbelieve that, in fact, it would produce what it says it would produce.

And had they raised that, that would have been a primary focus of debate between the two sides for Your Honor. And so now for them to come in and say the evidence is closed, we have an invalidity ground that we didn't put in the pretrial order, we didn't frame up for this and now the witnesses are gone.

I cannot barely conceive of anything that would be more prejudicial.

MR. ROZENDAAL: Your Honor --

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: One more thing -- Mr. Stone mentioned. We're learning of this now. It wasn't raised

last night, it wasn't raised at any point.

Now, I understand that it's based on the testimony that Your Honor heard, you know, in the last few minutes, but all the same, right, you know, this is an issue that is literally breaking now.

THE COURT: Well, I thought it's based on the testimony we heard yesterday afternoon. I mean, I heard the testimony. It struck me that he said on the stand that that patent and the disclosure that tasimelteon could be made with -- was it 99.9 percent purity was known in the prior art. That seems to me to mean that necessarily somebody who made that tasimelteon as of the priority date would have necessarily met the impurity limitations in the asserted claim.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Had this been raised, for example, as a basis for invalidity, and we had joined --

THE COURT: I don't want you to repeat yourself because I got what you said. The point is, though, you were the one who adduced this evidence at trial. I don't believe that this particular Chinese patent, the '019, had been mentioned at trial until your side adduced it. And having adduced it, I think Rule 15 talks about liberal pleading standards and provides at any time, right, the party can move to amend the pleadings to conform with the evidence. You adduced the evidence.

Okay. Let's do that. THE COURT:

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MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And, Your Honor, just so -- is he sequestered or maybe confer with him, because we have not previously discussed this.

1	THE COURT: I think the right answer is you just
2	put him on the stand and we just adduce the evidence. I
3	think that's the fairest way to do it.
4	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Thank you.
5	THE COURT: All right.
6	(Whereupon, the discussion held at sidebar
7	concluded.)
8	THE COURT: Go ahead.
9	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Just given the nature of the
10	situation, I was wondering if we might have a couple of
11	minutes just to confer about questions that we should ask.
12	THE COURT: Sure. How much
13	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Five minutes, maybe.
14	THE COURT: We'll come back at 9 o'clock.
15	(Break taken.)
16	THE COURT: Let's proceed.
17	MS. YOUNG: I'd like to call Dr. Bergmeier back
18	to the stand.
19	BY MS. YOUNG:
20	Q. Hi, Dr. Bergmeier.
21	A. Hello.
22	Q. Do you recall being asked by Mr. Rozendaal about CN
23	'019, which I believe is DTX-411?
24	A. Yes, I do.
25	MS. YOUNG: And if you could go to Page 52 and

	CROSS-EXAMINATION- DR. BERGMEIER
1	53 and pull up Paragraphs 32 through 34.
2	MR. ROZENDAAL: I apologize. May the witness be
3	admonished that he's still under oath?
4	THE COURT: You are still under oath.
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	BY MS. YOUNG:
7	\mathbb{Q} . Dr. Bergmeier, do you recall Mr. Rozendaal asking you
8	about this embodiment in CN '019?
9	A. Yes, I do.
10	Q. How is this process here different than what is
11	disclosed in Claim 10 of the '465?
12	A. They're using a well, they are using sodium
13	borohydride as the reducing agent and I don't believe that
14	they are adding an acid at the end.
15	Q. Does Claim 10 of the '465 patent require the use of
16	sodium borohydride?
17	A. No, it does not.
18	Q. So with respect to Claim 10 of the '465 patent, how
19	was this process different than what is set forth in Claim
20	10 of the '465?
21	THE COURT: I think the first question is: Is
22	it different? There's no objection, but it's a bench trial.
23	The first question is: Is it different?
24	THE WITNESS: It is a different procedure that

is spelled out in the specifications for Claim 10.

BY MS. YOUNG:

reducing agent.

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- O. How is it different?
- A. Well, they use a different reducing agent. They use aluminum hydride and then they add acid at the end of that procedure. In this one they are using sodium borohydride and they actually have propionic anhydride acid in there at the same time to likely generate borane as the ultimate
 - Q. Based on the process differences between what is set forth in the '465 patent and what is here disclosed in the CN019, would one expect to produce different impurities or have a different impurity profile?
 - A. I would expect there would be some differences in impurities based on how the process is actually carried out.
 - Q. Let's talk a little bit about the purity of 99.9 percent that's disclosed in the CN019 patent.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. What is your opinion as to whether or not that figure is accurate?
 - A. I don't think it's accurate. The melting point is quite a bit lower. That's usually a pretty decent indicator of purity. And the optimal rotation that alpha in brackets there equals the minus 17.3, I believe the one that's already been reported is somewhere closer to minus 22 or 23. And so, again, that's an indication that it's probably not

as pure as one might really expect for that 99.9 percent purity.

They also really don't give an indication of how they are determining that purity.

- Q. Is there any data in CN019 to suggest how that purity is determined?
- A. There's actually nothing in here to suggest how that purity is obtained. Could be an example of an HPLC where they didn't really look closely for impurities and simply said 99.9.
- Q. Is there any HPLC data disclosed in CN019?
- 12 A. None.

- 13 Q. Is there anything in CN019 to suggest that they 14 looked for any impurities 1 through 3, 5 and 6?
 - A. No, there's absolutely nothing in there to suggest that they looked for impurities. They simply note that they did chromatographic column, which is pretty standard purification procedure, but it's not necessarily going to remove all of the impurities.
 - Q. If they didn't know to look for impurities 1 through 3, 5 or 6, how would one be sure that the tasimelteon was -- had a purity of 99.9 percent?
 - A. You really don't know. You would have to look for those impurities. You would actually have to carefully examine your HPLC and, kind of like the FDA responses to

1	Teva and Apotex, check to see if those things can be
2	detected.
3	$\mathbb{Q}.$ Is it possible that the tasimelteon produced here in
4	CN019 has more than 0.15 percent of any one of the
5	impurities 1 through 3, 5 or 6?
6	A. I think it's very likely.
7	MS. YOUNG: I have no further questions.
8	THE COURT: Just give me a second.
9	There is such a thing in the field, right, of
10	99.9 percent impurity?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes, there is.
12	THE COURT: And that means the artisans of
13	ordinary skill, that in the aggregate, the impurities
14	comprise no more than .01 percent, correct?
15	THE WITNESS: Yes. Yes.
16	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. You may step
17	down.
18	MR. LUKAS: Good morning, Your Honor.
19	Defendants call Dr. Greenblatt.
20	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: May I proceed, Your Honor.
21	I noticed in the transcript there may be an
22	error.
23	When Your Honor asked Dr. Bergmeier: "There is
24	such a thing as 99.9 percent?"
25	He said "Yes."

1	Your Honor then said: "That means in the
2	aggregate the impurities comprise no more than .01 percent."
3	And I suspect Your Honor meant .1 percent.
4	THE COURT: I don't know whether I misspoke, but
5	that is certainly what I intended. The problem is the
6	witness is gone. You know what, he could only have meant
7	that. We can only agree. It's like a yes.
8	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think that's pure
9	arithmetic, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: It is. Let's clear this up. I
11	mean
12	MR. STONE: I can run out and ask him if his
13	answer would have been "yes" and represent to the Court if
14	it would make the Court happy?
15	THE COURT: You know what, I don't think it
16	matters. It's my opinion, but let's
17	It's undisputed, I think now, that an artisan of
18	ordinary skill believes that there's such a thing as
19	99.9 percent purity, right?
20	MR. ROZENDAAL: Yes, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Okay. And, therefore, even without
22	expert testimony, it seems to me I can conclude that in the
23	aggregate all impurities must be no more than .1 percent.
24	That we can all agree on?
25	MR. ROZENDAAL: Defendants certainly agree with

I'd like to turn your attention in your binder to DTX-398.

Do you see that?

24

1 A. Yes.

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- 2 Q. And what is that document?
- 3 A. That is my CV.
 - MR. LUKAS: Defendants move for DTX-398 to be admitted into evidence, Your Honor.
- 6 MR. STONE: No objection, Your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
- 8 (DTX-398 admitted into evidence.)
- 9 BY MR. LUKAS:
- Q. If we bring up DTX-398, if you could please briefly go through your education and work experience,
- 12 Dr. Greenblatt.
- 13 A. Yeah. So 1966 graduated from Amherst College. 1970
- 14 | Harvard Medical School. And then from '70 to '72, I trained
- 15 | in internal medicine, one year at the Montefiore Hospital in
- 16 the Bronx and one year on the Harvard Medical Service at
- 17 Boston City Hospital which is now Boston Medical Center.
- 18 Then in '72 to '74, I served a two-year
- 19 fellowship in clinical pharmacology at Mass General Hospital
- 20 and Harvard Medical School.
- 21 Q. Dr. Greenblatt, what is pharmacology?
- 22 A. Pharmacology is the study of the effects of drugs in
- 23 | living organisms, what their mechanisms of action are, what
- 24 their adverse reactions and toxicities are.
- 25 Clinical pharmacology is how that relates to

- 1 drugs in humans, specifically.
- 2 Q. And how long have you been practicing clinical
- 4 A. Well, over 50 years.

pharmacology?

- 5 Q. Turning to DDX-6.2, Dr. Greenblatt, have you served
- 6 in any leadership positions?
- 7 A. Yes. One moment, please.
- 8 \ Q. And now it's up on the screen for you.
- 9 A. Okay.

- 10 Q. DDX-6.12.
- 11 A. Yeah. So I'm currently the editor of a biomedical
- 12 | journal called Clinical Pharmacology in Drug Development.
- 13 I'm the editor-in-chief. I served for 40 years as
- 14 coeditor-in-chief on another journal called the Journal of
- 15 Clinical Psychopharmacology, and I'm a member of a number of
- 16 editorial boards of other journals.
- 17 I'm a member of a number of scientific societies
- 18 and have served as president of the American College of
- 19 Clinical Pharmacology.
- 20 \parallel Q. Have you also published extensively in the field?
- 21 A. Yes. I have publications, I think, numbering close
- 22 to 1,100 as indexed on the National Library of Medicine, and
- 23 about 780 of those are original research publications.
- 24 \parallel Q. Turning to DDX-6.3 on the screen, Dr. Greenblatt,
- 25 have you received any awards for your research?

A. Yes, I have received some awards. The most recent is the Oscar B. Hunter award in therapeutics, which is awarded to individuals for lifetime achievement in pharmacology and therapeutics.

MR. LUKAS: Your Honor, defendants would offer Dr. Greenblatt as an expert in the field of clinical pharmacology which includes drug metabolism and drug interactions.

MR. STONE: We had stipulated not to object, but I certainly have no objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. LUKAS:

- Q. Turning to DDX-6.4, Dr. Greenblatt, can you please briefly outline to the Court what you plan to discuss this morning.
 - A. Yes. To discuss the particular patents and what the issues are, what the level of ordinary in the skill in the art would be in this context. Then some background about drug metabolism, drug interactions, and pharmacokinetics, and then the obviousness analysis.
 - Q. If we turn to DDX-6.5, Doctor, can you briefly summarize the two patents that you were asked to analyze in this case?
 - A. Yes. Just to summarize, so '829 is about, um, strong CYP1A2 inhibitor and its potential interaction or action,

1 interaction with tasimelteon.

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The '910 patent looks at interaction with tasimelteon by rifampin, which is an inducer of CYP3A and what that means for --

- Q. All right. And if we turn to DDX-6.6, Doctor, did you have any opinions on what the level of what ordinary skill in the art is as it relates to those two patents?
- A. Yes. I think the person of ordinary skill would be a member of a team who would work together with others. But in my context, it would be expertise in clinical pharmacology, drug metabolism, pharmacokinetics, and drug interactions.
 - Q. And in your experience as a clinical pharmacologist, have you worked as a member of any teams on drug development?
 - A. Yes, I have.
 - Q. Are there any drugs in particular you have worked on?
- A. Yes. I have worked, for example, on ramelteon,

 Rozerem.

Going back to the '70s, I've worked on a number of benzodiazapine derivatives, such as lorazepam, which is Ativan, alprazolam, which is Xanax, midazolam which is -- I forget the name, but those are all drugs used in psychiatry.

Then we've been involved in some antidepressant development and more recently, we've been involved in the

development of zolpidem, which is Ambien, the sleep medication.

So I have been involved in team activities like this for a number of years.

- Q. All right. Turning to DDX-6.7, Dr. Greenblatt, did you prepare a demonstrative showing -- outlining what first-pass metabolism is?
- 8 A. Yes, I did.

- Q. Would you please walk the Court through this slide?
- A. So this is a schematic of what happens when you take a medication by mouth. And that would be the yellow dot which then you take the medication and it goes down to the stomach where it dissolves in fragments and becomes solubilized. Then the contents of the stomach pass to the small bowel where most drug absorption happens in the first couple of feet in the small bowel.

There's also a metabolism that happens in the small bowel lining by an enzyme called CYP3A4, which we'll talk about.

Then after absorption, all of the blood from the GI tract goes to a specialized circulation called the portal circulation, and all of that blood empties into the liver where further metabolism can take place. And, ultimately, the drug, whatever is remaining, will enter the general circulation.

metabolism.

Q. Are there any enzymes in the liver that are of particular importance here?

- A. Yes. There are many drug metabolizing enzymes in the liver, and the ones we pay most attention to are called the cytochrome P450 enzymes, abbreviated CYP, and they account for much of drug metabolism that happens.
- Q. Turning to DDX-6.8, did you prepare a demonstrative summarizing or giving an overview of the CYP450 enzymes?
- A. Yes, I did, and that's on this slide. It shows the nomenclature. So CYP stands for cytochrome P450, so the enzymes are named by a number, a letter, and a number.

The first number that appears identifies a large family of enzymes. Then when you add the second letter, such as A, that narrows it down to a subfamily of a smaller group of enzymes. And then when you add the third number and you end up with something like CYP1A2, that identifies one specific single enzyme.

In turning to DDX-6.9, how many specific varieties of

enzymes in the CYP family are important for drug metabolism?

A. Well, there are many CYP enzymes, but in the range of six or eight or maybe a couple more, are the ones that are most important for drug metabolism. And in the yellow, you can see six of the named CYP enzymes in the liver that are named and identified as being most important in drug

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DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

CYP3A is unique because it's the only one that's present in the intestines as well as the liver. And CYP3A is the dominant enzyme in the liver among the CYPs because it metabolizes 30 to 40 or maybe even 50 percent of drugs used in clinical practice, either partially or entirely. And it's also there on the quantitative, most largest amount. And there's a quote here from DTX-9 which is the Badyal reference. Do you see that? Α. Yes, I do. Did you consider that reference as a background material in forming your opinions? Yes, I did. That's a prior art reference which Α. basically says what I just said. Right. MR. LUKAS: Defendants would move to have DTX-9 entered into evidence. MR. STONE: No objection. THE COURT: It's admitted. (DTX-9 admitted into evidence.) BY MR. LUKAS: Turning to DDX-6.10, Doctor, how would a person of ordinary skill in the art go about studying whether a particular drug interacts with a particular CYP enzyme?

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

A. So the standard process is start with in vitro models, and this is what the FDA requires before drugs get to human.

So the questions to be answered are up there. Where metabolism is likely to happen, what metabolites are formed and how fast, and which specific CYP enzymes are involved.

So that can be done with either, on the left, homogenates of actual human liver, which are ground up and the enzymes isolated, or it can be done using individual enzymes, which are expressed by genetically engineered microorganisms, and you put them together to get the data from this model.

- Q. Okay. And are there any benefits to doing in vitro testing?
- A. Yes. You get information that is relevant to drug metabolism, genetics, drug interactions before you ever get to humans. So you know what to look for when you come to human drug development.
- Q. And does FDA require any of these tests?
- A. Yes, they do. This process is required by the FDA as a routine part of drug development.
- Q. Okay. Turning to -- I'd like you to turn in your binder --
- 25 THE COURT: Wait, before you do. So what is a

liver microsome?

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from a human, and those are available from NIH, et cetera, and you grind it up mechanically, centrifuge it, and you end up at the bottom with a pellet. And the pellet is what we call the microsomes, and they are membrane-bound enzymes. They are not really an entity in the human. They are just the result of centrifuge. But those microsomes contain the enzymes on the study in very high density exactly as in the liver.

- THE COURT: All right.
- 12 BY MR. LUKAS:
- 13 Q. If I could turn with you now to DTX-16 in your
- 14 | binder, Doctor.
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Do you recognize this document?
- 17 A. Yes, I do.
- 18 Q. And what does this document broadly disclose?
- 19 A. Yes, it's a general review article about tasimelteon
- which appeared in the biomedical literature.
- 21 Q. And did you consider this document in forming your 22 opinions?
- 23 | A. Yes, I did.
- MR. LUKAS: Defendants would have DTX-16 entered into evidence.

BY MR. LUKAS:

- 1 Q. Right. I'd like to turn to Page 4 of DTX-16, Column
- 2 **2.**
- 3 Does Hardeland also disclose what was known
- 4 about tasimelteon metabolism at this time?
- 5 A. Yes, it does.
- 6 Q. And what does it say about that?
- 7 A. It's what you see up there, that the drug is
- 8 primarily metabolized by CYP1A2, and a couple of other
- 9 isoenzymes and then refers back to an earlier study.
- 10 \ Q. And is this based on in vitro testing?
- 11 A. It is, yes.
- 12 Q. Does Hardeland here cite to another document as
- 13 providing a basis for this information?
- 14 A. Yeah, I've mentioned it's the very last number which
- 15 goes back to the Bristol-Myers Squibb publication on this
- 16 topic, the scientific publication.
- 17 Q. Okay. If you could turn in your binder to JTX-35.
- 18 Do you recognize this document?
- 19 A. Yes, I do.
- 20 Q. What is it?
- 21 | A. This is the product label for ramelteon Rozerem.
- 22 | Q. Did you also rely on JTX-35 in your analysis?
- 23 A. Yes, I did.
- MR. LUKAS: Defendants would move to have JTX-35
- 25 admitted into evidence, Your Honor.

1 MR. STONE: No objection, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: It's admitted.

(JTX-35 admitted into evidence.)

BY MR. LUKAS: 4

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- 5 What is ramelteon, Dr. Greenblatt? Q.
- Ramelteon is a drug closely related to tasimelteon. 6
- 7 It has the same mechanism of action and it's used in clinical practice to treat sleep disorders.
- 9 And if we look at the clinical pharmacology a little 10 bit farther down on Page 1 of JTX-35, what was known about
- 12 Very similar to what we saw for tasimelteon. 13 binds to the same melatonin receptors with high affinity.
- So that's its mechanism of action. 14

the pharmacology of ramelteon?

- 15 Right. And if we turn to Page 3 of JTX-35, was there Ο. 16 anything known about the elimination rate of ramelteon?
- 17 Yes, the mean half-life range of ramelteon was in the 18 range of 1.1 to 2.6 hours.
- 19 Okay. If I could turn with you to JTX-93 in your Q. 20 binder.
- 21 Do you recognize this document?
- 22 Α. Yes.
- 23 Did you consider it in forming your opinions? Q.
- 24 Α. I did.
- 25 MR. LUKAS: Your Honor, we would move to have

- 1 JTX-93 admitted into evidence.
- 2 MR. STONE: One moment, Your Honor. I'm sure I
- have no objection but he hasn't actually identified the
- 4 document.
- 5 MR. LUKAS: I'm sorry.
- 6 BY MR. LUKAS:
- 8 A. Yes. It is a review article on ramelteon written by
- 9 Dr. Pandi-Perumal appearing in the biomedical literature.
- 10 MR. LUKAS: Defendants would move to have JTX-93
- 11 admitted into evidence.
- 12 MR. STONE: And I have no objection with that,
- 13 Your Honor.
- 14 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
- 15 (JTX-93 admitted into evidence.)
- 16 MR. LUKAS: If we could bring JTX-93,
- 17 Mr. Brooks.
- 18 BY MR. LUKAS:
- 19 Q. Broadly speaking, Doctor, what does this article
- 20 disclose?
- 21 A. Again, it's a general review article about what was
- 22 known of ramelteon at the time.
- 23 | Q. Okay. And if we could turn to Page 4 of JTX-93 in
- 24 Column 1, second full paragraph.
- 25 What, if anything, does JTX-93 disclose

- concerning which enzymes were involved in the metabolism of ramelteon?
 - A. Yes. It's stating that the principal metabolic enzymes are CYP1A2 and 2C19 and that drugs that inhibit those enzymes can increase the levels of the agonist, meaning ramelteon.
- Q. Right. And does JTX-93 also disclose metabolism by CYP3A4?
- 9 A. Yes, it does.

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- 10 Q. And is this based on -- what type of testing is this 11 data based on?
- 12 A. This is based on in vitro models like we discussed previously.
- Q. Right. And there's a reference to a Document 16.

 Do you see that?
- 16 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. If we could turn to the references section. And bring up 16.
- 19 What is Reference 16, Doctor?
- A. Reference 16 is a biomedical publication by Dr. Obach that appeared in Drug Metabolism & Disposition. It's a study of the metabolism of ramelteon in liver microsomes in vitro.
- Q. Do you know Dr. Obach?
- 25 A. I do.

- 1 Q. Where does he work?
- 2 A. He's an employee of Pfizer.
- 3 Q. Did you consider the Obach reference in forming your
- 4 opinions?
- 5 | A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Turning to DTX-6.11, did you prepare a summary
- 7 comparing what was known about the pharmacology of
- 8 | tasimelteon and ramelteon?
- 9 A. Yes, so that would be this chart. Looking at
- 10 activities the mechanism of action, the half-life insofar
- and knowing the structures as the CYP isoforms mostly
- 12 involved in metabolism.
- 13 Q. Right. So let's start first, what was known about
- 14 the activity of these two drugs?
- 15 As far as activity goes, they have identical
- 16 mechanisms of action. They both bind with high affinity to
- 17 the MT-1 and MT-2 receptors. Ramelteon has a short
- 18 | half-life, at least in animal models at that time,
- 19 | tasimelteon also had a short half-life.
- 20 If you look at the structure of the two, they
- 21 | look very, very close to each other. They're very similar
- 22 structures. And when it comes to the enzymes metabolizing
- 23 | them, in both cases the principal enzyme is CYP1A2. And
- 24 there's also a role in CYP3A4 for ramelteon.
- 25 Q. Right. And I'd like to turn with you to DDX-6.12 and

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

talk a little bit about drug-drug interactions in the context of metabolism.

What is a drug-drug interaction, doctor?

A. Well, that -- the situation where two drugs are given together and one of them alters the metabolism of the other. So if the -- if the drug causing the interaction is X, which we sometimes call the perpetrator, modifies the metabolism of the so-called victim drug or the substrate, that's a drug interaction.

And that can happen in two different directions.

One is if drug X is a CYP inhibitor. That means that X

decreases the activity of the enzymes that metabolize drug

Y. And because the metabolism is slower, the amount of drug

Y in the blood will increase. And you worry about having

levels that are too high and producing toxicity.

Induction is the opposite. Drug acts as a different effect. It does not alter the activity of the enzymes that are there, but signals the liver to make more enzyme. So it increases the expression and the amount of enzymes that metabolize drug Y. That means there are more metabolism of drug Y, lower concentrations in blood and you worry about drug ineffectiveness.

- Q. Is the FDA concerned with drug-drug interactions?
- A. Yes, absolutely. It's a major consideration when it comes to evaluating whether a drug should be approved. It's

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT common practice for drugs to be administered together in clinical medicine. And in order to do that safely and effectively, the scientific community and treating physicians need to know about what interactions are possible and what kind of hazards exist as the result of that. And the information also needs to be in the product label. Right. I'd like to turn you to DDX-6.13. Were inhibitors and inducers of CYP enzymes known in the literature? Α. Yes, they were well known as of the priority date. And there were numerous review articles et cetera listing So these are three representative articles in which such

and talking about various metabolic inducers and inhibitors. lists are available.

Just for the record, DTX-24, which is the 2000 Ogu reference and the 2001 Badyal reference, DTX-9 and JTX-95 2007 Lynch reference.

Did you rely on these as background knowledge?

Α. Yes, I did.

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Badyal has already been entered into evidence.

Defendants would move to have DTX-24 and JTX-95 22 23 admitted into evidence.

24 MR. STONE: No objection, Your Honor. 25 (DTX-24 admitted into evidence.)

1 (JTX-95 admitted into evidence.)

- 2 BY MR. LUKAS:
- Q. Was there a strongest known CYP1A2 inhibitor known in the prior art?
- A. Yes. The consensus at the time and today is that

 fluvoxamine is the strongest possible CYP1A2 inhibitor and,

 in fact, it's identified by the FDA and numerous scientific

 references as the prototype inhibitor to be used in
- Q. Right. And would a person of the ordinary skill of the art have been aware of a very strong CYP3A4 inducer?

experimental studies aimed at that question.

12 A. Yes.

- 13 \ Q. And what is that?
- A. Rifampicin is well known in the prior art and decades
 before that to be the strongest possible CYP3A4 inducer
 identified as such by the FDA and I think recognized by the
 scientific community.
- Q. Right. Turning to DDX-6.14, was fluvoxamine known to be an inhibitor of ramelteon?
- 20 A. Yes, absolutely.
- Q. And what are we -- and just for the record, before we get into your opinions.
- 23 Is this a graph from DTX-28?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Which I'll represent for the record is a book chapter

1 from you and a Dr. Van Moltke.

Do you recall reviewing that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And you've relied on that as background knowledge?
- 5 A. Yes.

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MR. LUKAS: Defendants would move to have DTX-28 admitted.

MR. STONE: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.

(DTX-28 admitted into evidence.)

- BY MR. LUKAS:
- Q. What are we looking at here and what is the effective inhibition of ramelteon, Doctor?
 - A. So this is a graph showing the plasma concentrations.

 And you'll notice it's on a logarithmic scale so you can get the high levels off the graph. Comparing plasma concentrations when ramelteon alone is given. And that's the line outlined in purple.

Then in the same subjects, when ramelteon is given together with fluvoxamine, you can see the rising light blue arrow. And that line at the top of the graph outlined in light blue is the concentration curve when ramelteon is given with fluvoxamine. And that's a gigantic interaction. The extent of exposure to ramelteon is increased by more than fourfold based on this actual human

- 1 clinical data.
- 2 BY MR. LUKAS:
- 3 Q. I'm sorry, what is -- up here, you have a quote from
- 4 JTX-93 --
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. -- at Page 4. What does the Pandi-Perumal reference
- 7 say about this interaction?
- 8 A. That it's a large, huge interaction of more than
- 9 100-fold increase of ramelteon on plasma -- concentrations.
- 10 Q. And I think you mentioned earlier that it was a
- 11 fourfold increase. Is it actually more than a 100-fold?
- 12 A. No, it's more than a 100-fold.
- 13 Q. In your experience is this a large increase?
- 14 A. That is a large increase.
- 16 skill in the art, what would be considered an increase that
- 17 | would cause concern?
- 18 A. That depends on what the victim drug is. And for
- some drugs, a very small change, like maybe twofold would be
- 20 | important. For other drugs, maybe not so sensitive.
- 21 The FDA usual boundary for a large interaction
- 22 | is fivefold, but this is over a 100-fold. So this is a huge
- 23 interaction, clearly significant.
- 24 Q. Turning to DDX-6.15 with you, Doctor, is this
- 25 drug-drug interaction between ramelteon and fluvoxamine

- 1 reflected in the FDA approved labeling for ramelteon?
- A. Yes. And the label says don't use them together,
 both in a warning and in the drug interaction section.
 - O. And if we could turn to DDX-6.16.
 - Was ramelteon also known to have a drug-drug interaction with rifampin?
 - A. Yes, it was.
 - Q. And what are you explaining with this demonstrative,
- 9 Doctor?

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- 10 A. So this is from a similar kind of study in which
 11 ramelteon was given alone, that's the top curve. Then when
 12 ramelteon is given with rifampin, which is the CYP3A
- concentrations, looking at the light blue arrow down to the

lower line there, showing an 80 percent decrease in

inducer, there's a very large decrease in plasma

- ramelteon concentrations, leading to the question of whether
- that will reduce or eliminate the efficacy of the drug.
- Q. And just to be clear, the inhibition of ramelteon by fluvoxamine and this induction that we're seeing with rifampin, is this in vitro or in vivo data?
- 21 A. This is in vivo. This is actual human data.
- Q. And is this interaction also noted in the label for ramelteon?
- 24 A. Yes, it is.
- 25 Q. And that's -- you have a quote from JTX-35 at

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What does it say about that?

- A. Results in decreased exposure and efficacy may be reduced when Rozerem is used with a strong inducer such as rifampin.
- Q. Turning to DDX-6.17, did you rely on these three references --
- THE COURT: I'm sorry. Could you go back to that last slide?
- 10 MR. LUKAS: Sure.
- 11 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
- 12 BY MR. LUKAS:
- Q. We see here, again, Doctor, three references: The DTX-24 Ogu, DTX-9 Badyal, and JTX-95 Lynch.
 - What are these three references saying about drug-drug interactions and their importance?
 - A. Yes. The message here is that drug interactions were important, they can alter drug toxicity and efficacy. We need to know about them through biomedical research so that we can make coadministration of drugs safer, avoid adverse reactions, avoid ineffectiveness, and the biomedical community needs to know about this.
 - Q. Turning to DDX-6.18, in summary, what was known about the drug-drug interactions for ramelteon?
- 25 A. Well, basically, in the lower right of the slide,

what we just talked about, a huge increase in exposure with CYP1A2 inhibition, like fluvoxamine, a large decrease in exposure through CYP3A induction, with rifampin, and when you fill in the blank as to whether this would be expected and obvious with tasimelteon, given the similarities in receptor binding affinity mechanism of action, structure, and metabolic enzymes involved in metabolism, it would have been obvious that these interactions are to be expected with tasimelteon.

- Q. And if we turn to DDX-6.19, can you please briefly explain your obviousness analysis for the Court?
- A. Yes. I believe that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious that the way to avoid an interaction of tasimelteon and fluvoxamine is to just not administer the two together. That eliminates the known hazard.

And the same with rifampin. You eliminate the possibility of an interaction by just not coadministering them.

Q. Okay.

MR. LUKAS: And I -- briefly, we looked at JTX-35 earlier, which was the ramelteon label. I would move to have that admitted into evidence, Your Honor.

MR. STONE: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.

1 (JTX-35 admitted into evidence.)

BY MR. LUKAS:

- Q. All right. Turning to DDX-6.21, what aspects of

 Claim 13 of the '829 patent were you asked to consider in

 your obviousness analysis, which is shown on the right-hand
 side of the slide?
 - A. Yeah, the -- the phrases outlined in yellow: Patient being treated with a strong CYP1A2 inhibitor should discontinue treatment with that inhibitor before tasimelteon is given.
 - Q. And in your opinion, what, if any, primary reference would a person of ordinary skill in the art have relied upon as teaching or suggesting those claim elements?
 - A. I think that that's -- that is stated in the Hardeland reference on the left part of the slide.
 - Q. Right. And so you have a quote from DTX-16, the Hardeland reference, at Page 4.

What does that disclose?

A. It discloses that CYP1A2 is the principal isoenzyme responsible for metabolism, and for that reason, even though at that point we don't have specific warnings or contraindications for tasimelteon, based on the available evidence, and in particular this reference, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have known that these should be coadministered with caution.

- 1 Q. And you also quote Page 6 of DTX-16 at the bottom.
- 2 Do you see that?
- 3 A. Yes.

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- Q. And what does Hardeland -- or does Hardeland make any recommendations based on this observation?
- 6 A. Yes, you proceed with caution.
- Q. And in your opinion, would a person of ordinary skill in the art have followed this recommendation?
- 9 A. Yes, absolutely.
- Q. And based on following that recommendation, what is your opinion on the obviousness of Claim 14 of the '829 patent?
- 13 A. I believe it's obvious.
- Q. Would a person of ordinary skill in the art require in vivo data to make this inference?
- A. It wasn't necessary. You knew enough at the time of the priority date to understand. It would have been obvious that this interaction is possible or likely and caution is needed.
 - Q. Okay. Turning now, Doctor, to DDX-6.23, the '910 patent. What aspects of Claim 4 of the '910 patent were you asked to consider in your analysis?
 - A. Again, on the right the passages in yellow, the patient is being treated with rifampin, and the way you avoid the interaction of tasimelteon with rifampin is to

discontinue rifampin treatment before starting administration of tasimelteon.

- Q. And in your opinion, is there a primary prior art reference that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have looked to as teaching or suggesting those elements?
- A. Yes, that would be this -- the reference Pani-Perumal in which they identified with ramelteon that CYP3A4 contributes to metabolism, and, therefore, giving an inducer will increase the amount of CYP enzyme, decrease the levels of ramelteon, and that combination should be avoided to avoid a drug interaction.
- Q. Right. Now this Pandi-Perumal reference doesn't disclose tasimelteon, right?
- 14 A. Correct.

- 15 Q. Is there anything particular about CYP3A4 that led to your conclusion here?
 - A. From the background information, we know that CYP3A4 is in the gastrointestinal tract, it's the most abundant in the liver, that and rifampin is a very strong inhibitor -- inducer of CYP3A4 and can increase the levels of that enzyme by manyfold.
 - Q. And in your opinion, would it be necessary to be able to predict the magnitude of a drug-drug interaction here between tasimelteon and rifampin for these claim elements to be obvious?

A. No, you don't need to know the quantitative size of the interaction, only that it is surely to be expected.

MR. LUKAS: I will pass the witness.

MR. STONE: Your Honor, if I could have one

moment.

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THE COURT: Sure, no problem.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 8 BY MR. STONE:
- 9 Q. Hello, Dr. Greenblatt. My name is Eric Stone. We 10 haven't met.
- 11 A. Yes. Hello, sir.
- 12 Q. Can we have a bond at the outset, you went to Amherst
- 13 | College, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. I went to Williams. Can we agree we will do this anyway?
- 17 A. Yes, I forgive you for that.
- 18 Q. And I you.
- Doctor, you cited a number of references in your

 slide deck, and I just want to make sure that I understand

 exactly what your obviousness theory is.
- You differentiated background documents from what you called the primary references, correct?
- 24 A. Yes, I did do that.
- Q. Okay. And the primary reference for Claim 14 of the

- 1 829 patent, that's the one that's about CYP1A2, is
- 2 | Hardeland, correct?
- 3 A. Yes, that's correct. I mean, my understanding is
- 4 | that it needs to anchor on a single source.
- 5 Q. Right. The way the obviousness analysis begins is by
- 6 asking, what would a person of ordinary skill at the
- 7 priority date --
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 | Q. -- knowing what was known have thought when trying to
- 10 solve this problem. Correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 \ \Q. And you know you're not allowed to start with what we
- 13 now know is the answer and work backwards.
- 14 A. I understand.
- 15 \ Q. You were told that that's what's called hindsight and
- 16 you can't do that.
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. And for the CYP3A4 patent, which is Claim 4 of the
- 19 | '910 patent, your primary reference, you just told us on
- your direct, is the Pandi-Perumal reference, correct?
- 21 A. That is correct, subject to the same, you know,
- 22 | instruction about the -- how this is all put together.
- 23 \ \Q. Sure. By way of example, one of the things you told
- 24 | us at the very end was that it was known that CYP3A4 is a
- very common enzyme in the liver, correct?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Those words don't need to be in Pandi-Perumal; a
3	skilled artisan would know that CYP3A4 is a prevalent enzyme
4	even if that reference never said so. Correct?
5	A. Yes.
6	THE COURT: Can we have sidebar?
7	MR. STONE: Sure.
8	THE COURT: Thank you.
9	(Whereupon, a discussion was held at sidebar as
10	follows:)
11	THE COURT: Mr. Stone, what's a primary
12	reference? Under the law, is it a legal term?
13	MR. STONE: It is common in an obviousness
14	combination to say a person would read this in light of the
15	teaching of that and in light of the teaching of that other
16	thing, but the person would start with this document.
17	That's what a primary reference is.
18	THE COURT: Does it have legal import?
19	MR. STONE: It does in the following sense. You
20	would ask why the person would ever pick that document up.
21	For example, if the question is, how do I get from
22	Wilmington home to New York, and somebody says, it would be
23	obvious because of the Encyclopedia Britannica of the War of
24	1812, one might wonder about the starting point.
25	By way of example, Hardeland is a review article

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

of everything known about tasimelteon publically, makes sense as a place to start if you want to think about, what do we know about tasimelteon and its metabolism.

I think Your Honor is about to hear in the cross-examination that he told us on direct that the reference you would start with for the CYP3A4 patent is a reference that he also testified doesn't even mention tasimelteon, and we're going to be having a conversation about how it could possibly be that you would start there.

THE COURT: All right. I just want to understand because I don't recall ever in my own opinions on obviousness using the term "primary reference" and I just want to understand.

Does it have legal significance in your opinion?

MR. STONE: Only insofar as it asked where did

you start, it does not have to have more elements. For

example, than other references do.

Although, I think there is sort of a limit to that if you get one word out of the primary reference and you get a comma out of the second one, it starts to sound like hindsight. But there's no particular requirement that the primary reference had X percentage of the claim or anything like that, if that's what Your Honor is asking.

THE COURT: Well, I'm also asking: Has the Court defined as a legal matter what the primary reference

is?

MR. STONE: Mr. Klein is bursting with utterance and he's closer to this. Would you mind if I called a friend? I want to make sure I get this right given it's a question about the law.

THE COURT: Actually, I'll tell you what. I'll briefly let the other side speak, but I know enough now to let it go. I'm going to let it go anyway. And I'll have something in my brain about this and then we can sort out whether there's legal significance to it or -- as opposed to this is why it would be relevant.

In any event, even if the term doesn't have legal significance, if the witness said in the past something about a primary reference, it's fair game to cross-examine him about this.

MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: We'll come back to legal significance.

MR. LUKAS: I want to explain, we were required to narrow our combinations of prior art references for obviousness in this case. We narrowed it down to what we thought were the two references that we could use in a combination. And he provided some background knowledge on other reference of a person skilled in the art would look at that primary reference through the lens of. But if you come

down to the final combination, Your Honor is going to be asked to determine whether these patents are obvious. It's these three references in view of background knowledge of POSAs is how the law is required under KSR.

THE COURT: The bottom line here, I know as a case management matter or technique, courts say limit yourself to number of references, but clearly a POSA has background knowledge.

MR. STONE: Of course.

MR. LUKAS: Of course.

THE COURT: And you can sample it in a single reference or anything else. It's just a helpful way of approaching it.

MR. STONE: Let me say one more thing if I could, because I think it will help the Court. These drug-drug interaction claim elements are in claims that also talk about administering tasimelteon to treat Non-24. The defendants', in the plural possessive, combinations also include references that talk about treating non-24 with tasimelteon. The Hack reference that we talked about yesterday I think Lankford. This witness is only talking about the drug-drug interaction elements of those claims and I'm asking him what the reference is for those elements. I just wanted to put that.

MR. LUKAS: Right --

And I think each of us is coming close to a consensus

pronunciation but that's the reference that we have in mind;

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is that fair?

Yes.

1 Q. Thank you.

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Doctor, what's your understanding of what the priority date is for these patents at which the obviousness analysis must be conducted?

- A. My best understanding is late in 2012. I don't recall the exact month.
- 7 \ Q. Late in 2012?
- 8 A. **Yes.**
 - Q. And if it turned out that the priority date for the 3A4 patent is a little -- well, it doesn't matter.
- 11 Withdrawn. We can work with that.

plenty in clinical trials.

In 2012, irrespective of what month it was, tasimelteon was not approved in the United States, correct?

- 14 A. Correct.
 - Q. So our hypothetical person of skill asking the question "How do I administer tasimelteon" is -- it's a purely, in this case, hypothetical exercise because nobody's administering tasimelteon as of the prior art date, correct?

 A. In clinical practice, yes, but it's been administered
 - Q. Sure. And I didn't -- that's a very fair point.

In terms of a person out there in the community trying to figure out how to treat a patient with non-24, that hasn't happened at this point in time, correct?

25 A. In actuality in the United States, that's correct.

1 Q. Okay. With the CYP1A2 patent, the one in which the 2 interaction is tasimelteon with fluvoxamine or another 3 CYP1A2 inhibitor, what is the question that you think the 4 skilled artisan is trying to answer?

- Α. How to avoid the interaction.
- How to avoid the interaction between what? Q.
- Α. Between tasimelteon and fluvoxamine.
- Okay. So at that point in time, the skilled artisan Q. would have to have a reason to think there is an interaction between tasimelteon and fluvoxamine, correct?
- Α. 11 Correct.

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- 12 Okay. And with respect to the CYP3A4 patent, I take 13 it, the question the skilled artisan is trying to answer is how to avoid the interaction between tasimelteon and 15 rifampicin or another strong CYP3A4 inducer, correct?
 - Α. Correct.
 - Which would mean that the skilled artisan would have to know that there is or at least suspect that there is an interaction between tasimelteon and rifampicin? It's the same thing, right?
 - Α. Or be unable to exclude it.
- 22 Well, okay. That's important. And I think I know 23 why you're giving a different answer for this patent.
- There are all kinds of CYP1A2 -- withdrawn. 24 25 CYP, C-Y-P, is the cytochrome P450 class of

- 1 | liver enzymes, correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. They are not exclusively in the liver. Some of them
- 4 are in the gut, but they are primarily in the liver,
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. Yes, that's reasonable.
- $7 \parallel Q$. Okay. And in terms of what the skilled artisan is
- 8 | trying to do, the skilled artisan -- withdrawn. I shouldn't
- 9 be telling you. I should be asking you.
- 10 Did they explain to you that in an obvious
- 11 analysis -- obviousness analysis, the skilled artisan has to
- 12 | first have a reason to answer the question, correct?
- 13 A. Possibly, yeah. I don't explicitly remember.
- 14 Q. Okay. Maybe we'll come back to that.
- 15 Let's talk about Hardeland.
- 16 MR. STONE: Mr. Weir, would you please put up
- 17 DTX-16. We'll start at the first page.
- 18 BY MR. STONE:
- 19 Q. This is an article published in something called
- 20 | "Current Opinion in Investigational Drugs." We see that up
- 21 | in the top right, correct?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. By a person Rudiger Hardeland?
- 24 A. Rudiger Hardeland.
- 25 | Q. That's impressive. I will not attempt, if it's okay

with you and the Court, to pronounce it in the German.

But we can agree that's his name, correct?

A. Yes.

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- 4 | Q. And the article is entitled "Drug Profile:
- Tasimelteon, a melatonin agonist, for the treatment of insomnia and circadian rhythm sleep disorders."
- 7 Do you see that there?
- 8 A. I do see that there, yes.
- 9 Q. Now, current opinion in investigational drugs is not 10 a peer-reviewed journal, correct?
- 11 A. It certainly is.
- 12 \ Q. It certainly?
- 13 A. Is.
- 14 Q. It is a peer-reviewed journal?
- 15 | A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And it is your contention that this is a reference that a person of ordinary skill would look at -- in fact, it's your primary reference, you've told us, for
- 19 the CYP1A2 patent, correct?

identified as the anchor.

- A. Again, I'm speaking with respect to what I was
 advised, which was that a single reference has to be the
 anchor for the subsequent analysis. So, yes, this is
- Q. Okay. I'm perfectly happy to use the word "anchor" reference if that makes you more comfortable.

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT 1 This is your anchor reference, correct? 2 Α. Yes, based on what I just said. 3 And for the CYP1A2 patent, I should have been Right. Q. more specific, this is your anchor reference, correct? 4 5 Α. Yes. And this is a -- I have the wrong binder, forgive me. 6 7 If you could turn in your white binder to 8 And just, you know, turn the pages. This is about DTX-16. 9 an 8-page single-spaced two-column compilation of what was 10 known about tasimelteon as of that point; is that fair? 11 Α. Yes, based on this particular reviewer's assessment 12 of what was available, yes. 13 Okay. And you mentioned on your direct examination 14 that this is a review article, correct? 15 Α. Correct. And conceding, as I must, that Amherst is a college, 16 17 when you were in college you learned the difference between 18 a primary source and a secondary source, correct? 19 Yes. And we teach that to medical students now. Α. 20 And this is a secondary source, correct? Q. 21 Α. Right, it's not a primary source. Let's talk about the paragraph that you talked about 22 Q. 23 in your direct examination.

MR. STONE: Mr. Weir, could you bring up
DTX-16.4.

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1 BY MR. STONE:

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Q. And why don't we zoom in right down here in the bottom -- actually, before we do that.

Dr. Greenblatt, do you see that in the bottom left, I'm going to be taking you to a paragraph that is in a section called "Metabolism and Pharmacokinetics"?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And so if a person of skill reading Hardeland for a review of what was known at the time about tasimelteon wanted to learn about metabolism, that might be a good place to look, the metabolism section.

Agreed?

- A. Yes, certainly.
- 14 Q. And then in the --

MR. STONE: Mr. Weir, if you could zoom in on where I am showing you, thank you.

17 BY MR. STONE:

Q. We looked at this on the direct examination, although you highlighted only some of the words and I want to spend a minute with you on it.

It says: A study using microsomes that overexpress specific CYP excenzymes.

We're going to pause there for some vocabulary.

The study in question is the one that you mentioned on your direct examination is from BMS, correct?

A. Yes.

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Q. Okay. And we will come to that study in a moment and when I put it up, I'll spell the name for the court reporter, but we will come to it in a moment.

Microsomes that overexpress specific CYP
exoenzymes, what that means is that in each of these cell
lines in which the test is being done, the cells have been,
to oversimplified, programmed to create more of these CYP
enzymes than would be found ordinarily.

That's what "overexpress" means?

- A. No, it's -- and I speak from having done this myself.
- 12 | Q. Sure.
- 13 A. Okay. So basically the microorganisms, which are not 14 liver cells --
- 15 0. Understood.
 - A. -- they are programmed by genetic techniques by transfection by DNA so that those cells get the instruction to make only one enzyme. So that's what "overexpress" means. It doesn't mean that it makes large amounts of that enzyme because the cell is not -- it's not a liver cell. It doesn't normally make enzymes.

But what it does do is make only one enzyme so that you're able to take the microsomes, that pellet that we talked about, from that microorganism and study only 1A2.

The amounts there are very small, as it turns out, but the

1 advantage is that it's only 1A2.

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Q. Okay. We're going to come back to that.

Let's talk about what it found in these cells
that have been recombinantly transfected to produce the
enzymes.

The study to which Hardeland is referring suggested that tasimelteon was primarily metabolized by the CYP1A2, 1A1, 2D6 and 2C9 isoenzymes. Let's stop there for a moment. We'll keep going.

You highlighted that part in your direct, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. And the very first enzyme, among that group of four, is CYP1A2, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
 - Q. So if a person of ordinary skill reading the

 Hardeland reference wanted to know, at least in this assay,

 which enzymes were shown to metabolize tasimelteon, she

 would see that it was shown to be metabolized primarily by

 four enzymes, one of which is CYP1A2, correct?
 - A. That's what it says here, but I think a person who wanted the rest of the information would go back to the original data.
- Q. Interesting. We're going to do that, too, but let me just finish with this paragraph.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

What the rest of the sentence says, was: agree that in the verb "largely unaffected" the subject is still tasimelteon? Α. Yes. But that tasimelteon was largely unaffected Okay. by, and we see three, four, five, six enzymes, one of which is CYP3A4, the last one, correct? Α. That's correct. And the only thing -- now, you also told us on your direct examination that Hardeland specifically warns or cautions, at least, about coadministration with some CYP1A2 enzymes, correct? Coadministration of --Of tasimelteon. 0. With inhibitors? Α. You are absolutely right. I misspoke. Withdrawn. And you told us on your direct examination that Hardeland explicitly cautions about administration of tasimelteon with certain enzyme inhibitors, correct? Yes, particularly 1A2 inhibitors. Α. Particularly 1A2 inhibitors. I want you to put a pin in something in your head if you can. This paragraph tells the reader that a

study using microsomes found that tasimelteon was primarily

metabolized by the CYP1A2, 1A1, 2D6 and 2C9 enzymes, but was

largely unaffected by a number of enzymes, including 3A4, the enzyme in one of our patents.

That's what it says, correct?

- A. That's what it says, but you left out a word, the microsomes that overexpress specific CYP. That's not the same as microsomes.
- Q. Dr. Greenblatt, I understand that you couldn't join us in the city -- in Wilmington until yesterday, and that's why we waited until this morning. It's possible that they didn't tell you this so I hope you'll let me. We're on the clock. If you wouldn't mind me answering my questions, they can ask you whatever they would like to in redirect. But I'd like to see if you can give me an answer to my questions.

Is that fair?

- A. Yes, sir, I will try.
- Q. And the thing I'd like you to put a pin in is the sentence "largely unaffected 3A4 isoenzyme."

Do you see that?

A. I see that, yes.

Q. Let's now turn to DTX-16.6. We're staying in the same exhibit, we're turning to Page 6. We're looking at the section that says: Side Effects and Contraindications. If a skilled artisan wanted to know about possible contraindications from what was known about tasimelteon,

- 1 | this seems like a good place to look, right?
- 2 A. Let me look. Yes.
- 3 Q. Okay. And there is a paragraph. --
- 4 MR. STONE: The second paragraph, Mr. Weir, just 5 bring up the first half of it.
- 6 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. What Hardeland tells our skilled -- person of ordinary skill is: No detailed lists of contraindications have been provided, but these may be deduced from general experience.
- 11 Do you see that?
- 12 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Evidential hypersensitivity, relationship to CYP metabolism and known melatonergic actions.
- 15 Do you see that there?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. As tasimelteon is metabolized by the CYP enzymes 1A2,

 1A1, 2D6 and 2C9, again citing the BMS reference to which

 we'll turn. Coadministration of any drug that inhibits one
- of these exoenzymes should be regarded with caution,
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. That's what it says, yes.
- Q. So the rest of the examination we're going to agree on something. Hardeland says coadministration should be regarded with caution with respect to CYP1A2. And I'll talk

to you about what impact that should have on a person with ordinary skill. But Hardeland does not say coadministration should be regarded with caution with respect to 3A4, correct?

- A. That does not appear in this statement, you are right.
- Q. Well, okay. I don't want to fence with you. It doesn't appear anywhere in the article. Hardeland never says "Regard administration of tasimelteon with CYP3A4 with caution," correct?
- 11 A. As far as I know, yes.

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- 12 Q. Well, you've read it many times. Let's see if we can get there.
- 14 | Sir, it doesn't say that, right?
- 15 A. I will take what you say as correct.
- Q. And the other reference, Pandi-Perunal, that we're going to come to, doesn't mention a single word about tasimelteon metabolism, correct?
- A. We would have to look at the reference. I think it was mostly about ramelteon.
 - Q. Okay. Other than one sentence that refers to the existence of tasimelteon, all of Pandi-Perunal is about ramelteon, correct?
- 24 A. I will take what you say as correct.
- 25 Q. Okay.

MR. STONE: I offer JTX-91.

MR. LUKAS:

THE COURT:

No objection.

(JTX-91 admitted into evidence.)

All right. It's admitted.

MR. STONE: Mr. Weir, let's pull up the top part

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- 1 of Vachharajani.
- 2 BY MR. STONE:
- 4 Pharmacokinetics and Metabolism of BMS-214778, a Novel
- 5 Melatonin Receptor Agonist."
- 6 Do you see that there?
- 7 A. I do.
- 8 Q. All right. And the three authors of the article are
- 9 disclosed for Bristol-Myers Squibb, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. Which you know developed tasimelteon, right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Now, a person having ordinary skill in the art, I
- 14 think you told us would -- well, withdrawn. I'll just ask.
- 15 Would your hypothetical person of ordinary skill
- read Vachharajani or would they just stop with Hardeland?
- 17 A. I think they would gather as much information as
- 18 possible which would mean going back to primary literature
- 19 | that's directly pertinent.
- 20 Q. In fact, at one point in time, Vachharajani was
- 21 | initially one of the main documents you relied on in forming
- 22 your opinions about the obviousness of the patents in this
- 23 case, correct?
- 24 A. Yes, I did rely on that.
- 25 Q. In fact, at your deposition you told us it was one of

- 1 | the main documents, correct?
- 2 A. I don't recall the words, but I did rely on it, yes.
- 3 Q. Okay. And you understand that the defendants have
- 4 | narrowed what are called their "obviousness combinations,"
- 5 | they've told you that?
- 6 A. I can't say as I recall.
- 7 \ Q. Okay. As of the priority date of the claimed
- 8 | inventions, Vachharajani was the source of all of the
- 9 original data describing the role of cytochrome P450 enzymes
- 10 in the metabolism of tasimelteon, correct?
- 11 A. As far as I know, based on what's in -- you know,
- 12 publically available documents.
- 13 Q. That's right.
- MR. STONE: Now, Mr. Weir, why don't you jump
- 15 | within this document to Page 10 of it, JTX-91 at 10.
- 16 BY MR. STONE:
- 17 Q. And let's look at what Vachharajani is saying.
- 18 MR. STONE: And can you pull up this paragraph
- 19 here.
- 20 BY MR. STONE:
- 21 \| \Q. It says: In studies with microsomes, overexpressing
- 22 specific human CYP isoforms, BMS-214778.
- 23 That's what we now know as tasimelteon, correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Was primarily metabolized by CYP1A2, 1A2, 2D6 and

2C9. 1

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2 Do you see that there?

- I do. Α.
- And jumping ahead a sentence, it says no metabolism 5 of tasimelteon was observed following incubation with the same six enzymes we saw in Hardeland, the last of which is 6 7 3A4, correct?
- 8 Α. Correct.
 - So while Hardeland says that the metabolism of tasimelteon was, quote, largely unaffected by those six enzymes, what a skilled artisan reading the primary source would see is that no metabolism was observed by BMS with those enzymes, correct?

That's what they would see there?

- Α. They would see it and see it's stated in different words.
 - Well, let's have a conversation about the difference of words.

If my daughter comes home and tells me that she's primarily not using opiates or she comes home and tells me she's not using them, we're going to have two very different conversations.

Are you telling this Court primarily not metabolized by and not metabolized are synonyms?

I didn't say they were synonyms, but in this context Α.

- 1 they are expressing the same thing.
- 2 Q. And the primary source is the one we're looking at
- 3 | right now that says no metabolism was observed, correct?
- 4 A. This is the primary source, yes.
- Q. Okay. Let's zoom out for a minute. Let's talk about how drugs are metabolized in the body, okay.
- Some drugs are metabolized in whole or in part in the liver, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. Of the drugs that are metabolized in the liver, many
 11 of them are metabolized by the CYP 450 family of enzymes
 12 that we have been talking about, correct?
- 13 A. Correct.
- Q. Some drugs by some enzymes, some drugs by others, many drugs by more than one, correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
- Q. Some drugs aren't really metabolized at all. You ingest them, they do whatever it is they do in your body, and you excrete them, correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- Q. Antibiotics are actually a pretty good example of that, correct?
- 23 A. Some antibiotics, yes.
- Q. Right. And so many antibiotics come in, ideally kill the bacterium, and then get excreted out through the kidney

- 1 and the urine, correct?
 - A. Correct.

- 3 \ Q. Other drugs come through your body, do what they're
- 4 going to do, go through the bile duct, and are excreted out
- 5 in feces, correct?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 \ Q. And the divisions between out through the kidney, out
- 8 through feces, or broken down in the liver are not quite
- 9 that stark; some drugs are more than one of those, correct?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 \ \Q. And for some drugs, for example, maybe 10 percent of
- 12 | the metabolism happens in the liver and the other 90 percent
- is just excreted out without having been metabolized,
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. That's possible, yes.
- 16 \ Q. Okay. Let's talk next about what kind of tests
- 17 scientists can do to study drug metabolism and drug
- 18 interaction. Again, some vocabulary.
- 19 You're familiar with the terms in vitro and in
- 20 **vivo?**
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 \ Q. In vitro means in glass, correct?
- 23 A. In vitro means, to me, outside the body in some
- 24 experimental system.
- Q. We may be talking past each other, and that's my next

1 question.

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But the Latin in vitro is "in glass," correct?

- A. I don't know Latin so I don't have a comment on that.
- Q. But you're beating me on German so far so we're keeping score.

6 In vivo means in a living organism, correct?

- A. Yes.
 - Q. For an in vivo test, the organism doesn't need to be in a human. If you do the test in a rat, that's an in vivo test too, correct?
- 11 A. It's in vivo test in a rat.
- 12 Q. No dispute. I'm just trying to establish what's in-vitro and what's in vivo.
- In a rat, that's in vivo.
- 15 | A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. One study that people can do to determine drug metabolism and possible risk of drug-drug interaction is what is called a mass balance study, correct?
 - A. It's possible to do a mass balance study, but that does not directly get at drug interaction.
 - Q. Right. What it gets at is pathway. What a mass balance study will tell us is how much of the drug is metabolized in the liver, how much is being excreted out in urine, how much is being excreted out in feces, correct?
- 25 A. And also what the specific metabolites are if there's

1 metabolism.

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- Q. Right. And let's just -- that word hasn't come up yet.
- 4 When a liver -- withdrawn?
- 5 Enzymes are things that act on substrates,
- 6 correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. One thing the enzyme might do is to overly
- 9 anthropomorphize it, chop a piece off of the end, correct?
- 10 A. Yes, there can be cleavage, yes.
- 11 Q. Right. Enzymes catalyze the substrate; they do
- 12 something to it, correct?
- 13 A. Yes, the enzymes are what caused the change in the
- 14 substrate molecule, yes.
- 15 \ Q. Right. And the thing that is the result of that
- 16 reaction is called a metabolite, correct?
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. It's the noun from metabolism. It's metabolite,
- 19 correct?
- 20 A. **Yes**.
- 21 | Q. Some enzymes metabolize some substrates and produce
- 22 | metabolites that have exactly the same beneficial properties
- 23 as the drug itself, correct?
- 24 A. Yes, the same pharmacologic activity.
- 25 Q. Right. So merely knowing that an enzyme metabolizes

Filed 12/22/22 Page 76 of 311 PageID #: CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT 1 a substrate doesn't tell you whether that metabolite is, for 2 practical purposes, different than the drug itself, correct? 3 Well, or whether it has the same -- it is different, 4 but you don't know what its pharmacologic activity is. 5 Right. And I am not looking to hide the ball. 0. Sometimes the metabolites are toxic, correct? 6 7 It's possible. Α. 8 Sometimes they're even better for your body than the 9 drug itself, correct? 10 Well, they may have greater pharmacologic activity Α. 11 than the drug administered, yes. 12 Right. In fact, there are drugs that are 0. 13 administered that are called prodrugs, where the drug itself

- is not active and the plan is that it will be metabolized and the metabolite will do the work, correct?
- Correct.

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- MR. STONE: I don't know if we have the ability to do this, but trusting Mr. Weir, if we have plaintiff's demonstratives, can I get DDX-6.10?
- And this is not a bad time for a break if it would help the Court.
- 22 Yeah, let's take a break then. THE COURT: 23 We're mid-morning.
- 24 MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: We'll come back in about 12 minutes.

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Correct.

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

I should warn you, you're on cross-examination so you shouldn't speak about the substance of the case with your counsel. All right? THE WITNESS: Yes. (Break taken.) THE COURT: All right. You may proceed, Mr. Stone. Thank you, Your Honor. MR. STONE: I am told that before we broke, I referred to this as plaintiff's demonstrative 6.10. For the record, this is defendants' demonstrative 6.10. THE COURT: Okay. BY MR. STONE: Dr. Greenblatt, when we broke, we had just put this 0. slide up, so let's start over with it. You told us on your direct examination that FDA requires screening experiments to determine where the drug metabolism is likely to occur in the body, correct? That's right. Α. Could be the liver, could be the gut, could be elsewhere, correct? Α. It's possible, yes. What metabolites are likely to be formed and how quickly, correct?

- 1 Q. And which CYP isoenzymes are likely involved in drug
 2 metabolism, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- 4 \ \Q. And then you identified two different kinds of tests.
- 5 One of them is an in-vitro experiment with liver microsomes,
- 6 correct?

- 7 A. Correct.
- 8 Q. And the other is recombinant expression of particular
- 9 isoenzymes, correct?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Vachharajani, the test from BMS that we've been
- 12 looking at, is the second of those. It's the recombinant
- 13 expression of particular isoenzymes, correct?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 \ Q. That kind of test can't tell you the relative
- 16 contribution of each of those enzymes to tasimelteon
- 17 metabolism in the body, correct?
- 18 A. It's an in-vitro test, and it gives you the relative
- 19 contribution in that system.
- 20 Q. I'm sorry. Don't you need to do a liver microsome
- 21 test to get relative contribution?
- 22 A. To complete the story, yes. You need to combine the
- 23 **two**.
- of the enzymes, vis-à-vis each other, even in vitro you need

- 1 | to do both of these tests, correct?
- 2 A. You can get information from the recombinant
- 3 expression of enzymes about the relative contribution out of
- 4 context of a full liver.

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- \mathbb{Q} . Hold on a second.
 - To get the true picture of how the various CYP enzymes contribute to tasimelteon metabolism using in-vitro tests, you have to do both of them, correct?
 - A. You get a different picture from one or the other versus combined.
- 11 Q. And you --
- 12 A. That's why you combine them.
- 13 Q. And you get a true picture from both.
- A. I don't know what you mean by "true," but you get the information that's available.
- 16 Q. Okay. Okay.
 - Can you turn in the first document in the binder, which is your deposition, to Pages 52 and 53.
- A. I'm sorry, is that the running page or the deposition page?
- Q. That is a superb question and I have in mind the deposition page. So in the little boxes on each page, there's a page number in the corner.
- 24 A. Okay.
- 25 Q. Take a moment to read to yourself Pages 52 and 53.

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT 1 You'll agree with me, sir -- let me know when 2 you're ready. 3 Yes, I'm ready. Α. 4 On Page 53, we are talking about two different 0. 5 studies and they're these: In-vitro experiments with liver microsomes and recombinant expression with isoenzymes, 6 7 correct? 8 Right. Α. 9 Those are the two test being discussed, correct? Q. 10 Α. Well, they are also tests with chemical inhibitors, 11 but these are the two general tests that's on the slide. 12 And are being discussed in your answer here. Q. 13 Α. Yes. 14 Correct. I'm not suggesting they are the two tests 0. in the world; I'm suggesting they are the two you were 15 16 talking about at this passage in your deposition, correct? 17 Yes. Α. 18 Okay. And what you said at -- so looking at Page 53, 19 Line 5, the question was asked: 20 "Q. So one methodology is to use recombinant 21 CYPs, correct?" 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. And you answered:

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That's a piece of it. You need to combine "A. the methodologies to get -- to get the true picture."

1 That was your answer, correct?

- A. That's right.
- 3 Q. Right. And when I asked you today whether you need
- 4 | to combine the two to get the true picture you said, I don't
- 5 know -- you don't know what I mean by "true picture,"
- 6 correct?

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- 7 A. That's right. And I still don't.
- 8 Q. Okay. But you know what you meant when you said it.
- 9 A. That, I can't comment on, but...
- 10 \ Q. Okay. Then let's move on.

live human, correct?

- 11 Let's switch to in vivo tests rather than in vitro.
- One of the things you can learn from an in vivo study, rather than an in vitro study, is the relative abundance of the relevant enzymes in the natural stage in a
- A. Are you talking about an in vivo study in which you would administer a drug to a human?
- 19 Q. Well, why don't we start there.
- 20 That's one of the things you could determine 21 from that, correct?
- A. I'm sorry, I didn't -- I missed the question. Please try again.
- Q. Well, okay. I have to ask a favor, sir. We are on a clock. If I'm going to ask a question and you're going to

question back what I meant and then not remember what I asked, we're going to be here for a bit. So why don't we try to focus on the question.

Is that fair?

- A. Sir, if I may, clock or no clock, I need to understand your question.
- Q. Sure.

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- A. And when you ask one, I need to be able to understand it to answer it.
- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 A. So I request that that be honored.
- Q. Okay. I'm going to -- and I will honor that. I'm going to put a question to you now. Let's see how we do.
 - An in-vitro study in microsomes or recombinant enzymes can give you an estimate of the activity of a specific enzyme. But in order to determine what that means in an actual human context, you need to know exactly how much enzyme is present, correct?
 - A. That is correct. You need to know the abundance of the enzyme.
 - Q. Even where two drugs interact in a patient, the drugs can have a substantial interaction or a fairly mild one or somewhere in between, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. If you want to precisely delineate the quantitative

1 magnitude of the interaction between two drugs in a human 2 being, you need to do an in vivo study, correct? 3 That is correct. Α. 4 And you need to know the magnitude of the interaction 5 between two drugs in order to provide cogent advice as to what to do clinically, correct? 6 7 In some cases, yes. Α. 8 All right. Let's turn to your deposition at Page 9 102, please. I'm going to ask you to read to yourself 10 Page 101 and 102 --11 MR. LUKAS: Just a second. Objection. Can you 12 lay a foundation, Counsel? 13 MR. STONE: Of what? 14 MR. LUKAS: Are you impeaching him? 15 MR. STONE: Yes. 16 I mean, does the Court want me to ask him, did 17 you give inconsistent testimony at your deposition? 18 THE COURT: Here's what I do. 19 MR. STONE: Sure. 20 THE COURT: Because I understand you all are 21 very good lawyers, but here's what I do when it comes to inconsistent statement versus refresh your recollection. 22 23 MR. STONE: Which I'm not doing, I agree. 24 THE COURT: But I only know of what you're 25 doing -- at least in my practice is for purposes of

refreshing recollection.

MR. STONE: Okay.

THE COURT: In my courtroom, and certainly as a trial lawyer, if a witness said something that was inconsistent with what the witness had said on a prior occasion, so if I asked the witness, well, you said the car was blue -- or I say to the witness, what color was the car, and the witness says, well, it was yellow, and I say, well, in fact, the car was blue, and he says, no, and then I'd say, well, you testified on a prior occasion that the car was blue, didn't you. And if the witness says no, then I confront the witness with the prior statement under oath, and that's how I would do it.

MR. STONE: I --

THE COURT: I don't think you have to go back through that, but in fairness to you because, frankly, the examination is very good, I'm only referring to that technically, perhaps other judges require different things, but in my courtroom I think you satisfied Rule 611 through 614 by doing it that way, and so that's how I do it.

MR. STONE: And I --

THE COURT: And it's a -- if it's a question where the witness cannot recall, then what I would do is, and I think under the rules, you're required, you have to show the witness -- you can show the witness anything -- and

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

you can say, look at it yourself, then you take it back, and then you say, having seen that, does it refresh your recollection, and then you go from there.

That's how I would do it.

MR. STONE: I appreciate that, Your Honor, and, you know, ground rules in different ballparks.

THE COURT: That's right, exactly. That's
why -- what I'm doing is since you asked me, and for the
benefit of all lawyers, at least in my courtroom, that's how
I would do it.

MR. STONE: And I will do it that way, Your Honor. I appreciate it.

Let me just look at the transcript for a moment, if I may.

THE COURT: While you're looking, typically what happens in these patents cases is, and I see it all the time, and you're not doing it, what lawyers do is they say -- they ask a question, they didn't get the exact answer they want, and they say, well, let's look at your deposition, and they put it on the screen and we have a debate about whether it's consistent and not inconsistent.

And that, I do not think, is the appropriate way to do it. You're not doing it that way.

So I don't have a problem with the way you're doing it, but that's the way I would do it.

1 MR. STONE: Thank you, Your Honor. A question: 2 Can I be heard from here by the court reporter because I'm 3 not at the mic. 4 THE REPORTER: Yes. 5 MR. STONE: Thank you. 6 BY MR. STONE: 7 Dr. Greenblatt, I just asked you, just to reset the 8 stage: And you need to know the magnitude of the 9 interaction between two drugs in order to provide 10 cogent advice as to what to do clinically, correct? 11 And your answer was: In some cases, yes. 12 Correct? 13 That's from today? Α. 14 That is from today. 0. 15 Α. Yes. And on a prior occasion, I asked the same question. 16 17 The answer you gave didn't have the modifier about "in some cases," correct? 18 19 Is that in the transcript? Α. 20 Now I think we're somewhere between refreshing 21 recollection and impeachment. 22 THE COURT: Go ahead. 23 BY MR. STONE: 24 Q. So, yes.

25 In Page 102 of your deposition at Line 12,

1	vou'	re	asked:
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"Q. Explain to me again why knowing the magnitude is so important to this area of study."

Do you see that there?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And the magnitude is the magnitude of interaction between the enzymes, correct?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. And your answer was:

"A. In order to provide cogent advice as to what to do clinically, you need to know how big the interaction is. You also need to know whether it makes any difference, but that's another story. But you need to know how big the interaction is and what the degree of variability between people exists and the degree of interaction. And you need that information to provide cogent clinical recommendations."

That was your testimony, correct?

- A. That was -- yes, that's correct.
- 21 Q. Okay.

And my colleague points out that I asked you about the magnitude of the interaction between two enzymes. We actually mean the magnitude of interaction between two drugs, correct?

A. Yes.

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2 Q. Thank you, sir.

Now, talking about the clinical options that you were referring to, the clinical options could be changing the dosage of one drug --

- A. I'm sorry.
- 7 Q. Withdraw. I'll withdraw the question, sir.

8 We're starting a new question.

When considering drug-drug interactions, what to do about how two drugs interact with each other, the clinical options include change the dosage of one drug, change the dosage of both drugs, avoid one drug, avoid the other, special monitoring, perhaps, for adverse consequences; those are all clinical options, correct?

- A. Those are among options, yes.
- Q. Right. And you would want to know the magnitude of a drug-drug interaction to know whether any adjustment to a treatment regimen is warranted, correct?
- 19 A. It depends on the circumstances.
- 20 Q. I'm sorry, I didn't hear you.
- 21 A. It depends on the circumstances.
 - Q. Okay. You need to know whether the drug-drug interaction actually changes clinical outcomes for the patient before you can provide cogent advice as to what to do clinically, correct?

- A. Yes, or at least what would be expected in terms of a clinical change.
- Q. As of the priority date of these patents, there were no in vivo studies of tasimelteon metabolism, correct?
- A. There were clinical studies, but the outcomes were not available in the public domain.
- 7 Q. Okay. I'll ask it that way.

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As of the priority date, a skilled artisan would have no data at her fingertips about the in vivo aspects of tasimelteon metabolism, correct?

- A. I believe that's correct, yes.
- Q. There had been no data available to our skilled artisan about the magnitude of interaction between, say, CYP1A2 and tasimelteon, correct?
- 15 A. Between inhibitors?
- 16 Q. Withdrawn. That's a fair question. Withdraw.

As of the priority date from reading Hardeland and following up with Vachharajani, a skilled artisan would know that Vachharajani had found that CYP1A2 is one of four enzymes that metabolized tasimelteon in an in vitro assay, correct?

- A. That's only part of it. But yes, they would have known that plus other things disclosed by Vachharajani.
- Q. Okay. And the other things that are disclosed that you are referring to are all in the four corners of

- 1 | Vachharajani, correct?
- 2 A. Four corners.
- 3 Q. Yeah, within the document.
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Okay. And there were no in vivo data available about
- 6 tasimelteon's interaction with a CYP1A2 inhibitor as of that
- 7 date, correct?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. There were no in vivo data about tasimelteon's
- 10 interaction with a CYP1A2 inducer either, correct?
- 11 A. Or you mean CYP3A4?
- 12 Q. I don't. I actually meant the CYP1A2 inducer.
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. Right. In fact, there were no data available for in
- 15 | vivo analysis of how tasimelteon interacted with any drug
- 16 that upregulated or downregulated any enzyme as of the
- 17 priority date, correct?
- 18 A. Correct. No direct in vivo data.
- 19 Q. Now, when you talked to us on direct, you told us
- 20 that FDA says to start with in-vitro testing.
- 21 Did I hear you say that correctly, start?
- 22 A. Yes. My understanding is that that testing is
- 23 | required, you know, in the early preclinical days of --
- 24 phases of drug development.
- 25 Q. I think you told us that doing those tests is, quote,

- 1 standard practice, correct?
 - A. Right.

- 3 Q. All right. If you turn in your binder to JTX-130,
- 4 which should be the next document, this is a document
- 5 entitled Guidance For Industry: Drug Interaction Studies,
- 6 Study Design, Data Analysis, Implications For Dosing and
- 7 Labeling Recommendations.
- 8 Do you see that there?
- 9 A. I do, yes.
- 10 Q. And then importantly it says: Draft guidance.
- 11 Do you see that there?
- 12 A. Yes. And on the top of each page it says: Not for
- 13 | implementation.
- 14 \mathbb{Q} . Right. Now, you also know that FDA never actually
- 15 | finalizes the guidelines, they are also draft?
- 16 A. That's the general case, yes.
- 17 Q. Right. So, you know, there are some parts of the
- 18 world in which it might matter that a document is called
- 19 draft. We can agree here that it doesn't actually matter
- 20 | that it's called draft, people follow it any way because it
- 21 never gets finalized.
- 22 A. Well, I do think it does make a difference, but
- 23 whatever.
- 24 \ Q. Okay. That's fair.
- 25 MR. STONE: Let's turn to Page 20 of this

Figure 2 and just the two lines below it.

Page 20 of the document? I'm sorry?

document. May I approach the witness?

THE COURT:

THE COURT:

MR. STONE:

THE WITNESS: Figure 2?

MR. STONE: Perfect, thank you.

Sure.

MR. STONE: Thank you.

haven't yet offered this document into evidence.

This is JTX-130 and I offer it.

MR. LUKAS: No objection, Your Honor.

(JTX-130 admitted into evidence.)

Thank you.

You should be looking at this, sir, are you?

Your Honor, I'm afraid he may have a different

People on both tables are telling me that I

All right. It's admitted.

So let me

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do that.

- 1 BY MR. STONE:
- Q. What we see here at the top, you'll agree with me,
- 3 sir, that this is a flow chart or a decision tree?
- 4 A. Yes, it's the beginning -- it's -- yes, the first
- 5 phases of it.
- 6 Q. I'm sorry. I didn't hear you.
- 7 A. The first phases of the flow chart.
- 8 | Q. But the whole page is a flow chart, agreed?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Okay. It starts with: Conduct in-vitro metabolism
- and drug-drug interaction studies in human tissues.
- 12 And for Phase 1 enzymes, it identifies a number
- of the CYP enzymes, including both 1A2 and the entire 3A
- 14 | family.
- Do you see that there?
- 16 A. Yes, I see what that says.
- 17 | Q. Okay.
- 18 MR. STONE: And hold on, Mr. Weir. Can you
- leave that up for a moment, Mr. Weir. And also bring up
- 20 this below it.
- 21 BY MR. STONE:
- 22 Q. The flow chart ends with dosage adjustment needed,
- 23 yes, no, correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. All right. Let's leave it right there.

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clearance, correct?

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

As of the priority date, one of the two kinds of in vitro assays we've been talking about had been conducted with respect to tasimelteon, correct? Yes. Α. The next question that the flow chart asks is: Investigational drug. For us, that's tasimelteon, right? investigational drug is tasimelteon? Α. Yes. I'm sorry. I didn't hear you. Q. Α. Yes. Q. Okay. Is investigational drug a substrate of an enzyme responsible for greater than or equal to 25 percent of its systemic clearance. Do you see that there? Yes. Α. Starting at the back, systematic clearance is how it exits the body, correct? Α. Yes. At this point in time, as of the priority date, we don't know the answer. There is no public data on whether tasimelteon is a substrate of an enzyme that is responsible for greater than 25 percent of tasimelteon systematic

A. That's correct.

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- Q. As of the moment of the priority date, the skilled artisan has no way to get to even the third level of this decision tree, much less all the way to the bottom to decide whether a dosage adjustment is needed, correct? The data just aren't known?
- A. There is data known, but the components of the tree
 are not complete at that point.
 - Q. Okay. And just to get an answer to my question, we don't yet have the ability as of the priority date to answer the question under this decision tree is a dosage adjustment needed, correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. Okay. Now, you have written on the ability to go
 15 from in-vivo data to predict in vivo results, correct?
- 16 A. To predict quantitative in-vivo results.
- 17 Q. Totally fair.

People have been trying in your field since at least the early 1970s to figure out how to take in-vitro data and predict the quantitative results that one would get in vivo, correct?

- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. And you have published on that before, correct?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. And, in fact, it is your opinion that we're not there

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT 1 yet, correct? 2 That is the summary, yes. 3 It's not only the summary, sir, it's the headline. 4 Let's look at PTX-683 in your binder. It's the next 5 document. 6 Is this an article --7 MR. STONE: Take it down, Mr. Weir. I have to 8 put in evidence. 9 BY MR. STONE: 10 Is this a document, sir, that you wrote? Q. 11 Α. Yes, and it says we're not there yet. 12 Right. Q. 13 MR. STONE: Now I offer PTX-683, Your Honor. 14 MR. LUKAS: No objection. 15 All right. THE COURT: (PTX-683 admitted into evidence.) 16 17 MR. STONE: Just for the benefit of everyone, 18 would you --19 THE COURT: And it's admitted. 20 MR. STONE: I apologize, Your Honor. 21 BY MR. STONE: 22 The title of the essay that you wrote is: 23 prediction of clinical drug interactions with CYP3A4

substrates: We are not there yet.

Correct?

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A. Correct.

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- Q. I want to talk to you for a moment about what your conclusion is with respect to the CYP1A2 patent. Okay.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. A person having ordinary skill as of the priority
 date of the CYP1A2 patent would know from Hardeland and
 Vachharajani that in an in-vitro assay tasimelteon is
 metabolized by CYP1A2, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- 10 Q. There are lots of drugs that are metabolized in an
 11 in-vitro assay by CYP1A2 where you don't need to avoid
 12 concomitant administration with a CYP1A2 inhibitor, correct?
- 13 A. See, that I don't know. I don't know how the package
 14 inserts run with respect to 1A2 substrates being concomitant
 15 with fluvoxamine. I believe some of them have very strong
 16 warnings against it.
 - Q. Okay. And just to be clear, that's fine. Some of them absolutely do have a warning against concomitant administration, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And every drug that is metabolized by CYP1A2 in whole
 22 or in part, that FDA has warned don't administer it with a
 23 CYP1A2 inhibitor, that warning is given on the basis of at
 24 least in vivo data, correct?
- 25 A. Not necessarily. There may be some advanced data

from in-vitro that would lead them to make the same recommendation.

- Q. And whatever that advanced data is, if it exists, it was not in the art for tasimelteon, correct?
- A. Some of it was.
- Q. All right. Your opinion in this case, just to get it right, is that as of the moment of the priority date --
- 8 | A. Yes.

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- 9 Q. -- a skilled artisan would know from the fact that
 10 tasimelteon is metabolized by CYP1A2 in an in-vitro assay
 11 that there is a risk that there might be an interaction with
 12 a CYP1A2 inhibitor and they would simply avoid -- they would
 13 use caution, I think was your testimony, when
 14 coadministering them, correct?
 - A. They would use caution and they would avoid coadministration, yes, absolutely.
 - Q. Now, it might well turn out that the rest of the data, the in vivo data, would show that no such caution is needed and that coadministration was fine, correct?
 - A. That is a possibility, yes.
 - Q. Right. So what you're saying is the skilled artisan standing at the first step of that flow chart with respect to CYP1A2 should simply on the side of caution and decide don't coadminister? That is your opinion?
- 25 A. That in the universe of all other data, they would

- 1 most certainly take that approach.
- Q. Right. And it might turn out that that approach is needlessly cautious, and unnecessary?
 - A. That is always a possibility, but remote in my view.
- 5 | Q. Let's talk about CYP3A4 for a moment, okay?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. A person reading -- strike that. Stay with me for a moment, sir.
 - The hypothetically skilled ordinary artisan in your hypothetical with respect to the CYP1A2 patent is going to start with Hardeland, correct?
 - A. That is the anchor for the purpose of these proceedings, but they're acting in a universe of all knowledge that's available on the topic.
 - Q. I understand that. The -- that same person is going to also look at Hardeland in connection with the 3A4 patent, correct?
 - A. And with the same qualification, in the constellation with everything else.
 - Q. I understand that.
 - And when they look at Hardeland, they will see a warning to not coadminister with a strong CYP1A2 inhibitor, correct?
- 24 A. I forget the wording. That's correct, yes, okay.
- 25 Q. I'll remind you.

A. Yes, I accept that.

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says.

Q. Well, no. Let's get the wording right. I shouldn't be describing the article. I should be telling you what it

5 What it says is: As -- withdrawn.

Reading from DTX-16.6.

As tasimelteon is metabolized by the CYP isoenzymes CYP1A2, 1A1, 2D6 and 2C9, coadministration of any drug that inhibits one of these isoenzymes should be regarded with caution, correct?

- 11 A. Okay. Yes, if that's what it says, then yes.
- Q. And it doesn't say to regard with caution medications
 that either inhibit or induce 3A4? Not included in that
 paragraph, correct?
- 15 A. Correct.
 - Q. And what Vachharajani, the underlying article, says, is that tasimelteon isn't even metabolized by 3A4, correct?
- 18 A. Essentially correct, yes.
- 19 **Q. Right.**

So it is your view that the person of ordinary skill reading Hardeland and Vachharajani and seeing no evidence of CYP3A4 metabolism in-vitro, no caution against administering CYP3A4 is somehow going to seize on the sentence that it is structurally similar to ramelteon and go immerse themselves in Pandi-Perumal, which is about

ramelteon metabolism.

That's your opinion, right?

- A. No, that's false.
- Q. Okay. What is it that takes the skilled artisan in your view from a study about tasimelteon, which says it's not metabolized by 3A4 to the ramelteon literature?
- A. I'm saying that the ordinary -- person of ordinary skill in the art would look at the totality of information available about tasimelteon and come to the conclusion that it was very probable that coadministration with rifampin would cause induction of tasimelteon metabolism and lowering of plasma levels to a possibly ineffective level.

Why do I say that?

- O. Yes.
- A. Because I look at -- an ordinary skill in the art person looks at the constellation of available information. They look at ramelteon and what was the outcome of ramelteon's interaction with tasimelteon. The similarity, the close similarity of tasimelteon and ramelteon in structure, in site of action, in mechanism of action.

And put that all together and come to the conclusion that you better watch out that the metabolism of tasimelteon by CYP3A4, Vachharajani notwithstanding, is not excluded because of the nature of studies done with recombinant enzymes.

Q. And so what you mean by Vachharajani notwithstanding is, despite the fact that Vachharajani, the study of BMS of their own molecule, says that tasimelteon isn't metabolized by 3A4, the skilled artisan would look at everything that is known including all the ramelteon literature and all the things you just said, correct? That's what you mean by "notwithstanding"?

- A. By "notwithstanding" I mean that despite what Vachharajani says and finds, they would still and -- they would expect and be concerned about an interaction of tasimelteon with rifampin and strong CYP3A4 inducers.
- Q. Now, one of the things you told us on your direct examination is that you have actually spent a significant amount of your life professionally working with the development of ramelteon, correct?
- 16 A. No, I never said that.

17 Q. Then I misheard you and I apologize.

What was it you told us about your experience with ramelteon?

- A. The question was: What drugs have you been involved in in the development process? And ramelteon was one of them.
- Q. Okay. I'm sure that there's a distinction between what I asked and what you just said and I apologize. That's what I was trying to elicit, so let's try again.

1 What was your role in ramelteon development? 2 Α. Yes, I believe before ramelteon was approved, 3 the sponsor had done a study on the pharmacokinetics and 4 clinical effects of ramelteon in healthy volunteers in 5 relation to age and gender. So they had both pharmacokinetic and they had data of drug effects on humans. 6 7 And they wanted to get this data in shape, I don't know for the NDA submission, or for a publication. 8 Certainly for a publication. So we worked with them on the 9 10 data. We analyzed it ourselves, we talked, we took the raw 11 data and we constructed a manuscript which was later 12 published in the biomedical literature on this topic, 13 coauthored by myself, others in my group and also at least 14 one investigator from the sponsor. And just to situate it in time, that all happened 15 0. 16 before the priority date of this patent, correct? 17 Yes, that's correct. Α. Okay. And so let's look in Hardeland at --18 19 MR. STONE: Mr. Weir, please bring up DTX-16.3. 20 Thank you. 21 BY MR. STONE: Dr. Greenblatt, down here on the left at the bottom 22 23 of 16.2, there's a section called "Synthesis and SAR." 24 Do you see that?

A. Yes.

- 1 \ Q. What's SAR?
- A. Structure activity relationship. That's how I understand the abbreviation.
- 4 Q. Okay. Me too, but I thought I would ask.

And what we're looking at here, what follows is
then a whole bunch of paragraphs about the structure of
tasimelteon, correct?

8 A. Yes, and other things as well, yes.

9 MR. STONE: And if we pull up the bottom right 10 corner of page 16.3.

- 11 BY MR. STONE:
- 12 Q. Now it's talking about the in-vitro binding affinity
 13 of tasimelteon for the MT-1 and MT-2 receptors.
- 14 You see that at the top of that?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And you know those to be receptors to which melatonin also binds in the suprachiasmatic nucleus?
- 18 A. In the active site in the brain, yes.
- 19 Q. All right.

It then says that the binding affinities for

MT-1 and MT-2 receptors have been identified for several

other melatonergic compounds, including 2 iodomelatonin,

melatonin and ramelteon.

Do you see that?

25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. And it says: Therefore, ramelteon demonstrates
- 2 higher affinity for the MT-1 and MT-2 receptors compared
- 3 with tasimelteon, correct?
 - A. Let me just see the numbers here.
- $S \mid Q$. I'm not asking you whether it's right. I'm just
- 6 asking --

- 7 A. Yeah, that's what it says.
- 8 Q. Right. Okay. And then it says: Ramelteon exhibits
- 9 structural similarity to tasimelteon as these compounds
- 10 share the dihydrobenzofuran, correct?
- 11 A. That's what it says, yes.
- 12 Q. That's that reference in Hardeland, to the fact that
- tasimelteon and ramelteon are structurally similar, correct?
- 14 A. That statement that you just said is correct.
- 15 Q. But when you -- that is the reference in Hardeland to
- 16 the structural similarity between the two molecules,
- 17 | correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Right. It's not in any part of Hardeland that's
- 20 | talking about tasimelteon metabolism or drug-drug
- 21 | interactions, correct? That's not what that part of the
- 22 | study is?
- 23 A. I don't understand what you mean.
- 24 \ Q. Okay. Let's try it this way.
- 25 Hardeland has a bunch of different sections,

- 1 correct?
- 2 | A. Yes.
- 3 Q. One is about metabolism, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. One's about structure, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. In the structure section, there's a sentence that
- 8 says ramelteon is structurally similar to tasimelteon,
- 9 correct?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Right. Ramelteon is not discussed in the metabolism
- 12 section of Hardeland, correct?
- 13 A. I believe that's correct, but I --
- 14 Q. And there's certainly nothing in Hardeland that tells
- 15 | the skilled artisan go look at the ramelteon literature for
- 16 drug-drug interactions, correct?
- 17 A. Not to my knowledge.
- 18 \ \Q. \ Now, you told us that -- and you put up a slide that
- 19 says -- well, withdrawn. You didn't.
- You told us that ramelteon and tasimelteon have
- 21 the same mechanism of action. I think I heard you say that
- 22 both on your direct and just now, correct?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. You're not offering an opinion in this courtroom as
- 25 to how ramelteon treats the diseases for which it's approved

- or tasimelteon treats Non-24, are you?
- A. My testimony is that whatever actions they have on sleep, it is via the same receptors, interaction with the
- 4 same receptors.
- 5 Q. Okay. And I want to be clear about that.
- 6 They both bind to MT-1 and MT-2, correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
- Q. What they do through that binding and how they work is way beyond your area of testimony, correct?
- 10 A. Specifically, yes. But when they bind to the same
 11 receptor with high affinity, we are assuming that they have
 12 the same mechanism of action, whatever that action is.
- 13 Q. Okay.
- 14 A. That's obligatory. It has to be.
- 15 Q. Your testimony is that any two drugs that bind, those receptors have the same mechanism?
- A. Not any two. I'm talking about tasimelteon and ramelteon.
- 19 Q. All right.
- 20 MR. STONE: And, Your Honor, this is nowhere in any of his expert reports.
- 22 THE COURT: But you asked him?
- 23 MR. STONE: That's fair.
- 24 | THE COURT: You got what you asked.
- 25 MR. STONE: That's fair. I accept that.

- 1 BY MR. STONE:
- 2 Q. What is the bioavailability of ramelteon in its
- 3 | label? Do you know?
- 4 A. I don't know if it's in the label, but the number is
- 5 about 3 percent, 3 to 4 percent.
- 6 Q. What's the bioavailability for tasimelteon?
- A. It's in the range of what, 25 percent, I think. I'm
- 8 not sure.
- 9 | Q. Wouldn't you be surprised if it's more like 38?
- 10 A. Okay. It's 38.
- 11 Q. So what we know from that is that whatever is going
- on in the body, a lot more ramelteon is getting broken down
- 13 | than tasimelteon is?
- 14 A. It's saying that the absolute bioavailability is the
- 15 | fraction of an oral dose that reaches a systemic
- 16 circulation.
- 17 | Q. Right.
- 18 A. So those numbers are different and that's all it
- 19 **says**.
- 20 Q. Okay. And, of course, a skilled artisan wouldn't
- 21 have known either of those things?
- 22 | A. They certainly would have known about ramelteon.
- 23 | Q. Right.
- But they wouldn't have known about tasimelteon
- 25 because that wasn't available yet?

A. That's correct.
Q. Right.

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- Now, what did BMS conclude with the data from Vachharajani? Do you know?
- 5 A. What do you mean "conclude"?
- Q. Okay. With respect to 3A4 metabolism, what was BMS's conclusion about the role of CYP3A4 metabolism in tasimelteon?
 - A. Are we going back to what Vachharajani says?
- 10 Q. I'm asking you first if you know what they concluded
 11 from Vachharajani.
- 12 | A. **By BMS** --
 - THE COURT: I'm going to interrupt because this applies to both sides. You all seem at times to use

 Vachharajani as -- exactly the same as BMS.
- 16 Are you both sides comfortable with that?
- MR. STONE: I didn't mean to do that, Your

 18 Honor, but --
 - THE COURT: And that's what I'm sensing you are doing now. Maybe you're not. But that's -- again, I think both of you all do that.
 - MR. STONE: Let me see if I can clear that, Your Honor. I apologize for leaving that donut hole. Let me see if I can fill it.
- MR. LUKAS: And if I may interject, it may have

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

been just like be a courtesy for the court reporter, but I think it's undisputed that Vachharajani and the coauthors were from BMS.

THE COURT: And I get that, but it's like we have a 30(b)(6) rule. We have employees who don't always speak for the corporation. And I'm not a scientific person, but BMS might have a different view than one of its scientists and employees. I don't know. I don't really care as long as you're comfortable with it.

But if I'm the witness I don't know if he's thinking the same as I am.

MR. STONE: That's totally reasonable, Your Honor. Let me see if I can clear it up.

Mr. Weir, can you bring up JTX-91. And bring up the top section again.

BY MR. STONE:

- Q. We're looking at Vachharajani, correct, sir?
- 18 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. And the authors are identified as working at

 Bristol-Myers with an address for contacting them, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
 - Q. From your experience in the industry, whenever people at a pharmaceutical company publish an article like this and identify themselves, that article has been cleared for review internally at the pharmaceutical company, correct?

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

- 1 A. Yes, that's my understanding.
- Q. Let me now ask you to turn to PTX-613. This is a document that's already in evidence. It is what is called the investigator brochure for tasimelteon.

You were not here when Dr. Polymeropoulos testified, correct, sir?

A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. Is this a document that they've ever shown you before?
- 10 A. I don't recall seeing it.
- 11 Q. Okay. Let me ask you to just turn quickly to page 12 41.
 - MR. STONE: And Mr. Weir, would you bring up the top. I'm sorry, page 43 in the exhibit. I apologize. 43.
- 15 Can you bring up the top?
- 16 BY MR. STONE:
 - Q. It says from this internal BMS document: In-vitro metabolism investigated using genetically engineered cell lines expressing specific individual cytochrome P450 and isoenzymes indicating that what we now call tasimelteon was primarily metabolized by CYP1A2, 1A1, 2D6 and 2C9.
- 22 Do you see that there?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. CYP 2A6, 2B6, 2C8, 2C19, and 2E1, and 3A4 did not metabolize tasimelteon.

Case 1:1	B-cv-00651-CFC Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 Page 112 of 311 PageID #: 10285 1115 CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT			
1	Do you see that there?			
2	A. Yes.			
3	Q. And if you turn, Mr. Weir, in this exhibit to Page			
4	45.			
5	And, actually, Mr. Weir, I apologize. I know			
6	what I'm about to do to you, put up let's go to the next			
7	page, page 46 of the exhibit.			
8	And there's a section here entitled "In Vitro			
9	Metabolism Studies."			
10	Do you see that, sir?			
11	Dr. Greenblatt, I'm using the page numbers at			
12	the very bottom of each page where it says 46 of 90.			
13	A. Oh, yes, okay.			
14	Q. You see there's a section called "In Vitro Metabolism			
15	Studies"?			
16	A. Yes.			
17	Q. And the last word on the page is "the," right?			
18	A. Yes.			
19	Q. Let's go to the next page.			
20	The metabolic profiles were also comparable			
21	between different in vitro techniques employed. What we now			
22	call tasimelteon was primarily metabolized by CYP1A, CYP1A2,			
23	CYP2D6, and CYP2C9. CYP2A6, 2B6, 2C8, 2C19, 2E1, and 3A4			
24	did not metabolize tasimelteon, correct?			

Do you see that?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

A. Yes, that's what it says.

2 MR. STONE: Okay, I have no further questions.

3 Thank you.

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THE COURT: All right. Redirect.

MR. LUKAS: Very brief, Your Honor.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUKAS:

Q. Dr. Greenblatt, you were asked just now some questions about Hardeland and Vachharajani and about their statements that tasimelteon was not metabolized by CYP3A4.

Do you recall that?

A. I do, yes.

disclosures?

- 13 Q. And in your opinion, would a person of ordinary skill
 14 in the art have felt that a drug-drug interaction between
 15 tasimelteon and rifampin was unlikely based on those two
 - A. The interaction can't be excluded because induction causes a massive increase in the amount of enzymes, and you cannot exclude a major role of CYP3A4 in the induced state even if you can't detect it in the uninduced state.
 - Q. And is part of your analysis based on what was known about ramelteon?
 - A. Yes.
- 24 Q. And you obviously worked on ramelteon, but a question 25 is: Would a person of ordinary skill in the art have been

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REDIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT aware of what was known about the drug-drug interactions between ramelteon and rifampin and ramelteon and fluvoxamine? Yes, absolutely. And why is that? Q. Because that's part of the prior art, and it's part of the central information that's needed to safely administer ramelteon. And it's in the product label and it's in the biomedical literature. Right. And were those drug-drug interactions between 0. ramelteon and rifampin or ramelteon and fluvoxamine small or large? They were large. MR. LUKAS: I have no further questions, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. It's a bench trial, so I get to ask some questions. This in-vitro versus in vivo, sometimes things that show up in an in-vitro test, or concerns that are raised by an in-vitro test, may turn out to be not a concern when we have in vivo testing. Is that fair? THE WITNESS: That's fair, and the reverse as well.

Right. You also mentioned in-vitro

THE COURT:

REDIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

precedes in vivo, usually; is that right?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: So why do we have in-vitro before we have in vivo testing?

THE WITNESS: Because it's inexpensive, you can get a lot of information in a short period of time at low cost, and you don't have to administer any drugs to humans. So you can get all of this advanced information that allows you to proceed safely with human testing.

THE COURT: Well, I want to pick up on that because -- so although it may be the case that you could have cautionary lessons that are inferred from in-vitro that turn out not to be of concern when you do in vivo, am I correct to assume that the results of in-vitro testing could, in fact, preclude in vivo testing?

In other words, you might have some result from an in-vitro test that raises such a safety concern that no one would approve or participate in clinical trial?

THE WITNESS: Yes, that is true, but it also depends on the kind of substrate drug you're talking about. If you're talking about a new drug that cures cancer -- well, even if there is a big interaction that's evident from the in-vitro, you may proceed with caution and safeguards and all that if it is a breakthrough drug that's treating, you know, an important public health problem.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. GREENBLATT

1	On the other hand, if it's just a drug that's
2	so-called "me too," well, then the sponsor might give up
3	anyways. So it all depends on
4	THE COURT: So, basically, and, you know, I
5	don't have the scientific background you all do, it could be
6	that I have an in-vitro test that shows a very high
7	likelihood of, let's make it death, and yet you're saying
8	the FDA would still approve in vivo and ultimately clinical
9	testing of that?
10	THE WITNESS: Well, I think death is an extreme.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	THE WITNESS: The in-vitro might predict or show
13	a that an interaction, a large interaction is likely.
14	So for most drugs, the sponsor would say, you
15	know, why bother. There's just too much hassle. Or the FDA
16	may say, too much hassle.
17	But if it's a breakthrough drug that's dealing
18	with a very important unmet need of public health, there may
19	be a way to proceed with proper caution and safeguards and
20	dose adjustments if it has an impact on public health.
21	So it depends on the kind of drug you're dealing
22	with.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. You may step
24	down.
25	Oh, actually, have you ever testified before as

1 an expert? 2 THE WITNESS: Yes. 3 THE COURT: How many times? 4 THE WITNESS: It comes out to about once or 5 twice a year over 55 years. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 7 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 8 (Witness excused.) 9 MR. STONE: Your Honor, that concludes, I 10 believe, the defendants' rebuttal case. They had called him 11 out of order and whatever the response case, and we're now 12 resuming our rebuttal case. We're have -- we're now in the 13 third round. 14 That was their last witness. We are now resuming ours which we had begun and held open to let him 15 16 testify. 17 THE COURT: Gotcha. MR. STONE: And Vanda's next witness is 18 19 Dr. Andrew Parkinson. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. LUKAS: And Your Honor, we may call Dr. Emens to reply to Dr. Czeisler this afternoon. 22 23 THE COURT: All right. 24 MR. STONE: They had said they might. I didn't 25 mean to preclude that.

1 May I get the binders? 2 THE COURT: Yes, please. 3 MR. STONE: Your Honor, I was under the impression that we were calling these witnesses and doing 4 the Markman hearing today and that --5 6 THE COURT: Well, the Markman hearing is not 7 going to count against your time. 8 MR. STONE: No, no, I understand that. I meant 9 in terms of --10 THE COURT: But in terms of closing and 11 evidence, right --12 MR. STONE: Right. THE COURT: -- you were -- I mean, we're -- and 13 14 maybe there was a lot yesterday -- actually, hold on one 15 second. 16 I should recalculate because I do believe that 17 the argument yesterday, which apparently with this 12-hour 18 32-minute estimate assumes that the time was split evenly 19 among the parties, in terms of dealing with what I'll call 20 the authentication issues associated with the 21 clinicaltrials.gov, and I do think that time should all be 22 against the defendants. 23 Because had we not -- I was basically giving an act of kindness allowing for measures to be made for the 24 25 defendants to be able to appropriately authenticate those

1 documents, and I don't think that time should be allocated 2 evenly. 3 Now, I have the defendants have 11 hours and 4 minutes left, not counting a --4 5 MR. STONE: Your Honor, excuse me. They've used 11 hours, I presume, not have 11 hours left. 6 7 THE COURT: Oh, God. Yes, yes. 8 Sorry, Your Honor. MR. STONE: 9 THE COURT: Yeah. So we'll -- we're going to 10 have to figure out a way to recalculate that. 11 So how much time do you have left right now in 12 terms of evidence in your mind? 13 MR. STONE: Our calculation of what we have 14 left, which is not what we're going to take, we will take 15 less, but to answer the first question, we have us as having 2 hours, 9 minutes and now 40 seconds left. But we will be 16 17 done way less than that in terms of our case. 18 THE COURT: Well, we're counting closings. 19 And what about Mr. Rozendaal, what do you think 20 you all have left? 21 MR. ROZENDAAL: I'm waiting to get the update right now, Your Honor. I want to be sure we're calculating 22 23 it --24 THE COURT: While you're doing that, you 25 calculate it, this is -- is this your last one or this is

1 your second-to-last witness? 2 MR. STONE: Second-to-last witness, but this one 3 is brief. 4 THE COURT: And very brief. 5 And then the direct on your next witness, what 6 do you anticipate it being? 7 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Well, Your Honor, it may be getting shorter right now, right. The last witness is Dr. 8 9 Czeisler. 10 THE COURT: So short? 11 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: It would have been about 45 or 12 50 minutes, but I may need to cut that down. 13 THE COURT: Okay. And you have just rebuttal 14 and cross left? 15 MR. ROZENDAAL: We have just cross and rebuttal 16 left, yes. 17 (Discussion held off the record between 18 counsel.) 19 MR. ROZENDAAL: I'm told 3 hours and 30 minutes 20 without yesterday's evidentiary fight, so I'm not sure 21 exactly how much time the Court is tacking on to us for 22 that. 23 MR. STONE: Right. And by the way, that is what 24 we have them at as well, or within a couple of minutes. 25 THE COURT: All right. Let's hurry through this

1 witness and then we're going to recalculate. 2 But I don't have -- this case ought to be 3 wrapped up evidentiary-wise in an hour and a half is what we have. 4 5 Mr. Rozendaal, you're not calling any other There's potentially a small witness in rebuttal. 6 witnesses? 7 MR. ROZENDAAL: Correct. And we can do it. 8 not saying we need any more time than that --THE COURT: Well, all I know is right now I have 9 10 been handed a chart which says that the plaintiff has used 11 12 hours and 32 minutes, that the defendant has used 11 12 hours and 4 minutes. All right. For a total -- so a total 13 of 23 hours and 36 minutes. All right. 14 What do you all -- what's your total? MR. STONE: We have 2 hours and now 7 minutes 15 16 left in your calculation, Your Honor. 17 MS. JACOBS: And, Your Honor, we really were 18 unsure how the Court was calculating -- there, obviously, 19 was a lot of time on evidentiary disputes. 20 THE COURT: And they are split in half as a 21 general rule, right, so... 22 If your time doesn't include evidentiary 23 disputes, well, then, that's what the problem is. 24 MS. JACOBS: I believe it did, Your Honor. 25 THE COURT: Okay. So I'm told the amount of

argument regarding the authenticity took 31 minutes, so that means that -- all right.

According to what we have is the plaintiff has used 12 hours and 1 minute, which would give them an hour left, and that the defendant has used 11 hours and 34 minutes, which would give it an hour and a half, ballpark. That's what we have. All right.

Now it doesn't include closing -- I mean, it should include closing arguments. Let's just get to -- it's -- let's get through it.

MR. STONE: Your Honor, may we take a two-minute break so we can ratchet back the testimony and get both witnesses done within an hour, which we'll do?

THE COURT: Yeah. I'm not going to hold you to, just -- I mean, yeah. I mean, I'll do that. I mean, look. If anybody is going to tell me, and I'll listen, that you're prejudiced by this, you can tell me, but I don't think you all are.

MR. STONE: Your Honor, I'm confident we could put it on with a little bit of leeway beyond that, but I don't want to ask for that. So if we take five minutes, we may be able to come in just under it. And if at that point we go over a couple of minutes, I'm hopeful the Court will be receptive to it, but I'd like to see if we can shorten it.

called XenoTech that offered services in drug metabolisms,

- drug-drug interactions, drug development. XPD is a
- 3 Q. Have you run drug-drug interaction studies before?

follow-on in which we do that in a consulting capacity.

- 4 A. Yes, many, many, many times.
- 5 Q. And was that for or on behalf of pharmaceutical
- 7 A. Yes.

companies?

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- 8 Q. Have you also assisted pharmaceutical companies to
- 9 interpret the results of drug-drug interaction studies?
- 10 A. Yes, that's one of the major activities of our company.
- 12 Q. Can you turn to PTX-827 in your binder, please.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. What is it?
- 15 A. It's my curriculum vitae.
- MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I'd like to offer
- 17 PTX-827 into evidence.
- 18 MR. COBLENTZ: No objection.
- 19 THE COURT: It's admitted.
- 20 (PTX-827 admitted into evidence.)
- 21 BY MR. KLEIN:
- 22 Q. Dr. Parkinson, under Employment, with the entry it
- 23 starts in 1999, it says: Adjunct professor of pharmacology
- 24 and toxicology at Kansas University Medical Center.
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 \ \Q. Is that a role that you still hold?
- 2 A. I went from assistant to associate to full professor,
- 3 and now I am an adjunct professor.
- 4 0. You were here when Dr. Greenblatt was asked some
- 5 questions about the paper that's referred to as the
- 6 | Vachharajani paper or the Vachharajani study, correct?
- 7 A. I was, yes.
- 8 \ \Q. Are you familiar with the type of in-vitro
- 9 recombinant CYP study that Vachharajani was talking about?
- 10 A. Yes, it was a very common study we conducted at
- 11 | XenoTech. It's a very common study. And I currently
- 12 consult on it.
- 13 Q. Have you ever run a study like that yourself?
- 14 A. Hundreds of times.
- 16 companies?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Was that done in the context of a drug development
- 19 process for pharmaceutical companies?
- 20 A. It was, yes.
- 21 MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I'd like to offer
- 22 | Dr. Parkinson as an expert in drug-drug interaction
- 23 research, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacology.
- 24 MR. COBLENTZ: No objection.
- 25 THE COURT: All right.

- 1 BY MR. KLEIN:
- 2 Q. And Mr. Weir, can you -- well, Dr. Parkinson, have
- you prepared a set of slides to assist you with your
- 4 testimony today?
- 5 A. I did.
- 6 MR. KLEIN: Mr. Weir, can you pull up PTX-10.3.
- 7 BY MR. KLEIN:

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- Q. And Dr. Parkinson, what are the issues that you plan on testifying about today?
- 10 A. They are listed here. I'm going to talk about
 11 Claim 14 of the '829 patent. That's the one concerning the
 12 effects of CYP1A2 inhibitor's exposure to tasimelteon.
 - And the second one is Claim 4 of the '910 patent. That deals with the effects of rifampin or rifampicin on exposure to tasimelteon.
 - Q. And Dr. Parkinson, do you agree with Dr. Greenblatt's opinion that a skilled artisan who happened to come upon the Hardeland reference would then turn to the Vachharajani study?
 - A. With respect, Your Honor, no, I disagree with that assessment.
- MR. KLEIN: Mr. Weir, can you please pull up

 23 PTX-10.9.
- 24 BY MR. KLEIN:
- Q. So Dr. Parkinson, in the top panel -- well, what are

1	you showing us on this slide?
2	A. These are two excerpts from the Hardeland paper. One
3	is from the text of the report, that's the top portion. At
4	the end of that is a citation, 867425, and in the list of
5	citations you see this is referring to the Vachharajani
6	study.
7	\mathbb{Q} . And do you think that a skilled artisan who is
8	reading the Hardeland paper in regards to the CYP metabolism
9	of tasimelteon would then look to the Vachharajani paper?
LO	A. I would think an artisan would go to the primary
L1	source, which is the Vachharajani study.
L2	THE COURT: So we have the same testimony we
L3	just got from the last expert, right, on that?
L 4	I just wanted to say, because when we just
L5	talked about time, I think I got that point.
L 6	MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, the issue was that I
L7	think Dr. Parkinson misheard my earlier question. I did not
L8	plan on using this slide. I planned on proceeding without
L9	it, but
20	THE COURT: Okay.
21	MR. KLEIN: So Mr. Weir, can you please turn to
22	PDX-10.10.

BY MR. KLEIN:

Q. Dr. Parkinson, is this a slide you prepared?

5 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. What kind of study did Vachharajani run?
- 2 He examined a panel of individual recombinant human Α. 3

cytochrome P450 enzymes for their ability to metabolize

- tasimelteon. 4
- 5 Is that what you are showing us with the top panel? Q.
- 6 Α. That's the summary of the result.
- 7 Q. That's at JTX-91 at Page 12, correct?
- 8 Yes. Α.

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- And in the bottom panel, you've culled out the 9 10 language from Vachharajani. The relative contributions of each CYP isoform could not be determined. 11
- 12 Well, before we get there, what kind of --13 what's a study like the one done in Vachharajani good for? 14 What would it be used for?
 - It's a very good test-tube experiment to answer the question, can a specific cytochrome P450 enzyme metabolize an investigational drug, which would be tasimelteon in this case.
 - Okay. And then the second panel now on your slide, what does it mean, "the relative contributions of each CYP isoform could not be determined"?
 - So in the first panel, you see Vachharajani identified four enzymes that can metabolize tasimelteon, but he discloses their relative contribution, which one was a minor contributor, which one was a major, could not be

1 determined from this experiment.

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- Q. Why would a skilled artisan care about relative contribution of the individual CYP enzymes?
- A. Well, because an enzyme that contributes only a negligible amount would not raise any clinical concerns compared with an enzyme that dominated the metabolism of a drug that would be more of a concern in terms of clinical benefits.
 - Q. And does the relative contribution of the enzyme, would that also inform how exposure to the study drug would be affected?
 - A. It's part of the puzzle. You need to know at least two things. One, what is the relative contribution of each active enzyme to the metabolic clearance by cytochrome P450; and then you need the greater context: What is the relative contribution of cytochrome P450 dependant elimination to all pathways of elimination.
 - Q. And did you prepare a slide explaining that system?
- 19 A. Yes, I did.
- MR. KLEIN: Mr. Weir, could you please pull up
 21 PDX-10.12.
- 22 BY MR. KLEIN:
- Q. And Dr. Parkinson, what are you showing us on this slide?
- 25 A. In the top part of this slide, I'm showing the three

major pathways by which drugs are eliminated from the body, or cleared from the body.

Some drugs, unchanged, are passed through the kidney and are eliminated in urine. We call this renal clearance. Some drugs go into bile and are excreted in feces. This is biliary clearance. And some drugs are broken down by what we call drug-metabolizing enzymes. That represents metabolic enzymes.

- Q. Where in this schematic does clearance by CYP enzymes occur?
- 11 A. That's in the bottom left-hand corner.
- 12 Q. Is that oxidation CYP?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you've written on your slide: Single CYP greater than or equal to 25 percent of overall clearance, question mark.
- 17 A. Correct.
- 18 Q. What does that mean?
 - A. This is the industry standard for assessing whether there is to be concern over cytochrome P450 inhibitor or inducer having a meaningful effect on exposure to the drug. So we're asking the question, is there a single cytochrome P450 enzyme that contributes 25 percent or more -- and this is the key part -- to overall clearance.
- 25 So we're looking at all possible clearance

pathways, is it responsible for 25 percent of overall clearance.

- Q. And was it known in the prior art the relative contribution of these different clearance pathways for tasimelteon?
- A. No, we knew neither their relative contribution to the small box nor their contribution to the overall picture.
- Q. What kind of study would provide the type of data a skilled artisan would need to ascertain the relative contribution of these different clearance pathways?
- A. That's called a mass balance study. So the drug is administered to human subjects, we look at the concentration of the drug and its metabolites in blood, in urine, and in feces, and those samples are collected until most, 90 percent, hopefully, plus of the drug is eliminated from the body.
- Q. And without that kind of information, how would a skilled artisan know if it was even possible for a CYP inhibition or induction to result in a drug-drug interaction?
- A. You have no basis for knowing that.
- MR. KLEIN: And Mr. Weir, can you please turn to PDX-10.14.
- 24 BY MR. KLEIN:

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25 Q. And Dr. Parkinson, this slide says: Additional

information needed to assess potential drug-drug interactions.

- A. Correct.
- Q. Have we already discussed the first two rows?
- 5 | A. Yes.

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- 6 Q. And so the last row says: Formation of metabolites.
- Why would a skilled artisan care about the formation of
- 8 metabolites in trying to assess a drug-drug interaction?
- share the same pharmacologic activity as the parent drug, so

So, many drugs are converted to metabolites that

- we may have a pharmacokinetic interaction. So a second drug
- might inhibit or reduce the metabolism in the drug, and what
- happens is we may see a change in exposure to the parent
- 14 drug, but we see a reciprocal change in exposure to the
- 15 metabolites. And because both are contributing to the
- 16 | therapeutic efficacy, there is no change in that therapeutic
- efficacy despite a pharmacokinetic interaction, despite a
- 18 charge in exposure to the parent drug.
- 19 So we want to know, are metabolites
- 20 | pharmacologically active.
- 21 \parallel Q. And so zooming out a little bit, is it possible for a
- 22 | study to show, an in-vitro study, to show that a drug is
- 23 metabolized by a certain enzyme, or even a drug-drug
- 24 interaction in-vitro, but then inside the human body you
- 25 don't see a similar effect?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 | Q. And did you prepare -- well, before we get to that.
- Can you turn to PTX-394 in your binder, please.
- 4 | A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And what is this?
- A. Have I have got the right one? This is a publication by Engel on in-vitro metabolism of antipyrine.
- 8 \ \Q. And did you rely this paper in forming your opinions?
- 9 | A. Yes.
- MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I offer PTX-394 into

 11 evidence.
- MR. COBLENTZ: No objection.
- 13 THE COURT: Admitted.
- 14 (PTX-394 admitted into evidence.)
- 15 BY MR. KLEIN:

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- 17 A. It's an antifever drug.
- 18 Q. And what is this paper about?
- A. This paper describes in-vitro studies that examine
 which particular cytochrome P450 enzymes were involved in
 the metabolism of antipyrine. And we're using recombinant
 cytochrome P450 enzymes and human microsomes that establish
 that CYP3A4 was one of the prominent enzymes, in fact, the
- 25 Q. And can you turn to PTX-393 in your binder, please.

major enzyme in the metabolism of antipyrine.

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And what is it?
- A. This is a paper by Blyden that is coauthored by
- 4 Dr. Greenblatt.
- 5 Q. And did you rely on this paper in forming your
- 6 opinions in this case?
- 7 A. I did, yes.
- 8 MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I offer PTX-393 into
- 9 evidence.
- 10 MR. COBLENTZ: No objection.
- 11 THE COURT: Admitted.
- 12 (PTX-393 admitted into evidence.)
- 13 BY MR. KLEIN:
- 14 \ Q. What is this paper about, Dr. Parkinson?
- 15 A. So this is a clinical drug interaction study of
- 16 antipyrine with the CYP3A4 inhibitor.
- 17 THE COURT: And spell antipyrine for the court
- 18 reporter.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Yes. A-n-t-i-p-y-r-i-n-e.
- MR. KLEIN: And, Mr. Weir, can you please pull
- 21 up PDX 10.15.
- 22 BY MR. KLEIN:
- 23 \parallel Q. And Dr. Parkinson, what are you showing us on this
- 24 slide?
- 25 A. So this is a summary of the two studies, so on the

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that just testified?

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON

left we have the Engel study. That was conducted in-vitro. This is the test tube interaction. What Engel showed is that ketoconazole, the CYP3A4 inhibitor, inhibited the formation of the three metabolites from antipyrine by 85, 65 and 87 percent. Meaning CYP3A4 was contributing 85 percent, 65 percent, 87 percent of metabolism to the formation of those metabolites. This is a very strong in-vitro interaction. But on the right in the Clinic, Dr. Greenblatt's study confirmed a previous study that even at a high dose ketoconazole does not affect the clearance of antipyrine. Would a skilled artisan have been aware of this phenomenon? Yes, it's very common. Α. Are there any other examples you can provide for the Court of seeing one kind of interaction in-vitro, but a different kind of interaction or no interaction in the human body? Α. Yes. THE COURT: Before you do, isn't ketoconazole like a cream or something for skin? It's an antifungal. THE WITNESS: THE COURT: And this is the same Dr. Greenblatt

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON 1 THE WITNESS: Yes. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 BY MR. KLEIN: 4 Dr. Parkinson, can you provide the Court with any 0. 5 real-world examples of seeing one kind of interaction in vitro but then seeing a different kind or no interaction 6 7 within the human body? 8 So we have, as you can appreciate, a very Yeah. 9 large number of over-the-counter drugs, drugs that could be 10 obtained without a prescription. And the fact they are 11 over-the-counter means they are safe under a variety of 12 conditions. 13 So just to give you one example, if you buy 14 Tylenol, the in-vitro study will tell you Tylenol is metabolized CYP1A2, CYP2E1 and CYP3A4, but there are no 15 meaningful interactions of drugs with Tylenol. Which is why 16 17 it's an over-the-counter. 18 0. Thank you. 19 MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I thought that I offered 20 PTX-393 and 394 I failed to do so. 21 I offer PTX-393 and PTX-394 into evidence. 22 MR. COBLENTZ: No objection. 23 THE COURT: All right. They're admitted. 24 (PTX-393 admitted into evidence.) 25 (PTX-394 admitted into evidence.)

	1	BY	MR.	KLEIN
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- Q. Dr. Parkinson, I'd like to shift gears to now the subject matter of Claim 4 of the '910 patent.
- 4 MR. KLEIN: Mr. Weir, could you please pull up
- 5 | PDX-10.18.
- 6 BY MR. KLEIN:
- Q. And this is the claim from the '910 patent that you analyzed, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. And do you see in Claim 1 the language says: Thereby
 11 avoiding reduced exposure to tasimelteon caused by induction
 12 of CYP3A4 by rifampicin?
- 13 A. Yes, I see that.
- 14 Q. Would exposure by tasimelteon be affected by a 3A4 inducer if tasimelteon was not metabolized by CYP3A4?
- 16 A. No, it would not.
- MR. KLEIN: And Mr. Weir, could you please pull up PDX-10.19.
- 19 BY MR. KLEIN:
- Q. Dr. Parkinson, how do you think a skilled artisan would interpret the statements from Vachharajani and Hardeland about whether CYP3A4 metabolizes tasimelteon?
- A. Well, the Vachharajani study indicates that CYP3A4

 does not metabolize tasimelteon. And in Hardeland paper, he

 raises no concern about the effect of a CYP3A4 inducer or

1 inhibitor on exposure to tasimelteon.

2 MR. KLEIN: And Mr. Weir, could you please pull 3 up PDX 10.20.

BY MR. KLEIN:

- Q. Would a skilled artisan have had any reason to doubt the findings of Vachharajani that tasimelteon is not metabolized by CYP3A4?
- A. In my opinion no, for the reasons listed here. Can I go through them?
 - Q. Yes, please.
 - A. First of all, studies with recombinant enzymes have a good reputation of providing a reliable yes/no answer to the question can a particular enzyme metabolize an investigational drug.

In the Vachharajani study, this was a nicely controlled study, they verified that each and every individual cytochrome P450 enzyme was functional. They did this with known substrates or what we call "positive controls." They saw a typical result for this type of study. Some enzymes were active, some enzymes were inactive.

But also it's unlikely you would underestimate the contribution of CYP3A4 to metabolism of a drug. We run into a problem that is specific to CYP3A4. And that problem is we tend to overestimate its contribution because of its

unique characteristics.

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CYP3A4 has what we call high affinity, low capacity. Which means as you keep increasing the drug concentration of the test tube, it keeps metabolizing the drug faster and faster.

With most other cytochrome P450 enzymes, they reach a plateau and so they cannot keep contributing to the metabolism of a drug of high concentrations. And this is relevant to the tasimelteon or Vachharajani study because they did, in fact, use a high concentration of tasimelteon in the in-vitro state.

Q. Thank you.

MR. KLEIN: All right. Your Honor, I have no further questions.

THE COURT: All right. Cross.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

MR. COBLENTZ: May I proceed, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

- 19 BY MR. COBLENTZ:
 - Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Parkinson.
- 21 A. Good afternoon.
- 22 Q. How are you?
- Dr. Parkinson, you've never prescribed medicine;

 24 is that correct?
- 25 A. No, I'm not an M.D.

Q. You don't have the ability to prescribe medicine; is that correct?

- A. I don't have the qualifications, correct.
- Q. Now, as a part of your analysis and Dr. Greenblatt's analysis you've heard the term "reasonable expectation of success"; is that correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And it's your position that you would need to meet

 FDA requirements for determining a drug-drug interaction in

 order to have a reasonable expectation of success of a

 drug-drug interaction; is that correct?
 - A. Okay. First of all, the FDA doesn't have requirements. The FDA makes nonbinding recommendations that's at the top of every page of every guidance. So these are not requirements.

The FDA guidance reflects the industry standard that the trigger to consider doing an in vivo clinical drug interaction study related to the cytochrome P450 is when an individual cytochrome P450 enzyme contributes 25 percent or more to the overall clearance of the drug to the body.

Q. Right. So in your deposition that we had, I'm going to try to refresh your recollection here, I asked you a question about whether it was your position that you would need to meet FDA requirements for determining a drug-drug interaction in order to have a reasonable expectation of

1 success of a drug-drug interaction.

Do you remember that?

A. No, I don't.

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- Q. Okay. Let's turn to your deposition, which should be in the front of your binder.
- A. Very good.
 - Q. And if we go to the Parkinson deposition, we go to page 135 and we look at lines 14 through 19.

Let me know when you're there.

Okay. And here it says:

"Question: And so I'm asking you again because you come back to the FDA requirement, do you need to meet FDA requirements in order to have a reasonable expectation of success of a drug-drug interaction?"

And your answer was: "Well, I would say yes."

Do you see that?

- A. I do. That was probably the fifth answer I'd given to the same question you asked, so if you read the previous two pages, you just kept asking and I slipped up and admitted that point, which I take back.
- Q. And is it your position that you need to conduct a clinical study demonstrating a drug-drug interaction in order to have a reasonable expectation that a drug-drug interaction takes place? Is that correct?
- A. Yes. Not only do I believe that, the FDA believes

1 | that, too.

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- Q. Now, a clinical study, that would give a person of ordinary skill in the art, it would give them more than a reasonable expectation of success, it would absolutely determine if there was a drug-drug interaction; is that correct?
- A. It would be the definitive information on the drug-drug interaction, yes.
 - Q. And so it would absolutely determine if there was a drug-drug interaction, correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, when a pharmaceutical company is looking at
 drug-drug interactions for an investigational new drug, you
 would you agree with me that they typically start with
 in-vitro studies to investigate those drug-drug
 interactions; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's very common practice.
- Q. And a POSA would have known this as of October 2012;

 19 is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. You'd also agree with me, Dr. Parkinson, that by
 October 2012 a person of ordinary skill in the art would
 have known that one of the key systems involved in metabolic
 drug-drug interactions was the cytochrome P450 enzyme
 systems.

1 Isn't that correct?

A. Yes.

Q. And you would agree with me that by October 2012 a person of ordinary skill in the art would have known that 79 percent of drugs that were cleared by the liver interacted with CYP3A4, CYP 2C9, CYP 2D6 and/or CYP 2C19; isn't that correct?

- A. I won't testify to the exact percentage but that high percentage has appeared in many, many review articles. I concede that those particular enzymes are very active in the metabolism of a large number of drugs.
- Q. Now, you would agree with me, Dr. Parkinson, that a person of ordinary skill in the art, they would have known by October 2012 that for small molecules like tasimelteon, CYP3A4 had been shown to metabolize those drugs in more than 50 percent of the cases; isn't that correct?
- A. I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question.
- Q. Absolutely.

Now, you would agree a person of ordinary skill in the art would have known by October 2012 for small-molecule drugs like tasimelteon, CYP3A4 had been shown to metabolize these drugs in more than 50 percent of the cases; isn't that correct?

A. A large percentage. The number might change from review to review but it's in that neighborhood, yes.

- Q. But you would agree the CYP3A4 would metabolize these drugs in more than 50 percent of the cases? Do you agree with that?
- A. I don't know about more than 50 percent of the cases, but it's a very, very large percentage of drugs. I concede that.
 - Q. And you agree with, Dr. Parkinson, that by
 October 2012 a person of ordinary skill in the art would
 have known CYP1A2, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP3A4 and
 CYP3A4, those are enzymes that metabolize a very high
 percentage of small-molecule drugs.
 - Isn't that correct?
- 13 | A. Yes.

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- 14 \ Q. Now, if we go to JTX-95 in your binder.
- MR. COBLENTZ: Mr. Brooks, can you put that up.
- 16 BY MR. COBLENTZ:
- 2. And I believe you saw this -- probably saw this paper in Dr. Greenblatt's presentation. It's the Lynch paper.
- 19 A. Yes, I did.
- 20 Q. And if we look at the abstract at the very first
 21 sentence here, it says: Cytochrome P450 enzymes are
 22 essential for the metabolism of many medications.
- 23 Do you see that?
- 24 A. I do.
- Q. And then it says: Although this class has more than

50 enzymes, six of them metabolize 90 percent of the drugs, with the two most significant enzymes being CYP3A4 and CYP2D6.

Do you see that?

A. I do.

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- Q. Now, you would agree with me, Dr. Parkinson, that the FDA guidance that was looked at in Dr. Greenblatt's presentation, that it recommended testing drug-drug interactions with seven different CYP enzymes, two of those were CYP1A2 and CYP3A4; is that correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And you would agree with me, Dr. Parkinson, that by testing the drug interactions with these drug-drug interactions, with these seven CYP enzymes, you capture 98 percent of drugs; is that correct?
 - A. You would run those types of experiments with the vast majority, if perhaps all, small drug molecules, yes.
 - Q. Now, you would agree with me, by October 2012 that a person of ordinary skill in the art, they would have known that rifampicin was a strong CYP3A4 inducer?

Is that correct?

- A. That was known, yes.
- Q. And it was known by October 2012 that rifampicin was a strong inducer of CYP1A2, correct?
- 25 A. You mean an inducer of CYP3A4?

- 1 | Q. It was also an inducer of CYP1A2; is that correct?
- 2 A. There are some reports on CYP1A2.
- 3 | Q. And you would agree with me that by October 2012 a
- 4 person of ordinary skill in the art, they would have known
- 5 that fluvoxamine, Cipro, they were strong CYP1A2 inhibitors;
- 6 is that correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. If you could look in your binder, DTX-9.
- 9 Mr. Brooks, if you could put DTX-9 up on the
- 10 screen.
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Now, this is the Badyal paper that Dr. Greenblatt
- 13 discussed?
- 14 Did you hear him discuss this paper?
- 15 | A. I did.
- 16 \ Q. And if we go to DTX-9.7. And --
- 17 A. I'm sorry. What page are you on?
- 18 Q. You see at the bottom, DTX and it says "dash"?
- 19 **A.** 9 --
- Q. We're going to go to DTX-9.7.
- 21 A. 9.7, yes.
- 22 Q. Are you there?
- 23 A. Yes, sorry.
- 24 Q. And so if we're on the left-hand column, we see a
- 25 heading "Prediction of Interactions."

1 Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- 3 \ Q. And under that it says: The prediction of
- 4 | inhibition-based interactions has been possible for new drug
- 5 candidates as a result of identification of CYP isoenzymes
- 6 and an increased awareness of their in-vitro and in vivo
- 7 behavior.

- 8 Do you see that?
- 9 A. Yes, I do.
- 10 Q. And the next sentence says: For any new drug the
- spectrum of drug interactions can be predicted even before
- 12 the drug reaches the clinical phase of the development.
- Do you see that?
- 14 A. I do.
- 15 MR. COBLENTZ: Pull that down.
- 16 BY MR. COBLENTZ:
- 17 Q. Now, if you could turn to JTX-92 in your binder.
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And this is a paper by Dr. Obach?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. You see that?
- 22 And it's entitled "Metabolism of ramelteon in
- 23 | human liver microsomes and correlation with the effect of
- 24 | fluvoxamine on ramelteon pharmacokinetics."
- 25 A. I agree with that, yes.

- Q. And you considered this reference?
- 2 A. I did.

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- MR. COBLENTZ: I'd like to offer JTX-92 into evidence.
- 5 MR. KLEIN: No objection.
- 6 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
- 7 (JTX-92 admitted into evidence.)
- 8 BY MR. COBLENTZ:
- 9 Q. Now, if we go to the introduction at the bottom of
 10 the left-hand column and over to the right-hand column,
 11 you'll see here it says: "The reference states among the
 12 large number of drugs available, there is a small subset
 13 well established as perpetrators of DDIs known to cause
 14 large (i.e., greater than five-fold) increases in exposure
- Do you see that?

to other drugs."

- 17 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And Dr. Parkinson, you would agree with me that part of this small set of DDIs mentioned here, fluvoxamine would

have been one of those; is that correct?

21 A. Yes.

correct?

- Q. And rifampicin, that would have been considered one of these perpetrators of DDIs mentioned here; is that
- 25 A. Technically, no, but because what rifampicin does is

- cause more than a five-fold increase in clearance, not exposure.
- 3 Q. So it would not have been one of the perpetrators of
- A. Well, it's a perpetrator of DDI but it causes a five-fold decrease in exposure, not a five-fold increase.
- 7 Q. I take your point.
- Now, if we go to the discussion of this publication on Page 10.
- 10 A. That's the JTX-10.
- 11 Q. Yeah, JTX -- I believe 92.
- 12 A. 10 and 11, yes.
- 13 Q. And it's Page 10?
- 14 A. Yeah.

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DDIs?

- 15 Q. And we see there's a section here called
- 16 "Discussion."
- Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yes, I do.
- 20 And it says here that: It's highly desirable to be able to quantitatively predict DDI from in-vitro inhibition
- 21 **data**.
- 22 Do you see that?
- 23 A. Yes, I do.
- 24 Q. And it says: Such data are routinely gathered during 25 research on new drugs and in general have been successfully

leveraged -- let me start over because I really butchered
that.

It says: It is highly desirable to be able to quantitatively predict DDI from in-vitro inhibition data.

Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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Q. And then it says: Such data are routinely gathered during research on new drugs and in general have been successfully leveraged to predict DDI.

Do you see that?

- 11 | A. I do.
- 12 Q. Now I'd like to go back to JTX-95. And this is back
 13 to the Lynch paper. And if we could go to page 2 of this
 14 publication. There's a table there at the top.
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And it says: Key recommendations for practice.
- Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. And then the last one here, do you see where I'm at?

 It says: "Because they are known..."

And it says: "Because they are known to cause clinically significant P450 drug interactions, always use caution when adding the following substances to medications that patients are taking."

Do you see that?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And it mentions antidepressants and anti-tubercular
- 3 drugs.
- 4 Do you see that?
- 5 A. I do.
- 6 Q. Is fluvoxamine considered an antidepressant?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. And rifampicin, that would be an anti-tubercular
- 9 drug?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Now, quickly, I just want to look at PTX-393. I
- 12 believe you testified to this on your direct. I just wanted
- 13 to clear something up here because it was mentioned that
- 14 ketoconazole is a cream.
- 15 In this particular study, if we look at the
- 16 | introduction, it was looking at the oral antifungal agent;
- 17 is that correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. I just wanted to clear that up for the record.
- 20 THE COURT: The reason why I asked is because I
- 21 thought his background was in psychiatric and other areas.
- 22 And I thought, because I have had other cases, believe it or
- 23 | not, involving ANDAs and other drugs and I'm like it just
- 24 didn't seem to fit the mold.
- 25 So for both sides, don't worry. I'm not drawing

any conclusions. It was just curiosity.

MR. COBLENTZ: I just wanted to make sure it was clear for the record --

THE COURT: I'm not making any findings relative ketoconazole.

BY MR. COBLENTZ:

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- Q. Now, Dr. Parkinson, you would agree with me none of the asserted patent claims of the asserted patents refer to the magnitude of drug-drug interactions between tasimelteon and a CYP1A2 inhibitor; isn't that correct?
- A. That information is contained within the patent, and the claims that call for a -- not to coadminister the two drugs is based on the actual magnitude of the drug-drug interaction.
- Q. But the actual language about the magnitude of the drug-drug interaction with the CYP1A2 inhibitor, that's not in the claim language; is that correct?
- A. In the claim language, no.
 - Q. Now, you would agree with me that none of the asserted patent claims of the asserted patents mention the magnitude of drug-drug interaction between tasimelteon and CYP3A4 inducer; isn't that correct?
 - A. They don't specify the magnitude, but the mere fact they are calling that the drugs not to be coadministered indicates that the magnitude was clinically significant.

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examination.

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON

Q. Now, you'd agree with me, Dr. Parkinson, by October 2012 a person of ordinary skill in the art, they would have known that melatonin was metabolized by CYP1A2; is that correct? That was in the public domain, yes. And you would agree with me that a person of ordinary skill in the art, they would have known by October 2012 that ramelteon was metabolized by CYP1A2 and CYP3A4; is that correct? That was also in the public domain, yes. Α. MR. COBLENTZ: Now, Mr. Brooks, if you could pull up Table 1 on Page 43 of the Parkinson rebuttal report. BY MR. COBLENTZ: Now, I'm going to do my best with these names, so bear with me. You would agree with me tasimelteon and ramelteon share a dihydrobenzofuran structure; is that correct? Yes, they do. Α. And you would agree with me that tasimelteon and ramelteon, they have the same number of heteroatoms; is that correct? MR. KLEIN: Objection, Your Honor. I don't believe I went near this subject matter in my direct

similarity which is what it seems like you're getting to.

MR. COBLENTZ: I am. But he did discuss ramelteon --

THE COURT: I'll let it go for a little bit. Again, cognizant of time, but I'll let it go a little bit. BY MR. COBLENTZ:

- And both ramelteon and -- well, both ramelteon and tasimelteon, they have two oxygen atoms and one nitrogen atom; is that correct?
- 18 Α. Correct.

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- 19 And they have the same number of ring systems; is 20 that correct?
 - Different ring systems, the same total number.
 - Now, both tasimelteon and ramelteon, they work through the MT-1 and MT-2 receptors; is that correct?
 - Before I answer that, you have deliberately omitted Α. anything about the chiral centers. You are asking --

	CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON
1	Q. And you can answer that question
2	THE COURT: Now, see, this is why I'm going
3	to sustain the objection because see, now we're all trying
4	stuff. You went beyond the scope of cross, and that's
5	precisely why we shouldn't be doing it.
6	So I'm going to sustain the objection. There
7	were no questions. Unless you want to remind me and point
8	me to the transcript, I recall no questions about the
9	structure of these two substances.
10	Now is your chance, let me know.
11	MR. COBLENTZ: Yeah, I'll move on.
12	THE COURT: All right. Then it's beyond the
13	scope.
14	MR. KLEIN: Your Honor, I move to strike the
15	testimony and the question.
16	THE COURT: Well, you've got some good answers
17	there. You know what, I'll strike it all at this point.
18	It's fine. It's not going to make any difference.
19	BY MR. COBLENTZ:
20	Q. Now we go to JTX-130, and this is the FDA guidance
21	concerning interaction studies.
22	Do you see that?
23	A. It's the 2012 FDA guidance on drug interactions.
24	\mathbb{Q} . And if we go to Page 6 and we look at the bullet that

says, The study of drug-drug interactions, do you see that?

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CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON

And it says: The study of drug-drug interactions for a new drug generally begins with in-vitro studies to determine whether a drug is a substrate inhibitor or inducer of metabolizing enzymes. Do you see that? I do. Α. Q. And then it says here that: The results of in-vitro studies will inform the nature and extent of in vivo studies that may be required to assess potential interactions. Is that correct? Α. Correct. And these are the FDA draft quidance from February of Q. 2012; is that correct? Α. It is. Q. All right. MR. COBLENTZ: If we could pull up JTX-150. If you go there in your binder. THE WITNESS: Yes. BY MR. COBLENTZ: Now, JTX-150, this is a paper by a Dr. Ogilvie. Q. Do you see that? I do. Α. And it's: The Clinical Assessment of Drug-Drug Interactions of Tasimelteon, a Novel Dual-Melatonin Receptor Agonist?

- A. Yes, that is the title of the paper.
- Q. And if we turn to -- if we turn to Page 7, we see
 there is a declaration of conflicting interest.

Do you see that?

And it says here that: These studies described were funded by Vanda Pharmaceuticals.

Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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Q. Now, I'd like to go to Page 2 of JTX-150. And if we look at the first full paragraph in the left-hand column, here it states: Early in-vitro studies suggested that cytochrome P450, CYP1A1, CYP1A2, CYP2C9, and CYP2D6 were the mayor CYP enzymes involved in the metabolism of tasimelteon with some contributions by CYP2C19.

Do you see that?

- A. I see that.
- 17 Q. And it cites a reference number 14.

18 Do you see that?

- 19 A. I do.
- 20 Q. And if we go to the last page of this document, which is Page 8, citation 14 is the Vachharajani reference.
- 22 Do you see that?
- 23 A. I do.
- Q. Now, I want to go back to Page 2 of this document.

 And if we look at the sentence that -- after the one I just

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Your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. PARKINSON

read, it says: Additional in-vitro studies suggested that CYP1A2 and CYP3A4/5 are the major CYP enzymes involved in the metabolism of tasimelteon with minor involvement of CYP2C9, CYP2C19, and CYP2D6 in the formation of the most abundant metabolites, including M9, M11, M12, M13, and M14. Do you see that? Α. I do, followed by the citation 13. Q. Right. And if we go over to the right-hand column of this page, on Page 2, we see here there's a sentence that says: Because CYP1A2 --Do you see where I'm at? Yes. It says: Because CYP1A2 and CYP3A4/5 appeared to be prominently involved in the metabolism of tasimelteon, clinical studies were conducted to examine the effects of strong inhibition (fluvoxamine) and moderate induction (cigarette smoking) of CYP1A2, and strong inhibition (ketoconazole) and induction (rifampin) of CYP3A4/5. Do you see that? Α. I do. I have nothing further. MR. COBLENTZ: THE COURT: All right. Any redirect?

MR. KLEIN: Just one -- one or two questions,

Case 1:1	B-cv-00651-CFC Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 Page 159 of 311 PageID #: 10332 1162
	DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER
1	MR. COBLENTZ: I have been reminded I need to
2	offer JTX-150 into evidence.
3	MR. KLEIN: No objection, Your Honor.
4	And no redirect.
5	THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
6	(JTX-150 admitted into evidence.)
7	THE COURT: May I ask you, sir, because I asked
8	the last witness. Have you testified before?
9	THE WITNESS: Last November.
10	THE COURT: And before that?
11	THE WITNESS: Never.
12	THE COURT: All right. How did you like it?
13	THE WITNESS: Kind of stressful.
14	THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much.
15	You're excused.
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.
17	(Witness excused.)
18	THE COURT: Next?
19	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Vanda's next and final witness
20	is Dr. Charles Czeisler.
21	CHARLES CZEISLER, having been called as a
22	witness, testified as follows:
23	DIRECT EXAMINATION
24	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Your Honor, pursuant to the
25	parties' stipulation, we are presenting Dr. Czeisler as an

expert in circadian rhythms and sleep and circadian rhythm disorders, including Non-24.

MR. ROZENDAAL: No objection.

THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

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- Q. Now, could you just introduce yourself to the Court, please, Dr. Czeisler.
- A. Yes, my name is Dr. Charles Czeisler. I am the chief
 of the Division of Sleep and Circadian Disorders at the
 Brigham and Women's Hospital and the Baldino Professor of
 Sleep Medicine at the Harvard Medical School where I direct
 the Division of Sleep Medicine.
- Q. Could you please briefly describe your educational background?
 - A. I graduated from Harvard College in molecular biology and biochemistry in 1974, and then I went to Stanford Medical School where I received a PhD in neurosciences and an MD degree in 1981.
 - Q. And did you do any postdoctoral training?
- A. Yes. I was a senior fellow in health policy at the
 Harvard Institute School of Government for two years
 following my MD.
 - Q. What does your research focus on?
- A. My research focuses on the neurobiology of the human circadian pacemaker and its resetting, and the application

of those findings to the diagnosis and treatment of circadian rhythm sleep disorders and to occupational medicine.

- Q. And, Doctor, you have been sitting in the courtroom for the past few days, correct?
- A. Yes, I have.

- Q. Now, having heard a fair amount of the subject matter of the trial, is there any aspect of your work over your career that you feel is particularly relevant to the issues in this case?
- A. Yes. One of the things that -- one of the discoveries that I made in the course of my career is discovering that light was the primary resetting stimulus for human circadian pacemaker. We were the first to show that light could reset the internal clock in humans.

And one of the other things that I did was

49 years ago began working on Non-24-Hour disorder in a

sighted person, actually, and published that paper in 1978,

and then began doing subsequent studies. And we were the

first to describe an individual whose sleep was restricted

only to the nighttime hours, who was blind, he was a high

school teacher, and nonetheless, his daily sleep period was

processing around and around the clock.

And it was quite a surprise to us at that time because we thought, like in sighted people, that the actual

sleep times would be moving around and around the clock.

But people who are constrained to working during the day and sleeping at night, they don't have the luxury. Just like if you were to travel to Japan, your daily sleep period would remain here in Wilmington even though you're trying to function in Tokyo and try to sleep during the night there and try to stay awake during the day there.

Q. Now, Doctor --

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MR. ROZENDAAL: Your Honor, may the witness be asked to keep his voice up. I'm having difficulty hearing him.

THE WITNESS: I will do my best.

THE COURT: We can turn it up a little bit for you. Okay.

BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

- Q. Doctor, your finding with respect to light that reset the circadian rhythm, did that receive any attention in the wider world?
- A. It did. It was on the cover of Science and the front page of the New York Times.
- Q. Now, Doctor, you, by the way, I think in that answer mentioned daily sleep period. Are you familiar that that's a term that has been the subject of testimony in the trial?
- 24 A. I am.
- 25 Q. And in forming your opinions, have you -- or I should

ask, what have you -- what understanding of that term have you used as you form your opinions that you're about to give?

- A. The understanding of that term is that it refers to the phase of the circadian cycle at which we are able to maintain consolidated sleep, and I have prepared a few slides to illustrate that.
- Q. I would like to go -- in the interest of time, let's see how we go -- well, let's try that.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Let's bring up the -- let's go to Slide 6, please.

Move on forward, please, Mr. Weir, to Slide 11.6.

No, back one. That's it.

BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

- Q. And could you just please explain here how you're using the term "daily sleep period" and why?
- A. The daily sleep period is this 7-to-9 hour interval during which an individual is able to maintain consolidated sleep. It's often difficult to sleep outside of that interval when we try to do so, as night shift workers need to do when they stay awake at night and try to sleep during the day. And it's also difficult to stay awake if you're trying to stay awake during the daily sleep period, as we sometimes do in preparing for a trial I have seen this week,

actually, among the lawyers.

Sighted humans often try to override this biological timing in order to do whatever they have to do. Blind individuals, unfortunately, they are trying to sleep at night and be awake during the daytime so that they can fit into society and have jobs and do their work.

But their daily sleep period is processing around and around without their ability to control. And that's the fundamental neurobiology of Non-24 disorder.

- Q. What is the daily sleep period in healthy people?
- A. Well, I'm going to use the slide that Dr. Emens used in his report. In normal, healthy people, the average daily sleep period is occurring during, in this example, from, let's say, 11:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. There are individual differences. There are morning types and evening types and so on.

But Dr. Emens illustrated in the case of -- and I have illustrated the daily sleep, the normal time of when we sleep is between, let's say, 11:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.

But in these circadian rhythm sleep disorders, like advanced -- sleep-wake advance phase disorder, patients with that disorder, their daily sleep period is starting, let's say, at 7:00 p.m. in the evening, but that's when their families are around, they're home from work. Most of them can't actually sleep during the beginning of the advanced

sleep period, and so they end up staying up until, let's say, 11:00 in the evening and then they wake up at 3 o'clock in the morning because their internal clock wakes them up because their daily sleep period has ended even though they just started to sleep.

Patients with delayed sleep-wake phase disorder have the opposite situation, as Dr. Emens has illustrated here. They can't fall asleep until 4:00 or 5:00 in the morning because their daily sleep period doesn't start until then. And then if they have to wake up for classes or wake up for work, they end up having to interrupt their daily sleep period to try to function during the usual daytime hours.

For the blind people with Non-24 disorder, their daily sleep period is processing around and around the clock.

Q. Now, there's been some discussion of so-called phase response curves, Doctor, and specifically phase response curves for melatonin.

Are you familiar with those?

- A. Yes, I am.
- 22 Q. And did the understanding in the art as to the phase 23 response curve for melatonin evolve over time?
- 24 A. It did.

25 Q. And I would like to look at where it was.

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER 1 Do you have in front of you a white binder of exhibits? 2 3 Yes, I do. Α. 4 And could we just -- I forgot to do this, but could 0. 5 we start with the first one you should find there, PTX-824. 6 Α. Yes. 7 Now is that your curriculum vitae? Q. 8 It is. Α. 9 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Your Honor, we offer 10 Plaintiff's Exhibit 824. 11 MR. ROZENDAAL: No objection. THE COURT: It's admitted. 12 (PTX-824 admitted into evidence.) 13 14 BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And now, Dr. Czeisler, if you could turn on -- I 15 think it's two more items and you hopefully will find 16 17 JTX-127. 18 Α. Yes. 19 What is this? Q. 20 This is a study that was published in 2010 by Α. 21 Dr. Burgess and colleagues and in Dr. Eastman's laboratory. 22 Q. And have you used -- relied on this in part in

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Your Honor, we offer JTX-127.

forming your opinions in this case?

Yes, I have.

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Α.

MR. ROZENDAAL: No objection.

THE COURT: It's admitted.

(JTX-127 admitted into evidence.)

 $$\operatorname{MR}$.$ GROOMBRIDGE: And let's move on, please, if we can on the screen to PDX-11.13.

BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

- Q. Now, Dr. Czeisler, what are we looking at here?
- A. Here, we're looking at an excerpt from that article which shows the phase response curve to light -- excuse me, to melatonin.

The interesting thing about this particular phase response curve to melatonin is that the previous phase response curves were conducted in sighted participants who were not shielded from the 24-hour light/dark cycle. They were actually living in an environment outside of the laboratory and getting the melatonin capsules at specific times of day. So the light/dark cycle, which is the most powerful synchronizing phase in humans, was imposing the impact of melatonin in prior PRCs.

So what was important about Dr. Burgess's 2008 and 2010 article, both of which I summarized here, is the shape of the new PRC to melatonin that she identified. And this was done in very dim light and near darkness, and individuals were put on a very unusual sleep-wake schedule so that they could be administered the melatonin without

1 disturbing and compare it to placebo.

So this is really the true phase response curve to melatonin without the influence of light and most applicable to blind people because these individuals were free-running or not entrained during the course of the experiment.

- Q. And did others in the field, including Dr. Emens, then begin to use this phase response curve?
- 9 A. Yes. This was -- this was by -- people skilled in
 10 the art, including Dr. Emens, embraced as the more accurate
 11 phase response curve to melatonin.
- 12 Q. Let me ask you to turn in the binder to the next 13 item.

Is that a paper published by Dr. Emens and Dr. Burgess in 2015?

- 16 A. Yes, it is.
- 17 Q. And in that paper -- that's and JTX-145, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you also used this as part of the basis for your opinions here?
- 21 A. Yes, I did.
- MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And plaintiff's offer JTX-145,

 Your Honor.
- 24 MR. ROZENDAAL: No objection, Your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.

please, Slide 14.

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BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

- Dr. Czeisler, in this slide, have you indicated that phase response curve as it's depicted in Dr. Emens' 2015 paper?
- Yes, I have. And you'll notice several aspects of it are different than previously shown phase response curves.

First of all, it has a -- the part of the curve -- this is the peak time of phase advancing to an earlier hour. And the phase delays in response to melatonin, the crossover point, instead of beginning at 1 o'clock, one hour after the usual bedtime, they're beginning two hours; the delays begin two hours before the usual bedtime. And the magnitudes of the responses are also higher.

- And did you depict on this, by way of a demonstrative, information about what the art taught regarding administration of melatonin?
- 25 Α. Yes.

1 Q. And can we show those.

What's the first one that we're look at here shown by the blue arrow labeled 1?

A. The blue arrow shows when the Lockley article, the first one showing a phase response -- showing entrainment with melatonin in some people who are given melatonin, gave it at 9:00 p.m. about two hours before the daily sleep episode.

Then the Sack study, twice as much melatonin was given at this particular point on the phase response curve in that New England Journal paper.

The Lewy study tested 0.5 milligrams taken at about 8:00 p.m.

The Hack study investigated 0.5 milligrams taken at 9:00 p.m., and the size of the arrows here are a cartoon illustration for differing amounts.

And then in 2017, Dr. Emens recommended, based on this phase response curve, taking low doses of melatonin six hours before bedtime, which was the consensus of people of extraordinary skill in the art, such as Dr. Emens, take away from this phase -- this new phase response curve that -- this set of phase response curves that were developed in 2008 and 2010.

Q. So let's focus just on the date of January 2012 because that has significance in the case. What, in your

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DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

1 opinion, would have been the conventional wisdom as to when melatonin should be administered in order to treat Non-24? 2 3 The consensus opinion as of that date would have been that melatonin should be administered approximately five to 5 six hours before the desired bedtime. And this was 6 expressed at many meetings and at -- in many -- by experts 7 who I knew at the time. 8 I'd like to turn to the so-called Rajaratnam paper. 9 And were you in the courtroom yesterday when Dr. Emens 10 discussed that? 11 Α. Yes, I was. 12 Do you agree with what he said? 0. I have great respect and admiration for Dr. Emens, 13 14 but I don't agree with him on this particular point. And what is it about the Rajaratnam paper on which 15 0. 16 you differ? 17 Would it be helpful -- would you like to look 18 at --19 It would be helpful to have an illustration, but I Α. 20 can also describe the main point. 21 So the issue really is whether or not the study 22 in the Rajaratnam included this spillover effect. We heard 23 a lot about spillover yesterday, which involves, unlike light, if you give a stimulus of light and you turn off the 24

light, it doesn't continue to reset the circadian system

after you've turned it off.

But with melatonin or tasimelteon, in this case, when you give the stimulus as was described by Dr. Lockley yesterday, it continues in the blood stream for whatever its half-life is. And at the time, tasimelteon was thought to have about a two-hour half-life as was discussed earlier today.

So the only dose that was shown to be effective for the resetting phase in the Rajaratnam was a 100-milligram dose. That was given five and a half hours before the daily sleep period of those sighted subjects who were suddenly moved to an earlier clock hour to try to simulate insomnia.

Dr. Emens said yesterday in his testimony that the -- that the 1.7 hour -- 1.75-hour shift that was observed in -- phase advance shift that was observed in response to that 100-milligram dose, as compared to placebo, was net of the -- of the spillover effect. And I think the reason why he made this mistake is all the studies of melatonin, the resetting effect is assessed the next day.

So you give the stimulus on day one and then the next day, you find out where is the phase of melatonin.

And the reason why you don't find it out on the same day is because if you've taken melatonin, you can't find out when the onset of it is because it's in the

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DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

bloodstream. So you can't find out what the onset of endogenous melatonin is as compared to the melatonin dose.

And in the case of tasimelteon, the assay does not cross-react between tasimelteon and melatonin. So therefore what Rajaratnam did was he assessed it on the same day. So it was given at five and a half hours before the usual bedtime, and then what they noticed was -- and then the melatonin on that very same day was assessed. And it rose 45 minutes after they gave the 100-milligram tablet of tasimelteon. So that was within 45 minutes of his administration.

And if you look at this graph, so they gave the tasimelteon here --

- Q. Let me pause you. Let's move to slide 21, please.
- A. Okay. They gave the tasimelteon here and then it began the -- the melatonin began rising immediately here.
- So 45 minutes after that. And so it had no opportunity for
- whatever spillover effect that this huge dose of
- 19 100-milligrams of melatonin. So it would be around -- half 20 of it would still be around --
 - THE COURT: Wait. It was dosage tasimelteon, I thought.
 - THE WITNESS: Tasimelteon, I'm sorry. Did I say melatonin? If I said it, I misspoke.
- 25 THE COURT: All right.

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

THE WITNESS: This huge dose of tasimelteon of 100-fold milligrams, the melatonin then rose 45 minutes after that. So first of all, it's not even clear that that's a phase shift because sometimes the drug can elicit a response without necessarily shifting phase.

So the real proper way of assessing that is a person skilled in the art would have known would be the next day.

But it was assessed 45 minutes after it was given, it started rising so that was -- because that was -- that was more than -- that was 2.75 hours before it had risen the day before.

And so -- so the -- it's really not possible to find out if after a then-stimulated to the light portion of the phase response curve here, what the net phase shift would have been. And a person of ordinary skill in the art -- because one of the reasons why it was accepted into the Lancet is that this is one of the first times that it had ever been shown that taking a pill could reset the circadian system within minutes.

And that's why it was on the cover of Lancet saying if this would be terrific, you would take it on the airplane and you'd be in London time before the plane landed. And that's why it was on the cover and why footballers -- this would be a dream for them to be able to

shift their circadian rhythm so rapidly.

But the Rajaratnam study did not report what happened the next day, and so we don't know if the shift was maintained or if the 100-milligram dose then stimulated the delay portion of the phase response curve. Because after 2 hours you would have 50 milligrams circulating; after another 2 hours, you'd still have 25 milligrams circulating; another two hours it is 12-and-a-half milligrams circulating.

These half-lives only reduce it by half and started out at such a huge dose and it's five times more than the dose that was actually used in the entrainment trials.

THE COURT: All right. Before you go on, I

just -- so this graph, this long curve or multiple curves,
is chronological, right?

THE COURT: All right. Now, but when you said you administer the drug, the 100-fold milligrams, let's say on day one.

THE WITNESS: Yes, that's the time of day, yes.

THE WITNESS: Right.

THE COURT: When a patient presents herself to you on Day 1, have you already conducted tests so that you know when she's going to start this sleep cycle in the beginning of it?

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

In other words, how do you tell -- it is one thing to put the one, the arrow there, after the fact, right? But how do you get there at the very beginning?

THE WITNESS: Right. Well, these individuals have been -- have been recording their -- they had a sleep-wake history and they were required to maintain a regular schedule.

THE COURT: Before --

THE WITNESS: Before coming into the lab. And so that was established is that the habitual -- at that time habitual wake time of 11:00 p.m. to let's say 7:00 a.m., and then their habitual time, they were shifted; they were required to go to bed five hours earlier than their usual time. And they were administered the drug a half an hour before the new, newly required.

So it's just as if they flew on a supersonic jet to London and then --

THE COURT: These are people without the disorder?

THE WITNESS: Without the disorder.

THE COURT: Right. You've controlled it over a long period of time. You've established a regimented period when they fall asleep. And then you bring them in day one and you say now you're going to bed five hours earlier and we're going to administer the drug half an hour before that.

THE WITNESS: And that's how Rajaratnam did it.

2 THE COURT: And that's how he can be confident.

All right.

BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

- 5 Q. Just on that point, Doctor, had any studies using 6 tasimelteon been conducted in blind people before 2012?
- 7 | A. No.

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- Q. Now, on this slide 21, you've marked with a 2, is that the timing and dosing that's set forth in the reissued patent?
- 11 A. Yes, it is.
- Q. And that would be 20 milligrams of tasimelteon administered approximately one hour before target bedtime?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. In your opinion, would that timing and dosage of administration have been obvious in January of 2012?
- 17 A. Absolutely not.

giving it so late?

18 Q. Why not?

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A. It wouldn't have been obvious because you're giving
it in the -- after the onset, after the transition to the
delay portion of the phase response curve. And in fact, I
was around at the time and the investigative -- the
investigator meeting and -- all the scientists and all the
people who are of ordinary skill in the art, why are you

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DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

And in a dose that, you know, is below -- was considered a high dose for tasimelteon, but it was not -- it was one-fifth the dose that has been shown to have the phase shifting effect. And was this issue addressed at the so-called advisory committee meeting about which the Court has heard? Α. Yes. Were you present at that meeting? Q. Α. Yes, I was. Q. And let me go, please, to the next slide. Let me go to slide 22, please. And did Dr. Eastman ask a question about this? Α. Yes. What did she ask? 0. She asked so this -- Dr. Eastman said so, this is Α. actually related to whether there's a PRC for tasimelteon, because it was not known whether there was a PRC for tasimelteon. But it's a simple question: Why did you pick 1 hour before bedtime for the drug administration? And then Dr. Polymeropoulos said that he was aware of the literature and debating what is the right timing of administration. And he said that we had to balance two things, and one was to guess at what the PRC for tasimelteon might be. So he's dealing -- he was dealing

with insufficient evidence to make this decision. This was the creative part.

So the hope was that that would elicit a phase advance, but balancing the fact that since this drug has hypnotic effects. It's a soporific. Administering it 5 hours before bedtime was considered impractical because you would make people so sleepy that they would not be able to interact with their families and others.

Their target bedtime was at 11:00 p.m. They didn't want to go to bed at 7:00 p.m. So that was the creative really element of this design.

Q. And by the way, there has been some testimony about the protocol for the SET and RESET trial as it appeared on clinicaltrials.gov.

Were you in the court for that?

- A. Yes, I was. Well, not for the -- there was a whole discussion where I was sent outside because it was a question of whether that clinicaltrials.gov reference was going to be admitted.
- Q. But you're familiar with the protocol itself?
- 21 A. Yes.

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- Q. In 2012, January of 2012, reading that protocol, would you have been surprised if the trial had failed?
- 24 A. Not at all.
- 25 Q. Why?

A. I mean, I could have written a whole article about why it failed because it was given 1 hour before bedtime in someone where the target daily sleep episode, delay portion of the phase response curve was being stimulated. And so why would it elicit the desired phase advance. Because most blind people have an intrinsic period that is longer than 24 hours and they need to be reset each day in an earlier direction.

Q. Doctor --

- A. May I just elaborate on that answer.
- 11 Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to cut you off.
- 12 A. That's okay.

So if, instead -- what the circadian system will do if you give the drug repeatedly at that time is it will gradually delay until the advanced portion of the phase response curve hits it, as was described in yesterday's testimony.

entire daily sleep episode would drift, let's say, so that you reach the optimal time that Dr. Emens recommended. That would mean that this would have to slip 6 or 7 hours meaning that the daily sleep episode of the blind person would be permanently at a misaligned phase so that it was -- so that was occurring during the daytime.

They would all have delayed sleep-wake phases so

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

you've swapped one disorder for another. And so that could have been the outcome of this trial, and if it had been, if it had failed for that reason, it would not have been unexpected.

- Q. Are you familiar with the various prior art references that have been discussed in the courtroom, the '244 patent document, the Lankford paper and the Hardeland paper?
- A. Yes.

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- 10 Q. Is it your opinion that those by themselves or in
 11 combination would render the invention of the reissued
 12 patent obvious?
- 13 A. No.
- Q. By the way, Doctor, do you have -- you're aware there's also a patent in the case that deals with administration without food?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. I'd like to talk very briefly about that. And maybe we could go to slide 39.
 - Now, Doctor, have there been studies on circadian rhythm and the desire to eat?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And what, generally, have those studies shown?
- A. This particular study is the study of -- from one of the faculty members in our group. They've shown that the

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BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

circadian drive for hunger actually peaks, unfortunately, late in the evening when it's the worst time for us to eat in terms of our metabolism. And who knows their evolution how we got aligned in that particular way. But if we eat too close to the time that we release melatonin, melatonin helps keep blood sugar levels high in the night when we usually don't eat. So it does that by reducing the effectiveness of insulin. So if we have, you know, a midnight snack, a bowl of ice cream or whatever, our insulin levels will go much higher once we have melatonin on board and this is thought to be contributing to the epidemic of diabetes that we have in the United States. And just, by the way, the study that you mentioned, Ο. is that the one that's been identified as PTX-513? look at the citation on this slide. Α. Yes. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Your Honor, plaintiff offers PTX-513. MR. ROZENDAAL: No objection. THE COURT: All right. It's admitted. (PTX-513 admitted into evidence.) THE WITNESS: In fact, one out of five people eat a full meal in the hour before they go to bed.

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

Q. I'd like to go now to slide -- well, let me -- let's try to cut that down.

In your opinion, Doctor, did the invention that we're talking about here, and specifically the use of tasimelteon to treat Non-24, did that meet a long felt but previously unmet medical need?

A. Absolutely.

- Q. Why do you say that?
 - A. As I mentioned, I started working with the first patient with Non-24-hour disorder 49 years ago. And there were, you know, attempts to treat these individuals with melatonin, but there had been no large-scale clinical trial to find out if it were safe and efficacious. There were three people in that study and four people in that study, but no one had conducted an actual registration trial. And that's why there were no approved -- FDA approved treatment for this debilitating disorder.

I was at the FDA hearing, even though I had been working for decades in this area. And when I read and I knew how many blind people described the disability associated with Non-24 worse than the blindness itself which is hard for me to fathom.

But when I saw the people get up and testify, one of the blind individuals who couldn't even see the microphone as he was going up to do the testimony, he

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

explained as a child when he was like seven he was living in a residential school for the blind. And he said the teachers were berating him for falling asleep in class and not -- you know, he should have been sleeping. And they would berate him if he were awake at night and he was making noise or whatever. And he just felt like he was a failure.

And then one of his teachers got up and she said

I was -- I'm ashamed now, but I was one of the teachers who

was berating children because -- who were blind because they

weren't, you know, conforming to my idea of what a 24-hour

day should be.

And I -- you know, as I said in my deposition, I was actually brought to tears listening to the people saying this, because it's just thinking about it. It's such a long-felt need. And to hear the individuals there explaining they had tried melatonin. It had not worked for them. They had tried it multiple times with different doctors. People who gave them psychiatric medication, people gave them a litany of different things to try to help.

Weight-promoting therapeutics and amphetamines.

And they just could not -- many of them said that

tasimelteon transformed their lives by being able to

synchronize to the 24-hour day, so...

One final thing I'd like to cover, Doctor.

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER Are you aware -- and let's go, if we could, to slide 66. Doctor, are you aware that with respect to the food effects patent, there is an assertion that it does not actually describe any benefit to taking tasimelteon without food? Α. Could I just have a moment to compose myself, I'm sorry. (Pause.) THE WITNESS: Okay. BY GROOMBRIDGE: Actually, one of my colleagues points out that I omitted to ask something. You're aware that there are two patents in this case that involve so-called drug-drug interaction?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And were you in the courtroom when Drs. Greenblatt and Parkinson testified this morning?
- 19 A. Yes.
 - Q. Having heard their testimony, is it -- do you have an opinion as to whether the claim of the patent involving drug-drug interaction with CYP1A2 substrates would or would not have been obvious?
 - A. That's not my area of expertise. I listened to both of their testimony. First, I found Dr. Greenblatt very

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER compelling. 1 Then I heard Dr. Parkinson and I found his --2 I'm not asking you to comment on their testimony. 3 I'm simply asking: Would the benefit of 4 things --5 Yes, with the benefit of them, I do not think it was 6 obvious. 7 And similarly, with respect to the patent involving drug-drug interaction around the CYP3A4 enzyme, do you have 8 9 an opinion as to whether that would or would not have been 10 obvious? 11 Α. I do not think that that would have been obvious. 12 And turning lastly to the food effect patent, is it 0. 13 your understanding that there is an assertion that this 14 patent does not actually describe any benefit to taking tasimelteon without food? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 And do you agree or disagree with that? Q. 18 I disagree because the patent actually discloses the Α. 19 effect of food. It discloses -- this has to do with having 20 a short sharp pulse. And so you administering it with food 21 lowers the maximum concentration that it gets to and it lengthens the time that it takes to get to the Tmax. 22 23 And it incorporates by reference the RE604

And it incorporates by reference the RE604 specification which actually explains that the ability to take tasimelteon an hour prior to sleep is advantageous

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because it allows for the avoidance of the soporific effects and the administration of a higher dose because it allows for the intervention in a different phase of the sleep cycle.

So it says without -- it appears that the ability to administer tasimelteon so close to sleep is a function of its Tmax, which is approximately a half an hour. So that's in the specification that you have this half an hour Tmax.

And the '487 patent says if you give it with food it's going to lengthen that Tmax. So I think that disclosure is in the '487 patent by reference to the RE604 patent.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Thank you. That concludes my questions.

THE COURT: All right. Cross.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:

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- 19 Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Czeisler. I'm J.C. Rozendaal.
- We have not yet met.
- 21 | A. It's a pleasure to meet you.
 - Q. So, Dr. Czeisler, we've been talking about Non-24 quite a bit for the last several days.
 - Is it fair to say that at least in the blind the defining characteristic of the condition is a lack of

- 1 | entrainment?
- 2 A. I would agree.
- 3 Q. Now, one of the asserted claims, Claim 3 of the
- reissued '604 patent, expressly talks about entraining a
- 5 person to a 24-hour sleep-wake cycle; is that correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. But there are other asserted claims that talk about
- 8 | treating patients with Non-24 that don't expressly mention
- 9 entraining to a 24-hour sleep-wake cycle, correct?
- 10 A. Could you please refer me to the patent.
- 11 Q. Well, I can bring up an example of one. Let's see,
- 12 how about -- oh, for example, Claim 14 of '829 patent, which
- 13 | is going to --
- 14 A. Is that in my binder?
- 15 Q. -- JTX-3, I think.
- 16 A. Is that in my binder?
- 17 | Q. You know, I'm not sure if we have all the patents in
- 18 the binder. I did not expect it to be a controversial
- 19 point.
- 20 MR. ROZENDAAL: Let's just -- you can just pull
- 21 | it up on the screen here.
- 22 Claim 14. We're going to want 13 and 14
- 23 | together, I quess.
- 24 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:
- 25 Q. So this is an example of the claim that talks about a

method of treating a patient for a circadian rhythm disorder or sleep disorder, right? And then Claim 14 says the method of Claim 13, that comprises treating the patient for Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder, right?

And so if we look at claims 13 and 14, we see a description of treating, but we don't see any express mention of the word entrainment, right?

- A. Well, the goal of treating a patient for Non-24-hour disorder is entrainment, is synchronizing them to 24 -- it's converting them from having Non-24 to not having Non-24. That would be the goal of treatment. It's not always achieved but that's the goal.
- \mathbb{Q} . Right. So, that was the point I was trying to make.

So when you did your analysis of the claims, when you saw the word "treating" Non-24 sleep-wake disorder, that includes, in your mind, entraining or synchronizing the patient to a 24-hour sleep-wake cycle, right?

- A. Well, not in all cases. I said it's the goal of the treatment.
- Q. Well --

- A. It certainly is not synonymous of treatment.
- 22 Q. Well, so, wait a minute, Doctor.

Did you -- did you not previously give a deposition in this case? Do you recall giving a deposition in this case?

- 1 | A. I did.
- 2 \ \Q. You were, of course, under oath?
- 3 A. Yes.

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- 0. And --
- A. I was asked this question -- I tried to count today
 when I reread my deposition. I think I was asked this
 question about eight or ten times during my deposition.
- 8 Q. Right. And you were asked --
 - A. Each time, except once, I said that it is the goal of treatment to synchronize someone. And on the last occasion when she asked me this question, I can't remember exactly what I said, but I think I said that -- I may have dropped the word "goal."
 - Q. Right. Didn't you, in fact, give testimony that when a claim only says treating and not synchronizing for entrainment, you read that as requiring entrainment or synchronizing? Didn't you say that?
 - A. The totality of my deposition did not say that it requires synchronization. I kept saying over and over again that it is the goal of treatment to synchronize but it is not synonymous with treatment.
 - Q. So your testimony today it's not synonymous of treatment. It is possible to treatment without entraining them?
- 25 A. Treatment doesn't always work. I don't know how to

make this clear.

The goal of the treatment is to synchronize.

But, you know, if you look at the Vanda trial, not all the patients were synchronized, some were not synchronized. So they were treated but they were not synchronized.

In the first month, 20 percent of them were synchronized. Then, you know, with the extended treatment it got up to 59 percent. And then it got -- rose even higher.

But the goal of treatment in each case was to synchronize, but that doesn't mean it was always achieved.

I'm not sure what's unclear about that, but you're looking as if you're puzzled.

- Q. I'm just trying to figure out, if I look at a claim like Claim 14 here. And I'm trying to figure out if that claim is being infringed, in order to demonstrate treating the patient for Non-24 sleep-wake disorder, do I need to demonstrate entrainment or do I not?
- A. In order to demonstrate that the treatment was effective, it should entrain the circadian system.
- Q. Right. But that was not my question, Doctor.

My question was, in order to practice this claim, in order -- in order to be practicing this claim, would a person -- and this goes to both infringement and invalidity, right, in order to have all the elements of this

claim in the prior art, does one or does one not need to demonstrate entrainment in order to demonstrate treating a patient for Non-24?

- A. Certainly the clinician practicing this claim would not have to demonstrate entrainment.
- Q. So it's possible for a clinician to treat without entraining?
- A. I didn't say that. You asked if the clinician would have to demonstrate that they have entrained the person, which would require taking 48-hour urine samples every two weeks. So no clinician is going to carry out the kind of study that Vanda did.
 - Q. So, Doctor, I'm not trying to make this unduly complicated. My point is that we have some claims that talk about treating that also expressly require entraining, right?
 - A. Can you show me such a claim?
- Q. If we look at -- I believe it is Claim 3 of the RE604
 patent, which is JTX-1.
 - So if we look at, for example, the first -- the preamble to Claim 1, right?
- 22 A. **Mm-hmm**.

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- 23 Q. It says: A method -- oh, sorry. It doesn't even say
 24 "treatment." It says a method of entraining.
- So here we agree that if it were not possible to

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

demonstrate entrainment, one would not be practicing this claim, right?

A. I think I'm not -- I'm not -- I think this is a special language that I'm perhaps not understanding, but this says a method of entraining. It doesn't say to me a method that requires the clinician to demonstrate that they have entrained the patient. It just says a method of entraining a patient suffering from Non-24 disorder, in which the patient awakens at or near a target wake time following a daily sleep period of approximately 7 to 9 hours.

So that, to me -- and then it says: And maintaining said 24-hour sleep-wake cycle.

And then it says what the method comprises.

Treating the patient orally with 20 milligrams of
tasimelteon, taken once daily before target bedtime. It
doesn't say anything to me about demonstrating the
entrainment. It doesn't say you have to collect 48-hour
urine samples every two weeks to demonstrate entrainment. I
don't know --

- Q. No, I'm not talking about -- no, I'm not saying one needs to --
- A. You used the word "demonstrate." Do you have to demonstrate entrainment to practice the claim.
- Q. Suppose I have a patient who is treated with the oral

administration of 20 milligrams of tasimelteon once daily before bedtime, okay.

Are you with me so far?

A. I'm sorry, can you repeat that?

Q. Yes. Suppose that I have a patient --

A. Mm-hmm.

Q. -- who is being treated by the oral administration of 20 milligrams of tasimelteon once daily before bedtime. All right?

And further assume that that patient does not entrain to a 24-hour sleep-wake cycle.

Still with me?

Have I or have I not practiced the claim, Claim

1 here? I want to -- I need to get your understanding of
what it means to practice this claim.

- A. To practice this claim, it would be a method of entraining. So you would -- it would require that you entrain the individual, but it doesn't, in my view, require that you demonstrate that you have entrained the individual.
- Q. Okay. Fine.

But there has to be an entrainment in order for this claim to be successful?

- A. Yes. Yes. I agree with that.
- Q. Now, my question is -- now my question is -- right.

 I didn't mean to get tripped up on demonstrating. I

1 apologize.

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Now, my question is for the claim we just looked at, which doesn't expressly mention entraining but just talked about treating a patient with Non-24, does satisfying that claim, which just talks about treating, also require entraining or not?

- A. In that case, I would not think it would require entraining.
- Q. All right. Now, in forming your opinions on obviousness in this case, you considered whether a person of ordinary skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation of success in achieving the claimed inventions, right?
- A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Now, you would agree that FDA approval is not required to show a reasonable expectation of success.
 - A. No, it would not be required.
 - Q. And before FDA approval, sometimes clinical trials are carried out, right, and I think you've referred to those as registration trials.
 - Is that fair?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And we agree that a registration trial level of
 24 success is also not necessary to show a reasonable
 25 expectation of success in the context of obviousness.

Α	_	Y	e	s	

- Q. Okay. You mentioned spillover effects in your direct testimony. You're not aware of any study in the prior art, which is to say, before the 2012 priority date, that addresses spillover effects for tasimelteon, right?
- A. Correct.
 - Q. All right.

I'd like to pull up, if we can -- and I think some slides were taken out of your slide deck and so I'm not sure if we have the numbers right. I'd like to try pulling up PDX-11.14.

And that's not it. Should we try 17?

And the next one, and the next one.

Here we go.

So PDX-11.17 that we see here on the screen is a phase response curve or a schematic of a phase response curve for melatonin, correct?

- A. Yes, this was taken from the Emens 2015 article.
- 19 Q. That's what I want to establish.

A. That's correct, but this schematic is a reproduction of the 2010 article from Dr. Burgess.

The Emens 2015 article is not prior art, right?

Q. Right. And the 2010 article by Dr. Burgess was with data collected from sighted individuals, not people who were suffering from Non-24, right?

A. Correct. But she was keeping them in near darkness so that they would free run as patients with Non-24 disorder do.

Q. Okay. And then on the right-hand side of PDX-17, you have a cite to an Emens 2017 article talking about the timing of melatonin administration.

That's also not prior art, right?

- A. Melatonin and melatonin agonist, yes, that's also -that's correct.
- 10 Q. Not prior art, right? Just so that we're clear.

 11 Sorry.
- 12 A. Yes.

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Q. All right. Now, we can try PDX-11.21. No, that's also -- that's not it. 25, perhaps? There we go.

So now 11.25 is the same schematic, right? And you were making the point that the timing of the administration would not necessarily have been obvious because it might have the effect of delaying rather than advancing the phase shift; is that correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. All right. So just so that we all understand what's going on here, because I think this is kind of an important point, so the idea is that most people who have Non-24 have a tau or a circadian period that's longer than 24 hours, right?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- Q. So the goal of treatment is to advance their rhythms
 or shorten that tau, correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And so if we look at this graph here on
 PDX-11.25, the portion where the curve is above the line
 indicates a period in which the phase is going to be
- 9 | A. Yes.

advanced.

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- 10 Q. Right?
- And the period where the curve is below the
 line, the axis is the area where the phase is going to be
 delayed.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. **Right**.

And so the point that you're making is that you give tasimelteon or melatonin at time two, indicated here shortly before the habitual sleep time, you might have sort of the perverse effect of delaying rather than advancing the circadian rhythm.

That was why you said it was not apparent that you would give it at that time, right?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Right. But in patients with Non-24, the curve that we're looking at is constantly shifting, right? And so

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

it's -- if you can imagine, each day it processes a little further to the right, yes?

- A. Yes. And that was true of the people -- of the sighted people in the study. That's why it's a good model for Non-24 because they were also -- they were being studied in near darkness, and they were also drifting just like the blind people.
- Q. Right. But then what happens, if the curve is shifting, there will come a time where a dosage administered at time two here will actually be in the advanced phase of the curve. It will be hitting the curve at a point where the curve is above the line rather than below the line, right?
- A. Yes, I explained that in my direct testimony.
- O. Yes. And in that instance --
 - A. I said that if it moves over to the right, it is going to gradually move over to the right if you give it at the same time each day.

But what the problem is that the -- and, unfortunately, I had to take out these slides, but the circadian rhythm of sleep propensity is such that they ironically were different than most other mammals. We don't take little rat naps and cat naps throughout the day. We have this marathon of 16 hours of wakening and then a consolidated bout of sleep. And how do we achieve that?

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

The circadian pacemaker, the internal clock in the brain, actually sends a stronger and stronger drive of awaking as the day progresses, peaking just before the usual time of darkness, which is when -- just before melatonin is endogenously released.

And it is very difficult to sleep during what we call the wake maintenance zone, in that couple of hour window before our usual bedtime, before the daily sleep episode begins. And we probably evolved that way so that we got to a safe place to sleep before it became dark and then we couldn't see anything, what's going on.

So there's this tremendous surge of wake and drive so that as that curve, as Attorney Rozendaal was explaining, so that curve shifts to the right so it's now being given at the time -- as that slips to the right, the reason why I said that this would give them all delayed sleep-wake phase disorder is that then the blind people would be trying to sleep at the time of maximum sleep drive emanating from the circadian clock because that would slip into that wake maintenance zone. It would slip into their desired sleep time.

And that's why I said I could write -- if the trial failed, I would write an entire paper explaining why it failed.

Q. Doctor, do you remember the question I asked you?

1 A. Yes. You asked me wouldn't it slip to the right,

2 and I said --

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- Q. Right. And the answer to that --
- 4 A. I explained that --
- 5 Q. Pardon me, sir.

The answer to that question is yes, it would slip to the right and there would come a time when a dosage given at what's marked with 2 on the diagram would be in the phase advance portion and not the phase delay portion.

- 10 Right?
- 11 A. That is correct.
- 12 Q. Okay. Thank you.
- Now, this effect was known in the prior art,
- 15 A. Which effect?

right?

- Q. The effect that the -- because of the shifting, it doesn't actually matter. One can achieve entrainment regardless of where in the cycle one administers the melatonin or the melatonin agonist.
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. In fact, there was a paper on this that Dr. Lewy and Dr. Emens published, right, in -- I think it was 2004. Does that ring a bell?
- A. They published many papers. Can you tell me which paper?

1 Q. Let's pull up DTX-155, please. Do you recognize this 2 paper? 3 So here we have a paper, and if you focus on 4 sort of the bottom part of the abstracts, starting where --5 about four lines from the bottom, the end of the four lines, 6 it says: It does not appear? 7 Α. Do I have this in my binder? It should be DTX-155. 8 You do. Q. 9 THE COURT: Mr. Rozendaal, while Dr. Czeisler is 10 looking for that, how much more do you have? 11 MR. ROZENDAAL: I confess it's going a tad 12 slower than I hoped it might, Your Honor. Maybe another 13 20 minutes. 14 THE COURT: Maybe we should break for lunch. 15 MR. ROZENDAAL: All right. THE COURT: I have that the plaintiffs have used 16 17 their time, and then you have a little more than a half hour 18 for your case. Okay. 19 MR. ROZENDAAL: Well, it might be a little less 20 than 20 minutes, then, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: So you need to figure out, you know, what had the plaintiff expected on any cross from Dr. Emens? 22 23 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think I heard -- I think 24 it's yesterday, but --25 THE COURT: You've already exhausted it. The

Case 1:1	B-cv-00651-CFC Document 350 Filed 12/22/22 Page 203 of 311 PageID #: 1206			
	10376 1206 CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER			
1	question is, what did you expect?			
2	MR. ROZENDAAL: It would be redirect for them,			
3	right?			
4	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: No, cross.			
5	MR. ROZENDAAL: Oh, for Dr. Emens. I apologize.			
6	THE COURT: Right now they don't have any			
7	time left			
8	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I had expected five minutes.			
9	THE COURT: On redirect?			
10	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Oh, for redirect for this			
11	witness?			
12	THE COURT: Yes.			
13	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: At the moment I wouldn't have			
14	any.			
15	THE COURT: Okay. That's good. All right.			
16	So we're going to break. How long do you need			
17	for lunch?			
18	MR. ROZENDAAL: A half hour seems to have been			
19	the standard.			
20	THE COURT: What about the witness? Are you			
21	guys going to have sandwiches in the building?			
22	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: We do, Your Honor.			
23	THE COURT: Okay. So is half an hour sufficient			
24	then?			
25	MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes.			

1 THE COURT: All right. We're going to come back at 2:00. 2 3 All right. Now, here's what we're going to do. 4 Mr. Groombridge, you have total time left for your side of 5 10 minutes. You can allocate it as you like. That's all 6 you get. I have been fair. 7 And so that means, Mr. Rozendaal, you have in 8 total time, cross this witness and present Dr. Emens, you 9 get 35 minutes. 10 MR. ROZENDAAL: Understood, Your Honor. Thank 11 you. 12 THE COURT: All right. We're going to break for Thank you. 13 lunch. 14 (Recess taken.) BY MR. ROZENDAAL: 15 Dr. Czeisler, you testified that you participated in 16 17 an FDA advisory committee meeting for Hetlioz. 18 Do you recall that? 19 Α. Yes. 20 And Hetlioz, the indication for which approval was Q. 21 being sought, was for treatment of Non-24? 22 Α. Right. 23 So let's take a look at the comments that you made at 24 that advisory committee meeting. MR. ROZENDAAL: And if we can go to PTX-263, 25

- 1 please, at Page 30.
- 2 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:
- 3 Q. You can follow along in your binder, if you'd like.
- 4 And let's go down to the sixth or so comment on
- 5 Page 30.

- Are you with me, Doctor?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 | Q. Okay. So this is a comment from Charles Czeisler.
- 9 That's you, right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And you said to the FDA: Melatonin has been shown to
- 12 be effective in pioneering studies that were carried out by
- 13 both Dr. Robert Sack and Dr. Steven Lockley who did a
- 14 series -- each did a series of patients and evaluated
- 15 melatonin in a sample.
- 16 Right?
- So when you say melatonin is shown to be
- 18 effective, you mean melatonin has been shown to be effective
- 19 in entraining patients, right?
- 20 A. Yes. As we heard yesterday in one of the trials, it
- 21 entrained three out of the seven, I believe, and in another
- 22 | trial it entrained something like six out of ten.
- 23 Q. Right. And then the last sentence of your comment
- 24 | you say: But certainly the use of melatonin was -- the
- 25 efficacy of melatonin was inspirational to this melatonin

agonist and to its evaluation.

When you say "this melatonin agonist," in that context you mean -- you mean tasimelteon, right?

A. Yes.

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MR. ROZENDAAL: And I apologize. It has been brought to my attention that I may have neglected to move the admission of PTX-263.

8 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:

- Q. Dr. Czeisler, we agree that this was a document that you considered in your work on this case?
- 11 | A. Yes.
- 12 | Q. You're familiar with it?
- 13 A. Yes.
 - MR. ROZENDAAL: We move for the admission of PTX-263.
- 16 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: No objection.
- 17 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
- 18 (PTX-263 admitted into evidence.)
- 19 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:
- 20 Q. Right. And when you said that, "the efficacy of
 21 melatonin was inspirational to tasimelteon and its
 22 evaluation," you were saying that the fact that melatonin
 23 could be successful in entraining some patients with Non-24
 24 was inspirational to developing a treatment that was safe
 25 and effective for these patients that involved tasimelteon,

1 | right?

- A. That's correct. I mean, there -- as has been discussed, tasimelteon is a melatonin agonist. It binds to the MT-1 and MT-2 receptors.
- THE COURT: Dr. Czeisler, in fairness, you know,

 I limited the time of people.
- 7 THE WITNESS: Oh, that's right.
- 8 THE COURT: So you answered his question.
- 9 Mr. Groombridge, if he decides he wants to use that
- 10 | 10 minutes to get his answer, he knows how to do that.
- 11 So thank you.
- 12 **BY MR. ROZENDAAL:**
- 13 Q. Even today, Dr. Czeisler, physicians use melatonin to treat Non-24; isn't that right?
- 15 | A. Yes.
- 16 Q. It would not surprise you if more people took
- melatonin than took tasimelteon for the treatment of Non-24;
- 18 is that correct?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. You're not aware of any head-to-head trial comparing
 21 the efficacy of tasimelteon in treating Non-24 as compared
- 22 to the efficacy of melatonin in treating Non-24, are you?
- 23 **A.** I am not.
- Q. Now, one of the effects of tasimelteon is to induce sleepiness, correct?

- 1 | A. Yes.
- 2 \ \Q. And so one reason one might want to take
- 3 20 milligrams of tasimelteon near bedtime is to take
- 4 advantage of the soporific effect that the drug has,
- 5 correct?
- 6 A. Yes, as Dr. Emens has described.
- 7 | Q. All right. You're not aware of anyone apart from
- 8 | Vanda who tried to develop a tasimelteon product to treat
- 9 Non-24 and failed, are you?
- 10 A. Tasimelteon?
- 11 | Q. Yes.
- 12 A. No. I had recommended it to Bristol-Myers Squibb
- 13 that they do such a study, but they did not.
- 14 Q. Okay. Now, ramelteon is also a melatonin agonist,
- 15 correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 THE COURT: I'm sorry, it seems I have lost
- 18 connectivity.
- 19 (Discussion held off the record.)
- 20 BY MR. ROZENDAAL:
- 21 Q. Ramelteon is a melatonin agonist; is that correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 \ \Q. And it has been approved by the FDA for treatment of
- 24 | insomnia, right?
- 25 A. **Yes**.

- 1 Q. There have not been any clinical trials of ramelteon
- in Non-24 patients, have there?
- 3 A. No, not that I'm aware of.
- 4 \ \Q. And it'd be fair to say that there are more people in
- 5 | the United States to suffer from insomnia than suffer from
- 6 Non-24; is that right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Dr. Czeisler, you are a board-certified sleep
- 9 | specialist, but you are not board certified to care for
- 10 patients, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. You've never been a licensed physician; is that
- 13 | right?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 16 A. No, I do not.
- 17 Q. You have not actually treated a patient for Non-24
- 18 | yourself?
- 19 A. I have not.
- 20 Q. All right. And let's just touch briefly on your
- 21 relationship with Vanda.
- 22 So apart from your work in this litigation, you
- 23 provide consulting services to Vanda, do you not?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 Q. You've been doing so more than a decade; isn't that

- 1 | right?
- 2 A. Since 2004.
- 3 Q. And you are, in fact, the chairman of the scientific
- 4 advisory board for Vanda; isn't that right?
- 5 A. Well, yes. I mean, it's a board of one.
- 6 Q. You are the scientific advisor for Vanda. Okay.
- And for your consulting services, Vanda pays you
- 8 a monthly retainer, right?
- 9 A. That's correct. \$8,500 a month.
- 10 | Q. 500- -- how much a month?
- 11 A. \$8,500 a month.
- 12 Q. All right. So more than \$100,000 a year.
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. Okay. And most of your consulting work for Vanda has
- 15 related to tasimelteon, right?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- 17 Q. This consulting contract you have is renewed from
- 18 | time to time, isn't it?
- 19 A. It's an automatic -- as I recollect, it's
- 20 automatically renewable.
- 21 \ Q. Is it possible that the testimony you give today
- 22 | could have an impact on whether that contract is renewed?
- 23 A. I doubt it.
- 24 Q. All right. You also own some stock in Vanda,
- 25 correct?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. CZEISLER

- 1 | A. I do.
- Q. The value of that stock is probably somewhere between one and a half to \$2 million?
- 4 A. Correct.

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- Q. Is it fair to say that if Vanda were to lose this litigation, the value of your Vanda stock could go down significantly?
- 8 A. The value of that stock fluctuates all the time.
 - Q. So, yeah, it could go down a lot, right?
- 10 A. I don't know the answer to that question.
- MR. ROZENDAAL: No further questions, Your
- 12 | Honor. I pass the witness.
- 13 | THE COURT: Any redirect?

14 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

- 15 BY MR. GROOMBRIDGE:
- 16 Q. Just really one question, Doctor.
 - Mr. Rozendaal asked -- pointed out that some people are treated with melatonin for Non-24. Of the ones who were treated with Hetlioz, in your opinion could they be effectively treated with melatonin?
 - A. Most of the people who are prescribed Hetlioz have already tried melatonin and melatonin has failed. In fact, they have suggested that people try that first before going to tasimelteon.
- 25 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Thank you. No further

22 (Dr. Emens, having been previously sworn,

testified as follows:)

24 THE COURT: All right. Doctor, I remind you you

25 are under oath.

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DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. EMENS

MR. MILLIKEN: Your Honor, you had asked Dr. Emens a question about his CV in his first round of testimony, I just wanted to note that all the experts' CVs are appended to the pretrial order that was filed in this case. THE COURT: Why have you all been introducing them into evidence? MR. MILLIKEN: That's why I didn't introduce it with Dr. Emens. THE COURT: But you did with other doctors. Maybe not you personally, but your side did. MR. MILLIKEN: Yes. Fair enough. THE COURT: I was just curious. MR. STONE: Speaking for our side, we want to be certain that that counted as actually in evidence as opposed to provided to the Court in advance, out of an abundance of caution. THE COURT: The only reason I asked, I thought he was the only one who didn't have a CV introduced. just curious. One thing is you all want these bench trials. One of the negatives is, I'm curious about certain things and I get to ask questions, so it goes with the territory. I much prefer jury trials, as Ms. Jacobs knows.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. EMENS

- 1 BY MR. MILLIKEN:
- 2 Q. All right. Dr. Emens, welcome back.
- 3 A. Thanks.
- 4 | Q. Dr. Emens, were you in the courtroom just now when
- 5 Dr. Czeisler testified?
- 6 A. I was.
- Q. And did you hear him testify that as of January 2012
- 8 in his opinion there was a long-felt need for an effective
- 9 treatment for Non-24?
- 10 A. I did.
- 11 Q. And do you agree with that opinion?
- 12 A. With great respect, I strongly disagree with that
- 13 | opinion.
- 15 A. Well, we had melatonin and we had clear data showing
- 16 | that melatonin could effectively entrain the circadian
- pacemaker and improve sleep in both instances in blind
- 18 individuals with Non-24.
- 19 And that was really, really clear at that point.
- 20 | The American Academy of Sleep Medicine issued two sets of
- 21 practice parameters using two separate task forces and
- 22 reached the same conclusion that that was the effective
- 23 | treatment for Non-24. And that was what was being
- 24 | recommended to sleep physicians in this country.
- Q. And Dr. Emens, do you have a sense, based on whatever

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. EMENS

data that's available that you're aware of, about what proportion of Non-24 patients entrain when they're treated with melatonin?

A. Yeah. So from our 2015 practice parameters, we did a meta-analysis, a very rigorous meta-analysis where we were very, very strict. And even under those strict conditions of who we included, what subjects and what studies we included in that meta-analysis, 60 percent or two-thirds of the blind patients with Non-24 entrained.

And I would just say as an aside, again, that's, I would say, the lowest estimate. So, for example, the Lewy and Emens 2004 paper that you saw there, we entrained 100-fold percent of those individuals. And that was what I think I was talking about yesterday as part of the optimization process. By optimizing dose and optimizing time of administration, which we did in the early 2000s, we were able to successfully entrain blind individuals with Non-24.

And furthermore, by the early 2000s, we had figured out how to entrain them to the right time which was a topic that was discussed this morning.

Q. Thank you, Dr. Emens.

Did you hear Dr. Czeisler talk some about the FDA advisory committee meeting where there were some Non-24 patients in whom melatonin had been ineffective and they

DIRECT EXAMINATION - DR. EMENS

- 1 | testified at that meeting?
 - A. Yes.

- 3 Q. Have you reviewed the transcript of that meeting?
- 4 A. I have.
- 5 Q. In your review of that transcript, did you see any
- 6 testimony there from any of the 67 percent of melatonin --
- 7 Non-24 patients who -- in whom melatonin was effective?
- 8 A. I did not.
- 9 MR. MILLIKEN: And, Your Honor, just for 10 housekeeping purposes, Dr. Emens's CV is DTX-397.
- I would move that in, if there's no objection.
- 12 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: No objection.
- 13 THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
- 14 (DTX-397 admitted into evidence.)
- 15 BY MR. MILLIKEN:
- 16 \ Q. Dr. Emens, you're a VA physician; is that right?
- 17 A. I am.
- 18 Q. How large is the VA healthcare system?
- 19 A. We serve about 9 million enrollees. We have 171
- 20 medical centers around this country. It's hospitals and
- 21 well over a thousand clinics.
- 23 | large-scale integrated healthcare systems in the United
- 24 states?
- 25 A. I would say it's the largest fully integrated

CROSS-EXAMINATION - DR. EMENS

- 1 healthcare system in this country.
- 2 Q. Out of curiosity, have you ever prescribed
- 3 tasimelteon to treat Non-24?
- 4 A. I have not.
- 5 Q. Why not?
- 6 A. I can't. It's not on formulary at the VA.
- Q. Is there anything that's on formulary that has listed as an indication Non-24 sleep-wake disorder?
- 9 A. Yeah. So melatonin is listed on the VA formulary for treatment and indications for use for the treatment of Non-24 as well as delayed sleep-wake phase disorder.
 - Q. So the largest integrated healthcare system in the country has melatonin on its formulary and one of the listed indications is Non-24?
- 15 | A. Yes.

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16 MR. MILLIKEN: Pass the witness.

17 CROSS EXAMINATION

- 18 BY GROOMBRIDGE:
- Q. Just to pick up there, Dr. Emens, the VA actually commissions the manufacturer of its own melatonin for administration to patients, correct?
- A. Well, I believe, and, again, I am not the one

 commissioning the manufacturer. I believe what they

 actually do is they rely on a two-process model of

 certification of whoever manufacturers it. And I don't know

1 if they manufacture it internally. 2 Fair point. 3 But what you have on formulary is something that's not available to everyone, to physicians throughout 4 5 the country, correct? Oh, I -- again, I don't think so. I think they use 6 7 Rugby brand melatonin, which, again, is certified by FDA 8 under the FDA's good manufacturing practice as having the 9 right dosage and not having any impurities. 10 So I don't think you have to go to a VA to get 11 Rugby brand melatonin. I think you can get it online 12 actually. 13 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Thank you. No further 14 questions. 15 THE COURT: All right. You may step down, thank 16 you. 17 MR. MILLIKEN: No redirect, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: All right. So you all rest. 19 MR. ROZENDAAL: That concludes our case, Your 20 Honor. 21 THE COURT: Thank you. 22 MR. ROZENDAAL: And I suppose for good 23 housekeeping, we ought to renew our 52(c) motion for partial judgment on judgment for partial findings for 24 25 noninfringement.

THE COURT: Right. Can I just let's just
deal with one thing housekeeping, since we just touched on
long-felt, so there's a blocking patent, right?
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There
THE COURT: There's a compound patent.
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There's a compound patent.
THE COURT: Right. Presumably for treatment for
Non-24?
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Would cover the use of
tasimelteon for anything.
THE COURT: Right.
Is there just a claim which says nothing more
than a method to treat or just says the treatment of
patients with Non-24 disorder with tasimelteon?
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: In the blocking patent?
THE COURT: In any patent.
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Well, there's the claims that
are in litigation here.
THE COURT: Well, does any one of those claims
limit it to that?
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: To tasimelteon?
THE COURT: No, no. Is there any claim that all
it says is the use of tasimelteon to treat people with
Non-24 disorder?
MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There's no claim that says

just that.

THE COURT: Right. So there's a nexus requirement long-felt needs.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes.

THE COURT: The testimony you elicited was there a long-felt need for the treatment of people with Non-24 disorder. And you got an answer that was yes.

Without even assessing the credibility of that testimony, isn't that the end of the matter? That we don't have any -- you got to demonstrate some nexus to the limitations that are at issue in this case. And so, I'm just wondering for, in terms of, like, trying to be efficient, if that issue is out of the case.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think so, Your Honor, because I think the nexus can be shown. There's only one approved indication here. And, so, the only thing that tasimelteon can sold for is the treatment of Non-24.

THE COURT: But you have to -- there's no -- I just asked you: Is there any claim limited to just the treatment of Non-24 with tasimelteon? And you said no.

And I think you're right, that every other claim that you've asserted -- and my guess is for validity reasons -- has some other limitation, including the entrainment reissued patent, right. Even if I held it was limiting, I believe at your request, probably to make sure

that patent claim was not invalidated, I'm going to guess, but -- because it's not often that I have a plaintiff who wants to limit a claim, but you did.

So my question is, you know -- and, again, I'm really trying to limit what I have to decide when -- and it just seems to me, as I listen to all of this, there's no nexus at all to any long-felt need evidence to a limitation that's at issue in our case.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I guess the way we would see it, Your Honor, is that the only thing that was out there was melatonin, and that doesn't work for people.

And that the nexus case may rise or fall with the infringement case. But in our view, the -- you can't treat Non-24 with tasimelteon without being covered by at least one of these patents; specifically the reissued patent. And probably -- not to say I haven't thought the issue through, but I suspect the others.

THE COURT: All right. So that's your only argument. That would be the only claim that you have adduced evidence for, in your opinion, is long-felt need is the entrainment claim?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I'd have to think that through, but standing here right now I don't think of any others.

THE COURT: Okay.

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All right. Well, I thought -- well, we'll just -- that will be one more issue I guess we'll have to brief and listen to. Okay. Anyway so you're first. Go ahead. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: So, Your Honor, we did put together some slides that's useful. THE COURT: What are we doing right now? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I thought we were doing the Markman presentation. THE COURT: I thought people wanted to get their motions for housekeeping stated. I thought that's why you stepped up. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Oh, I'm sorry, we oppose the renewed motion. THE COURT: I thought you were going to make one. Okay. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Frankly, we saw little reason to do that, given the procedural posture of the case. THE COURT: Well, okay. I'll let you do -- you guys know enough about preserving your right on appeal and all sorts of things, so I'll leave it to you. Mr. Rozendaal? MR. ROZENDAAL: I will go ahead, Your Honor, and ask for judgment as a matter of law in our favor on the invalidity limitations. I think that --

1 THE COURT: How about this, I'm going to reserve 2 ruling on it. 3 All right. Any other motions? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Ms. Jacobs is more -- is 4 5 closer to this issue than me and probably wiser. MS. JACOBS: Your Honor, our understanding that 6 7 unlike in a jury trial that 52, Rule 52 motion is discretionary as opposed to waiver, but --8 9 THE COURT: And that's great. Like I said, I'm 10 leaving it up to you all. 11 MS. JACOBS: But for purposes of just the 12 record, we will make the motion, both infringement and 13 invalidity and reserve based -- and we'll brief it at the 14 appropriate time. 15 THE COURT: Sounds good to me. That sounds 16 great to me. 17 MS. JACOBS: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: All right. So then let's do the 19 Markman hearing and then there is -- how many terms, 20 Mr. Groombridge, do I need to construe? 21 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: My understanding was the only thing we're talking about is the Claim 10 of the '465 patent 22 23 and the -- well, really the term is in Claim 1, since Claim 10 depends on it. The meaning of the term "with a reducing 24 25 agent and an acid." And that was the issue that had come

1 up. 2 THE COURT: What's the patent for the period of 3 sleep? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: It's the reissued --4 5 It's also the reissued? THE COURT: MR. GROOMBRIDGE: 6 Yes. 7 THE COURT: The contact and reacting is the '465 8 patent, that's what we're going to talk about? 9 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: 10 THE COURT: And there was also -- there was 11 some -- where's the period of sleep you said in that patent? 12 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: It's in the reissued '604, but 13 Your Honor, we were not aware there was any claim 14 construction issue with respect to that. 15 MR. ROZENDAAL: Your Honor, I think there's a 16 dispute over what the plain and ordinary meaning of daily 17 sleep period is. THE COURT: Well, see that's what occurred to me 18 19 listening to the evidence come in and that's why I thought 20 we might -- well, I guess, I mean, what do I sua sponte do 21 my construction of the claim -- during briefing, I feel like 22 I've got to do it, is that right? 23 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes, Your Honor, you can. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And if Your Honor is hearing

1 closing argument, we'd be happy to address that as well. 2 THE COURT: What do you think the daily sleep 3 period is? 4 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: We think when a person wants 5 to be asleep, but is not necessarily sleeping for that 6 entire period. 7 THE COURT: And you think it means the person is mostly asleep during 7 to 9 hours. 8 9 MR. ROZENDAAL: Correct. Because it's a sleep 10 period and not a sleep opportunity period, as Dr. Emens 11 explained. 12 THE COURT: All right. Well, let's deal --13 let's talk about the one that you both agree we do need to 14 construe, which is the '465 patent. MS. JACOBS: May we approach with slides, Your 15 16 Honor? 17 THE COURT: Yes. Please. Sure. 18 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Thank you. I'll get started 19 whenever Your Honor is ready. 20 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Go ahead, thank you. 21 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: So, Your Honor, I think the parties are in agreement that this is part of a so-called 22 23 product-by-process limitation to which Mr. Rozendaal alluded earlier in the trial, which is a particular form of claim. 24 25 And the Federal Circuit has said essentially came into being

to enable patent applicants to claim that something where there might be difficulty in knowing exactly what it was, for example, chemically so they could recite the process by which it is made. And I think we all agree on that.

We think that is significant because of the context of the product-by-process claim. It's a type of claim that would direct the reader or the interpreter back to the specification more, perhaps, than other types of claims; specifically informed by how the material is made.

And the -- and I think what the dispute boils down to -- I know -- it turns on the meaning of the word "and."

And we submitted this to the Court yesterday --

THE COURT: Which "and?"

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: This "and."

I'm sorry. "And an acid," so it's --

THE COURT: I'm not so sure you're right. I
mean the first "and" I think is actually part of the issue;
"and contact."

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Well, I guess what we would say -- first of all, I think, Your Honor, that we don't disagree with the testimony that contacting and reacting -- it seems to be common ground that in order to react you have to have contact. And we passed through the patent trying to find, you know, was there anything that gave some special meaning to contacting or informed this and, frankly, we

didn't find it.

THE COURT: Right. But as I pointed out, I think it's example six, actually has the words "contacting and reacting" and then it's got a sentence that follows it that limits it to reacting. So you would think that contacting must have some meaning, it just can't be superfluous.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Our reading of it was that it may be -- it's not clear that it does have meaning other -- I mean since there can't be a reaction without contact.

THE COURT: But, see, no -- the reason why it could have meaning here is because if you have a sequential reaction, right, you start with A and then you react it with B, A no longer exists, right, in pure form. A has been reacted, it might be A plus, A minus, but it's A modified; you agreed with that?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I do agree with that.

THE COURT: Okay. So then at that point you don't have A, so if you've got reacting A with B and C and you first react A with B, when you start to react it with C, A is something different. Right?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: That's the case, Your Honor, and that's where we think product-by-process law comes into play.

THE COURT: Hear me out.

But I can kind of understand the way that reacting is used when you have the objects joined by a conjunction, that it could be sequential, it could be simultaneous. But that's why I think contacting is different, because we don't use contacting that way. And precisely, because we say, as one of your witnesses did, it was touching. That if you contact A with B, it doesn't follow, like with reacting, that you can contact A with C if it's been modified. A no longer exists.

So, in other words, contacting and reacting are used differently in our language. And now they've got testimony, which I'm just putting aside for argument's sake that I don't want to decide or, you know, whether reacting has to be sequential or simultaneous, but contacting seems to be a real problem because I don't know if -- I can't conceive of something contacting two different things if it's first changed into something else.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Right. And that's why in our view contacting and reacting here means simply putting the things -- introducing them into the pot, if you will.

And the intent of this claim is a product-by-process claim. You start off, you put two things in the pot and then you put something else, right. That would be in some ways a classic product-by-process claim.

And at the end it says to prepare a defined

thing. And so, this is kind of right down in the middle of the fairway for a product-by-process claim. I start with something, I perform some steps and I end up with something else, right. And this is exactly why product-by-process law evolved because it is very --

THE COURT: Well, your client wrote the patent. Why is contacting in there? And only in there in this particular limitation and only there in some discussions of reactions in the written description, but not others. And in particular, in example six, there's some beginning steps that refer to contacting and reacting and then there's subsequent steps that it's only reacting so why did they write the patent that way?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: We tried to find that out and could not get an answer, because I suspected Your Honor was going to ask me that.

And as I passed through the patent what I could find is it seems like they almost always said contacting and reacting, but there's places where Your Honor has pointed out where they are just saying reacting; whether or not that has significance or not, I cannot say.

But the -- but here what we -- you know to us

the intent of this patent and this limitation is that you're

performing a manufacturing step; that is, you know, as we

saw in the evidence, it's often written out with a -- you

start with one thing and then there's an arrow and some conditions and you end up with something else.

And the way product-by-process law is instead of putting parenthesis around that and saying this is a series of steps where you begin with X and end with Y, right. And that's what product-by-process law is for.

And the fair reading of this under, you know, under that body of law is that it -- that's what's going on, you're putting some things into the pot, chemical reactions begin, you add some more things and then at the end you get a defined product out of it.

THE COURT: Do you have any examples in the case law where -- I mean, I got to believe reacting is commonly construed. And where our court said if it's reacting A with B and C what does it mean?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I do not. And the -- this is not reacting, but the structural formula.

In the Ortho-McNeil case was the one that we thought was closest, but that may get into the meaning.

That's about -- it's not about reaction specifically, it's about the -- what variables on the molecule could be, right, and how you get to them. So I don't think -- I know -- I cannot stand here and say that we did a Westlaw search for patent with "reacting."

THE COURT: Go ahead. I interrupted your flow;

go ahead.

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MR. GROOMBRIDGE: What we see -- you know applying the product-by-process teaching, what we see is you start with something and then there's an order of operations, and then you end with something else. And that's how the claims would be understood. And that -- or there would be another way of -- it's the same thought written out in slightly more scientific notation looking for the record at slide five. And the -- and this is consistent with the other claims in the patent that we got claims, for example, here where it specified that the reducing agent is -- what I at least refer to as -- lithium aluminum hydride, and that the acid is hydrochloric acid. And then in Claim 14, it is both of them. And we know, and I believe this is undisputed, that -- this is how it's -- this lines up pretty much directly, this kind of a one-to-one match with what's in the specification. Looking at the figure on slide seven we've got that classic notation, if I have my beginning compound and I have the arrow with notations regarding the steps to get me to the end compound, and the claim limitation is intended to map to this, right.

And so, I reduce something -- this is just of course an example, but it is an example that some of the deep end of the claims are specific to. I use lithium aluminum hydride in blue as the reducing agent and then

1 after that I add hydrochloric acid -- and I'm omitting the 2 solvents -- and then I end up with the thing that the claim 3 specifies -- this claim element specifies as the end point. 4 And so, the claim is, in our view, directly 5 mapping back to this reaction speed in the patent. 6 And I'll move on when Your Honor is ready. 7 And so, in the written description, which 8 immediately follows the reaction scheme, it is written in 9 words, describes these, talks about the lithium --10 THE COURT: This is five we're talking about 11 still? 12 I'm sorry? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: THE COURT: We're talking about five? 13 14 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes. So we add, first of all, the lithium aluminum hydride, the LAH, the reducing agent. 15 16 And then there's a fairly lengthy description of other 17 manipulations that are going on, not necessarily reactions. 18 But after this there are a number of other process 19 operations. And then -- so this is in column 14 at lines 3 20 through 12, we run on through the end of column 14. 21 And then at the top of column 15 we come to a 22 place where the acid is at, in this case in the form of 23 hydrogen chloride gas. And then at the end we get out to 24 medium five.

So, again, in our view, Your Honor, the claim is

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mapping directly back to this part of the written description. And when we go back and we look at the architecture of the claims, that Claims 2, 3 and 14 make that clear that the -- it must be this. In Claim 2 wherein the reducing agent is lithium aluminum hydride; Claim 3 wherein the acid comprises HCL; and then Claim 14 both of those sub limitations combined. So, in our view, right, there's a concordance, if you will, between the written description and the claim. THE COURT: And the bottom line is scheme five is Claim 14? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Scheme five is the limitation -- yes, exactly. The limitation we're talking about. And turning to the knowledge of the skilled person -- and, again, this I'm sure is common ground -- you wouldn't react lithium aluminum hydride with an acid and you wouldn't -- and you certainly wouldn't react one of these hydride reducing agents with hydrogen chloride, it won't

THE COURT: But he also says I should read the patent the way the defendants want me to read it.

work and it would risk an explosion. And if --

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Well, I mean, I'm --

THE COURT: That he says -- right? I mean, if I

look at it, it's got to be sequential -- I mean it can't be sequential.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: To the extent he's talking about claim construction, I'm not sure that that's --

THE COURT: Well, he allowed that there are embodiments out there that would be covered by Claim 1.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think it was, because the testimony, Your Honor, was you could do this -- you couldn't do it with a hydride reducing agent, which is specified, for example, in Claim 2 and Claim 14. You couldn't do it with a strong nonoxidizing acid, like hydrogen chloride. You might be able to do it with a weak -- with some other kind of reducing agent and a weak acid, but if that be so, then it means that Claims 2, 3 and 14 are inoperable, right. That based on this testimony, they simply never could be carried out, it just won't work.

Whereas if you construe it to mean reaction scheme five and you can't put in any portion of the written description in light of that, you say it's sequential, then, yes, it's all fine and it maps directly to it and we have no claim construction issue.

THE COURT: All right. But there are cases, the famous cookie case, where you don't claim it, right? You didn't claim an invention.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There are, right. But this to

1 us turns then down what does the word "and" mean here? 2 it mean -- we say if you construe that to mean "and then" 3 then that's fine, you know we -- sequential addition is then covered. 4 5 And so -- and it's clear that there are places in the written description where "and" is used to mean "and 6 7 then," and we put a couple into these slides, but --8 THE COURT: Well, make sure you go through everything because -- and, first of all, do I have to resort 9 10 to extrinsic evidence to construe this claim? 11 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think one has to 12 resort to -- I mean, I think we have testimony about the knowledge of skill in the art; we ought to bring that in. 13 14 don't know that that is extrinsic evidence. 15 THE COURT: Well, okay, but is there a dispute over who's the POSITA for this? 16 17 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There's not dispute about who's the POSITA, but this is about what the POSITA would 18 19 know. 20 THE COURT: Right, but I've got competing 21 testimony on that. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think there is 22 competing expert testimony. 23 24 THE COURT: How to construe this claim and on 25 whether the limitation question is sequential or

1 simultaneous, you don't think there's disputed expert 2 testimony? 3 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think -- I'm not --Your Honor, I'm not talking about taking an expert and 4 5 saying how would you understand these words. I was talking more about --6 7 THE COURT: But that's actually relevant. 8 I mean, once we go to extrinsic evidence that 9 becomes relevant. And if I've got an expert who says no, 10 reacting A with B and C means you do it simultaneously, I 11 mean that seems to me I could rely on that evidence, if I 12 get to extrinsic evidence. 13 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I could stand here and say 14 Your Honor is foreclosed from relying on such evidence, 15 right --16 THE COURT: Okay. I think we have competing 17 evidence, because I think that's what Perni says. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I have to confess I don't have 18 top of mind what he said --19 20 THE COURT: I think I pretty much asked him, 21 because I think I pretty much said to him well, you know, maybe reacting could be sequential. And he said oh, I can't 22 23 read it that way. That's my recollection of the testimony. 24 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: It may be because I am -- my 25 sleep has not been well-aligned to my daily sleep period,

1 but I'm not recalling. 2 And I'm by no meaning saying he didn't say that 3 4 THE COURT: I think your bigger problem is 5 contacting. I just think that's your biggest problem. I haven't heard anything. I mean, you don't really have an 6 7 answer for that. I'm not faulting you as an advocate, but what's the answer? 8 9 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think to us the answer is 10 that this is a -- that contacting and reacting, if you will, 11 is modifying not one, but several things that come after it 12 and essentially --13 THE COURT: You want me to read contacting out 14 of the patent? 15 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: No. MR. STONE: Your Honor, please forgive me, we 16 17 have all been trying to do all this at once. 18 THE COURT: Go ahead. Confer. 19 MR. STONE: Forgive me. 20 Thank you. In the same way the constitution 21 refers to all laws necessary and proper, and we all know that that is one phrase that means one thing at this point. 22 23 Contacting and reacting are used as synonyms throughout the 24 patent. There's a place where it says contacting this with 25 that, but doesn't use the verb reacting. It's clearly

describing a reaction, there's no reason to otherwise contact them.

It is absolutely not consistent throughout. I do not dispute that, Your Honor. But they are used as synonyms for each other. Each of the two steps begins with the words "contacting," which I think invokes put things in a bucket and then describes how do they react with each other. But there's nothing in the patent that says that where it says contacting and reacting A with B and C, that that means that the A has to contact the C in an unchanged form, particularly where that would lead two dependant claims that embody the only example to be nonworking embodiments.

I take the point that the word "contacting" is sitting there saying do something with me. And it may very well be -- it will have exactly the same meaning if it just said "reacting." But throughout the patent, those words are used as synonyms; sometimes together and sometimes separately.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: He said it better than I can.

MR. STONE: I slept half an hour more.

THE COURT: You both work together, you work together well, I'm happy to have that done collectively.

All right. So the bottom line you can't point me to anything in the patent that defines "contact,"

1 correct? 2 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I cannot. 3 THE COURT: Okay. And you agree that reacting is used without contacting in the written description, 4 5 correct? 6 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: In at least one place, yes. 7 THE COURT: I think -- okay. Well, I think --You're right, it's used in at least one place and 8 9 "reaction" is used multiple times with "contact." 10 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: "Reaction" certainly is. 11 THE COURT: But reacting is only used once and 12 it's in example six? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes. And, for example, in --13 14 I mean, the other places that we found this is it seems like Column 7, Line 35 is an example, or Column 8. 15 THE COURT: I think there's numerous examples of 16 17 contacting and reacting being used together for the phrase 18 "contacting and reacting." 19 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Right. And having passed the 20 text quite a lot as one would -- as you imagine, right, 21 it -- it seemed to us that there was no -- it didn't seem as though there's an -- intended to be a meaningful difference 22 23 in the written description here, right. It's not as if they said at the beginning when I say "contacting," I mean this; 24

or when I say "reacting," I mean that. You know, Your

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Honor, it seems as though they're using the phrase "contacting and reacting" to mean put the things in a bucket and react them. And there's one instance where they failed to do that, they left out "contacting."

THE COURT: All right. And your position is I should not resort to extrinsic evidence. And, really, your argument is that if I read the limitation to require simultaneous contacting and reacting with the -- the reducing agent and the acid, I read out the embodiment --

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: That's correct, Your Honor.

And it's -- again, where they -- to us it's sort of

different; in that, where they have a defined start point

and a defined end point and then they go -- for example,

scheme five. And then they go to -- they take the end point

the molecule that comes out of scheme five and it becomes

the input to scheme six, they spell that out. They don't

say "contacting and reacting" and "contacting and" -- but so

each of the contacting and reacting limitations is kind of

like one of those --

THE COURT: Except for example six.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think so, Your Honor. And it would be our view that, you know, example six -- it could equally be explained by the fact that they simply, by error, forget -- they intended to put "contacting" --

THE COURT: I think that has to be your

1 position. That's the only way you can explain example six 2 is that some scrivener forgot to put "contacting and." 3 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes. Again, Your Honor, I think that --4 5 THE COURT: Or he was like he bought into this 6 necessary and proper argument that Mr. Stone is saying. 7 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Proper, yes. 8 THE COURT: Yes. 9 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And so that's our view. 10 And, you know, we think this is much more in 11 line with the Ortho-McNeil, that it is in line with the 12 cookie dough case where the question there was does "and" -is it conjunctive or disjunctive, basically does it mean --13 14 THE COURT: That's a different issue. 15 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Fair enough. But it does 16 say -- it distinguishes the cookie dough case, Chef America, 17 on the basis that the -- I think we might have -- that's it. 18 In Chef America you've got a situation where 19 there's really -- there's no possible ambiguity. 20 here, when you look at this, particularly in line with 21 they're trying to capture what's going on in that portion of the written description, then, in our view, the certain 22 23 years -- the debate to be had, at least, about what they 24 meant. And, therefore, we wouldn't reach the Chef America

principle, we'd go back and look and say how can we give

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1 this meaning that accords with the written description. 2 THE COURT: What if I just find myself at 3 I see both sides, right. equipoise. What do I do in that situation? 4 5 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I mean, our view of the world, Your Honor, is that this is a claim construction issue. 6 7 THE COURT: No, I agree. But what if in claim 8 construction -- and I hear you read out the embodiment, I 9 hear them say you got to give meaning put it to claim term, 10 "contact," can't be meaningless. 11 You say not to resort to extrinsic evidence, but 12 even if I did, I've got competing expert testimony and I have an expert who agrees with you that -- you're reading 13 14 out a preferred embodiment, but at the same time says you can absolutely have this claim still cover processes, right. 15 And I'm thinking, I really can't -- this is 16 17 very, very tough. Can I weigh policy consideration? Can I 18 consider you already got a patent and now you're trying to, essentially, broaden what you got as an initial patent to 19 20 keep people out of the field; can I let any of that factor 21 into my analysis? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: 22 I don't believe so. 23 THE COURT: What should you do if you're the 24 Court and you're really stuck?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think unfortunately, Your

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1 Honor --2 THE COURT: This is why we get paid the big 3 bucks. 4 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Exactly, Your Honor. 5 Mr. Stone may have a better answer than I. MR. STONE: I don't know that I do, Your Honor. 6 7 But, forgive me, the way I read the case law is you start with the language of the claim and then we -- as Your Honor 8 9 is quite familiar -- and by the way that has to mean all the 10 claims, it has to have Claim 2 and Claim 3, you have to have 11 life too, it's not just the word "and," you have to look at 12 the language of the claim. Where it is susceptible of more 13 than one meaning --14 THE COURT: Wait. 15 MR. STONE: Sure. 16 THE COURT: Yeah, I -- I think what you just 17 said is a little more nuanced. 18 MR. STONE: Okay. 19 I think because there have got to be THE COURT: 20 constructions of claims that have been upheld even when they 21 nullified another claim in the patent. 22 MR. STONE: Absolutely. 23 THE COURT: So that's -- what you read as Yeah. 24 a whole -- in other words, there's still a debate between 25 I've got to give meaning to "contact" and I've got to give

meaning to Claim 14.

MR. STONE: And I did not mean to suggest otherwise, Your Honor, you are right. But when you look at what does the word "and" or what does the word "contact" or what does the word phrase mean in Claim 1; one part of considering that is what --

THE COURT: I agree with that.

MR. STONE: That's all I meant to say, it's not dispositive. But Your Honor has asked if all of this is equipoise, because they've got arguments and we've got arguments.

Ultimately, the fallback then becomes not leaving dependent claims inoperable. That actually is -reoccurs not only in what do the words mean question, but would this construction read out a claim. And I think that here it is agreed that Claim 2 doesn't work -- if the ingredients are edited simultaneously because, as we heard from both experts, it would explode.

And so, ultimately I think the law provides -you can then get further down to construing claims to
preserve invalidity, which is not an issue here. But the
patent can be read, the claim can be read in a way -- or at
least one can get to the analysis -- what does this do for
Claim 2, what does this do for --

THE COURT: So you are saying that giving

1 meaning to a claim is more important than giving meaning to 2 a word in --3 MR. STONE: Oh, I am not, Your Honor. THE COURT: Well, I think that is what you're 4 5 saying. 6 MR. STONE: No, I'm saying --7 THE COURT: The way I look at it is to preserve 8 Claim 13, 2 and 3, I have to conclude that "contact" doesn't 9 mean anything. If I reach that conclusion, which I read --10 I misunderstood you, Your Honor. MR. STONE: 11 I thought you meant if you are at equipoise 12 about what to do with contacting, what then do we do to 13 break the --14 THE COURT: No, I'm talking about I'm at equipoise about the whole construction of the limitation. 15 16 And I've concluded that I can't give meaning to "contact" 17 unless I read this as requiring simultaneous mixing as oppose to sequential mixing. And I can't give meaning to 18 19 contact if I do that. 20 On the other hand, I realize if I give meaning 21 to contact, I'm reading Claim 14 out of the patent. 22 That's what I'm saying, what do you do. 23 Is there a -- at that point, is there something that comes 24 in and says here's the dispositive question? 25 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think there is a tie

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breaker, in the sense of like in terms of policy or I can use discretion or those things. I think for better or worse, it's like a statue, I have got to answer the question and one way or the other; it just has to be an answer. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Unless Your Honor has further questions --THE COURT: I might, but let's hear from Mr. Rozendaal. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Okay. MR. ROZENDAAL: Mr. Brooks, can you go ahead and pull up JTX-6, I think. Just do Claim 1 would be fine. Here we go. So, Your Honor, I don't have any slides, you know we are on the generic side. THE COURT: That's fine. MR. ROZENDAAL: I guess I would start by saying that I don't think this is a problem with "and," and I don't think that the proposed solution that Vanda has put forward by just sticking the word "then" in -- in their letter to Your Honor they said you can basically -- we think the plain meaning is "and then contacting" with or -- yes, with an acid. I don't think that solves the problem, because

you need to contact and react the carboxamide with a

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reducing agent. And everybody agrees that the reducing agent has to both touch and have a reacting chemical interaction with the carboxamide. I don't think they agree with that. THE COURT: MR. ROZENDAAL: I think they do. THE COURT: Well, I don't because -- well, because they admit that the carboxamide is modified once it touches the reducing agent. MR. ROZENDAAL: Right. But at least the reducing agent has to touch the carboxamide, even in their view of the world. THE COURT: Right. MR. ROZENDAAL: And it has to react. reducing agent and the carboxamide has to react. THE COURT: Correct. MR. ROZENDAAL: All right. So far so good. And then even if you stick the word "then" in, it says "and then an acid." THE COURT: Yeah, well, that's why I agreed to it if you say it can't be modified. MR. ROZENDAAL: Right. Because it's still the case that the thing that needs to be reacted with the acid or contacted with the acid is the carboxamide. THE COURT: I agree.

MR. ROZENDAAL: What they would need to do to

get what they want is they would need to do a contacting and reacting the carboxamide with a reducing agent and -- and then contacting and reacting the product of that reaction with an acid to form -- you know, and it would look like that.

And so, I don't think that it's just a question of well, let's look at the dictionary for "and" and pick a definition we like. I think they have a structural problem with the way the claim is written. And it's illustrated by the fact there are two contacting and reacting steps, right.

So you do a reaction that produces the methanamine in the first step and then when they want you to do something to that intermediate product, they put in a whole separate step. So I think the structure -- the way the claim is written indicates to one when you have an intermediate product and when you don't. And so, that's why, we think, just as a matter of grammar and structure, the plain meaning of this claim is really not ambiguous and they're stuck with it.

And in further support of that, I would point

Your Honor to the case that we cited in our letter submitted

March 30th, TFH versus Hearts Mountain, that's 67 Federal

Appendix 599 at 602 to 603. I know federal appendix is an

unpublished case, but I think Your Honor will find the

language -- it's strikingly close to our facts, right.

There the Court said: "The unambiguous meaning of the words 'the reaction of A and B' precludes any construction that might embrace the presence of an intermediate compound or intervening step."

So the claim said "the reaction of A and B" and the proposed construction was -- it was well, that means you react A with something and then you react B with something.

And the Federal Circuit said no, no, no, no. Reacting A and B means that those two things have to react, you can't react A with something to make something else and then react that with B.

And I would suggest that you get the same result if you stick the word "with" in there instead of "and." If you say reacting A with B, that means that A and B need to be touching and reacting. It can't be A and then an intermediate and then B.

And so, I think that what this shows is that there is precedent, there is, you know, sort of -- a mainstream reading of this kind of claim is that the things that are reacting need to be in contact with one another.

And, you know, for -- and, of course, we also cited the *Lucin Technologies versus Gateway* case for the proposition that where we conclude the claim language as unambiguous, we have construed the claims to exclude all disclosed embodiments, right. So there are plenty of

1 examples. And by the way, this -- when you look at the top 2 3 of Column 14 where they talk about this reaction, it doesn't say this is the invention. It doesn't even say this is the 4 5 preferred embodiment. It says in one example. 6 So I don't think we should, you know, 7 overemphasize the example of the particular reagents that's 8 given there. They have clearly written the claim designed 9 for broader application, and they have written it in a way 10 that is not exactly what they're now wishing it had been, 11 but they are the masters of the claim and they ought to live 12 with the claim that they have written. 13 And I guess that's really --14 THE COURT: You agree --15 MR. ROZENDAAL: -- our point. 16 THE COURT: -- that if I read it your way, Claim 17 14 is gone; it's written out, right? 18 MR. ROZENDAAL: Well, I don't know that it's --19 I don't know that it's gone. I mean, I think it's a 20 reaction that --21 THE COURT: Well, I mean --22 MR. ROZENDAAL: -- people would not want to do. 23 -- they wouldn't do it. THE COURT: 24 MR. ROZENDAAL: He said that doing that would

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have undesirable consequences.

1 THE COURT: I can't even -- you've got to give 2 an inch here or you won't give anything? 3 You're not going to agree that that --MR. ROZENDAAL: No, I agree --4 5 THE COURT: So if I accept your construction, I have to read out Claim 14 of the patent? 6 7 MR. ROZENDAAL: Well, in the sense as a practical matter, yes, Your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: Okay. And I have to read out the 10 scheme five? 11 MR. ROZENDAAL: Scheme five would not be covered 12 by this claim, that's right. That doesn't mean that they --13 I don't pretend to have looked at every single claim, but 14 they all sort of point back to Claim 1 in one way or the other. 15 THE COURT: Well, because -- didn't your expert 16 17 agree that the lithium reducing agent, I don't know the entire lithium, whatever it is, and the HCL a POSA would 18 19 not --20 MR. ROZENDAAL: He definitely said one would not 21 want to put those particular reagents together. I certainly remember him saying that. 22 23 I guess my point is that he did not say that the 24 claim is inoperative. He didn't say that this is a claim 25 that becomes chemical gibberish.

THE COURT: I agree he did not say that.

All right. Leave the claim up, please.

I think the defendants are right. I think they have a better reading of this claim and I think it's really applying plain English. I don't even think it's ambiguous. And I think to read it the way the plaintiffs want would require me to completely ignore the word "contacting and."

The claim, the plain language of the claim requires that the carboxamide contact and react with two objects. They are joined by a conjunction. The first is a reducing agent and the second is an acid. But just because they're two doesn't mean they are sequential; and, in fact, to the opposite I conclude that the unambiguous language requires that the contact and reaction of a carboxamide with reducing agent and the acid occur simultaneously at the same time.

As I've gone through the grammar of the particular limitation, I think that it's very clear. I think any doubt is set aside by the fact that that limitation is concluded with a semicolon and followed by another limitation, which has a contacting and reacting limitation. It would not make sense -- that wouldn't be necessary if we could just have contacting and reacting apply to everything that follows. And I think, as counsel for plaintiff acknowledged, once the carboxamide has a

reaction or contact with the reducing agent, it's no longer the carboxamide. That is the subject of the clause.

So, I agree. And, look, the case law -- I'm not going to cite the case law. I'm familiar with the general principles. You've all cited and I have read the cases that you have cited, and I don't think it's going to add anything. And if -- I expect that you will cite the same cases to the Federal Circuit, and they are really there to set forth the principles that guide claim construction.

I am aware that this construction reads out an embodiment, principally -- or, namely, scheme five of the patent. I'm aware that it nullifies Claim 14. Based on extrinsic evidence, by the way, not by intrinsic evidence.

And when you construe a patent, you give priority to intrinsic evidence. You start with the claim, I did. You give meaning to the words of the claim, I did. And sometimes there are consequences that follow. The words are within the control of the patentee. And I think that's important.

And then lastly, as I alluded to before, the sixth example in the patent, in the text that describes it there's a step that does not use "contacting and." And so that would suggest that again there's something different between contacting and reacting, and I think that supports the construction that I've just made.

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So this oral ruling will stand as my construction of the limitation. And I understand it will have consequences. All right. All right. Is there anything else we need to address? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Your Honor, is the Court inclined to hear closings tomorrow? THE COURT: What do you think? I mean, you see in a way I'd say yes because I've got a lot of fresh stuff in my head. On the other hand, I'm not going to be able to, you know, reach decisions without briefing. What are your thoughts? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think that, you know, we have conferred previously and we were each of the view that it would probably be better to do briefing and then reconvene for whatever argument Your Honor wants. But, you know, we fully recognize that there is value to immediacy and recollection. And by the time we get back here it will be at least several weeks from now, I'm sure. MR. ROZENDAAL: I agree with that, Your Honor. Subject to the caveat that obviously we have an awful lot of smart lawyers here, I think we should do whatever the Court finds helpful.

THE COURT: Well, let's not have closing

argument. But let me just ask you some general questions, and I'm going to make a finding. I found Dr. Emens to be very credible. And just his mannerism while testifying, his directness and lack of hesitation. He does not appear to have any source of bias. And so, I found his testimony to be compelling. And when you brief, you should do that with that in mind because that's a factual finding that I'm making. And I'm making it today because I have had many days watching these witnesses, all of whom are very, very impressive, but his testimony in particular stuck out to me. So that's one thing.

Can we bring up -- let's just talk generally --

Can we bring up -- let's just talk generally -- and you can even be seated -- about just the idea that you can get a patent for a composition and then get a patent for a method to give that composition to certain patients.

That's just -- there's no question, right, that that's a patentable thing.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Absolutely, Your Honor, that's bedrock patent law.

THE COURT: Sure.

Go ahead, Mr. Rozendaal.

MR. ROZENDAAL: Well, if it is new, useful and nonobvious.

THE COURT: No, no, I totally get that, but what we do, most of these cases are methods.

MR. ROZENDAAL: Right. But I guess my point is that when one has a compound patent, often it's hard to show that the subsequent, the follow-on patents are new, useful and nonobvious.

THE COURT: Fair enough.

And I see these cases all the time. But I can't recall seeing a case where -- what I'll call, like, the next step occurs. Where we have a composition patent and then we get a patent for that composition with limitations that do nothing more than identify impurities in the composition.

Is that also patentable with the same surety that, you know, a method to give a -- that's novel, to give a drug to people is patentable.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think so, Your Honor. And the reason is -- at least under the circumstances of this case. Because what we heard was because these are pharmaceuticals and they're regulated, and there's a whole lot of requirements about how you control for impurities and get them out of there, and that there is value to knowing the structures, right, therefore, what the -- there is utility to having done the work, which we heard on this record took several years, to identify these impurities so that the manufacturing process can then proceed more efficiently.

THE COURT: So was there any testimony that was

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adduced that showed that the manufacturing process was actually affected by the identification of impurities? MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes. I think there was testimony that the -- that it was easier for Apotex and Teva to satisfy FDA; that their processes were acceptable precisely because these five impurities have been identified and you could -- therefore, would not have to reinvent the wheel. THE COURT: But that goes to getting approval by the FDA. What I'm talking about, was there any evidence adduced that somebody altered their manufacturing process based on the identification of the impurities? I didn't hear anything. MR. ROZENDAAL: I think the answer is no. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I'd have to go back and check, but I think the answer is yes. That Vanda, in the course of developing its process, went through iterations and used these -- this information to bring the process to a point where it would -- it was approvable by FDA. THE COURT: I thought that the -- Teva's process was in 2013?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: There's only ever been -well, I'm talking about what they did in the years of
bringing it to the place where it could be initially

1 approved. I have no idea whether it's changed since then. 2 THE COURT: What year were the impurities 3 identified? 4 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: The patent was filed in 2014. 5 The testimony was that the work leading up to it was conducted over several years prior to that. 6 7 THE COURT: But when were the impurities -- I mean, at some point they had to have been identified. 8 9 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I do not remember if there was 10 a precise date, there may have been in Dr. Perni's 11 testimony. 12 Ms. Young tells me -- and, again, I cannot 13 represent to the Court that this is in the record -- but 14 Ms. Young says Impurities 1 through 3 were identified in 2011 and Impurities 5 and 6 were identified in 2013. 15 16 THE COURT: The process was finalized as of 17 July 15, 2011? 18 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: No, I don't think so. The --19 THE COURT: What was the date on the 20 clinicaltrials.gov? 21 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: The clinicaltrials.gov is July 22 of 2010. 23 THE COURT: '10, sorry. 24 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: That's the assertion, right. 25 THE COURT: Well, right.

But that's the process -- hasn't changed since then, right?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Absolutely it has. That -the way this would work, Your Honor, and I think there was
testimony to this effect, at least in general, is when a
pharmaceutical company is doing clinical work, it will make
the drug often by one process, but as it's moving -- and
that's what would be used in the patients in the clinical
trial.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: But then in parallel with that, as the process is moving, as the development is moving forward, you're trying to get a more rigorous process that you think you can get FDA approval, not for clinical trials but for actual full scale use. And that, you know, there are, you know, numerous people at pharmaceutical companies who are doing this.

THE COURT: When was that -- in this case when was that process, if there was any evidence at all about it then, when was that process approved by the FDA?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: This was approved in early 2014 as part of the approval for Hetlioz.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: And, you know, the way the thing works is that they put together an enormous package of

information that includes not -- you know, there's one section that's clinical studies, another section is manufacturing in tremendous detail precisely because these are things that are going to be taken by people. And that whole package is submitted to FDA, and there's some back and forth, and then eventually FDA will approve it, but only if all the pieces, each one individually, meet with approval.

THE COURT: Well, what I'd like you to do separate and apart from your briefing is just put together like a two-page letter that identifies in the record any evidence that the manufacturing process of tasimelteon was adjusted to account for the identification of the impurities. Because I didn't hear anything. And I don't mean -- I think the fact that you can more quickly obtain FDA approval because you happen to identify impurities, that's a different question it seems to me.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I guess, Your Honor, the way we would look at that is the question does the invention have utility. And if the utility is that it makes it easier to make a pure and more safe product, then that is a utility that meets the requirements of the patent laws.

THE COURT: All right. Well I still think, I think the problem I think for you all there is the process already was such that the limitations for the impurities could be met. And that's one thing. And then secondly, it

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was disclosed in the Chinese patent that the aggregate of all the impurities was less than what the limitations require of any one impurity. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: That --THE COURT: Right. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Yes, but, I mean, then there's some testimony about how reliable is that, the optical rotation and the melting point. THE COURT: Yeah, but you proffered that exhibit, right, it was your exhibit. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: It was. I just thought, you know -- like, THE COURT: for instance, I just didn't -- I'll make this a factual finding because, again, we're closer, it's better I do it. I didn't find the testimony from your expert to talk about the unreliability of that very credible. Having put up the study, which right away puts the imprimatur of the expert on it, in my opinion, to then only when it becomes an issue to discount its legitimacy. I just didn't find it to be very credible. MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I quess -- I'm not sure that it was we who proffered it, right. We mentioned it in the direct testimony. THE COURT: Right. But it hadn't been

introduced or mentioned in court prior to that; right?

1 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Right. And the significance 2 of it was that it was considered by the patent office, who, nonetheless, found the claims allowable over it. 3 THE COURT: Well, I can go back and look at it, 4 5 but my reaction was I thought, I didn't -- I didn't find that very, very compelling testimony, but... 6 7 Okay. All right then, let's talk about 8 briefing. You're going to go first on infringement, they 9 get to respond, you go first on validity, you respond to 10 them in the same day and I think we should move on it. 11 also would like a copy of the witnesses -- or pictures 12 submitted to me so I can remember them weeks from now when I have to. Do we have a set of all the exhibits already? 13 14 MR. ROZENDAAL: I don't think we have the set yet, we have a list that we are finalizing for Your Honor. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. And that's great. Just put 17 them together. I'd like a hard copy with every exhibit with 18 a file in order. And by "in order," I mean do plaintiff, do defendant, do joint in order. 19 20 So what's the schedule for briefing? 21 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: Would it make more sense if we confer and submit something to the Court? 22 23 THE COURT: Well, I think we should probably get 24 a sense of what you were thinking first. For instance, I know you said December, I got -- I need to get this done in 25

1 the next couple of months. 2 MR. STONE: Your Honor is contemplating three 3 rounds of briefing, we go first on infringement, they 4 respond on both -- I quess you had said simultaneously but I 5 suspect they need to read our infringement brief with 6 respect to noninfringement. 7 MS. JACOBS: First on validity. 8 MR. STONE: Oh, I see. So them on validity at 9 the same time as us on infringement a response and then a 10 reply, I suppose? 11 THE COURT: Yes. 12 MR. STONE: So six briefs in total on three 13 dates? 14 THE COURT: Yes. 15 MR. STONE: Is -- may we confer? THE COURT: Yes. Look, here's where I look at 16 17 it, that I really need it by the end of July. I mean at the 18 absolute latest. I really need it before. 19 MS. JACOBS: Your Honor, if you could tell us 20 when we need it by, I think we can confer --21 THE COURT: So I need the reply brief -- hold on a second. 22 23 All right. I'll tell you part of the problem 24 here I have an ANDA trial the last week of this month, I 25 have two in June and one in July. So that's the problem.

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And I also have two ANDAs I have got to write opinions for that I just finished and a bench trial for Ms. Jacobs that I have got to write. (Discussion held off the record.) So anyway, and I have got clerks THE COURT: turning over and I do not want to start with new clerks on an ANDA case. So can we get the reply briefs in May? MR. ROZENDAAL: I think we can make that happen. THE COURT: Okay. You know and frankly, look how many lawyers are in the room and look at this guy, he's the equivalent of all of you helping me, so... So why don't we just do this, why don't you work backwards. So May 27th, which is right before Memorial day weekend but I'll give you the whole month of May. MS. JACOBS: We appreciate, Your Honor, understanding that today is April's Fools Day. THE COURT: No, tomorrow day is, April fools. All right so that's it. And then no delays, no extensions; it's going to be May 27th, and that way your associates can have a Memorial Day weekend. In fact I'm going to make it Thursday. I'm going to make it Thursday, May 26th so the junior partners and the associates who the brunt of this

Word limitations? You know, it's funny, the

will fall on will get it through.

1 best briefs, the best briefs are the shortest briefs. 2 going to take care -- one of the patents is basically going 3 to go away, right? 4 MR. GROOMBRIDGE: That's right, Your Honor, I 5 mean it seems like that leads us to noninfringement on the '465. 6 7 THE COURT: Well, actually right, do they want to drop their invalidity? 8 9 MR. ROZENDAAL: That's the thing, I think we 10 want to go ahead on the invalidity portion of it. 11 THE COURT: I'll warn you I did decide an ANDA 12 case last year in August, I thought it was so slam dunk on 13 infringement I didn't get to invalidity and there was 14 another -- we tried invalidity and I reserved judgment --15 (Discussion held off the record.) 16 THE COURT: Anyway, but I'm not guaranteeing you 17 if you brief it, we'll see, I mean, I might, I might, so... 18 I can't stress enough to prioritize your arguments. Pick 19 your -- go with your best stuff first. I just can't stress 20 that enough. 21 And so anything on the length? (Discussion held off the record.) 22 23 I will say that in the case we just MS. JACOBS: 24 finished with Judge Andrews last week the ANDA case we did 25 60 pages per side total of 120 pages allocated among, you

know, all the briefing. Does Your Honor -- and I assume you
want separate findings and briefing or what --

THE COURT: Is there a way to do that -- please have a seat. So let's think about this, let's be creative. We can go off the record.

(Discussion held off the record.)

THE COURT: All right. You're all going to confer about the briefing schedule, the reply brief will be due May 26th, the Thursday, I will not grant an extension. You need to work backwards to get the answering brief and opening brief dates. Each side will get an opening reply brief for the claims that it has brought. You didn't bring the declaration for noninfringement, did you? No. I'm combining you all between the defendants is one. And you can enter a -- or file a proposed stipulation and order with respect to briefing and page limitations next week, let's say close of business Friday.

At some point before the reply brief is submitted, you need to provide us a full set of exhibits. And if you can think of a creative way to have appendices with tabs and highlighted exhibits, I commend that to you, but don't require it. I'll leave that to you. You think it could facilitate our handling of the briefing, I commend you.

Review of the transcripts, we have got two court

reporters, so they will get rough transcripts out to you, you will -- and we'll enter an oral order with a date by which you must submit your errata. I will review my portions of the transcript at some point, and I don't know if it will be before you are given a rough draft or not. It probably will not, but... And so that -- I don't think that will affect you.

Can the defendants please submit a written order -- anything further you need to put in writing about my claim construction today?

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I don't think so, Your Honor,

I assumed that Your Honor was issuing the decision --

I often follow up with a written order because normally it's in the context of where the parties have submitted competing constructions and I pick that or I do another one. In this one, I didn't actually -- I did I think articulate specifically a construction, what I said was that the defendant's reading of the claim was correct and it requires that the reducing agent and acid be reacted with a carboxamide simultaneously, I think that's sufficient.

MR. GROOMBRIDGE: I think it's sufficient and I'm not sure what else the Court would do.

MR. ROZENDAAL: Yeah, I do wonder for future purposes if it might be cleaner just to have an order on the

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docket that we could point to instead of having to point to a transcript. We're happy to take a crack at it. THE COURT: All right. Why don't you submit something proposed. If you want, you can run it by each other or just submit it. Do that by Wednesday next week. MR. ROZENDAAL: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Okay. Are there any other matters? We'll issue an oral order with respect to the court reporter errata. Anything else you can all think of? MS. JACOBS: I alluded to this, Your Honor, but the parties will be filing a stipulation as to uncontested matters just so that the record is complete on that. THE COURT: That would be good. And if you want to submit a Word version of that, I would appreciate it. MR. ROZENDAAL: One other thing we are working on a stipulation of dismissal without prejudice and regarding the one patent that was dropped shortly before trial, so that should be appearing on the docket, I would think, shortly. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Any other matters? Well, thank you all. It was a very interesting trial, very well tried, very entertaining and interesting. And there are very, very interesting issues, that's for

sure, and they're important issues and we'll get to them as quickly as we can. Thank you. (Whereupon, the following proceeding concluded at 3:44 p.m.) I hereby certify the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript from my stenographic notes in the proceeding. /s/ Michele L. Rolfe, RPR, CRR U.S. District Court

				
\$	0.5 [2] - 1173:12,	12 [6] - 1079:25,	1065:25, 1066:1,	22 [3] - 1008:6,
Ψ	1173:14	1089:25, 1124:11,	1095:9, 1095:10,	1021:24, 1181:12
\$100,000 [1] - 1213:11	01 [3] - 1023:14,	1125:4, 1131:7,	1107:22, 1122:16,	23 [2] - 1021:24,
\$8,500 [2] - 1213:8,	1024:2, 1025:6	1235:19	1124:15, 1153:13,	1124:13
1213:10		12-and-a-half [1] -	1160:9, 1160:24,	24 [3] - 1183:8,
	1	1178:8	1161:10, 1178:6,	1192:9, 1200:23
•		12-hour [1] - 1121:17	1178:7, 1180:9,	24-hour [8] - 1170:14,
	1 [28] - 1008:12,	120 [1] - 1268:24	1204:7, 1214:2,	1187:11, 1187:25,
'019 [8] - 1008:15,	1008:17, 1022:14,	13 [6] - 1049:4,	1236:3, 1236:4,	1191:5, 1191:9,
1015:9, 1015:23,	1022:20, 1023:5,	1161:7, 1191:22,	1237:9, 1237:13,	1192:17, 1196:13,
1016:9, 1017:20,	1024:3, 1024:23,	1192:3, 1192:5,	1246:9, 1247:15,	1197:10
1018:17, 1019:23,	1037:10, 1038:24,	1248:7	1247:23, 1248:7	25 [9] - 1097:14,
1020:8	1065:24, 1066:1,	135 [1] - 1144:8	2.6 [1] - 1037:18	1097:24, 1111:7,
'019 [4] - 1008:5,	1096:12, 1125:4,	14 [27] - 1050:11,	2.75 [1] - 1177:11	1133:15, 1133:23,
1015:14, 1015:19, 1015:22	1140:10, 1156:12, 1172:18, 1173:3,	1052:25, 1129:11,	20 [11] - 1015:3,	1134:1, 1143:19,
'10 [1] - 1261:22	1178:23, 1181:21,	1144:8, 1160:17,	1094:25, 1095:13, 1180:13, 1194:6,	1178:7, 1200:13
'244 [1] - 1184:8	1183:3, 1195:21,	1160:21, 1172:7, 1191:12, 1191:22,	1196:15, 1196:25,	26th [2] - 1267:21, 1269:8
'268 [3] - 1008:2,	1197:13, 1226:22,	1191.12, 1191.22, 1192:5,	1197:7, 1205:12,	27th [2] - 1267:13,
1011:9, 1011:10	1237:5, 1247:4,	1192.2, 1192.5, 1194:15, 1234:13,	1205:19, 1211:2	1267:19
'384 [1] - 1059:10	1249:11, 1254:13,	1235:18, 1235:19,	2000 [1] - 1042:16	2:00 [1] - 1207:1
'465 [17] - 1006:19,	1261:13	1236:3, 1236:6,	2000s [2] - 1218:15,	2A6 [1] - 1114:24
1007:4, 1007:16,	1,100 [1] - 1027:22	1236:11, 1237:9,	1218:18	2B6 [2] - 1114:24,
1008:13, 1009:1,	1.1 [1] - 1037:18	1237:13, 1246:25,	2001 [1] - 1042:17	1115:23
1012:21, 1013:2,	1.7 [1] - 1175:15	1248:20, 1253:2,	2004 [5] - 1204:21,	2C19 [4] - 1039:4,
1015:17, 1020:11,	1.75-hour [1] -	1253:16, 1254:5,	1213:1, 1215:6,	1114:24, 1115:23,
1020:15, 1020:18,	1175:15	1256:11	1215:7, 1218:11	1146:6
1020:20, 1021:10,	10 [20] - 1006:19,	15 [6] - 1010:5,	2007 [1] - 1042:18	2C8 [2] - 1114:24,
1226:21, 1227:6,	1007:16, 1008:13,	1010:18, 1010:23,	2008 [2] - 1170:20,	1115:23
1228:13, 1268:5	1008:25, 1020:11, 1020:15, 1020:18,	1017:22, 1235:20,	1173:23	2C9 [7] - 1066:8,
'487 [2] - 1190:10,	1020:15, 1020:16, 1020:25,	1261:16 16 [5] - 1039:14,	2010 [6] - 1169:20,	1067:25, 1069:18,
1190:12 '529 [4] - 1010:10,	1047:1, 1073:15,	1039:18, 1039:19,	1170:21, 1173:23,	1074:1, 1103:8,
1010:14, 1010:19,	1076:11, 1152:9,	1039:10, 1039:19,	1199:21, 1199:22, 1261:21	1114:21, 1146:6 2D6 [7] - 1066:8,
1010:14, 1010:15,	1152:12, 1152:13,	16.2 [1] - 1106:23	2011 [2] - 1261:14,	1067:25, 1069:18,
'604 [2] - 1191:4,	1207:4, 1210:9,	16.3 [1] - 1107:10	1261:16	1073:25, 1103:8,
1227:11	1226:21, 1226:23	17 [1] - 1199:11	2012 [23] - 1059:5,	1114:21, 1146:6
'70 [1] - 1026:14	10-minute [1] - 1126:8	17.3 [1] - 1021:23	1059:7, 1059:12,	2E1 [2] - 1114:24,
'70s [1] - 1029:20	10.15 [1] - 1137:21	171 [1] - 1219:18	1145:18, 1145:22,	1115:23
'72 [2] - 1026:14,	10.20 [1] - 1141:3	18-651-CFC [1] - 1:6	1146:3, 1146:14,	
1026:18	100-fold [8] - 1045:9,	1812 [1] - 1054:24	1146:20, 1147:8,	3
'74 [1] - 1026:18	1045:11, 1045:12,	19 [1] - 1144:8	1148:18, 1148:23,	
'829 [6] - 1028:24,	1045:22, 1176:19, 1177:2, 1178:19,	1966 [1] - 1026:13	1149:3, 1156:2,	3 [19] - 1022:14,
1049:4, 1050:11,	1218:12	1970 [1] - 1026:13	1156:7, 1158:23, 1159:13, 1173:24,	1022:21, 1023:5,
1053:1, 1129:11, 1191:12	100-milligram [4] -	1970s [1] - 1098:19	1180:7, 1180:17,	1035:5, 1037:15, 1111:5, 1123:19,
'910 [7] - 1029:2,	1175:10, 1175:17,	1974 [1] - 1163:16	1182:23, 1199:3,	1168:2, 1191:3,
1050:20, 1050:21,	1176:9, 1178:4	1978 [1] - 1164:18	1217:6	1195:18, 1235:18,
1053:19, 1129:13,	101 [1] - 1086:10	1981 [1] - 1163:18 1999 [1] - 1127:23	2013 [2] - 1260:21,	1236:3, 1236:5,
1140:3, 1140:7	102 [3] - 1086:9,	1A1 [5] - 1066:8,	1261:14	1237:13, 1246:9,
'the [1] - 1252:1	1086:10, 1089:25	1067:25, 1069:18,	2014 [3] - 1215:4,	1248:7, 1261:13
	11 [6] - 1122:3,	1103:8, 1114:21	1261:3, 1262:21	30 [4] - 1032:4,
1	1122:6, 1124:11,	1A2 [6] - 1067:20,	2015 [5] - 1171:15,	1123:19, 1207:25,
40-0-	1125:5, 1152:12	1067:21, 1069:17,	1172:10, 1199:17,	1208:4
/s [1] - 1272:7	11.25 [1] - 1200:14	1073:25, 1096:13,	1199:19, 1218:3	30(b)(6 [1] - 1113:5
^	11.6 [1] - 1166:13 11:00 [5] - 1167:14,	1100:14	2017 [2] - 1173:17, 1200:4	301.37 [1] - 1006:16 30th [1] - 1251:21
0	11.00 [5] - 1107.14, 1167:19, 1168:2,		2022 [1] - 1:16	31 [2] - 1:16, 1125:1
0.15 [2] - 1015:16,	1179:11, 1182:10	2	21 [2] - 1176:14,	32 [2] - 1020:1,
1023:4	11:40 [1] - 1126:8	2 [26] - 1035:6, 1036:2,	1180:9	1124:11
		[.,,,		

32-minute [1] -1121:18 34 [2] - 1020:1, 1125:6 **35** [2] - 1207:8, 1242:14 36 [2] - 1007:20, 1124:13 37_[1] - 1007:20 38 [2] - 1111:9, 1111:10 39 [1] - 1184:20 394 [1] - 1139:20 3:44 [1] - 1272:3 **3A**[1] - 1096:13 3A4 [15] - 1068:1, 1068:18, 1070:3, 1071:4, 1071:5, 1074:7, 1102:16, 1103:13, 1103:17, 1104:6, 1105:4, 1112:6, 1114:24, 1115:23, 1140:14 4

4 [11] - 1036:1, 1038:23, 1045:6, 1049:17, 1050:21, 1053:18, 1111:5, 1122:4, 1124:12, 1129:13, 1140:3 **40** [3] - 1027:13, 1032:4, 1122:16 **41** [1] - 1114:12 **411** [1] - 1008:5 **43** [3] - 1114:14, 1156:12 **45** [7] - 1115:4, 1123:11, 1176:9, 1176:10, 1176:17, 1177:2, 1177:9 **450** [1] - 1075:11 **46** [2] - 1115:7, 1115:12 **48-hour** [2] - 1195:10, 1196:18 **49** [2] - 1164:17, 1186:11

5

4:00 [1] - 1168:8

4B [1] - 1006:4

5 [6] - 1022:14, 1022:21, 1023:5, 1083:19, 1182:7, 1261:14 **50** [9] - 1027:4, 1032:4, 1123:12,

1146:16, 1146:22,

1147:2, 1147:4, 1148:1, 1178:6 **500** [1] - 1213:9 **52** [7] - 1008:5, 1008:16. 1019:25. 1082:18. 1082:25. 1226:6 **52(c** [1] - 1221:22 **53** [6] - 1008:17, 1020:1, 1082:18, 1082:25, 1083:4, 1083:18 **55** [1] - 1120:5 **59** [2] - 1007:19, 1194:8 **599** [1] - 1251:22

6

1022:21, 1023:5,

1050:1, 1068:22,

5:00 [1] - 1168:8

6 [9] - 1022:14,

1158:24, 1166:11, 1183:22, 1261:14 **6.10** [2] - 1080:10, 1080:11 **60** [3] - 1007:20, 1218:7, 1268:24 **602** [1] - 1251:22 **603** [1] - 1251:22 **61** [1] - 1007:7 611_[1] - 1087:19 614 [1] - 1087:20 **62** [1] - 1007:7 63 [1] - 1006:21 **64** [2] - 1006:22, 1006:24 **65** [2] - 1138:4, 1138:7 **66** [1] - 1188:3 **67** [2] - 1219:5,

1251:21

7 [6] - 1124:15, 1160:2, 1183:22, 1196:10, 1228:7, 1242:14 7-to-9 [1] - 1166:18 780 [1] - 1027:23 **79** [1] - 1146:5 7:00 [5] - 1167:14, 1167:19, 1167:23, 1179:11, 1182:11

8

8 [2] - 1160:21, 1242:14

8-page [1] - 1063:9 80 [1] - 1046:15 824 [1] - 1169:10 **830** [1] - 1014:7 **85** [2] - 1138:4, 1138:6 867425 [1] - 1130:4 **87** [2] - 1138:5, 1138:7 8:00 [1] - 1173:13 8:30 [1] - 1006:4

9

1122:16, 1149:19,

1196:11, 1219:18,

9 [6] - 1019:14,

1228:7

9.7 [1] - 1149:21 90 [4] - 1076:12, 1115:12, 1134:15, 1148:1 92 [1] - 1152:11 **98** [1] - 1148:15 99.9 [9] - 1015:15, 1017:10, 1021:16, 1022:1, 1022:10, 1022:22, 1023:10, 1023:24, 1024:19 9:00 [2] - 1173:7, 1173:15

Α

a-n-t-i-p-y-r-i-n-e [1] -

1137:19 a.m [4] - 1006:4, 1167:14, 1167:19, 1179:11 abbreviated [1] -1031:5 abbreviation [1] -1107:3 ability [8] - 1079:17, 1098:10. 1098:14. 1131:3. 1143:1. 1167:8. 1189:25. 1190:6 able [18] - 1015:18, 1051:22, 1065:23, 1085:8, 1121:25, 1125:22, 1126:4, 1126:5, 1152:20, 1153:3, 1166:5, 1166:19, 1177:25, 1182:8, 1187:24, 1218:16, 1237:11, 1257:10 absolute [2] -1111:14, 1266:17 absolutely [18] -1022:15, 1041:24,

1043:20, 1050:9, 1067:16, 1100:18, 1101:16, 1117:4, 1145:4, 1145:9, 1146:18, 1180:18, 1186:8, 1241:2, 1245:14, 1246:21, 1258:17, 1262:2 absorption [2] -1030:15, 1030:20 abstract [1] - 1147:20 abstracts [1] - 1205:3 abundance [3] -1084:15, 1085:19, 1216:15 abundant [2] -1051:18, 1161:5 Academy [1] -1217:19 accept [3] - 1103:1, 1110:25, 1254:4 acceptable [1] -1260:4 accepted [1] - 1177:17 according [3] -1008:8, 1011:10, 1125:3 accords [1] - 1244:25 account [2] - 1031:5, 1263:11 accurate [4] -1021:19, 1021:20, 1171:10, 1272:5 achieve [2] - 1202:24, 1204:16 achieved [2] -1192:12, 1194:11 achievement [1] -1028:3 achieving [1] -1198:11 acid [23] - 1007:12, 1020:14, 1021:4, 1021:6, 1226:24, 1229:14, 1234:12, 1234:25, 1235:21, 1236:6, 1236:17, 1237:10, 1237:12, 1243:8, 1249:22, 1250:17, 1250:21, 1250:22, 1251:3, 1255:10, 1255:14, 1270:19 acknowledged [1] -

1255:24

act [3] - 1035:11,

ACTION [1] - 1:5

1028:25, 1035:10, 1037:7, 1037:14, 1040:10, 1040:16, 1048:6, 1104:20, 1109:21, 1110:12 actions [3] - 1014:8, 1069:14. 1110:2 active [6] - 1079:14, 1107:18, 1132:14, 1135:20, 1141:20, 1146:10 activities [3] - 1030:3, 1040:10, 1127:10 activity [10] - 1040:14, 1040:15, 1041:12, 1041:17, 1078:24, 1079:4, 1079:10, 1085:15, 1107:2, 1135:10 acts [1] - 1041:16 actual [9] - 1033:9, 1044:25, 1046:21, 1085:17, 1155:13, 1155:15, 1164:25, 1186:16, 1262:14 actuality [1] - 1059:25 add [7] - 1021:4, 1031:13, 1031:15, 1233:9, 1234:25, 1235:13, 1256:5 adding [3] - 1006:24, 1020:14, 1153:23 **addition** [1] - 1238:2 additional [2] -1134:25, 1161:1 address [3] - 1113:20, 1227:25, 1257:4 addressed[1] -1181:6 addresses [1] -1199:4 adduce [1] - 1019:2 adduced [7] -1017:19, 1017:21, 1017:22, 1017:25, 1224:19, 1259:25, 1260:11 adjunct [3] - 1126:20, 1127:23, 1128:3 adjusted [1] - 1263:11 adjustment [3] -1091:17, 1098:5, 1098:11 adjustments [1] -1119:20 administer [9] -1078:5, 1121:24 1048:15, 1059:16, acting [1] - 1102:13 1084:18, 1100:22, 1117:8, 1118:7, action [13] - 1026:23, 1178:19, 1179:25,

1190:6
administered [11] -
1042:1, 1059:19,
1079:11, 1079:13,
1134:12, 1170:25,
1174:2, 1174:4,
1179:14, 1180:14,
1202:8
administering [5] -
1057:17, 1059:18,
1103:23, 1182:6, 1189:21
administers [1] -
1204:17
administration [18] -
1051:2, 1067:18,
1070:9, 1100:12,
1100:19, 1172:24,
1176:11, 1180:17,
1181:21, 1181:24, 1184:17, 1190:3,
1184:17, 1190:3,
1196:25, 1197:6,
1200:5, 1200:16,
1218:15, 1220:20 admiration [1] -
1174:13
admission [3] -
1015:22, 1209:6,
1209:13
admit [1] - 1250:6
admitted [55] -
1014:10, 1014:11,
1026:5, 1026:7,
1026:8, 1032:20,
1032:21, 1035:3,
1036:25, 1037:2,
1037:3, 1038:1, 1038:11, 1038:14,
1038:15, 1042:23,
1042:25, 1043:1,
1044:7, 1044:9,
1044:10, 1048:23, 1048:25, 1049:1,
1071:23, 1071:24,
1095:23, 1095:24,
1099:16, 1099:19,
1127:19, 1127:20,
1136:14, 1137:12,
1139:23, 1139:24,
1139:25, 1144:20, 1151:6, 1151:7
1151:6, 1151:7, 1162:5, 1162:6,
1169:12, 1169:13,
1170:2, 1170:3,
1171:25, 1172:1, 1182:20, 1185:22,
1185:23, 1209:16,
1209:17, 1219:12,
1219:13
Admitted [2] -

```
1136:13, 1137:11
admonished [1] -
 1020:3
advance [7] - 1167:21,
 1175:16. 1182:5.
 1183:6, 1201:1,
 1204:8, 1216:15
advanced [8] -
 1100:25, 1101:3,
 1118:8, 1167:21,
 1167:25, 1183:16,
 1201:7, 1202:9
advancing [3] -
 1172:15, 1200:18,
 1201:18
advantage [2] -
 1066:1, 1211:3
advantageous [1] -
adverse [3] - 1026:24,
 1047:20, 1091:13
advice [4] - 1086:5,
 1089:10, 1090:10,
 1091:24
advised [1] - 1062:21
advisor [1] - 1213:5
advisory [5] - 1181:7,
 1207:16, 1207:23,
 1213:3, 1218:23
advocate [1] - 1240:6
affect [2] - 1138:12,
 1270:6
affected [3] - 1132:11,
 1140:14, 1260:1
affinities [1] - 1107:20
affinity [8] - 1035:14,
 1037:13, 1040:16,
 1048:6, 1107:12,
 1108:2, 1110:11,
 1142:2
afraid [1] - 1095:14
afternoon [5] -
 1017:7, 1120:22,
 1142:20, 1142:21,
 1190:19
age [1] - 1106:5
agent [24] - 1007:12,
 1020:13, 1021:3,
 1021:8, 1154:16,
 1226:24, 1234:10,
 1234:24, 1235:14,
 1236:5, 1237:8,
 1237:12, 1243:8,
 1249:25, 1250:1,
 1250:7, 1250:9,
 1250:13, 1251:1,
```

1254:16, 1255:10,

1255:14, 1255:25,

agents [1] - 1236:19

1270:19

```
aggregate [4] -
 1023:13, 1024:2,
 1024:23, 1263:25
ago [3] - 1009:18,
 1164:17, 1186:11
agonist [8] - 1039:5,
 1062:5, 1204:18,
 1208:25, 1209:1,
 1210:2, 1211:13,
 1211:20
Agonist [2] - 1072:5,
 1159:25
agree [62] - 1007:3,
 1009:6, 1010:14,
 1013:1, 1024:7,
 1024:24, 1024:25,
 1052:15, 1062:2,
 1067:2, 1069:23,
 1071:12, 1083:1,
 1086:23, 1094:19,
 1096:2, 1129:16,
 1145:14, 1145:21,
 1146:3, 1146:12,
 1146:19, 1147:1,
 1147:2, 1147:7,
 1148:6, 1148:12,
 1148:18, 1149:3,
 1150:25, 1151:18,
 1155:7, 1155:19,
 1156:1, 1156:6,
 1156:16, 1156:20,
 1174:12, 1174:14,
 1189:18, 1191:2,
 1195:25, 1197:22,
 1198:14, 1198:22,
 1209:8, 1217:10,
 1228:12, 1229:3,
 1230:16, 1242:2,
 1245:6, 1247:6,
 1250:3. 1250:23.
 1253:13, 1254:2,
 1254:3, 1254:16,
 1254:25, 1256:2,
 1257:20
agreed [5] - 1064:12,
 1096:8, 1230:15,
 1247:15, 1250:18
agreement [1] -
 1228:21
agrees [2] - 1245:12,
 1249:25
ahead [14] - 1006:15,
 1015:5, 1019:8,
 1074:4, 1089:22,
 1225:3, 1225:22,
 1228:19, 1233:24,
 1233:25, 1240:17,
 1249:10, 1258:20,
 1268:9
aimed [1] - 1043:9
```

```
airplane [1] - 1177:23
al [1] - 1:8
aligned [2] - 1185:5,
 1239:24
allocate [1] - 1207:4
allocated [2] - 1122:1,
 1268:24
allow [1] - 1016:4
allowable [1] - 1265:2
allowed [2] - 1053:12,
 1237:4
allowing [1] - 1121:24
allows [3] - 1118:8,
 1190:2, 1190:3
alluded [3] - 1228:22,
 1256:19, 1271:10
almost [1] - 1232:17
alone [2] - 1044:17,
 1046:11
alpha [1] - 1021:22
alprazolam [1] -
 1029:22
alter [2] - 1041:17,
 1047:18
altered [1] - 1260:11
alters [1] - 1041:5
aluminum [6] -
 1021:4, 1234:11,
 1234:24, 1235:14,
 1236:5, 1236:17
Ambien [1] - 1030:1
ambiguity [1] -
 1244:18
ambiguous [2] -
 1251:17, 1255:4
amend [2] - 1016:3,
 1017:24
America [3] - 1244:15,
 1244:17, 1244:23
American [2] -
 1027:18, 1217:19
Amherst [3] - 1026:13,
 1052:12, 1063:16
amount [9] - 1032:7,
 1041:13, 1041:19,
 1051:9, 1105:14,
 1116:18, 1124:25,
 1132:5, 1164:7
amounts [3] -
 1065:19, 1065:25,
 1173:16
amphetamines [1] -
 1187:22
Analysis [1] - 1094:6
analysis [20] -
 1028:20, 1036:22,
```

1048:11, 1049:5,

1050:22, 1053:5,

1059:4, 1061:11,

1062:22, 1093:15,

```
1116:21, 1143:4,
 1143:5, 1192:14,
 1218:4, 1218:7,
 1245:20, 1247:22
analyze [1] - 1028:22
analyzed [2] -
 1106:10, 1140:8
anchor [7] - 1053:4,
 1062:22, 1062:23,
 1062:24, 1063:1,
 1063:4, 1102:12
AND [1] - 1:3
ANDA [4] - 1266:23,
 1267:6, 1268:10,
 1268:23
ANDAs [2] - 1154:23,
 1266:25
ANDREW [1] -
 1126:11
Andrew [1] - 1120:19
Andrews [1] - 1268:23
anhydride [1] - 1021:6
animal [1] - 1040:18
anogist [1] - 1200:7
answer [41] - 1019:1,
 1024:13, 1053:13,
 1060:4, 1060:13,
 1060:23, 1061:12,
 1068:13, 1083:12,
 1084:1, 1085:9,
 1088:18, 1089:11,
 1089:17, 1090:9,
 1097:22, 1098:9,
 1098:10, 1122:15,
 1131:15, 1141:12,
 1144:15, 1144:17,
 1157:24, 1158:1,
 1165:21, 1183:11,
 1204:2, 1204:5,
 1210:9, 1214:9,
 1223:6, 1232:14,
 1240:6, 1240:7,
 1240:8, 1246:4,
 1249:2, 1249:3,
 1260:14, 1260:16
answered [3] -
 1033:4, 1083:23,
 1210:7
answering [2] -
 1068:11, 1269:9
answers [1] - 1158:16
anthropomorphize [1]
 - 1078:9
anti [2] - 1154:2,
 1154:8
anti-tubercular [2] -
 1154:2, 1154:8
antibiotics [3] -
 1075:21, 1075:23,
 1075:24
```

anticipate [1] - 1123:6 applies [1] - 1112:14 anticipating [1] apply [4] - 1010:17, 1015:22 1010:23, 1011:11, 1255:23 anticipatory [1] -1015:24 applying [2] - 1234:2, antidepressant [2] -1255:4 1029:24, 1154:6 appreciate [5] -1088:5, 1088:12, antidepressants [1] -1154:2 1139:8, 1267:15, antifever [1] - 1136:17 1271:14 antifungal [2] approach [4] -1095:15, 1102:1, 1138:23, 1154:16 1102:2, 1228:14 antipyrine [8] -1136:7, 1136:16, approaching [1] -1057:13 1136:21, 1136:24, appropriate [4] -1137:16, 1137:17, 1014:16, 1016:3, 1138:4, 1138:12 1088:22, 1226:13 anyway [5] - 1052:16, 1056:8, 1225:3, appropriately [1] -1267:4, 1268:15 1121:25 approvable [1] anyways [1] - 1119:3 1260:19 apart [3] - 1211:6, 1212:21, 1263:8 approval [10] -1013:12, 1013:15, apologize [10] -1198:14, 1198:17, 1020:2, 1099:20, 1207:19, 1260:8, 1105:17, 1105:24, 1112:23, 1114:14, 1262:13, 1262:21, 1263:6, 1263:14 1115:5, 1197:25, approve [3] - 1118:18, 1206:4, 1209:4 1119:8, 1263:5 Apotex [3] - 1005:18, 1023:1, 1260:3 approved [12] apparent [1] - 1201:20 1041:25, 1046:1, 1059:13, 1106:2, appeal [1] - 1225:19 appear [4] - 1070:5, 1109:25, 1186:17, 1211:22, 1223:15, 1070:8, 1205:5, 1260:25, 1262:19, 1258:3 1262:20 appearance [1] -April [1] - 1267:17 1134:2 April's [1] - 1267:16 APPEARANCES[1] architecture [1] -1005:1 1236:3 appeared [5] area [5] - 1090:3, 1034:20, 1039:21, 1110:9, 1186:20, 1146:9, 1161:14, 1188:25, 1201:11 1182:14 areas [1] - 1154:21 appearing [2] -1038:9, 1271:18 argument [9] appended [1] - 1216:3 1018:10, 1121:17, 1125:1, 1224:18, appendices [1] -1269:19 1227:25, 1243:6, 1244:5, 1257:16, Appendix [1] -1257:25 1251:22 argument's [1] appendix [1] -1231:11 1251:22 arguments [4] applicable [1] -1125:9, 1247:9, 1171:4 1247:10, 1268:17 applicants [1] arithmetic [2] -1228:25 1024:9, 1025:4 application [4] arrive [2] - 1006:25, 1008:4, 1008:9,

1008:22

1163:25, 1253:8

arrow [7] - 1044:21, 1046:14, 1173:3, 1173:4, 1179:2, 1232:25, 1234:18 arrows [1] - 1173:15 ARSHT[1] - 1005:12 art [64] - 1007:24, 1008:21, 1010:21, 1011:20, 1012:4, 1012:13, 1012:17, 1012:18, 1012:21, 1013:7, 1015:18, 1017:11, 1028:18, 1029:7, 1032:14, 1032:24, 1043:4, 1043:11, 1043:14, 1045:16, 1048:13, 1049:12, 1049:24, 1050:8, 1050:14, 1051:3, 1051:4, 1056:20, 1056:24, 1059:18, 1072:13, 1101:4, 1104:8, 1104:15, 1116:14, 1116:25, 1117:6, 1134:3, 1145:3, 1145:22, 1146:4, 1146:13, 1146:20, 1147:8, 1148:19, 1149:4, 1156:2, 1156:7, 1168:22, 1171:10, 1172:23, 1173:20, 1177:7, 1177:17, 1180:25, 1184:6, 1195:1, 1198:10, 1199:2, 1199:19, 1200:6, 1200:9, 1204:12, 1238:12 article [25] - 1034:19, 1038:8, 1038:19, 1038:21, 1054:25, 1061:19, 1062:4, 1063:14, 1070:8, 1072:3, 1072:8, 1099:6, 1103:3, 1103:16, 1113:23, 1113:24, 1170:8, 1170:21, 1173:4, 1183:2, 1199:17, 1199:19, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1200:4 articles [3] - 1042:12, 1042:14, 1146:9 articulate [1] -1270:16 artisan [32] - 1024:17, 1054:3, 1060:4, 1060:8, 1060:13,

1060:17, 1061:7,

1061:8, 1061:11, 1068:24, 1074:11, 1092:8, 1092:13, 1092:18, 1098:3, 1101:9, 1101:21, 1102:9, 1104:4, 1105:4, 1109:15, 1111:20, 1129:17, 1130:7, 1130:10, 1132:2, 1134:9, 1134:18, 1135:7, 1138:13, 1140:20, 1141:5 artisans [1] - 1023:12 ascertain [1] - 1134:9 ashamed [1] - 1187:9 aside [3] - 1218:9, 1231:11, 1255:18 asleep [5] - 1168:8, 1179:23, 1187:4, 1228:4, 1228:7 aspect [1] - 1164:8 aspects [3] - 1049:3, 1050:21, 1172:12 assay [6] - 1066:17, 1092:20, 1100:7, 1100:11, 1101:10, 1176:3 assays[1] - 1097:2 asserted [8] -1017:13, 1155:8, 1155:20, 1191:3, 1191:7, 1223:21 assertion [3] - 1188:5, 1189:14, 1261:23 assess [3] - 1135:1, 1135:8, 1159:9 assessed [4] -1175:20, 1176:5, 1176:8, 1177:9 assessing [3] -1133:19, 1177:6, 1223:7 assessment [2] -1063:11, 1129:21 Assessment [1] -1159:23 assist [2] - 1025:14, 1129:3 assistant [1] - 1128:2 assisted [1] - 1127:8 associate [1] - 1128:2 associated [2] -1121:20, 1186:22 associates [2] -1267:19, 1267:22 assume [3] - 1118:14, 1197:9, 1268:25 assumed [1] - 1270:11 assumes [1] - 1121:18

assuming [1] -1110:11 assumptions [1] -1011:17 Ativan [1] - 1029:22 atom [1] - 1157:17 atoms [1] - 1157:16 attempt [1] - 1061:25 attempts [1] - 1186:12 attention [5] - 1015:8, 1025:24, 1031:4, 1165:17, 1209:5 Attorney [1] - 1203:12 August [1] - 1268:11 authenticate [1] -1121:25 authentication [1] -1121:20 authenticity [1] -1125:1 authors [2] - 1072:8, 1113:19 automatic [1] -1213:18 automatically [1] -1213:19 available [18] -1034:3, 1042:15, 1049:22, 1063:12, 1073:12, 1082:15, 1092:6, 1092:12, 1093:5, 1093:14, 1102:14, 1104:9, 1104:16, 1111:25, 1151:12, 1215:3, 1217:25, 1221:3 average [1] - 1167:12 avoid [13] - 1047:20, 1047:21, 1048:13, 1050:25, 1051:11, 1060:5, 1060:6, 1060:14, 1091:12, 1100:11, 1101:12, 1101:15 avoidance [1] - 1190:2 avoided [1] - 1051:10 avoiding [1] - 1140:11 awake [6] - 1165:7, 1166:22, 1166:23, 1166:24, 1167:5, 1187:6 awakens [1] - 1196:9 awaking [1] - 1203:2 award [1] - 1028:2 awarded [1] - 1028:2 awards [2] - 1027:25, 1028:1 aware [21] - 1011:21, 1012:5, 1012:16, 1012:17, 1013:20,

1043:11, 1117:1,
1138:13, 1181:23,
1184:15, 1188:2,
1188:4, 1188:15,
1199:2, 1210:19,
1211:6, 1212:2,
1217:25, 1227:12,
1256:9, 1256:11
awareness [1] -
1150:6
awful [1] - 1257:21
axis [1] - 1201:11

В

B' [1] - 1252:1 background [12] -1028:18, 1032:12, 1042:19, 1044:4, 1051:17, 1052:22, 1056:23, 1057:3, 1057:8, 1119:5, 1154:21, 1163:14 backwards [3] -1053:13, 1267:12, 1269:9 bacterium [1] -1075:25 bad [2] - 1025:6, 1079:20 Badyal [5] - 1032:9, 1042:17, 1042:21, 1047:14, 1149:12 balance [5] - 1077:18, 1077:19, 1077:22, 1134:11, 1181:25 balancing [1] - 1182:5 Baldino [1] - 1163:10 **ball** [1] - 1079:5 ballpark [1] - 1125:7 ballparks [1] - 1088:6 bar [1] - 1014:17 barely [1] - 1016:21 based [26] - 1014:23, 1017:2, 1017:6, 1021:9, 1021:14, 1036:10, 1039:10, 1039:11, 1039:12, 1044:25, 1049:22, 1050:5, 1050:10, 1063:2, 1063:11, 1073:11, 1116:15, 1116:21, 1150:4, 1155:13, 1173:17, 1217:24, 1226:12, 1237:14, 1256:11, 1260:12 basis [6] - 1017:16, 1036:13, 1100:23,

1134:21, 1171:19,

```
1244:16
battle [1] - 1202:24
bear [1] - 1156:15
beast [1] - 1015:4
beating [1] - 1077:4
became [1] - 1203:9
becomes [6] -
 1030:13, 1239:8,
 1243:14, 1247:11,
 1254:24, 1264:18
bed [4] - 1179:13,
 1179:24, 1182:11,
 1185:25
bedrock [1] - 1258:18
bedtime [15] -
 1172:18, 1172:20,
 1173:19, 1174:5,
 1176:7, 1180:14,
 1181:21, 1182:7,
 1182:10, 1183:3,
 1196:16, 1197:1,
 1197:7, 1203:7,
 1211:2
BEFORE [1] - 1:19
began [4] - 1164:17,
 1164:19, 1176:16
begin [4] - 1171:8,
 1172:19, 1233:4,
 1233:9
beginning [10] -
 1006:4, 1096:4,
 1167:25, 1172:17,
 1172:19, 1178:25,
 1179:3, 1232:9,
 1234:17, 1242:23
begins [4] - 1053:5,
 1159:2, 1203:8,
 1241:4
begun [1] - 1120:15
behalf [3] - 1126:12,
 1127:5, 1215:10
behavior [1] - 1150:7
believes [2] - 1024:18,
 1144:25
bell [1] - 1204:22
below [6] - 1011:3,
 1095:9, 1096:20,
 1181:2, 1201:10,
 1202:11
bench [5] - 1006:3,
 1020:22, 1117:16,
 1216:20, 1267:1
Bench [1] - 1:16
beneficial [1] -
 1078:22
benefit [6] - 1088:9,
 1099:17, 1188:6,
```

1189:4, 1189:6,

benefits [2] - 1033:14,

1189:15

```
1132:8
benzodiazapine [1] -
 1029:21
berate [1] - 1187:6
berating [2] - 1187:4,
 1187:10
Bergmeier [11] -
 1006:6, 1006:9,
 1013:25, 1015:14,
 1016:12, 1019:17,
 1019:20, 1020:7,
 1023:23, 1037:5,
 1211:5
Bergmeier's [1] -
 1015:7
best [6] - 1059:5,
 1156:14, 1165:12,
 1267:25, 1268:18
better [8] - 1079:8,
 1104:22, 1241:19,
 1246:4, 1249:1,
 1255:3, 1257:15,
 1264:13
between [38] -
 1016:16, 1021:9,
 1045:25, 1051:24,
 1060:6, 1060:7,
 1060:10, 1060:14,
 1060:19, 1063:17,
 1076:7, 1085:23,
 1086:1, 1086:5,
 1089:9, 1089:20,
 1090:7, 1090:15,
 1090:23, 1090:24,
 1092:13, 1092:15,
 1105:23, 1108:16,
 1115:21, 1116:14,
 1117:2, 1117:10,
 1123:17, 1155:9,
 1155:21, 1167:19,
 1176:4, 1214:1,
 1236:9, 1246:23,
 1256:23, 1269:13
beyond [4] - 1110:9,
 1125:20, 1158:4,
 1158:12
bias [1] - 1258:4
bibliography [1] -
 1071:11
big [4] - 1090:11,
 1090:14, 1118:22,
 1246:1
bigger [1] - 1240:3
biggest [1] - 1240:4
bile [2] - 1076:4,
 1133:5
biliary [1] - 1133:6
bind [4] - 1040:16,
 1110:6, 1110:10,
 1110:15
```

```
binder [27] - 1025:24,
 1033:24, 1034:14,
 1036:17, 1037:20,
 1063:6, 1063:7,
 1071:15, 1082:18,
 1094:3, 1099:4,
 1126:16. 1127:12.
 1136:3, 1136:25,
 1144:5, 1147:14,
 1149:8, 1150:17,
 1159:17, 1169:1,
 1171:12, 1191:14,
 1191:16, 1191:18,
 1205:6, 1208:2
binders [1] - 1121:1
binding [7] - 1035:12,
 1035:14, 1035:18,
 1048:6, 1107:12,
 1107:20, 1110:8
binds [3] - 1037:13,
 1107:17, 1210:2
bioavailability [3] -
 1111:2, 1111:6,
 1111:14
biochemistry [1] -
 1163:16
biological [1] - 1167:3
biology [1] - 1163:15
biomedical [8] -
 1027:11, 1034:20,
 1038:9, 1039:20,
 1047:19, 1047:21,
 1106:12, 1117:9
bit [11] - 1021:15,
 1021:21, 1037:10,
 1041:1, 1085:2,
 1125:20, 1135:21,
 1157:12, 1157:13,
 1165:13, 1190:23
BLAKE[1] - 1005:16
blank [1] - 1048:4
blind [17] - 1164:21,
 1167:4, 1168:14,
 1171:4, 1180:7,
 1183:7, 1183:23,
 1186:21, 1186:25,
 1187:3, 1187:10,
 1190:24, 1202:6,
 1203:16, 1217:16,
 1218:8, 1218:16
blindness [1] -
 1186:22
blocking [2] - 1222:2,
 1222:14
blood [7] - 1030:20,
 1030:22, 1041:14,
 1041:21, 1134:13,
 1175:4, 1185:7
bloodstream [1] -
 1176:1
```

```
blue [9] - 1044:21,
 1044:22, 1046:14,
 1087:7, 1087:9,
 1087:11, 1173:3,
 1173:4, 1234:24
Blyden [1] - 1137:3
BMS [14] - 1009:17,
 1010:10, 1064:25,
 1069:18, 1071:8,
 1074:12, 1081:11,
 1105:2, 1112:3,
 1112:12, 1112:15,
 1113:3, 1113:7,
 1114:17
BMS's [2] - 1009:17,
 1112:6
BMS-214778[2] -
 1072:4, 1073:22
board [5] - 1185:12,
 1212:7, 1212:8,
 1213:3, 1213:4
board-certified [1] -
 1212:7
boards [1] - 1027:16
body [17] - 1075:6,
 1075:18, 1076:3,
 1076:23, 1079:8,
 1080:18, 1081:17,
 1097:19, 1111:12,
 1133:1, 1133:2,
 1134:16, 1135:24,
 1138:19, 1139:7,
 1143:20, 1233:7
boils [1] - 1229:9
bond [1] - 1052:12
book [1] - 1043:25
borane [1] - 1021:7
borohydride [3] -
 1020:13, 1020:16,
 1021:5
Boston [2] - 1026:17
bother [1] - 1119:15
bottom [21] - 1006:21,
 1007:20, 1008:16,
 1034:5, 1035:5,
 1050:1, 1057:5,
 1064:3, 1064:4,
 1098:4, 1106:22,
 1107:9, 1115:12,
 1131:9, 1133:11,
 1149:18, 1151:9,
 1205:3, 1205:4,
 1236:10, 1241:23
bought [1] - 1244:4
bound [1] - 1034:6
boundary [1] -
 1045:21
bowel [3] - 1030:15,
 1030:16, 1030:18
bowl [1] - 1185:11
```

box [1] - 1134:7 boxes [1] - 1082:22 brackets [1] - 1021:22 brain [5] - 1025:6, 1035:13, 1056:9, 1107:18, 1203:1 brand [2] - 1221:6, 1221:10 break [10] - 1019:15, 1079:20, 1079:22, 1080:5, 1125:12, 1126:8, 1205:13, 1206:15, 1207:11, 1248:12 breaker [1] - 1248:25 breaking [1] - 1017:5 breakthrough [2] -1118:24, 1119:17 brief [15] - 1116:5, 1123:3, 1123:4, 1215:20, 1225:2, 1226:12, 1258:5, 1266:4, 1266:20, 1268:16, 1269:7, 1269:9, 1269:10, 1269:11, 1269:17 briefing [12] -1227:20, 1257:11, 1257:15, 1263:8, 1265:7, 1265:19, 1266:2, 1268:25, 1269:1, 1269:7, 1269:15, 1269:22 briefly [9] - 1026:10, 1028:14, 1028:21, 1048:10, 1048:21, 1056:7, 1163:13, 1184:19, 1212:19 briefs [5] - 1266:11, 1267:6, 1267:25 Brigham [1] - 1163:10 bring [20] - 1018:13, 1025:17, 1026:10, 1038:16, 1039:18, 1063:24, 1069:5, 1096:19, 1106:19, 1113:14, 1114:13, 1114:15, 1166:10, 1179:23, 1191:11, 1238:12, 1258:11, 1260:18, 1269:11 bringing [1] - 1260:24 Bristol [4] - 1036:15, 1072:9, 1113:20, 1211:11 Bristol-Myers [4] -1036:15, 1072:9, 1113:20, 1211:11 Britannica [1] -1054:23

broaden [1] - 1245:18 broader [1] - 1253:8 broadly [2] - 1034:18, 1038:19 brochure [1] - 1114:4 broke [2] - 1080:9, 1080:14 broken [3] - 1076:8, 1111:12, 1133:7 Bronx [1] - 1026:16 brooks [6] - 1025:17, 1038:17, 1147:15, 1149:9, 1156:11, 1249:10 brought [5] - 1016:1, 1018:12, 1187:14, 1209:5, 1269:11 brunt [1] - 1267:22 BRYON [1] - 1005:4 bucket [2] - 1241:6, 1243:1 bucks [1] - 1246:2 building [1] - 1206:20 bullet [1] - 1158:24 bunch [2] - 1107:6, 1108:25 Burgess [4] - 1169:21, 1171:15, 1199:21, 1199:22 Burgess's [1] -1170:20 business [1] -1269:16 busting [1] - 1056:2 but.. [3] - 1084:9, 1265:5, 1270:5 butchered [1] - 1153:1 buy [1] - 1139:13 BY [91] - 1005:3, 1005:8, 1005:12, 1005:15, 1006:8, 1019:19, 1020:6, 1021:1, 1025:9, 1025:19, 1026:9, 1028:12, 1032:22, 1034:12, 1035:4, 1035:25, 1037:4, 1038:6, 1038:18, 1043:2, 1044:11, 1045:2, 1049:2, 1052:8, 1058:16, 1061:18, 1064:1, 1064:17, 1069:6, 1072:2, 1073:16, 1073:20, 1080:13, 1089:6, 1089:23, 1095:2, 1096:1, 1096:21, 1099:9, 1099:21, 1106:21, 1107:11, 1111:1,

1113:16, 1114:16, 1116:7, 1126:15, 1127:21, 1129:7, 1129:24, 1130:23, 1132:22, 1134:24, 1136:15, 1137:13, 1137:22, 1139:3, 1140:1, 1140:6, 1140:19, 1141:4, 1142:19, 1147:16, 1150:16, 1151:8, 1155:6, 1156:13, 1157:14, 1158:19, 1159:19, 1163:5, 1165:15, 1166:15, 1169:14, 1170:6, 1172:8, 1180:5, 1186:1, 1188:12, 1190:18, 1191:24, 1207:14, 1208:1, 1209:7, 1209:18, 1210:11, 1211:19, 1214:14, 1216:25, 1219:14, 1220:17

C

calculate [1] - 1122:25 calculating [2] -1122:22, 1124:18 calculation [2] -1122:13, 1124:16 calculations [1] -1143:3 cancer [1] - 1118:21 candidates [1] -1150:5 cannot [8] - 1016:21, 1087:23, 1116:19, 1142:7, 1232:20, 1233:22, 1242:1, 1261:11 capacity [2] - 1127:2, 1142:3 capsules [1] - 1170:16 capture [2] - 1148:14, 1244:20 car [4] - 1087:6, 1087:7, 1087:9, 1087:10 carboxamide [19] -1007:11, 1007:19, 1007:21, 1008:7, 1008:11, 1008:12, 1008:19, 1249:24, 1250:2, 1250:6, 1250:9, 1250:13, 1250:22, 1251:1, 1255:8, 1255:13, 1255:24, 1256:1,

1132:2, 1135:7, 1212:8, 1268:1 career [2] - 1164:9, 1164:12 carefully [1] - 1022:24 carried [4] - 1021:14, 1198:18, 1208:11, 1237:14 carry [5] - 1006:18, 1007:25, 1008:6, 1008:18, 1195:11 cartoon [1] - 1173:15 case [62] - 1007:18, 1013:21, 1028:23, 1056:21, 1057:6, 1059:17, 1072:23, 1080:2, 1094:16, 1101:6, 1118:11, 1120:10, 1120:11, 1120:12, 1122:17, 1124:2, 1131:18, 1137:6, 1164:10, 1167:17, 1169:23, 1173:25, 1175:2, 1176:3. 1184:16. 1188:16, 1192:24, 1192:25, 1194:10, 1198:6, 1198:9, 1205:17, 1209:9, 1216:4, 1221:18, 1223:10, 1223:12, 1224:7, 1224:11, 1224:12, 1225:17, 1230:21, 1233:11, 1233:17, 1235:21, 1237:22, 1244:11, 1244:15, 1246:6, 1250:21, 1251:20, 1251:23, 1252:21, 1256:2, 1256:3, 1259:6, 1259:15, 1262:17, 1267:6, 1268:11, 1268:22, 1268:23 cases [16] - 1040:23, 1086:7, 1088:16, 1089:11, 1089:18, 1146:16, 1146:23, 1147:2, 1147:4, 1154:22, 1192:18, 1237:21, 1256:4, 1256:7, 1258:24, 1259:5 cat [1] - 1202:22 catalyze [1] - 1078:11 caused [2] - 1078:13, 1140:11 causes [2] - 1116:18,

1270:20

care [5] - 1113:9,

1152:5 causing [1] - 1041:6 caution [18] - 1049:25, 1050:6, 1050:18, 1069:20, 1069:25, 1070:3, 1070:10, 1101:13, 1101:15, 1101:18, 1101:23, 1103:10, 1103:12, 1103:22, 1118:23, 1119:19, 1153:23, 1216:16 cautionary [1] -1118:12 cautions [2] -1067:11, 1067:18 cautious [1] - 1102:3 caveat [1] - 1257:21 cell [4] - 1065:6, 1065:20, 1114:18 cells [4] - 1065:7, 1065:14, 1065:17, 1066:3 Center [3] - 1026:17, 1126:21, 1127:24 centers [2] - 1157:25, 1219:19 central [1] - 1117:7 centrifuge [2] -1034:4, 1034:8 CEO [1] - 1126:21 certain [6] - 1067:19, 1135:23, 1216:14, 1216:21, 1244:21, 1258:14 certainly [18] -1012:10, 1024:5, 1024:25, 1028:10, 1062:11, 1062:12, 1064:13, 1087:3, 1102:1, 1106:9, 1109:14, 1111:22, 1192:21, 1195:4, 1208:23, 1236:18, 1242:9, 1254:20 certification [1] -1220:24 certified [3] - 1212:7, 1212:8, 1221:6 certify [1] - 1272:4 cetera [2] - 1034:3, 1042:12 chairman [1] - 1213:2 chance [1] - 1158:10 change [9] - 1045:19, 1078:13, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1092:2, 1135:13, 1135:14, 1135:16, 1146:24 changed [3] -

1001:16 1060:05	Circuit roy 1000.04	1046-7 1046-11	1004-17	1155:05
1231:16, 1260:25, 1261:25	Circuit [3] - 1228:24, 1252:7, 1256:7	1246:7, 1246:11,	1234:17	1155:25
	,	1246:20, 1247:14,	clause [1] - 1256:1	clinicaltrials.gov [5] -
changes [1] - 1091:23	circulating [3] -	1247:21, 1247:25,	cleaner [1] - 1270:24	1121:21, 1182:15,
changing [1] - 1091:4	1178:6, 1178:8,	1251:8, 1251:14,	clear [21] - 1010:5,	1182:19, 1261:19,
chapter [1] - 1043:25	1178:9	1251:17, 1252:4,	1013:5, 1024:10,	1261:20
characteristic [1] -	circulation [4] -	1252:18, 1252:22,	1046:18, 1100:17,	clinician [5] - 1195:4,
1190:25	1030:21, 1030:22,	1253:7, 1253:10,	1110:5, 1112:22,	1195:6, 1195:8,
characteristics [1] -	1030:25, 1111:16	1253:11, 1254:11,	1113:13, 1134:10,	1195:11, 1196:6
1142:1	circumstances [3] -	1254:12, 1254:23,	1154:13, 1154:19,	clinics [1] - 1219:20
charge [1] - 1135:18	1091:19, 1091:21,	1255:1, 1255:3, 1255:7, 1256:8,	1155:3, 1177:3,	clock [12] - 1068:11,
Charles [3] - 1162:20,	1259:14		1194:1, 1200:9,	1084:25, 1085:5,
1163:8, 1208:7	citation [4] - 1130:4,	1256:14, 1256:15, 1270:9, 1270:18	1217:14, 1217:18,	1164:15, 1164:23,
CHARLES [1] -	1160:21, 1161:7,	Claim [50] - 1006:19,	1230:8, 1236:4,	1165:1, 1168:3,
1162:21	1185:17	1007:16, 1008:25,	1238:4, 1255:17	1168:16, 1175:12,
chart [8] - 1040:9,	citations [1] - 1130:5	1020:11, 1020:15,	clearance [14] -	1202:25, 1203:18
1096:3, 1096:7,	cite [4] - 1036:12,		1097:15, 1097:18,	close [8] - 1027:21,
1096:8, 1096:22,	1200:4, 1256:3,	1020:18, 1020:19, 1020:25, 1049:4,	1097:25, 1132:14,	1040:21, 1058:22,
1097:5, 1101:22,	1256:6	1050:11, 1050:21,	1133:5, 1133:6,	1104:19, 1185:6,
1124:10	cited [5] - 1052:19,	1050.11, 1050.21, 1052:25, 1053:18,	1133:9, 1133:15, 1133:24, 1133:25,	1190:6, 1251:24,
check [2] - 1023:1,	1251:20, 1252:21,	1129:11, 1129:13,		1269:16
1260:15	1256:4, 1256:5	1140:3, 1140:10,	1134:4, 1138:12, 1143:20, 1152:1	closed [1] - 1016:18
Chef [3] - 1244:15,	cites [1] - 1160:17	1191:3, 1191:12,	cleared [4] - 1014:18,	closely [2] - 1022:9,
1244:17, 1244:23	citing [3] - 1069:18,	1191:22, 1192:2,	1113:24, 1133:2,	1037:6
chemical [4] -	1071:9, 1071:13	1191:22, 1192:2,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	closer [4] - 1021:24,
1083:10, 1233:8,	City [1] - 1026:17	1195:18, 1195:21,	1146:5 clearly [4] - 1045:23,	1056:3, 1226:4,
1250:1, 1254:24	city [1] - 1068:8	1197:12, 1226:21,	-	1264:13
chemically [1] -	CIVIL [1] - 1:5	1226:22, 1234:12,	1057:7, 1240:24, 1253:7	closest [1] - 1233:18
1229:2	claim [94] - 1009:1,	1236:4, 1236:5,	cleavage [1] - 1078:10	closing [5] - 1121:10,
Chief [1] - 1:19	1009:20, 1009:23,	1236:6, 1236:11,	clerks [2] - 1267:4,	1125:8, 1125:9,
chief [3] - 1027:13,	1015:17, 1015:23,	1237:5, 1237:9,	1267:5	1227:25, 1257:24
1027:14, 1163:8	1017:14, 1049:13,	1246:9, 1246:25,	client [1] - 1232:5	closings [2] -
child [1] - 1187:2	1051:24, 1055:22,	1247:4, 1247:15,	Clinic [1] - 1232.3	1122:18, 1257:6
children [1] - 1187:10	1057:16, 1140:7,	1247:23, 1248:7,	clinical [40] - 1026:19,	CN [2] - 1019:22,
Chinese [4] - 1008:4,	1155:17, 1155:18,	1248:20, 1249:11,	1026:25, 1027:2,	1020:8 CN019 [6] - 1021:11,
1015:8, 1017:20,	1188:22, 1191:25,	1253:15, 1254:5,	1028:6, 1029:10,	1021:16, 1022:5,
1263:25	1193:15, 1194:14,	1254:13, 1256:11	1028:0, 1029:10,	1021.16, 1022.5,
chiral [1] - 1157:25	1194:16, 1194:23,	claimed [3] - 1008:7,	1037:8, 1037:9,	1022.11, 1022.13,
chloride [4] - 1006:25,	1195:1, 1195:4,	1073:7, 1198:11	1042:2, 1045:1,	
1235:22, 1236:19,	1195:17, 1196:2,	claims [26] - 1057:16,	1059:19, 1059:20,	CN268 [5] - 1006:12, 1006:15, 1006:17,
1237:10	1196:23, 1197:12,	1057:22, 1155:8,	1090:17, 1091:3,	
chop [1] - 1078:9	1197:14, 1197:15,	1155:12, 1155:20,	1090:17, 1091:3,	1008:8, 1009:11
chromatographic [1] -	1197:21, 1198:1, 1198:4, 1222:11,	1191:3, 1191:7,	1091:14, 1091:11,	coadminister [3] - 1101:24, 1102:22,
1022:17	1222:21, 1222:24,	1192:5, 1192:14,	1091:14, 1091:23,	1101.24, 1102.22, 1155:12
chronological [1] -	1223:18, 1223:20,	1195:14, 1222:16,	1099:23, 1106:4,	coadministered [2] -
1178:16	1223:25, 1224:2,	1222:18, 1229:8,	1118:18, 1119:8,	1049:25, 1155:24
cigarette [1] - 1161:18	1224:18, 1224:20,	1234:5, 1234:9,	1132:5, 1132:7,	coadministering [2] -
Cipro [1] - 1149:5	1227:12, 1227:20,	1234:23, 1236:3,	1137:15, 1143:17,	1048:18, 1101:14
circadian [23] -	1228:23, 1228:25,	1241:11, 1246:9,	1144:22, 1145:2,	coadministration [10]
1062:6, 1163:1,	1229:5, 1229:6,	1246:19, 1247:12,	1150:12, 1161:16,	- 1047:20, 1067:11,
1163:25, 1164:2,	1231:20, 1231:21,	1247:19, 1252:23,	1186:13, 1198:17,	1067:13, 1069:19,
1164:14, 1165:17,	1231:23, 1232:1,	1265:2, 1269:11	1211:25, 1262:5,	1067:13, 1069:19,
1166:5, 1167:20,	1234:19, 1235:1,	Claims [3] - 1008:12,	1262:7, 1262:13,	1101:16, 1101:19,
1174:25, 1177:20,	1235:2, 1235:3,	1236:3, 1237:13	1263:1	1103:8, 1104:10
1178:1, 1183:14,	1235:24, 1236:9,	clarify [1] - 1014:4	Clinical [4] - 1027:12,	coauthored [2] -
1184:22, 1185:2,	1237:3, 1237:20,	class [4] - 1035:10,	1027:15, 1027:19,	1106:13, 1137:3
1192:1, 1194:20,	1237:22, 1237:23,	1060:25, 1147:25,	1159:23	coauthors [1] - 1113:2
1200:23, 1201:19,	1238:9, 1238:23,	1187:4	clinically [6] - 1086:6,	COBLENTZ [28] -
1202:20, 1202:25,	1245:5, 1245:6,	classes [1] - 1168:10	1089:10, 1090:11,	1005:16, 1127:18,
1203:18, 1217:15	1245:8, 1245:14,	classic [2] - 1231:23,	1091:25, 1153:22,	1128:24, 1136:12,
Circadian [1] - 1163:9			, ,	1120.27, 1100.12,
_				

4407.40 4400.00	4440-0	letekee	
1137:10, 1139:22,	1113:9	completely [1] -	concluded [6] -
1142:17, 1142:19,	coming [2] - 1058:22,	1255:6	1019:7, 1058:15,
1147:15, 1147:16,	1179:9	completeness [1] -	1112:10, 1248:15,
1150:15, 1150:16,	comma [1] - 1055:20	1007:18	1255:19, 1272:2
1151:3, 1151:8,	commend [2] -	complicated [1] -	concludes [3] -
1155:2, 1155:6,	1269:20, 1269:22	1195:14	1120:9, 1190:14,
1156:11, 1156:13,	comment [6] - 1077:3,	components [1] -	1221:18
1157:1, 1157:5,	1084:9, 1189:3,	1098:7	conclusion [7] -
1157:10, 1157:14,	1208:3, 1208:7,	compose [1] - 1188:8	1051:16, 1100:3,
1158:11, 1158:19,	1208:22	composition [6] -	1104:9, 1104:22,
1159:16, 1159:19,	comments [1] -	1009:2, 1258:13,	1112:7, 1217:21,
1161:22, 1162:1	1207:22	1258:14, 1259:7,	1248:8
coeditor [1] - 1027:14	commissioning [1] -	1259:8, 1259:9	conclusions [1] -
coeditor-in-chief [1] -	1220:22	compositions [1] -	1155:1
1027:14	commissions [1] -	1010:15	concordance [1] -
cogent [5] - 1086:5,	1220:19	compound [8] -	1236:8
1089:10, 1090:10,	committee [4] -	1010:11, 1010:12,	condition [1] -
1090:17, 1091:24	1181:7, 1207:16,	1222:4, 1222:5,	1190:25
cognizant [1] -	1207:23, 1218:23	1234:18, 1234:19,	conditions [3] -
1157:13	common [9] - 1042:1,	1252:3, 1259:1	1139:12, 1218:5,
colleague [1] -	1053:25, 1054:13,	compounds [2] -	1233:1
1090:22	1128:10, 1128:11,	1107:22, 1108:9	conduct [2] - 1096:10,
colleagues [2] -	1138:15, 1145:17,	comprise [2] -	1144:21
1169:21, 1188:13	1229:21, 1236:16	1023:14, 1024:2	conducted [10] -
collect [1] - 1196:18	commonly [1] -	comprises [3] -	1059:4, 1097:2,
collected [2] -	1233:12	1192:3, 1196:14,	1128:10, 1138:1,
1134:14, 1199:23	community [4] -	1236:6	1161:16, 1170:13,
collectively [1] -	1042:4, 1043:17,	comprising [1] -	1178:23, 1180:7,
1241:22	1047:22, 1059:22	1009:2	1186:16, 1261:5
College [4] - 1026:13,	companies [5] -	concede [2] -	confer [7] - 1018:24,
1027:18, 1052:13,	1127:6, 1127:8,	1146:10, 1147:5	1019:11, 1240:17,
1163:15	1128:16, 1128:19,	conceding [1] -	1265:21, 1266:14,
college [2] - 1063:16,	1128:16, 1128:19, 1262:15	conceding [1] - 1063:16	1266:19, 1269:7
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17	1262:15 company [6] -	1063:16 conceive [2] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10,
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17,
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3,
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12,	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11,	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4 combined [2] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11, 1270:14	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21 concerns [2] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12 connection [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4 combined [2] - 1082:10, 1236:7	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11, 1270:14 compilation [1] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21 concerns [2] - 1117:19, 1132:5	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12 connection [1] - 1102:16
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4 combined [2] - 1082:10, 1236:7 combining [1] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11, 1270:14 compilation [1] - 1063:9	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21 concerns [2] - 1117:19, 1132:5 conclude [6] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12 connection [1] - 1102:16 connectivity [1] -
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4 combined [2] - 1082:10, 1236:7 combining [1] - 1269:13	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11, 1270:14 compilation [1] - 1063:9 complete [3] -	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21 concerns [2] - 1117:19, 1132:5 conclude [6] - 1024:22, 1112:3,	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12 connection [1] - 1102:16 connectivity [1] - 1211:17
college [2] - 1063:16, 1063:17 COLM [1] - 1:19 color [1] - 1087:7 column [10] - 1022:17, 1063:9, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1235:18, 1235:19, 1235:20 Column [6] - 1035:6, 1036:1, 1038:24, 1242:14, 1253:2 combination [5] - 1051:10, 1054:14, 1056:22, 1057:1, 1184:12 combinations [3] - 1056:20, 1057:18, 1073:4 combine [4] - 1081:22, 1082:12, 1083:24, 1084:4 combined [2] - 1082:10, 1236:7 combining [1] -	1262:15 company [6] - 1113:23, 1113:25, 1126:24, 1127:11, 1145:12, 1262:5 comparable [1] - 1115:20 compare [2] - 1171:1, 1219:21 compared [5] - 1108:2, 1132:6, 1175:17, 1176:2, 1210:20 comparing [3] - 1040:7, 1044:16, 1210:19 compelling [3] - 1189:2, 1258:5, 1265:5 competing [5] - 1238:19, 1238:22, 1239:15, 1245:11, 1270:14 compilation [1] - 1063:9	1063:16 conceive [2] - 1016:21, 1231:15 concentration [6] - 1035:17, 1044:22, 1134:12, 1142:4, 1142:10, 1189:22 concentrations [7] - 1041:21, 1044:14, 1044:17, 1045:9, 1046:14, 1046:16, 1142:8 concern [7] - 1045:17, 1117:20, 1118:13, 1118:17, 1132:7, 1133:20, 1140:25 concerned [2] - 1041:23, 1105:10 concerning [5] - 1011:21, 1035:7, 1039:1, 1129:11, 1158:21 concerns [2] - 1117:19, 1132:5 conclude [6] -	1266:19, 1269:7 conferred [1] - 1257:14 confess [2] - 1205:10, 1239:17 confident [2] - 1125:19, 1180:3 confirm [1] - 1006:17 confirmed [3] - 1015:14, 1015:17, 1138:11 conflicting [1] - 1160:3 conform [2] - 1016:3, 1017:24 conforming [1] - 1187:11 confront [1] - 1087:12 conjunction [2] - 1231:2, 1255:9 conjunctive [1] - 1244:12 connection [1] - 1102:16 connectivity [1] -

1043:5, 1058:22, 1173:19, 1174:3 consequences [4] -1091:14, 1253:24, 1256:16, 1257:2 consider [9] -1013:14, 1032:12, 1034:21, 1037:23, 1040:3, 1049:4, 1050:22, 1143:17, 1245:17 consideration [2] -1041:24, 1245:16 considerations [1] -1011:21 considered [9] -1045:16, 1151:1, 1151:22, 1154:6, 1181:3, 1182:7, 1198:9, 1209:9, 1265:1 considering [2] -1091:9, 1247:5 consistent [3] -1088:21, 1234:8, 1241:2 consolidated [3] -1166:6, 1166:19, 1202:24 constantly [1] -1201:24 constellation [2] -1102:18, 1104:16 constitutes [1] -1015:21 constitution [1] -1240:19 constrained [1] -1165:2 constructed [1] -1106:11 construction [17] -1227:13, 1227:20, 1237:3, 1237:20, 1245:5, 1245:7, 1247:14, 1248:14, 1252:2, 1252:5, 1254:4, 1256:8, 1256:9, 1256:24, 1257:1, 1270:9, 1270:17 constructions [2] -1246:19, 1270:15 construe [7] -1226:19, 1228:13, 1237:16, 1238:1, 1238:9, 1238:23, 1256:13 construed [2] -1233:13, 1252:23

construing	1270:14	1013:10 1010:00	1084:16 1084:24	11/8:15 11/0:01
construing [1] -	1270:14	1013:12, 1013:23,	1084:16, 1084:21,	1148:15, 1148:21,
1247:19	continue [1] - 1174:25	1023:14, 1051:14,	1085:18, 1085:19,	1148:24, 1149:1,
consult [1] - 1128:12	continues [1] - 1175:4	1052:23, 1053:2,	1085:23, 1085:24,	1149:6, 1151:20,
Consulting [2] -	contract [2] - 1213:16,	1053:3, 1053:10,	1086:2, 1086:3,	1151:24, 1154:17,
1126:22, 1126:23	1213:21	1053:17, 1053:20,	1086:6, 1089:10,	1155:10, 1155:17,
consulting [5] -	Contraindications [1]	1053:21, 1053:25,	1089:12, 1089:18,	1155:22, 1156:4,
1127:2, 1212:22,	- 1068:23	1054:4, 1058:20,	1090:7, 1090:19,	1156:9, 1156:18,
1213:6, 1213:13,	contraindications [3]	1059:13, 1059:14,	1090:20, 1090:25,	1156:22, 1157:17,
1213:16	- 1049:22, 1068:25,	1059:18, 1059:24, 1059:25, 1060:10,	1091:14, 1091:18,	1157:18, 1157:20, 1157:23, 1159:10,
contact [22] - 1227:6,	1069:8	1060:11, 1060:15,	1091:25, 1092:4, 1092:10, 1092:11,	1157.23, 1159.10,
1229:17, 1229:22,	contribute [1] -			,
1230:9, 1231:6,	1082:7	1060:16, 1061:1, 1061:5, 1061:12,	1092:14, 1092:21, 1093:1, 1093:7,	1164:5, 1171:17, 1191:5, 1191:9,
1231:7, 1241:1,	contributes [4] -			
1241:9, 1241:24,	1051:8, 1132:4,	1061:21, 1061:22, 1062:2, 1062:10,	1093:8, 1093:10, 1093:13, 1093:17,	1199:5, 1199:16, 1199:20, 1199:25,
1242:8, 1245:9,	1133:23, 1143:19	1062:19, 1063:1,	1093:18, 1094:1,	1200:8, 1200:18,
1246:24, 1247:3,	contributing [4] -			
1248:7, 1248:15,	1135:15, 1138:6,	1063:4, 1063:14, 1063:15, 1063:18,	1095:5, 1096:23, 1097:3, 1097:19,	1200:19, 1201:2, 1204:10, 1210:1,
1248:18, 1248:20,	1142:7, 1185:13	1063:15, 1063:16,	1097:3, 1097:19,	1204.10, 1210.1, 1210:17, 1210:18,
1249:24, 1252:19,	contribution [16] -	1063.20, 1064.25, 1066:12,	1097.25, 1096.1,	1210:17, 1210:16,
1255:8, 1255:13,	1081:16, 1081:19,	1066:11, 1066:12,	1098:13, 1098:15,	1210.24, 1211.4, 1211:14, 1211:20,
1255:25	1081:21, 1081:24,	1066:14, 1066:15,	1098:21, 1098:22,	1211:14, 1211:20, 1212:10,
contacted [1] -	1082:3, 1131:24,	1067:8, 1067:12,	1098:23, 1098:24,	1212:13, 1212:10,
1250:22	1132:3, 1132:9,	1067:19, 1068:3,	1090:23, 1090:24,	1213:8, 1213:12,
contacting [44] -	1132:13, 1132:16,	1069:21, 1070:4,	1100:1, 1100:8,	1213:15, 1213:24,
1113:20, 1229:20,	1134:4, 1134:6,	1070:10, 1070:15,	1100:1, 1100:0,	1213:13, 1213:24,
1229:24, 1230:2,	1134:7, 1134:10,	1070:18, 1070:13,	1100:9, 1100:12,	1221:4, 1228:8,
1230:5, 1231:3,	1141:23, 1141:25	1070:16, 1070:25,	1101:4, 1101:14,	1241:25, 1242:4,
1231:4, 1231:9,	contributions [3] -	1070:24, 1071:3,	1101:19, 1102:11,	1243:9, 1250:14,
1231:13, 1231:15,	1131:10, 1131:20,	1071:14, 1072:9,	1102:17, 1102:23,	1270:18
1231:18, 1232:6,	1160:14	1073:1, 1073:10,	1102:24, 1103:10,	correctly [1] - 1093:21
1232:10, 1232:17,	contributor [1] -	1073:23, 1074:7,	1103:14, 1103:15,	correlation [1] -
1240:4, 1240:9,	1131:25	1074:8, 1074:13,	1103:17, 1103:18,	1150:23
1240:12, 1240:22,	control [3] - 1167:8,	1075:3, 1075:8,	1105:6, 1105:15,	corresponds [3] -
1240:23, 1241:5,	1256:17, 1259:17	1075:9, 1075:12,	1106:16, 1106:17,	1007:3, 1007:15,
1241:8, 1241:13, 1242:3, 1242:16,	controlled [2] -	1075:13, 1075:15,	1107:7, 1108:3,	1007:13,
1242:3, 1242:10, 1242:17, 1242:23,	1141:16, 1179:21	1075:16, 1075:19,	1108:10, 1108:13,	cost [1] - 1118:7
1242:17, 1242:23,	controls [1] - 1141:19	1075:20, 1075:22,	1108:14, 1108:17,	Counsel [1] - 1086:12
1243:7, 1243:16,	controversial [1] -	1076:1, 1076:2,	1108:21, 1109:1,	counsel [3] - 1080:3,
1243:17, 1243:23,	1191:18	1076:5, 1076:6,	1109:3, 1109:5,	1123:18, 1255:23
1243:17, 1243:23,	conventional [1] -	1076:9, 1076:10,	1109:9, 1109:12,	count [2] - 1121:7,
1249:21, 1250:25,	1174:1	1076:14, 1076:22,	1109:13, 1109:16,	1193:5
1251:2, 1251:9,	conversation [2] -	1077:2, 1077:6,	1109:22, 1109:23,	counted [1] - 1216:14
1251:2, 1251:9,	1055:8, 1074:17	1077:10, 1077:18,	1110:6, 1110:7,	counter [3] - 1210.14
1255:22, 1256:21,	conversations [1] -	1077:24, 1078:6,	1110:9, 1112:1,	1139:11, 1139:17
1256:23	1074:22	1078:9, 1078:12,	1113:17, 1113:20,	counting [2] - 1122:4,
contain [1] - 1034:8	converted [1] - 1135:9	1078:16, 1078:17,	1113:25, 1114:6,	1122:18
contained [1] -	converting [1] -	1078:19, 1078:23,	1114:7, 1115:24,	country [5] - 1217:23,
1155:11	1192:10	1079:2, 1079:6,	1118:14, 1124:7,	1219:19, 1219:25,
contemplating [1] -	cookie [3] - 1237:22,	1079:9, 1079:15,	1127:25, 1128:6,	1219.19, 1219.23,
1266:1	1244:11, 1244:15	1079:16, 1080:18,	1131:7, 1133:17,	couple [9] - 1019:10,
contention [1] -	copy [2] - 1265:10,	1080:21, 1080:24,	1135:3, 1140:8,	1030:16, 1031:21,
1062:16	1265:16	1080:25, 1081:2,	1140:9, 1142:24,	1036:8, 1123:24,
contents [1] - 1030:14	corner [3] - 1082:23,	1081:3, 1081:6,	1143:2, 1143:3,	1125:23, 1203:6,
context [12] - 1028:18,	1107:10, 1133:11	1081:7, 1081:9,	1143:6, 1143:11,	1238:6, 1265:25
1029:10, 1041:2,	corners [2] - 1092:25,	1081:13, 1081:14,	1144:24, 1145:6,	course [9] - 1057:9,
1074:25, 1082:4,	1093:2	1081:17, 1082:1,	1145:10, 1145:16,	1057:10, 1111:20,
1074.23, 1002.4,	corporation [1] -	1082:8, 1083:7,	1145:19, 1146:1,	1164:12, 1171:5,
1132:15, 1198:24,	1113:6	1000 0 1000 11	4440.7 4440.40	
		1083:9, 1083:14,	1146:7, 1146:16,	1193:2. 1234:22.
	correct [306] - 1007:2,	1083:16, 1083:21,	1146:23, 1147:12,	1193:2, 1234:22, 1252:20, 1260:16
1209:2, 1229:5,				1193:2, 1234:22, 1252:20, 1260:16

COURT [339] - 1:2,	1130:20, 1136:13,	1237:21, 1238:7,	1123:21, 1124:18,	1172:17
1006:5, 1014:2,	1137:11, 1137:17,	1238:14, 1238:19,	1125:23, 1138:17,	crowded [1] - 1015:2
1014:10, 1014:12,	1138:21, 1138:24,	1238:23, 1239:6,	1139:4, 1163:6,	CRR [2] - 2:1, 1272:7
1014:18, 1014:21,	1139:2, 1139:23,	1239:15, 1239:19,	1181:7, 1216:15,	culled [1] - 1131:9
1015:1, 1015:11,	1142:15, 1142:18,	1240:3, 1240:12,	1229:11, 1245:23,	cures [1] - 1118:21
1017:6, 1017:17,	1151:6, 1154:20,	1240:17, 1241:21,	1251:25, 1257:5,	curiosity [2] - 1155:1,
1018:3, 1018:7,	1155:4, 1157:3,	1242:2, 1242:6,	1257:22, 1261:12,	1220:1
1018:11, 1018:15,	1157:8, 1157:12,	1242:10, 1242:15,	1265:21, 1270:22,	curious [3] - 1216:12,
1018:19, 1018:22,	1158:2, 1158:12,	1243:4, 1243:19,	1272:7	1216:19, 1216:21
1019:1, 1019:5,	1158:16, 1161:23,	1243:24, 1244:4,	courtesy [1] - 1113:1	current [2] - 1025:20,
1019:8, 1019:12,	1162:5, 1162:7,	1244:7, 1244:13,	Courtroom [1] -	1062:9
1019:14, 1019:16,	1162:10, 1162:12,	1245:1, 1245:6,	1006:4	Current [1] - 1061:20
1020:4, 1020:21,	1162:14, 1162:18,	1245:22, 1246:1,	courtroom [10] -	curriculum [2] -
1023:8, 1023:12,	1163:4, 1165:13,	1246:13, 1246:15,	1015:2, 1087:3,	1127:15, 1169:7
1023:16, 1024:4,	1169:12, 1170:2,	1246:18, 1246:22,	1087:19, 1088:9,	curve [30] - 1044:22,
1024:10, 1024:15,	1171:25, 1172:2,	1247:6, 1247:24,	1109:24, 1164:4,	1046:11, 1168:23,
1024:21, 1025:2,	1172:5, 1176:21,	1248:3, 1248:6,	1174:9, 1184:7,	1170:9, 1170:12,
1025:5, 1026:7,	1176:25, 1178:14,	1248:13, 1249:4,	1188:18, 1217:3	1171:2, 1171:8,
1028:11, 1032:20,	1178:18, 1178:22,	1249:7, 1249:15,	courts [1] - 1057:6	1171:11, 1172:10,
1033:25, 1034:11,	1179:8, 1179:18,	1250:3, 1250:5,	cover [6] - 1165:19,	1172:15, 1173:10,
1035:2, 1035:20,	1179:21, 1180:3,	1250:11, 1250:14,	1177:21, 1177:24,	1173:18, 1173:21,
1037:2, 1038:14,	1185:22, 1190:16,	1250:18, 1250:23,	1188:1, 1222:8,	1177:15, 1178:5,
1044:9, 1047:8,	1205:8, 1205:13,	1253:13, 1253:15,	1245:14	1178:15, 1180:22,
1047:11, 1048:25,	1205:15, 1205:20,	1253:20, 1253:22,	covered [4] - 1224:13,	1183:5, 1183:17,
1052:6, 1054:6,	1205:24, 1206:5,	1253:25, 1254:4,	1237:5, 1238:3,	1199:15, 1199:16,
1054:8, 1054:11,	1206:8, 1206:11,	1254:8, 1254:15,	1254:10	1201:5, 1201:10,
1054:18, 1055:10,	1206:14, 1206:19,	1254:25, 1257:7,	COZEN [1] - 1005:15	1201:23, 1202:7,
1055:24, 1056:6,	1206:22, 1206:25,	1257:24, 1258:19,	crack[1] - 1271:1	1202:10, 1202:11,
1056:17, 1057:5,	1207:11, 1209:16,	1258:23, 1259:4,	cream [3] - 1138:22,	1203:12, 1203:13
1057:11, 1058:1,	1210:4, 1210:7,	1259:24, 1260:8,	1154:14, 1185:11	curves [6] - 1168:18,
1058:3, 1058:10,	1211:16, 1214:12,	1260:20, 1261:1,	create [1] - 1065:8	1168:19, 1170:13,
1058:13, 1071:23,	1215:1, 1215:5,	1261:6, 1261:15,	creative [4] - 1182:3,	1172:13, 1173:22,
1079:22, 1079:25,	1215:8, 1215:11,	1261:18, 1261:22,	1182:12, 1269:3,	1178:15
1080:6, 1080:12,	1215:17, 1215:23,	1261:24, 1262:9,	1269:19	cut [3] - 1123:12,
1086:18, 1086:20,	1216:5, 1216:9,	1262:17, 1262:22,	credibility [1] - 1223:7	1183:12, 1186:3
1086:24, 1087:3,	1216:12, 1216:17,	1263:7, 1263:21,	credible [3] - 1258:2,	CV [4] - 1026:3,
1087:15, 1087:22,	1219:12, 1221:14,	1264:4, 1264:8,	1264:15, 1264:19	1216:1, 1216:18,
1088:7, 1088:15,	1221:17, 1221:20,	1264:11, 1264:23,	CROSS [5] - 1006:7,	1219:9
1089:22, 1095:16,	1221:25, 1222:4,	1265:3, 1265:15,	1052:7, 1142:16,	CVs [1] - 1216:2
1095:23, 1099:15,	1222:6, 1222:10,	1265:22, 1266:10,	1190:17, 1220:16	cycle [11] - 1166:5,
1099:19, 1110:22,	1222:15, 1222:18,	1266:13, 1266:15,	cross [14] - 1015:13,	1170:14, 1170:17,
1110:24, 1112:13,	1222:21, 1223:1,	1266:20, 1267:4,	1018:4, 1055:5,	1178:24, 1190:4,
1112:19, 1113:4,	1223:4, 1223:17,	1267:8, 1267:17,	1056:15, 1080:1,	1191:5, 1191:9,
1116:4, 1117:16,	1224:17, 1224:24,	1268:6, 1268:10,	1123:14, 1123:15,	1192:17, 1196:13,
1117:25, 1118:3,	1225:6, 1225:9,	1268:15, 1269:2,	1142:15, 1158:4,	1197:10, 1204:17
1118:10, 1119:4,	1225:14, 1225:18,	1269:6, 1270:12,	1176:4, 1190:16,	CYP [43] - 1031:5,
1119:11, 1119:23,	1225:25, 1226:8,	1271:2, 1271:6,	1205:21, 1206:3,	1031:10, 1031:19,
1120:3, 1120:6,	1226:14, 1226:17, 1227:1, 1227:4,	1271:13, 1271:20	1207:7	1031:20, 1031:23,
1120:17, 1120:20,	1227:1, 1227:4, 1227:6, 1227:9,	court [10] - 1058:18, 1065:3, 1089:2,	CROSS-	1032:25, 1033:6,
1120:23, 1121:2, 1121:6, 1121:10	1227:17, 1227:23,		EXAMINATION [4] -	1040:11, 1041:11,
1121:6, 1121:10, 1121:13, 1122:7,	1227.17, 1227.23, 1228:1, 1228:6,	1113:1, 1137:17, 1182:16, 1233:13,	1006:7, 1052:7,	1042:9, 1051:9,
1121:13, 1122:17,	1228:11, 1228:16,	1264:24, 1269:24,	1142:16, 1190:17	1060:25, 1064:22,
1122:24, 1123:4,	1228:19, 1229:12,	1204.24, 1209.24,	cross-examination [4]	1065:5, 1065:8,
1123:10, 1123:13,	1229:15, 1230:1,	Court [30] - 1014:15,	- 1015:13, 1018:4,	1068:5, 1069:13,
1123:25, 1124:9,	1230:10, 1230:17,	1024:13, 1024:14,	1055:5, 1080:1	1069:17, 1073:22,
1124:20, 1124:25,	1230:24, 1232:5,	1028:14, 1030:9,	cross-examine [1] -	1075:11, 1081:1,
1125:14, 1126:1,	1233:11, 1233:24,	1035:21, 1048:11,	1056:15	1082:6, 1096:13,
1126:3, 1126:7,	1235:9, 1235:12,	1055:25, 1057:15,	cross-react [1] -	1103:7, 1114:24,
1126:10, 1127:19,	1236:10, 1236:21,	1062:1, 1074:23,	1176:4	1128:9, 1130:8,
1128:25, 1130:12,	1236:24, 1237:4,	1079:21, 1086:16,	crossover[1] -	1131:11, 1131:20,
		<u> </u>		

1055:6, 1060:12, 1060:15, 1067:7, 1070:9, 1093:11, 1099:23, 1102:5, 1103:22, 1103:23, 1104:23, 1105:11, 1112:7, 1116:10, 1116:19, 1136:23, 1137:16, 1138:3, 1138:6, 1139:15, 1140:12, 1140:15, 1140:22, 1140:23, 1140:25, 1141:7, 1141:23, 1141:24, 1142:2, 1146:6, 1146:15, 1146:21, 1147:1, 1147:9, 1147:10, 1148:2, 1148:10, 1148:20, 1148:25, 1155:22, 1156:8, 1189:9 CYP3A4/5 [3] -1161:2, 1161:14, 1161:19 CYP450 [1] - 1031:8 CYPs [2] - 1032:3, 1083:21 cytochrome [20] -1031:5, 1031:10, 1060:25, 1073:9, 1114:19, 1131:3, 1131:16, 1132:14, 1132:16, 1133:20, 1133:22, 1136:20, 1136:22, 1141:17, 1142:6, 1143:18, 1143:19, 1145:24, 1147:21, 1160:12 Czeisler [20] -1120:22, 1123:9, 1162:20, 1162:25, 1163:7, 1163:8, 1169:15, 1170:7, 1172:9, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1205:8, 1207:15, 1208:7, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1212:7, 1217:4, 1218:22 CZEISLER [1] -1162:21

D

daily [25] - 1165:4, 1165:22, 1166:17, 1166:18, 1167:7, 1167:10, 1167:12, 1167:18, 1167:22, 1168:4, 1168:9, 1168:11, 1168:15,

1153:9

1173:7, 1175:11, 1183:4, 1183:20, 1183:23, 1196:10, 1196:16, 1196:25, 1197:7, 1203:7, 1227:15, 1239:24 **DANIEL** [1] - 1005:10 dark[1] - 1203:9 darkness [4] -1170:23, 1199:25, 1202:5, 1203:3 dash [1] - 1149:18 data [42] - 1022:5, 1022:11, 1033:12, 1039:11, 1045:1, 1046:20, 1046:21, 1050:15, 1066:23, 1073:9, 1092:9, 1092:12, 1093:5, 1093:9, 1093:14, 1093:18, 1097:22, 1098:5, 1098:7, 1098:15, 1098:20, 1100:24, 1100:25, 1101:3, 1101:18, 1101:25, 1106:6, 1106:7, 1106:10, 1106:11, 1112:3, 1134:8, 1152:21, 1152:24, 1153:4, 1153:7, 1164:22, 1166:24, 1199:23, 1217:14, 1217:25 **Data** [1] - 1094:6 date [26] - 1017:12, 1042:11, 1050:17, 1053:7, 1059:3, 1059:9, 1059:18, 1073:7, 1092:3, 1092:8, 1092:17, 1093:7, 1093:17, 1097:1, 1097:21, 1098:2, 1098:10, 1100:6, 1101:7, 1106:16, 1173:24, 1174:3, 1199:3, 1261:9, 1261:18, 1270:1 dates [2] - 1266:12, 1269:10 daughter [1] - 1074:19 David [1] - 1025:13 days [4] - 1093:23, 1164:5, 1190:23, 1258.8 daytime [3] - 1167:5, 1168:12, 1183:25 **DDI** [4] - 1152:5, 1152:20, 1153:4,

DDIs [4] - 1151:13, 1151:19, 1151:23, 1152:4 DDX-6.1 [1] - 1025:18 DDX-6.10[2] -1032:23, 1079:19 DDX-6.12 [2] -1027:10, 1040:25 DDX-6.13 [1] - 1042:8 DDX-6.14 [1] -1043:18 DDX-6.15 [1] -1045:24 DDX-6.16 [1] - 1046:4 DDX-6.17 [1] - 1047:6 DDX-6.18[1] -1047:23 DDX-6.19[1] -1048:10 **DDX-6.2** [1] - 1027:5 **DDX-6.21** [1] - 1049:3 DDX-6.23[1] -1050:20 DDX-6.3[1] - 1027:24 DDX-6.4 [1] - 1028:13 DDX-6.5 [1] - 1028:21 DDX-6.6 [1] - 1029:5 DDX-6.7 [1] - 1030:5 DDX-6.8 [1] - 1031:7 DDX-6.9 [1] - 1031:18 deal [2] - 1222:1, 1228:11 dealing [5] - 1119:17, 1119:21, 1121:19, 1182:1 deals [2] - 1129:14, 1184:16 death [2] - 1119:7, 1119:10 debate [4] - 1016:16, 1088:21, 1244:22, 1246:23 debating [1] - 1181:23 debilitating [1] -1186:18 decade [1] - 1212:24 decades [2] - 1043:14, 1186:20 December [1] -1265:24 decent [1] - 1021:21 decide [5] - 1098:4, 1101:23, 1224:4,

1231:12, 1268:10

decides [1] - 1210:8

1014:23, 1096:3,

1098:4, 1098:11,

1182:2, 1270:11,

decision [7] -

1270:12

decisions [1] -1257:11 deck [2] - 1052:20, 1199:8 declaration [2] -1160:3, 1269:12 decrease [5] -1046:13, 1046:15, 1048:2, 1051:9, 1152:6 decreased [1] -1047:3 decreases [1] -1041:12 deduced [1] - 1069:9 deep [1] - 1234:23 **Defendant** [1] - 1:9 defendant [3] -1124:11, 1125:5, 1265:18 defendant's [1] -1270:18 defendants [19] -1023:19, 1024:25, 1026:4, 1028:5, 1032:17, 1034:24, 1036:24, 1038:10, 1042:22, 1044:6, 1073:3, 1121:22, 1121:25, 1122:3, 1215:18, 1236:22, 1255:2, 1269:13, 1270:7 defendants' [3] -1057:18, 1080:11, 1120:10 defined [5] - 1055:25, 1231:24, 1233:10, 1243:11, 1243:12 defines [1] - 1241:24 defining [1] - 1190:25 definitely [1] -1254:19 definition [1] - 1251:7 definitive [1] - 1145:7 degree [3] - 1090:15, 1090:16, 1163:18 **DEIRDE** [1] - 1005:4 **DELAWARE**[1] - 1:3 **Delaware** [1] - 1:15 delay [5] - 1178:5, 1180:22, 1183:4, 1183:16, 1204:8 delayed [5] - 1168:6, 1184:1, 1201:12, 1203:15, 1220:10 delaying [2] - 1200:17, 1201:18 delays [3] - 1172:16, 1172:19, 1267:18

deliberately [1] -	1073:9, 1103:3,	1021:9, 1021:13,	1235:3, 1235:25,	discussions [1] -
1157:24	1240:25	1167:15	1237:19	1232:7
	description [12] -	different [45] -		
delineate [1] -			directness [1] -	diseases [1] - 1109:25
1085:25	1192:6, 1232:8,	1016:10, 1020:10,	1258:3	disjunctive [1] -
demonstrate [14] -	1235:6, 1235:15,	1020:19, 1020:22,	disability [1] - 1186:21	1244:12
1194:16, 1194:18,	1236:1, 1236:9,	1020:23, 1020:24,	disagree [7] - 1016:7,	dismissal [1] -
1194:19, 1195:2,	1237:18, 1238:5,	1021:2, 1021:3,	1129:20, 1189:18,	1271:16
1195:5, 1195:9,	1242:3, 1242:22,	1021:11, 1021:12,	1189:19, 1217:11,	disorder [24] -
1196:1, 1196:6,	1244:21, 1244:25	1041:10, 1041:17,	1217:13, 1229:20	1164:17, 1167:9,
1196:19, 1196:22,	Design [1] - 1094:6	1060:23, 1074:15,	disbelieve [1] -	1167:21, 1167:22,
1196:23, 1197:18,	design [1] - 1182:12	1074:22, 1079:2,	1016:12	1168:6, 1168:14,
1223:9	designed [1] - 1253:7	1079:3, 1081:4,	disclose [8] - 1034:18,	1179:19, 1179:20,
demonstrates [1] -	desirable [2] -	1082:9, 1083:4,	1035:7, 1036:3,	1184:2, 1186:11,
1108:1	1152:19, 1153:3	1087:18, 1088:6,	1038:20, 1038:25,	1186:18, 1192:1,
demonstrating [3] -	desire [1] - 1184:22	1095:14, 1108:25,	1039:7, 1049:18,	1192:2, 1192:9,
1144:22, 1196:17,	desired [3] - 1174:5,	1111:18, 1113:7,	1051:13	1192:15, 1194:17,
1197:24	1183:6, 1203:20	1115:21, 1134:4,	disclosed [9] -	1196:8, 1200:1,
demonstrative [7] -	despite [4] - 1105:2,	1134:10, 1138:18,	1020:11, 1021:10,	1203:16, 1220:7,
1015:8, 1030:6,	1105:8, 1135:17	1139:6, 1148:9,	1021:16, 1022:11,	1220:10, 1222:13,
1031:7, 1046:8,	detail [1] - 1263:2	1157:21, 1172:13,	1072:9, 1092:23,	1222:23, 1223:6
1080:10, 1080:11,	detailed [1] - 1069:8	1187:18, 1187:20,	1092:24, 1252:24,	Disorder [1] - 1192:4
1172:23	detect [1] - 1116:20	1190:4, 1202:21,	1263:25	disorders [5] - 1037:8,
demonstratives [2] -	detected [1] - 1023:2	1230:20, 1231:4,	discloses [5] -	1062:6, 1163:2,
1025:14, 1079:19	determine [8] -	1231:15, 1243:11,	1010:14, 1049:19,	1164:2, 1167:20
density [1] - 1034:9	1057:2, 1077:16,	1244:13, 1256:22,	1131:24, 1189:19,	Disorders [1] - 1163:9
dependant [2] -	1080:17, 1084:20,	1263:15	1189:20	Disposition [1] -
1132:16, 1241:10	1085:16, 1145:5,	differentiated [1] -	disclosure [2] -	1039:21
dependent [1] -	1145:9, 1159:3	1052:22	1017:9, 1190:12	dispositive [2] -
1247:12	determined [4] -	differently [1] -	disclosures [1] -	1247:8, 1248:23
depict [1] - 1172:22	1022:6, 1131:11,	1231:10	1116:16	dispute [6] - 1077:12,
depicted [1] - 1172:10	1131:21, 1132:1	differing [1] - 1173:16	discontinue [2] -	1227:15, 1229:9,
deposition [18] -	determining [3] -	difficult [3] - 1166:20,	1049:9, 1051:1	1238:14, 1238:16,
1072:25, 1082:18,	1022:4, 1143:9,	1166:23, 1203:5	discount [1] - 1264:18	1241:3
1082:19, 1082:22,	1143:24	difficulty [2] -	discoveries [1] -	disputed [1] - 1238:25
1083:16, 1086:8,	develop [1] - 1211:7	1165:10, 1229:1	1164:12	disputes [2] -
1086:17, 1088:20,	developed [3] -	dihydrobenzofuran	discovering [1] -	1124:19, 1124:23
1089:25, 1143:21,	1013:17, 1072:11,	[2] - 1108:10,	1164:13	disqualification [1] -
1144:4, 1144:7,	1173:23	1156:17	discretion [1] - 1249:1	1012:10
1187:13, 1192:24,	developing [2] -	dim [1] - 1170:23	discretionary [1] -	dissolves [1] -
1193:6, 1193:7,		DIRECT [4] - 1025:8,	1226:7	1030:13
1193:0, 1193:7,	1209:23, 1260:17	1126:14, 1162:23,	discuss [5] - 1028:14,	distinction [1] -
DEREK [1] - 1005:17	development [13] -	1216:24	1028:16, 1149:14,	1105:23
derivatives [1] -	1029:15, 1029:25,	direct [24] - 1015:7,	1157:6, 1157:10	distinguishes [1] -
1029:21	1030:1, 1033:19, 1033:22, 1093:24,	1053:20, 1055:5,	discussed [12] -	1244:15
describe [6] -	1105:15, 1105:21,	1063:13, 1063:23,	1018:25, 1039:12,	DISTRICT [2] - 1:2, 1:3
1007:20, 1163:13,	1105:15, 1105:21,	1064:18, 1064:25,	1016.25, 1039.12, 1083:9, 1083:12,	District [1] - 1272:7
1164:20, 1174:20,	1128:18, 1150:12,	1066:10, 1067:10,	1109:11, 1135:4,	disturbing [1] -
1188:6, 1189:15	1262:11	1067:17, 1080:16,	1149:13, 1174:10,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
described [9] -	-	1093:18, 1093:19,	1175:6, 1184:7,	1171:1
1008:23, 1009:11,	Development [1] - 1027:12	1095:4, 1105:12,	1210:2, 1218:20	Division [2] - 1163:9,
1008.23, 1009.11,	diabetes [1] - 1185:13	1109:22, 1123:5,	discussion [13] -	1163:12
1160:5, 1175:3,	• • •	1154:12, 1156:24,	1014:24, 1019:6,	divisions [1] - 1076:7
1183:17, 1186:21,	diagnosis [1] - 1164:1	1163:11, 1199:1,	1014.24, 1019.0, 1054:9, 1058:14,	DNA [1] - 1065:17
1211:5	diagram [1] - 1204:7	1202:13, 1229:6,	1123:17, 1152:8,	docket [2] - 1270:25,
describes [8] -	dictionary [1] - 1251:6	1264:22	1123.17, 1132.6,	1271:18
1006:18, 1006:24,	differ [1] - 1174:16	direction [1] - 1183:9	1182:18, 1267:3,	Doctor [28] - 1012:16,
	difference [6] -	directions [1] -		1028:21, 1029:5,
1008:17, 1015:14,	1063:17, 1074:17,	1041:10	1268:14, 1268:21, 1269:5	1032:23, 1034:14,
1136:19, 1235:8, 1241:6, 1256:20	1090:13, 1094:22,	directly [6] - 1072:19,	Discussion [2] -	1038:7, 1038:19,
describing [3] -	1158:18, 1242:21	1077:20, 1234:15,	1152:16, 1211:18	1039:19, 1044:13,
acsonbing [5] -	differences [3] -		1102.10, 1211.10	1045:24, 1046:9,
				_

1047:13, 1050:20,	1096:22, 1098:5,	1127:22, 1128:4,	drop [1] - 1268:7	1135:10, 1135:11,
1058:20, 1164:4,	1098:11, 1176:21,	1128:22, 1129:2,	dropped [2] - 1193:12,	1135:10, 1135:11,
1165:8, 1165:21,	1180:16, 1202:8,	1129:8, 1129:16,	1271:17	1135:18, 1135:22,
1168:18, 1180:6,	1204:6, 1221:8	1129:25, 1130:17,	Drs [1] - 1188:18	1135:23, 1136:17,
1184:15, 1184:21,	dose [17] - 1111:15,	1130:24, 1132:23,	Drug [5] - 1039:21,	1137:15, 1141:14,
1186:4, 1188:1,	1119:20, 1138:11,	1134:25, 1137:4,	1062:4, 1094:5,	1141:23, 1142:3,
1192:22, 1194:21,	1175:8, 1175:10,	1137:14, 1137:23,	1159:23	1142:5, 1142:8,
1195:13, 1208:5,	1175:17, 1176:2,	1138:10, 1138:24,	drug [225] - 1013:12,	1143:9, 1143:11,
1214:15	1176:18, 1177:1,	1139:4, 1140:2,	1013:18, 1013:19,	1143:17, 1143:20,
doctor [8] - 1041:3,	1178:4, 1178:11,	1140:20, 1142:20,	1028:7, 1028:19,	1143:24, 1144:1,
1052:19, 1059:2,	1178:12, 1181:2,	1142:23, 1143:4,	1029:11, 1029:14,	1144:14, 1144:22,
1165:16, 1183:10,	1181:3, 1181:4,	1145:21, 1146:12,	1030:15, 1030:24,	1144:23, 1145:5,
1188:4, 1203:24,	1190:3, 1218:14	1147:7, 1147:18,	1031:3, 1031:6,	1145:8, 1145:10,
1215:23	doses [1] - 1173:18	1148:6, 1148:7,	1031:19, 1031:22,	1145:13, 1145:15,
doctors [2] - 1187:19,	dosing [1] - 1180:10	1148:12, 1149:12,	1031:24, 1032:25,	1145:24, 1148:8,
1216:9	Dosing [1] - 1094:6	1150:19, 1151:18,	1033:16, 1033:17,	1148:13, 1148:17,
Document [1] -	dot [1] - 1030:11	1155:7, 1156:1,	1033:19, 1033:22,	1150:4, 1150:10,
1039:14	doubt [3] - 1141:5,	1159:20, 1162:20,	1036:7, 1037:6,	1150:11, 1150:12,
document [30] -	1213:22, 1255:18	1162:25, 1163:7,	1041:1, 1041:3,	1153:22, 1154:9,
1026:2, 1034:16,	dough [2] - 1244:11,	1163:8, 1167:11,	1041:6, 1041:8,	1155:9, 1155:13,
1034:18, 1034:21,	1244:15	1167:17, 1168:7,	1041:11, 1041:12,	1155:16, 1155:21,
1036:12, 1036:18,	down [31] - 1006:21,	1169:15, 1169:21,	1041:13, 1041:16,	1158:23, 1158:25,
1037:21, 1038:4,	1008:15, 1014:12,	1170:7, 1170:20,	1041:20, 1041:21,	1159:1, 1159:2,
1038:7, 1054:16,	1023:17, 1030:12,	1171:7, 1171:10,	1041:22, 1041:23,	1159:3, 1177:4,
1054:20, 1073:15,	1031:14, 1035:23,	1171:14, 1171:15,	1041:25, 1045:18,	1178:19, 1179:14,
1082:17, 1093:3,	1037:10, 1046:14,	1172:9, 1172:10,	1045:25, 1046:3,	1179:25, 1181:21,
1094:4, 1094:18,	1056:21, 1056:25,	1173:17, 1173:20,	1046:5, 1046:17,	1182:5, 1183:15,
1095:5, 1095:13,	1064:2, 1076:8,	1174:9, 1174:13,	1047:16, 1047:17,	1188:16, 1188:23,
1095:15, 1095:19,	1099:7, 1106:22,	1175:3, 1175:14, 1181:13, 1181:16,	1047:18, 1047:24,	1189:9, 1211:3, 1259:12, 1262:6
1099:5, 1099:10, 1114:3, 1114:8,	1111:12, 1119:24,	1181:22, 1183:21,	1051:11, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22,	Drug-Drug [1] -
11143 11140	1173.17 1133.7			
	1123:12, 1133:7,			
1114:17, 1160:20,	1150:15, 1186:3,	1189:1, 1189:2,	1069:19, 1076:17,	1159:23
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] -
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] -	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] -	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] -	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] -	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:12, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:3, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1119:1, 1119:17,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:12, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:3, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:8, 1145:10,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:8, 1097:3, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:8, 1145:10, 1145:13, 1145:15,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:3, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1145:15, 1145:24, 1148:8,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 dream [1] - 1177:25	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1084:18, 1091:5, 1091:12, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:3, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1145:15, 1145:24, 1148:8, 1148:13, 1155:9,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23, 1241:22, 1259:20,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 dream [1] - 1177:25 drift [1] - 1183:20	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17, 1132:7, 1132:10,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1148:8, 1145:10, 1155:13, 1155:16,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23, 1241:22, 1259:20, 1265:24	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22, 1114:5, 1115:11,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 dream [1] - 1177:25 drift [1] - 1183:20 drifting [1] - 1202:5	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17, 1132:7, 1132:10, 1133:7, 1133:21,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1148:8, 1145:13, 1155:9, 1155:13, 1155:16, 1155:21, 1158:25,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23, 1241:22, 1259:20, 1265:24 donut [1] - 1112:23	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22, 1114:5, 1115:11, 1116:8, 1120:19,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 dream [1] - 1177:25 drift [1] - 1183:20 drifting [1] - 1202:5 drive [4] - 1185:2,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17, 1132:7, 1132:10, 1133:7, 1133:21, 1134:11, 1134:13,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1148:8, 1145:10, 1155:21, 1158:25, 1159:1, 1188:16,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:1, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23, 1241:22, 1259:20, 1265:24 donut [1] - 1112:23 dosage [11] - 1091:5,	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22, 1114:5, 1115:11, 1116:8, 1120:19, 1120:22, 1123:8,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 drift [1] - 1183:20 drifting [1] - 1202:5 drive [4] - 1185:2, 1203:1, 1203:12,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:12, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17, 1132:7, 1132:10, 1133:7, 1133:21, 1134:13, 1134:15, 1134:19,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1145:15, 1145:24, 1148:8, 1148:13, 1155:16, 1155:21, 1158:25,
1114:17, 1160:20, 1160:24, 1184:8, 1209:8 documents [7] - 1009:17, 1010:7, 1052:22, 1072:21, 1073:12, 1122:1 domain [3] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10 domestic [1] - 1016:11 dominant [1] - 1032:3 dominated [1] - 1132:6 done [20] - 1011:7, 1018:4, 1018:5, 1018:7, 1033:8, 1033:10, 1065:7, 1065:11, 1104:24, 1106:3, 1122:17, 1125:13, 1126:6, 1128:15, 1128:18, 1131:13, 1170:23, 1241:22, 1259:20, 1265:24 donut [1] - 1112:23	1150:15, 1186:3, 1208:3, 1214:5, 1214:8, 1215:12, 1221:14, 1229:9, 1231:25, 1237:25, 1247:19 downregulated [1] - 1093:16 Dr [142] - 1006:6, 1006:9, 1013:25, 1015:7, 1015:14, 1016:11, 1019:17, 1019:20, 1020:7, 1023:19, 1023:23, 1025:10, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1037:5, 1038:9, 1039:20, 1039:24, 1044:1, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22, 1114:5, 1115:11, 1116:8, 1120:19,	1189:1, 1189:2, 1190:19, 1190:22, 1199:21, 1199:22, 1204:20, 1204:21, 1205:8, 1205:21, 1206:4, 1207:7, 1207:15, 1208:12, 1209:8, 1210:4, 1210:12, 1211:5, 1212:7, 1215:19, 1215:21, 1216:1, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1217:3, 1217:4, 1217:24, 1218:21, 1218:22, 1219:9, 1219:15, 1220:18, 1228:9, 1258:1, 1261:9 draft [6] - 1094:10, 1094:15, 1094:19, 1094:20, 1159:12, 1270:4 drawing [1] - 1154:25 dream [1] - 1177:25 drift [1] - 1183:20 drifting [1] - 1202:5 drive [4] - 1185:2,	1069:19, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1077:22, 1078:23, 1079:2, 1079:9, 1079:11, 1079:13, 1080:17, 1081:1, 1091:5, 1091:9, 1091:11, 1091:12, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1093:15, 1093:24, 1096:11, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1099:23, 1100:21, 1103:9, 1106:6, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1118:20, 1118:21, 1118:24, 1119:1, 1119:17, 1119:21, 1126:25, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:18, 1128:22, 1131:17, 1132:7, 1132:10, 1133:7, 1133:21, 1134:11, 1134:13,	1159:23 drug-drug [52] - 1041:1, 1041:3, 1041:23, 1045:25, 1046:5, 1047:16, 1047:24, 1051:23, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1077:17, 1091:9, 1091:17, 1091:22, 1096:11, 1108:20, 1109:16, 1116:14, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:19, 1135:1, 1135:8, 1135:23, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:24, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:23, 1145:5, 1145:4, 1148:8, 1145:10, 1155:21, 1158:25, 1159:1, 1188:16, 1188:23, 1189:9

drugs [65] - 1026:22, 1032:17, 1032:21, effective [10] eluded [1] - 1016:12 ended [1] - 1168:4 1027:1, 1029:17, 1042:17, 1047:14, 1044:12, 1175:8, emanating [1] endogenous [1] -1029:23, 1032:4, 1149:8, 1149:9 1194:20, 1208:11, 1203:18 1176:2 1033:2, 1035:10, DTX-9.7 [2] - 1149:16, 1208:17, 1209:24, embodiment [6] endogenously [1] -1039:4, 1040:14, 1149:20 1217:7, 1217:21, 1020:8, 1243:8, 1203:4 1245:7, 1245:13, 1041:4, 1042:1, DTZ-155 [1] - 1205:7 1219:6 ends [1] - 1096:22 Dual [1] - 1159:24 1045:19. 1045:20. effectively [3] -1253:4, 1256:10 Engel [3] - 1136:7, 1042:3, 1214:19, 1047:20. 1062:9. Dual-Melatonin [1] -Embodiment [1] -1138:1, 1138:2 1075:6, 1075:7, 1217:15 1159:24 1008:17 engineered [2] -1075:10, 1075:14, effectiveness [1] **duct** [1] - 1076:4 embodiments [3] -1033:11, 1114:18 1075:15, 1075:17, 1185:9 due [1] - 1269:8 1237:5, 1241:12, England [1] - 1173:11 1076:3, 1076:9, effects [12] - 1026:22, duly [1] - 1126:12 1252:24 English [1] - 1255:4 1076:11, 1079:12, dunk [1] - 1268:11 1106:4, 1106:6, embody [1] - 1241:11 enormous [1] -1085:21, 1086:1, 1129:12, 1129:14, during [19] - 1010:10, embrace [1] - 1252:2 1262:24 1086:5, 1089:9, 1161:16, 1182:6, embraced [1] -1152:24. 1153:8. enrollees [1] -1090:25, 1091:10, 1188:5, 1190:2, 1165:2, 1165:6, 1171:10 1219:18 1091:12, 1100:10, 1199:1, 1199:4, 1165:7, 1166:18, Emens [33] - 1120:22, enter [4] - 1014:5, 1105:20, 1110:15, 1210:23 1166:22, 1166:24, 1167:11, 1167:17, 1030:24, 1269:14, 1118:7, 1119:14, Effects [1] - 1068:23 1168:7, 1171:7, 1167:5, 1167:13, 1270:1 1133:1, 1133:3, efficacious [1] -1167:25, 1168:12, 1171:10, 1171:14, entered [3] - 1032:18, 1133:5, 1133:6, 1186:14 1173:17, 1173:20, 1171:5, 1183:25, 1034:24, 1042:21 1135:9, 1139:9, efficacy [9] - 1046:17, 1174:9, 1174:13, 1193:7, 1203:5, entertaining [1] -1139:16, 1146:5, 1227:20, 1228:7 1047:3, 1047:18, 1175:14, 1183:21, 1271:23 1146:11, 1146:15, 1135:16, 1135:17, 1199:17, 1199:19, entire [5] - 1096:13, 1146:21, 1146:22, 1208:24, 1209:19, 1200:4, 1204:21, Ε 1183:20, 1203:22, 1147:2, 1147:5, 1210:20, 1210:21 1205:21, 1206:4, 1228:5, 1254:17 1147:11, 1148:1, early [6] - 1093:23, efficient [1] - 1223:12 1207:7, 1215:19, entirety [1] - 1032:5 1148:15, 1151:12, 1098:19, 1160:11, eight [2] - 1031:21, 1215:21, 1216:1, entitled [4] - 1062:4, 1151:15, 1152:25, 1218:15, 1218:18, 1216:8, 1217:1, 1193:7 1094:5, 1115:8, 1153:8, 1154:3, 1262:20 1217:3, 1217:24, either [5] - 1032:5, 1150:22 1154:23, 1155:13, easier [2] - 1260:3, 1033:8, 1093:10, 1218:11, 1218:21, entity [1] - 1034:7 1155:24 1263:18 1103:13, 1111:21 1219:15, 1220:18, entrain [7] - 1194:20, **Drugs** [1] - 1061:20 eastman [2] - 1181:13, **EKINER** [1] - 1005:15 1228:9, 1258:1 1197:10, 1197:17, **DTX** [1] - 1149:18 1181:16 elaborate [1] -Emens' [1] - 1172:10 1217:15, 1218:1, DTX-155 [1] - 1204:25 Eastman's [1] -1183:11 Emens's [1] - 1219:9 1218:16, 1218:19 DTX-16 [9] - 1034:13, 1169:21 element [2] - 1182:12, employed [1] entrained [8] - 1171:5, 1034:24, 1035:6, eat [5] - 1184:22, 1115:21 1235:2 1195:9, 1196:7, 1035:7, 1036:1, 1185:3, 1185:6, employee [1] - 1040:2 elements [9] -1197:18, 1208:20, 1049:16, 1050:1, 1185:8, 1185:25 1049:13, 1051:5, employees [2] -1208:21, 1218:8, 1061:17, 1063:8 edited [1] - 1247:16 1051:24, 1055:16, 1113:5, 1113:8 1218:11 dTX-16 [1] - 1035:3 editor [2] - 1027:11, 1055:17, 1057:16, Employment [1] entraining [15] -DTX-16.3 [1] - 1106:19 1027:13 1057:22, 1057:23, 1127:22 1191:4, 1191:9, DTX-16.4 [1] - 1063:25 editor-in-chief [1] -1194:25 empties [1] - 1030:22 1192:16, 1193:23, DTX-16.6 [2] enable [1] - 1228:25 1027:13 elicit [4] - 1105:25, 1195:7, 1195:15, 1068:21, 1103:6 editorial [1] - 1027:16 1177:4, 1182:4, Encyclopedia [1] -1195:24, 1196:5, DTX-24 [4] - 1042:16, education [1] -1183:6 1054:23 1196:8, 1197:16, 1042:22, 1042:25, 1026:11 elicited [3] - 1015:9, end [26] - 1020:14, 1198:2, 1198:5, 1047:14 educational [1] -1015:25, 1223:4 1021:4, 1031:16, 1198:7, 1208:18, DTX-28 [3] - 1043:23, 1163:13 eliminate [2] -1034:4, 1053:24, 1209:22 1044:6, 1044:10 1046:17, 1048:17 effect [20] - 1035:12, 1078:9, 1130:4, entrainment [18] -DTX-301 [1] - 1006:16 1041:17, 1133:21, eliminated [3] -1168:1, 1168:11, 1173:5, 1178:12, DTX-397 [2] - 1219:9, 1135:25, 1140:25, 1133:1, 1133:4, 1205:4, 1223:8, 1191:1, 1192:7, 1219:13 1150:23, 1174:22, 1134:15 1231:24, 1232:2, 1192:9, 1193:16, DTX-398 [4] - 1025:24, 1175:18, 1175:20, eliminates [1] -1233:1, 1233:4, 1194:18, 1195:2, 1026:4, 1026:8, 1176:18, 1181:5, 1048:15 1233:9, 1234:4, 1195:5, 1196:1, 1026:10 1189:13, 1189:20, 1234:19, 1234:23, elimination [3] -1196:17, 1196:19, DTX-411 [2] - 1008:5, 1200:17, 1201:18, 1037:16, 1132:16, 1235:1, 1235:2, 1196:23, 1197:20, 1019:23 1204:12, 1204:14, 1132:17 1235:19, 1235:22, 1204:16, 1223:23, **DTX-6.11** [1] - 1040:6 1204:15, 1211:3, elsewhere [1] -1243:12, 1243:13, 1224:20 DTX-9 [7] - 1032:8, 1262:4 1080:21 1266:16 entry [1] - 1127:22

environment [1] -	1148:14, 1159:4,	1014:11, 1016:1,	1253:9	excused [5] - 1014:13,
1170:15	1160:13, 1161:2	1016:4, 1016:8,	EXAMINATION[11] -	1120:8, 1162:15,
enzyme [37] -	epidemic [1] -	1016:17, 1017:19,	1006:7, 1025:8,	1162:17, 1215:14
1030:18, 1031:17,	1185:13	1017:24, 1017:25,	1052:7, 1116:6,	exercise [1] - 1059:17
1032:3, 1032:25,	episode [5] - 1173:8,	1019:2, 1026:5,	1126:14, 1142:16,	exhausted [1] -
1040:23, 1041:19,	1183:4, 1183:20,	1026:8, 1032:18,	1162:23, 1190:17,	1205:24
1051:9, 1051:20,	1183:23, 1203:8	1032:21, 1034:25,	1214:13, 1216:24,	
1053:25, 1054:3,	equal [2] - 1097:14,	1035:3, 1036:25,	1220:16	Exhibit [1] - 1169:10 exhibit [8] - 1068:22,
1065:18, 1065:20,	1133:15	1037:3, 1038:1,	examination [15] -	1095:1, 1114:14,
1065:22, 1066:13,	equally [1] - 1243:22	1038:11, 1038:15,	1015:13, 1018:4,	1115:3, 1115:7,
1067:19, 1068:2,	equals [1] - 1021:23	1042:21, 1042:23,	1055:5, 1063:13,	1264:9, 1265:16
1078:8, 1078:25,	equipoise [4] -	1042:25, 1043:1,	1063:23, 1064:18,	exhibits [6] - 1014:5,
1085:16, 1085:18,	1245:2, 1247:9,	1044:10, 1048:23,	1064:25, 1067:10,	1108:8, 1169:2,
1085:20, 1093:16,	1243:2, 1247:9,	1049:1, 1049:23,	1067:17, 1069:23,	1265:12, 1269:18,
1097:13, 1097:23,	equivalent [1] -	1071:24, 1095:19,	1080:1, 1080:16,	1269:20
1131:16, 1132:4,	1267:10	1095:24, 1099:8,	1087:17, 1105:13,	
1132:6, 1132:9,		1099:16, 1103:22,	1156:25	exist [1] - 1042:6
1132:14, 1133:23,	ERIC [1] - 1005:9 Eric [1] - 1052:9	1114:3, 1121:11,	examine [4] - 1022:25,	existence [1] - 1070:22
1135:23, 1136:24,		1122:12, 1127:17,	1056:15, 1136:19,	exists [4] - 1090:15,
1141:13, 1141:17,	errata [2] - 1270:2,	1127:20, 1136:11,	1161:16	1101:3, 1230:13,
1143:19, 1145:24,	1271:8	1136:14, 1137:9,	examined [1] - 1131:2	1231:8
1189:9	error [2] - 1023:22,	1137:12, 1139:21,	example [34] -	
enzymes [81] -	1243:22 ESO (41) 1005:3	1139:24, 1139:25,	1017:16, 1022:8,	exits [1] - 1097:19
1031:1, 1031:3,	ESQ [14] - 1005:3,	1151:4, 1151:7,	1029:18, 1053:23,	exoenzymes [3] -
1031:5, 1031:8,	1005:3, 1005:4,	1162:2, 1162:6,	1054:21, 1054:25,	1064:22, 1065:6, 1069:20
1031:11, 1031:13,	1005:4, 1005:5,	1169:13, 1170:3,	1055:16, 1075:21,	
1031:15, 1031:19,	1005:8, 1005:9,	1172:1, 1182:2,	1076:11, 1139:13,	expect [7] - 1021:11,
1031:20, 1031:23,	1005:9, 1005:10,	1185:23, 1209:17,	1167:13, 1191:11,	1021:13, 1022:1,
1033:6, 1033:10,	1005:12, 1005:15, 1005:16, 1005:16,	1216:6, 1216:14,	1191:12, 1191:25,	1105:10, 1191:18, 1205:25, 1256:6
1033:11, 1034:6,	1005:10, 1003:10,	1219:13, 1224:6,	1195:20, 1218:10,	expectation [9] -
1034:9, 1039:1,	essay [1] - 1099:22	1224:19, 1227:18,	1229:2, 1230:2,	1143:5, 1143:10,
1039:4, 1039:5,	essay[1] - 1099.22 essential[1] - 1147:22	1232:24, 1238:9,	1232:9, 1234:10,	1143:25, 1144:13,
1040:22, 1041:12,	essentially [5] -	1238:13, 1239:7,	1234:22, 1237:9,	1144:23, 1145:4,
1041:18, 1041:20,	1008:17, 1103:18,	1239:10, 1239:11,	1241:11, 1242:11,	1198:11, 1198:15,
1042:9, 1048:7,	1228:24, 1240:11,	1239:13, 1239:16,	1242:12, 1242:14,	1198:24
1061:1, 1065:9,	1245:18	1243:5, 1245:10,	1243:12, 1243:19,	expected [6] - 1048:4,
1065:21, 1066:5,	establish [3] -	1256:12, 1256:14,	1243:21, 1243:25,	1048:8, 1052:2,
1066:18, 1066:20,	1077:12, 1136:22,	1260:10, 1262:18,	1253:4, 1253:6,	1092:1, 1205:21,
1067:6, 1067:12,	1199:18	1263:10	1256:20	1206:7
1067:25, 1068:1,	established [4] -	evident [1] - 1118:22	examples [5] -	experience [7] -
1069:17, 1073:9,	1009:11, 1151:13,	evidential [1] -	1138:16, 1139:5,	1013:11, 1026:11,
1074:6, 1074:11,	1179:10, 1179:22	1069:13	1233:11, 1242:15,	1029:13, 1045:13,
1074:13, 1075:11,	estimate [3] - 1085:15,	evidentiary [4] -	1252:25	1069:10, 1105:18,
1075:14, 1078:5,	1121:18, 1218:10	1123:20, 1124:3,	except [2] - 1193:9,	1113:22
1078:11, 1078:13,	et [3] - 1:8, 1034:3,	1124:19, 1124:22	1243:19	experiment [4] -
1078:21, 1081:16,	1042:12	evidentiary-wise [1] -	excerpt [1] - 1170:8	1081:5, 1131:15,
1081:25, 1082:3,	evaluated [1] -	1124:3	excerpts [1] - 1130:2	1132:1, 1171:6
1082:7, 1084:15,	1208:13	evolution [1] - 1185:5	exclude [3] - 1060:21,	experimental [2] -
1085:15, 1090:7,	evaluating [1] -	evolve [1] - 1168:23	1116:19, 1252:23	1043:9, 1076:24
1090:23, 1092:20,	1041:25	evolved [2] - 1203:8,	excluded [2] -	experiments [3] -
1096:12, 1096:13,	evaluation [2] -	1232:4	1104:24, 1116:17	1080:17, 1083:5,
1104:25, 1116:18,	1208:25, 1209:21	exact [3] - 1059:6,	exclusively [1] -	1148:16
1131:3, 1131:23,	evening [4] - 1167:15,	1088:18, 1146:8	1061:3	expert [17] - 1013:14,
1132:3, 1133:7,	1167:23, 1168:2,	exactly [14] - 1034:9,	excrete [1] - 1075:19	1024:22, 1028:6,
1133:8, 1133:9,	1185:3	1052:21, 1078:22,	excreted [6] -	1110:21, 1120:1,
1136:20, 1136:22,	evenly [2] - 1121:18,	1085:17, 1088:7,	1075:25, 1076:4,	1128:22, 1130:13,
1136:23, 1141:11,	1122:2	1112:15, 1123:21,	1076:13, 1077:23,	1163:1, 1238:22,
1141:20, 1142:6,	event [1] - 1056:12	1193:11, 1229:1,	1077:24, 1133:5	1238:25, 1239:3,
1146:10, 1147:10,	eventually [1] - 1263:5	1232:3, 1236:13,	excuse [2] - 1122:5,	1239:8, 1245:11,
1147:21, 1148:1,	evidence [78] -	1241:15, 1246:3,	1170:9	1245:12, 1254:15,
1148:2, 1148:9,				

1264:14, 1264:17 expertise [2] -1029:10, 1188:25 experts [2] - 1174:6, 1247:17 experts' [1] - 1216:2 explain [6] - 1048:11, 1056:19, 1061:10, 1090:2, 1166:16, 1243:25 explained [5] -1187:2, 1202:13, 1204:3, 1228:10, 1243:22 explaining [5] -1046:8, 1132:18, 1187:17, 1203:13, 1203:22 explains [1] - 1189:25 explicitly [2] -1061:13, 1067:18 explode [1] - 1247:17 explosion [1] -1236:20 exposure [17] -1044:24, 1047:3, 1048:1, 1048:3, 1129:12, 1129:15, 1132:10, 1133:21, 1135:13, 1135:14, 1135:18, 1140:11, 1140:14, 1141:1, 1151:14, 1152:2, 1152:6 expressed [3] -1033:11, 1174:6, 1192:6 expressing [2] -1075:1, 1114:19 expression [5] -1041:19, 1081:8, 1081:13, 1082:3, 1083.6 expressly [4] - 1191:4, 1191:8, 1195:15, 1198:2 **extended** [1] - 1194:7 extension [1] - 1269:8 extensions [1] -1267:18 extensively [1] -1027:20 extent [3] - 1044:24, 1159:8, 1237:2 extraordinary [1] -1173:20 extreme [1] - 1119:10 extrinsic [7] - 1238:9, 1238:13, 1239:7, 1239:11, 1243:5,

1245:10, 1256:12

F face [1] - 1177:5 facial [2] - 1014:23, 1015:1 facilitate [1] - 1269:22 fact [35] - 1012:1, 1013:20, 1016:13, 1043:7, 1062:18, 1071:12, 1072:20, 1072:25, 1079:12, 1087:9, 1093:14, 1098:25, 1101:9, 1105:2, 1108:12, 1118:15, 1136:23, 1139:10, 1142:10, 1155:23, 1179:2, 1180:22, 1182:5, 1185:24, 1193:14, 1204:20, 1209:21, 1213:2, 1214:21, 1243:22, 1251:9, 1255:11, 1255:18, 1263:13, 1267:20 factor [2] - 1035:24, 1245:19 facts [1] - 1251:24 factual [2] - 1258:6, 1264:12 faculty [1] - 1185:1 failed [9] - 1139:20, 1182:24, 1183:3, 1184:4, 1203:22, 1203:23, 1211:8, 1214:21, 1243:2 failure [1] - 1187:7 fair [26] - 1007:13, 1011:22, 1056:14, 1058:24, 1059:21, 1063:10, 1068:15, 1085:4, 1092:16, 1094:24, 1098:17, 1110:23, 1110:25, 1117:22, 1117:23, 1164:7, 1190:24, 1198:20, 1207:5, 1212:3, 1214:4, 1216:11, 1221:1, 1233:6, 1244:14, 1259:4 fairest [1] - 1019:3 fairly [2] - 1085:22, 1235:15 fairness [2] - 1087:16, 1210:4

fairway [1] - 1232:1

1179:23, 1224:11,

federal [1] - 1251:22

1040:13, 1061:12,

fall [4] - 1168:8,

1267:23 feet [1] - 1030:16 fallback [1] - 1247:11 fellow [1] - 1163:20 falling [1] - 1187:4 fellowship [1] false [1] - 1104:3 1026:19 familiar [9] - 1076:19, felt [10] - 1116:14, 1128:8, 1165:22, 1186:6, 1187:7, 1168:20, 1182:21, 1187:16, 1217:7, 1222:2, 1223:2, 1184:6, 1209:11, 1246:8, 1256:3 1223:5, 1224:6, 1224:19 families [2] - 1167:24, 1182:9 fence [1] - 1070:7 family [4] - 1031:13, few [3] - 1017:3, 1031:19, 1075:11, 1164:5, 1166:6 1096:14 fewer [1] - 1015:15 famous [1] - 1237:22 field [6] - 1023:9, far [6] - 1040:15, 1027:20, 1028:6, 1070:11, 1073:11, 1098:18, 1171:7, 1077:4, 1197:2, 1245:19 1250:15 fifth [2] - 1144:17, fashion [1] - 1016:8 1181:4 fight [1] - 1123:20 fast [1] - 1033:6 faster [2] - 1142:5 Figure [1] - 1095:9 figure [9] - 1021:18, fathom [1] - 1186:23 1059:23, 1095:10, faulting [1] - 1240:6 favor [2] - 1084:24, 1098:19, 1122:10, 1225:23 1194:14, 1194:15, FDA [49] - 1013:12, 1205:20, 1234:16 1013:15, 1022:25, figured [1] - 1218:19 1033:2, 1033:20, file [2] - 1265:17, 1269:14 1033:21, 1041:23, 1043:7, 1043:16, filed [2] - 1216:3, 1045:21, 1046:1, 1261:3 1080:16. 1093:20. filing [1] - 1271:11 1094:14, 1095:3, fill [2] - 1048:4, 1095:4, 1100:22, 1112:24 1119:8, 1119:15, final [3] - 1057:1, 1143:9, 1143:12, 1162:19, 1188:1 1143:13, 1143:16, finalized [2] - 1094:21, 1143:24, 1144:12, 1261:15 1144:13, 1144:25, finalizes [1] - 1094:15 1148:7, 1158:20, finalizing [1] -1158:23, 1159:12, 1265:14 1186:17, 1186:19, findings [5] - 1141:6, 1198:14, 1198:17, 1155:4, 1164:1, 1207:16, 1208:10, 1221:23, 1269:1 1211:22, 1215:8, fine [9] - 1100:17, 1218:23, 1221:6, 1101:19, 1126:2, 1260:4, 1260:9, 1158:18, 1197:19, 1260:19, 1262:13, 1237:19, 1238:2, 1262:19, 1263:4, 1249:11, 1249:15 1263:5, 1263:14 fingertips [1] - 1092:9 FDA's [1] - 1221:7 finish [1] - 1066:25 **February** [1] - 1159:12 finished [2] - 1267:1, feces [5] - 1076:5, 1268:23 1076:8, 1077:24, fire [1] - 1012:11 1133:6, 1134:14 first [55] - 1007:15, Federal [4] - 1228:24, 1014:16, 1020:21, 1251:21, 1252:7, 1020:23, 1030:7, 1256.7 1030:15, 1031:12,

1061:17, 1066:13, 1069:5, 1082:17, 1096:4, 1096:7, 1101:22, 1112:10, 1122:15, 1126:12, 1131:22, 1135:4, 1141:11, 1143:12, 1147:20, 1160:10, 1164:14, 1164:20, 1169:5, 1172:14, 1173:2, 1173:5, 1177:3, 1177:18, 1186:10, 1189:1, 1194:6, 1195:20, 1214:22, 1215:3, 1216:1, 1225:3, 1229:16, 1229:19, 1230:19, 1231:16, 1235:13, 1238:8, 1251:11, 1255:9, 1265:7, 1265:8, 1265:23, 1266:2, 1266:6, 1268:18 first-pass [1] - 1030:7 fit [2] - 1154:24, 1167:6 five [28] - 1019:13, 1067:6, 1125:21, 1151:14, 1152:1, 1152:6, 1174:4, 1175:10, 1176:6, 1178:11, 1179:13, 1179:24, 1185:24, 1206:7, 1234:8, 1235:9, 1235:12, 1235:23, 1236:10, 1236:12, 1237:17, 1243:13, 1243:14, 1254:9, 1254:10, 1256:10, 1260:5 five-fold [4] - 1151:14, 1152:1, 1152:6 fivefold [1] - 1045:22 flew [1] - 1179:16 flow [7] - 1096:3, 1096:7, 1096:8, 1096:22, 1097:5, 1101:22, 1233:24 fluctuates [1] - 1214:7 fluvoxamine [19] -1043:6, 1043:18, 1044:20, 1044:23, 1045:25, 1046:19, 1048:2, 1048:14, 1060:2, 1060:7, 1060:10, 1100:15, 1117:3, 1117:11, 1149:5, 1150:24, 1151:19, 1154:6, 1161:17

focus [5] - 1016:16, 1085:3, 1163:23, 1173:24, 1205:2 focuses [1] - 1163:24 fold [4] - 1151:14, 1152:1, 1152:6 follow [10] - 1008:22, 1015:18, 1094:20, 1126:24, 1127:2, 1208:2, 1231:7, 1256:16, 1259:2, 1270:13 follow-on [3] -1126:24, 1127:2, 1259:2 followed [3] - 1050:8, 1161:7, 1255:19 following [9] - 1006:3, 1050:10, 1054:19, 1074:5, 1092:18, 1153:23, 1163:22, 1196:10, 1272:2 follows [9] - 1014:25, 1054:10. 1107:5. 1126:13, 1162:22, 1215:22, 1230:3, 1235:7, 1255:23 food [8] - 1184:17, 1188:5, 1188:7, 1189:13, 1189:16, 1189:20, 1189:21, 1190:11 Fools [1] - 1267:16 fools [1] - 1267:17 footballers [1] -1177:25 FOR [1] - 1:3 forces [1] - 1217:20 foreclosed [1] -1239.13 foregoing [1] - 1272:4 forget [3] - 1029:23, 1102:24, 1243:23 forgive [5] - 1052:17, 1063:6, 1240:15, 1240:18, 1246:6 forgot [2] - 1169:4, 1244:1 form [7] - 1007:12, 1166:2, 1228:23, 1230:13, 1235:21, 1241:10, 1251:3 formation [5] -1135:6, 1135:7, 1138:4, 1138:7, 1161:4 formed [2] - 1033:6, 1080:23 forming [11] -1011:17, 1032:13,

1034:21, 1037:23, 1040:3, 1072:21, 1136:8, 1137:5, 1165:25, 1169:23, 1198.8 formula [1] - 1233:16 formulary [5] - 1220:5, 1220:6, 1220:8, 1220:12, 1221:2 forth [5] - 1020:19, 1021:10, 1180:10, 1256:8, 1263:5 forward [3] - 1166:12, 1249:18, 1262:12 foundation [1] -1086:12 founded [1] - 1126:24 founder [1] - 1126:21 four [10] - 1066:13, 1066:20, 1067:6, 1092:19, 1092:25, 1093:2, 1131:23, 1186:15, 1205:4 fourfold [2] - 1044:25, 1045:11 fraction [1] - 1111:15 fragments [1] -1030:13 frame [1] - 1016:19 frankly [4] - 1087:16, 1225:16, 1229:24, 1267:8 free [2] - 1171:5, 1200:1 free-running [1] -1171:5 fresh [1] - 1257:8 Friday [1] - 1269:16 friend [1] - 1056:4 front [5] - 1015:7, 1126:16, 1144:5, 1165:19, 1169:1 full [9] - 1025:12, 1025:21, 1038:24, 1082:4, 1128:2, 1160:10, 1185:25, 1262:14, 1269:18 fully [2] - 1219:24, 1257:17 function [3] - 1165:6, 1168:12, 1190:7 functional [1] -1141:17 fundamental [1] -1167:9 funded [1] - 1160:6 funny [1] - 1267:24

furthermore [1] -

future [1] - 1270:23

1218:18

G game [1] - 1056:14 GARRISON[1] -1005.8 gas [1] - 1235:22 gastrointestinal [1] -1051:18 Gateway [1] - 1252:21 gather [1] - 1072:17 gathered [2] -1152:24, 1153:7 gears [1] - 1140:2 gender [1] - 1106:5 General [1] - 1026:19 general [12] - 1030:24, 1034:19, 1038:21, 1069:9, 1083:11, 1094:16, 1124:21, 1152:25, 1153:8, 1256:3, 1257:25, 1262:4 generally [4] -1045:15, 1159:2, 1184:24, 1258:11 generate [1] - 1021:7 generic [1] - 1249:14 genetic [1] - 1065:16 genetically [2] -1033:11, 1114:18 genetics [1] - 1033:17 German [2] - 1062:1, 1077:4 GI [1] - 1030:21 gibberish [1] -1254:24 gigantic [1] - 1044:23 given [23] - 1019:9, 1041:4, 1044:17, 1044:20, 1044:23, 1046:11, 1046:12, 1048:5, 1049:10, 1056:4, 1100:23, 1144:17, 1173:6, 1173:10, 1175:10, 1176:6, 1177:10, 1183:3, 1203:14, 1204:7, 1225:17, 1253:7, 1270:4 glass [2] - 1076:22, 1077:2 goal [10] - 1192:8, 1192:11, 1192:12, 1192:18, 1193:9, 1193:13, 1193:20, 1194:2, 1194:10, 1201:1 God [1] - 1122:7

gotcha [1] - 1120:17

Government [1] -

1163:21 grade [3] - 1013:2, 1013:6, 1013:9 gradually [2] -1183:16, 1202:16 graduated [2] -1026:13, 1163:15 grammar [2] -1251:16, 1255:16 grant [1] - 1269:8 graph [7] - 1043:23, 1044:14, 1044:16, 1044:21, 1176:12, 1178:15, 1201:4 great [5] - 1174:13, 1217:11, 1226:8, 1226:15, 1265:15 greater [6] - 1079:10, 1097:14, 1097:24, 1132:15, 1133:14, 1151:14 Greenblatt [27] -1023:19, 1025:10, 1025:13, 1025:15, 1025:20, 1025:23, 1026:12, 1026:21, 1027:5, 1027:24, 1028:6, 1028:13, 1030:5, 1052:9, 1064:4, 1068:7, 1080:14, 1089:7, 1106:22, 1115:11, 1116:8, 1128:4, 1137:4, 1138:24, 1149:12, 1188:18, 1189:1 Greenblatt's [5] -1129:16, 1138:10, 1143:4, 1147:18, 1148:7 GRETKOWSKI[1] -1005:17 grind [1] - 1034:4 Groombridge [4] -1172:2, 1207:3, 1210:8, 1226:19 **GROOMBRIDGE** [148] - 1005:8, 1016:6, 1016:24, 1017:15, 1018:2, 1018:5, 1018:9, 1018:13, 1018:16, 1018:23, 1019:4, 1019:9, 1019:13, 1023:20, 1024:8, 1025:3, 1123:7, 1123:11, 1162:19, 1162:24, 1163:5, 1165:15, 1166:10, 1166:15, 1169:9, 1169:14,

1169:25, 1170:4, 1170:6, 1171:22, 1172:4, 1172:6, 1172:8, 1180:5, 1185:19, 1186:1, 1188:12, 1190:14, 1205:22, 1206:3, 1206:7, 1206:9, 1206:12, 1206:21, 1206:24, 1209:15, 1214:14, 1214:24, 1215:15, 1219:11, 1220:17, 1221:12, 1222:3, 1222:5, 1222:8, 1222:14, 1222:16, 1222:20, 1222:24, 1223:3, 1223:13, 1224:8, 1224:21, 1225:4, 1225:7, 1225:12, 1225:16, 1226:3, 1226:20, 1227:3, 1227:5, 1227:8, 1227:11, 1227:22, 1227:24, 1228:3, 1228:17, 1228:20, 1229:13, 1229:18, 1230:7, 1230:16, 1230:21, 1231:17, 1232:13, 1233:15, 1234:1, 1235:11, 1235:13, 1236:12, 1236:23, 1237:2, 1237:6, 1237:24, 1238:10, 1238:16, 1238:21, 1239:2, 1239:12, 1239:17, 1239:23, 1240:8, 1240:14, 1241:19, 1242:1, 1242:5, 1242:9, 1242:12, 1242:18, 1243:9, 1243:20, 1244:2, 1244:6, 1244:8, 1244:14, 1245:4, 1245:21, 1245:24, 1246:3, 1248:24, 1249:5, 1249:9, 1257:5, 1257:13, 1258:17, 1259:13, 1260:2, 1260:15, 1260:22, 1261:3, 1261:8, 1261:17, 1261:20, 1261:23, 1262:2, 1262:10, 1262:20, 1262:23, 1263:16, 1264:3, 1264:5, 1264:10, 1264:20, 1264:25, 1265:20, 1268:3, 1270:10, 1270:21

ground [6] - 1016:4, 1016:18, 1033:9, 1088:6, 1229:21, 1236:16 group [4] - 1031:15, 1066:13, 1106:13, 1185.1 **Growth** [1] - 1027:12 guaranteeing [1] -1268:15 guess [16] - 1008:9, 1181:25, 1191:23, 1223:21, 1223:25, 1224:8, 1225:1, 1227:19, 1229:18, 1249:16, 1253:12, 1254:22, 1258:25, 1263:16, 1264:20, 1266:3 Guidance [1] - 1094:5 guidance [9] -1094:10, 1095:3, 1095:4, 1143:14, 1143:16, 1148:7, 1158:20, 1158:23, 1159:12 guide [1] - 1256:8 Guideline [2] -1012:14, 1012:20 guideline [1] - 1011:5 guidelines [2] -1013:8, 1094:15 Guidelines [5] -1010:18, 1010:24, 1011:11, 1012:6, 1013:21 gut [2] - 1061:4, 1080:20 guy [1] - 1267:9 guys [2] - 1206:20, 1225:19

Н

habitual [4] - 1179:10, 1179:11, 1179:12, 1201:17 Hack [2] - 1057:20, 1173:14 half [25] - 1008:16, 1037:17, 1040:10, 1040:18, 1040:19, 1069:5, 1124:3, 1124:20, 1125:6, 1175:5, 1175:6, 1175:10, 1176:6, 1176:20, 1178:10, 1179:14, 1179:25, 1190:7, 1190:9, 1205:16, 1206:17,

1206:22, 1214:2, 1241:20 half-life [6] - 1037:17, 1040:10, 1040:18, 1040:19, 1175:5, 1175:6 half-lives [1] - 1178:10 hand [11] - 1049:5, 1119:1, 1133:11, 1149:24, 1151:10, 1160:10, 1161:9, 1200:3, 1248:19, 1257:10 handed [1] - 1124:10 handling [1] - 1269:22 happy [5] - 1024:14, 1062:24, 1227:25, 1241:22, 1271:1 hard [3] - 1186:23, 1259:1, 1265:16 Hardeland [46] -1036:3, 1036:12, 1049:15, 1049:17, 1050:4, 1053:2, 1054:25, 1061:15, 1061:23, 1061:24, 1064:8, 1066:6, 1066:17, 1067:10, 1067:18, 1069:7, 1069:24, 1070:2, 1070:8, 1071:3, 1071:9, 1071:13, 1072:16, 1074:6, 1074:9, 1092:17, 1100:6, 1102:11, 1102:16, 1102:21, 1103:21, 1106:18, 1108:12, 1108:15, 1108:19, 1108:25, 1109:12, 1109:14, 1116:9, 1129:18, 1130:2, 1130:8, 1140:22, 1140:24, 1184:8 1026:16, 1026:20,

Harvard [6] - 1026:14, 1163:11, 1163:15, 1163:21 hassle [2] - 1119:15,

1119:16 hazard [1] - 1048:16 hazards [1] - 1042:6 HCL [2] - 1236:6,

1254:17 head [4] - 1067:23, 1210:19, 1257:9 head-to-head [1] -

1210:19

heading [1] - 1149:25 headline [1] - 1099:3

health [4] - 1118:25, 1119:18, 1119:20, 1163:20 healthcare [4] -1219:17, 1219:22,

1219:25, 1220:11

healthy [3] - 1106:4, 1167:10, 1167:12 hear [16] - 1055:4, 1091:20, 1093:21, 1096:6, 1097:10, 1149:14, 1187:16,

1217:6, 1218:22, 1230:24, 1245:7, 1245:8, 1249:7, 1257:6, 1260:13,

1263:12

heard [17] - 1017:3, 1017:7, 1089:2, 1109:21, 1143:5, 1164:7, 1174:22, 1181:7, 1188:21, 1189:2, 1205:22, 1208:19, 1240:5,

1259:20 hearing [6] - 1121:5, 1121:6, 1165:10, 1186:19, 1226:18, 1227:24

1247:16, 1259:15,

Hearts [1] - 1251:21 held [14] - 1006:3, 1014:24, 1019:6, 1054:9, 1058:14, 1120:15, 1123:17,

1157:7, 1211:18, 1223:23, 1267:3, 1268:14, 1268:21, 1269.5

hello [3] - 1019:21, 1052:9, 1052:11 help [3] - 1057:15,

1079:21, 1187:21 helpful [4] - 1057:12, 1174:17, 1174:19,

1257:23 helping [1] - 1267:10 helps [1] - 1185:7

hereby [1] - 1272:4 herself [1] - 1178:22 **hesitation** [1] - 1258:3

heteroatoms [1] -1156:21

Hetlioz [5] - 1207:16, 1207:19, 1214:18, 1214:20, 1262:21 hi [1] - 1019:20

hide [1] - 1079:5 high [17] - 1034:9, 1035:17, 1037:13, 1040:16, 1041:15, 1044:16, 1110:11, 1119:6, 1138:11,

1142:2, 1142:8, 1142:10, 1146:8, 1147:10, 1164:21, 1181:3, 1185:8

higher 151 - 1108:2. 1172:21, 1185:12, 1190:3, 1194:9

highlighted [3] -1064:19, 1066:10, 1269:20

highly [3] - 1013:2, 1152:19, 1153:3 hindsight [2] -

1053:15, 1055:21 history [2] - 1015:9, 1179:6

hits [1] - 1183:17 hitting [1] - 1202:10 hmm [2] - 1195:22, 1197:5

HOESCHEN [1] -1005:3

hold [9] - 1015:11, 1082:5, 1096:18, 1121:14, 1125:14, 1128:1, 1157:3, 1172:2, 1266:20

hole [1] - 1112:23 home [4] - 1054:22, 1074:19, 1074:20, 1167:24

homogenates [1] -1033:9 honor [1] - 1085:12

Honor [156] - 1014:9, 1014:14, 1015:6, 1016:7, 1016:17, 1016:23, 1017:3, 1018:21, 1018:23, 1023:18, 1023:20,

1023:23, 1024:1, 1024:3, 1024:9, 1024:20, 1025:4, 1026:5, 1026:6,

1028:5, 1028:10, 1035:1, 1036:25, 1037:1, 1037:25, 1038:2, 1038:13,

1042:24, 1044:8, 1048:23, 1048:24, 1052:4, 1055:4,

1055:23, 1056:16, 1057:1, 1058:7, 1079:24, 1080:8,

1088:5, 1088:12, 1089:1, 1095:14, 1095:22, 1099:13, 1099:20, 1110:20, 1112:18, 1112:23, 1113:13, 1116:5,

1117:15, 1120:9, 1120:21, 1121:3, 1122:5, 1122:8,

1122:22, 1123:7, 1124:16, 1124:17, 1124:24, 1125:11,

1125:19, 1126:2, 1127:16, 1128:21, 1129:20, 1130:16,

1136:10, 1137:8, 1139:19, 1142:13, 1142:17, 1156:23,

1158:14, 1161:25, 1162:3, 1162:24,

1165:9, 1169:9, 1169:25, 1171:23, 1171:24, 1185:19,

1205:11, 1205:19, 1206:21, 1207:9,

1214:11, 1215:15, 1215:18, 1215:25,

1219:8, 1221:16, 1221:19, 1223:13,

1224:9, 1225:4, 1225:22, 1226:5,

1226:16, 1227:12, 1227:14, 1227:22, 1227:24, 1228:15,

1228:18, 1228:20, 1229:19, 1230:21,

1232:14, 1232:18, 1235:5, 1235:24, 1237:7, 1239:3,

1239:13, 1240:15, 1241:3, 1242:25,

1243:9, 1243:20, 1244:2, 1245:5, 1245:25, 1246:3,

1246:5, 1246:7, 1247:2, 1247:8,

1248:2, 1248:9,

1249:5, 1249:13, 1249:20, 1251:20, 1251:23, 1254:7,

1257:5, 1257:16, 1257:20, 1258:17,

1259:13, 1262:3, 1263:16, 1265:14, 1266:1, 1266:18, 1267:15, 1268:3,

1268:25, 1270:10, 1270:11, 1271:5, 1271:10

HONORABLE [1] -1:19

honored [1] - 1085:11 hope [2] - 1068:10, 1182:4

identify [5] - 1038:7,

1113:24, 1259:9,

1259:21, 1263:14

illustrate [1] - 1166:7

ignore [1] - 1255:6

hoped [1] - 1205:11 hopeful [1] - 1125:23 hopefully [2] -1134:15, 1169:16 Hospital [4] - 1026:15, 1026:17, 1026:19, 1163:10 hospitals [1] -1219:19 host [1] - 1016:8 hour [23] - 1124:3, 1125:4, 1125:6, 1125:13, 1172:16, 1172:18, 1175:6, 1175:12, 1175:15, 1179:14, 1179:25, 1180:14, 1181:21, 1183:3, 1185:25, 1190:1, 1190:8, 1190:9, 1203:6, 1205:16, 1206:17, 1206:22, 1241:20 hours [34] - 1037:18, 1122:3. 1122:6. 1122:16, 1123:19, 1124:11, 1124:12, 1124:13, 1124:15, 1125:4, 1125:5, 1164:21, 1168:13, 1172:19, 1173:7, 1173:19, 1174:5, 1175:11, 1176:6, 1177:11, 1178:6, 1178:7, 1178:8, 1179:13, 1179:24, 1182:7, 1183:8, 1183:22, 1196:11, 1200:23, 1202:23, 1228:7 housekeeping [4] -1219:9, 1221:22, 1222:1, 1225:10 **HPLC** [3] - 1022:8, 1022:11, 1022:25 huge [6] - 1045:8, 1045:22, 1048:1, 1176:18, 1177:1, 1178:11 human [24] - 1033:3, 1033:9, 1033:19, 1034:3, 1034:7, 1044:25, 1046:21, 1073:22, 1077:9, 1084:16, 1084:18, 1085:17, 1086:1, 1096:11, 1118:9, 1131:2, 1134:12, 1135:24. 1136:22. 1138:18, 1139:7, 1150:23, 1163:24,

1164:14 humans [7] - 1027:1, 1033:18, 1106:6, 1118:7, 1164:15, 1167:2, 1170:18 hundreds [1] -1128:14 hunger [1] - 1185:2 hunter [1] - 1028:2 hurry [1] - 1123:25 hydride [8] - 1021:4, 1234:11, 1234:24, 1235:14, 1236:5, 1236:17, 1236:19, 1237:8 hydrochloric [2] -1234:12, 1234:25 hydrogen [3] -1235:22, 1236:19, 1237:10 hypersensitivity[1] -1069:13 hypnotic [1] - 1182:6 hypothetical [4] -1059:15, 1059:17, 1072:15, 1102:10 hypothetically [1] -1102:9

-

i.e [1] - 1151:14 ice [1] - 1185:11 ICH [3] - 1010:18, 1010:24, 1011:11 ICHQ3A [4] - 1012:6, 1012:14, 1012:20, 1013:21 idea [4] - 1187:11, 1200:22, 1258:12, 1260:25 ideally [1] - 1075:24 identical [2] - 1016:9, 1040:15 identification [4] -1150:5, 1260:1, 1260:12, 1263:11 identified [18] -1010:3, 1031:24, 1038:3, 1043:7, 1043:16, 1051:7, 1062:23, 1081:4, 1107:21, 1113:19, 1131:23, 1170:22, 1185:16, 1260:5, 1261:2, 1261:7, 1261:13, 1261:14 identifies [4] -1031:12, 1031:16, 1096:12, 1263:9

illustrated [4] -1167:17, 1167:18, 1168:7, 1251:8 illustration [2] -1173:16, 1174:19 imagine [2] - 1201:25, 1242:19 immediacy [1] -1257:17 immediately [2] -1176:16, 1235:7 immerse [1] - 1103:25 impact [4] - 1070:1, 1119:20, 1170:19, 1213:21 impeaching [1] -1086:14 impeachment [1] -1089:21 implementation [1] -1094:13 Implications [1] -1094:6 import [1] - 1054:18 importance [2] -1031:2, 1047:16 important [14] -1031:19, 1031:22, 1031:24, 1045:20, 1047:18. 1060:22. 1090:3, 1118:25, 1119:18, 1170:20, 1200:21, 1247:25, 1256:18, 1271:25 importantly [1] -1094:10 imposing [1] -1170:18 impractical [1] -1182:7 impression [1] -1121:4 impressive [2] -1061:25. 1258:9 imprimatur [1] -1264:17 improve [1] - 1217:16 Impurities [2] -1261:13, 1261:14 impurities [30] -1009:24, 1010:3, 1011:2, 1015:16, 1016:10, 1021:11, 1021:14, 1022:9, 1022:14, 1022:16,

1022:19, 1022:20, 1022:24, 1023:5, 1023:13, 1024:2, 1024:23, 1221:8, 1259:9, 1259:17, 1259:21, 1260:1, 1260:5, 1260:12, 1261:1, 1261:6, 1263:12, 1263:14, 1263:23, 1264:1 impurity [7] - 1010:5, 1010:23, 1011:11, 1017:13, 1021:12, 1023:10, 1264:2 IN [2] - 1:2, 1:3 in-vitro [48] - 1077:13, 1081:5, 1081:18, 1082:7, 1083:5, 1085:14, 1093:20, 1096:10, 1098:15, 1098:16, 1098:19, 1099:22, 1100:7, 1100:11, 1101:1, 1101:10, 1103:22, 1107:12, 1114:17, 1117:18, 1117:19, 1117:20, 1117:25, 1118:3, 1118:12, 1118:14, 1118:17, 1118:23, 1119:6, 1119:12, 1128:8, 1135:22, 1135:24, 1136:7, 1136:19, 1138:1, 1138:8, 1138:17, 1139:14, 1142:11, 1145:15, 1150:6, 1152:20, 1153:4, 1159:2, 1159:7, 1160:11, 1161:1 inactive [1] - 1141:21 INC [2] - 1:5, 1:8 inch [1] - 1254:1 inclined [1] - 1257:6 include [5] - 1057:19, 1091:11, 1124:22, 1125:8, 1125:9 included [4] -1103:13, 1174:22, 1218:6, 1218:7 includes [3] - 1028:7, 1192:16, 1262:25 including [9] - 1068:1, 1096:13, 1105:5, 1107:22, 1161:5, 1163:2, 1171:7, 1171:10, 1223:22 inconsistent [4] -1086:17, 1086:22, 1087:5, 1088:21

incorporates [1] -1189:24 increase [13] - 1039:5, 1041:14, 1045:9, 1045:11, 1045:13, 1045:14, 1045:16, 1048:1, 1051:9, 1051:20, 1116:18, 1152:1, 1152:6 increased [2] -1044:25, 1150:6 increases [2] -1041:19, 1151:14 increasing [1] -1142:3 incubation [1] -1074:5 indexed [1] - 1027:22 indicated [2] - 1172:9, 1201:16 indicates [5] -1035:17, 1140:23, 1155:25, 1201:6, 1251:14 indicating [1] -1114:20 indication [5] -1021:25, 1022:3, 1207:19, 1220:7, 1223:15 indications [2] -1220:9, 1220:13 indicator [1] - 1021:21 individual [11] -1033:10, 1114:19, 1131:2, 1132:3, 1141:17, 1143:19, 1164:20, 1166:19, 1167:14, 1197:17, 1197:18 individually [1] -1263:6 individuals [12] -1028:3, 1167:4, 1170:24, 1171:4, 1179:4, 1186:12, 1186:25, 1187:16, 1199:23, 1217:17, 1218:12, 1218:16 induce [2] - 1103:13, 1210:23 induced [1] - 1116:19 inducer [18] - 1029:3, 1043:11, 1043:15, 1046:13, 1047:4, 1051:8, 1051:20, 1060:15, 1093:10, 1093:12, 1133:21, 1140:15, 1140:25, 1148:24, 1148:25,

1149:1, 1155:22, 1159:4 inducers [3] - 1042:9, 1042:13, 1105:11 induction [9] -1041:16, 1046:19, 1048:3, 1104:11, 1116:17, 1134:19, 1140:11, 1161:17, 1161:19 **Industry** [1] - 1094:5 industry [3] - 1113:22, 1133:19, 1143:16 ineffective [2] -1104:12, 1218:24 ineffectiveness [2] -1041:22, 1047:21 inexpensive [1] -1118:5 inference [1] -1050:15 inferred [1] - 1118:12 influence [1] - 1171:3 inform [2] - 1132:10, 1159:8 information [22] -1012:23, 1033:16, 1036:13, 1042:6, 1051:17, 1066:22, 1072:17, 1082:2, 1082:15, 1090:17, 1104:8, 1104:16, 1117:7, 1118:6, 1118:8, 1134:17, 1135:1, 1145:7, 1155:11, 1172:23, 1260:18, 1262:25 informed [2] - 1229:8, 1229:24 infringed [1] - 1194:16 infringement [8] -1194:24, 1224:12, 1226:11, 1265:7, 1266:2, 1266:4, 1266:8, 1268:12 ingest [1] - 1075:18 ingredients [1] -1247:16 inhibit [3] - 1039:4, 1103:13, 1135:12 inhibited [1] - 1138:3 inhibition [9] -1044:13, 1046:18, 1048:2, 1134:19, 1150:4, 1152:20, 1153:4, 1161:17, 1161:18 inhibition-based [1] -1150:4 inhibitor [23] -

1028:25, 1041:11, 1043:3, 1043:6, 1043:8, 1043:19, 1049:8, 1049:9, 1051:19, 1060:3, 1093:6, 1100:12, 1100:23, 1101:12, 1102:22, 1133:20, 1137:16, 1138:3, 1141:1, 1148:20, 1155:10, 1155:16, 1159:3 inhibitor's [1] -1129:12 inhibitors [9] - 1042:9, 1042:13, 1067:15, 1067:19, 1067:20, 1067:21, 1083:10, 1092:15, 1149:5 inhibits [2] - 1069:19, 1103:9 initial [1] - 1245:18 inoperable [2] -1237:13, 1247:12 inoperative [1] -1254:23 input [1] - 1243:15 inserts [1] - 1100:14 inside [1] - 1135:24 insofar [2] - 1040:10, 1055:15 insomnia [4] - 1062:6, 1175:13, 1211:23, 1212:4 inspirational [3] -1208:24, 1209:20, 1209:23 instance [5] -1014:17, 1202:14, 1243:2, 1264:12, 1265:23 instances [1] -1217:16 instead [5] - 1172:17, 1183:14, 1233:2, 1252:12, 1270:25 **Institute** [1] - 1163:21 instruction [2] -1053:22, 1065:17 instructions [3] -1007:25, 1008:22, 1015:19 insufficient [1] -1182:2 insulin [2] - 1185:9, 1185:11 integrated [3] -1219:22, 1219:24,

1220:11

intended [4] - 1024:5,

1234:20, 1242:21, 1243:23 intent [2] - 1231:20, 1232:22 interact [3] - 1085:21, 1091:10, 1182:9 interacted [2] -1093:15, 1146:6 interaction [93] -1028:25, 1029:1, 1029:2, 1041:3, 1041:6, 1041:9, 1044:24, 1045:7, 1045:8, 1045:21, 1045:23, 1045:25, 1046:3, 1046:6, 1046:22, 1048:14, 1048:18, 1050:18, 1050:25, 1051:11, 1051:23, 1052:2, 1057:16, 1057:22, 1060:2, 1060:5, 1060:6, 1060:9, 1060:14, 1060:19, 1076:18, 1077:17, 1077:20, 1085:22, 1086:1, 1086:4, 1089:9, 1090:6, 1090:12, 1090:14, 1090:16, 1090:23, 1090:24, 1091:17, 1091:23, 1092:13, 1093:6, 1093:10, 1096:11, 1101:11, 1104:18, 1105:10, 1110:3, 1116:14, 1116:17, 1118:22, 1119:13, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1128:22, 1134:20, 1135:8, 1135:11, 1135:17, 1135:24, 1137:15, 1138:2, 1138:9, 1138:17, 1138:18, 1139:5, 1139:6, 1143:9, 1143:11, 1143:18, 1143:25, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1144:22, 1144:24, 1145:5, 1145:8, 1145:10. 1155:14. 1155:16, 1155:21, 1158:21, 1188:16, 1188:23, 1189:9, 1250:2 Interaction [1] -1094:5 Interactions [2] -1149:25, 1159:24 interactions [34] -

1028:8, 1028:19, 1029:12, 1033:17, 1041:1, 1041:23, 1042:5, 1047:16, 1047:17, 1047:24, 1048:8, 1091:9, 1099:23, 1108:21, 1109:16, 1117:1, 1117:10, 1127:1, 1135:2, 1139:16, 1145:13, 1145:16, 1145:24, 1148:9, 1148:13, 1148:14, 1150:4, 1150:11, 1153:22, 1155:9, 1158:23, 1158:25, 1159:2, 1159:9 interacts [1] - 1032:25 interest [2] - 1160:3, 1166.8 interesting [5] -1066:24, 1170:11, 1271:22, 1271:23, 1271:24 interject [1] - 1112:25 intermediate [4] -1251:12, 1251:15, 1252:3, 1252:15 internal [5] - 1026:15, 1114:17, 1164:15, 1168:3, 1202:25 internally [2] -1113:25, 1220:25 interpret [2] - 1127:9, 1140:21 interpreter [1] -1229:6 interrupt [2] -1112:13, 1168:11 interrupted [1] -1233:24 interval [2] - 1166:18, 1166:20 intervening [1] -1252:3 intervention [1] -1190:4 intestines [1] - 1032:2 intrinsic [3] - 1183:7, 1256:12, 1256:14 introduce [2] - 1163:6, 1216:7 introduced [2] -1216:18, 1264:24 introducing [2] -1216:5, 1231:19 introduction [2] -1151:9, 1154:16 invalidated [1] -

1223:25

invalidity [11] -1016:5, 1016:18, 1017:16, 1194:25, 1225:24, 1226:12, 1247:20, 1268:7, 1268:9, 1268:12, 1268:13 invented [1] - 1009:7 invention [5] -1184:12, 1186:4, 1237:23, 1253:3, 1263:17 inventions [2] -1073:8, 1198:11 investigate [1] -1145:15 investigated [2] -1114:18, 1173:14 Investigational [1] -1061:20 investigational [7] -1062:9, 1097:6, 1097:8, 1097:13, 1131:17, 1141:14, 1145:13 investigative[1] -1180:23 investigator [3] -1106:14, 1114:4, 1180:24 invokes [1] - 1241:5 involve[1] - 1188:16 involved [15] -1029:24, 1029:25, 1030:3, 1033:7, 1039:1, 1040:11, 1048:7, 1081:1, 1105:20, 1136:20, 1145:23, 1160:13, 1161:2, 1161:15, 1209:24 involvement [1] -1161:3 involves [1] - 1174:23 involving [4] -1015:10, 1154:23, 1188:22, 1189:8 iodomelatonin [1] -1107:22 ironically [1] -1202:21 irrespective [1] -1059:12 isoenzyme [2] -1049:19, 1068:18 isoenzymes [10] -1036:9, 1066:8, 1081:1, 1081:9, 1081:13, 1083:6, 1103:8, 1103:9,

1114:20, 1150:5 isoform [2] - 1131:11, 1131:21 isoforms [2] -1040:11, 1073:22 isolated [1] - 1033:10 issue [22] - 1015:6, 1015:17, 1017:4, 1130:16, 1174:21, 1181:6, 1223:10, 1223:12, 1224:7, 1224:16, 1225:1, 1226:4, 1226:24, 1227:13, 1229:16, 1237:20, 1244:13, 1245:5, 1247:20, 1264:18, 1270:12, 1271:7 issued [1] - 1217:19 issues [6] - 1028:17, 1121:20, 1129:8, 1164:9, 1271:24, 1271:25 issuing [1] - 1270:11 it'd [1] - 1212:3 item [1] - 1171:13 items [1] - 1169:16 iterations [1] -1260:17 itself [6] - 1078:23,

J

1079:2, 1079:9,

1186:22

1079:13, 1182:21,

J.C [1] - 1190:19 JACOBS [12] -1005:12, 1124:17, 1124:24, 1226:5, 1226:10, 1226:16, 1228:14, 1266:6, 1266:18, 1267:15, 1268:22, 1271:10 Jacobs [3] - 1216:23, 1226:3, 1267:1 January [4] - 1173:24, 1180:17, 1182:23, 1217:6 Japan [1] - 1165:4 jet [1] - 1179:16 jobs [1] - 1167:6 **JOHN** [1] - 1005:3 join [1] - 1068:7 joined [3] - 1017:16, 1231:1, 1255:9 joint [1] - 1265:18 Jonathan [1] -1215:19 JOSEPHINE [1] -

1005:9 journal [4] - 1027:12, 1027:14, 1062:10, 1062:14 Journal [2] - 1027:14, 1173:11 **journals** [1] - 1027:16 **JTX** [1] - 1152:11 JTX-1 [1] - 1195:19 **JTX-10** [1] - 1152:10 **JTX-127** [3] - 1169:17, 1169:25, 1170:3 **JTX-130** [4] - 1094:3, 1095:21, 1095:24, 1158:20 JTX-145 [3] - 1171:17, 1171:22, 1172:1 **JTX-150** [5] - 1159:16, 1159:20, 1160:9, 1162:2, 1162:6 **JTX-3** [1] - 1191:15 **JTX-35** [9] - 1036:17, 1036:22, 1036:24, 1037:3, 1037:10, 1037:15, 1046:25, 1048:22, 1049:1 JTX-6 [1] - 1249:11 JTX-91 [6] - 1071:15, 1071:21, 1071:24,

1073:15, 1113:14, 1131:7 JTX-92 [3] - 1150:17, 1151:3. 1151:7 JTX-93 [9] - 1037:19, 1038:1, 1038:10,

1038:15, 1038:16, 1038:23, 1038:25, 1039:7, 1045:4 JTX-95 [6] - 1042:17, 1042:22, 1043:1, 1047:14, 1147:14,

1153:12 Judge [2] - 1:19, 1268:23

judges [1] - 1087:18 judging [1] - 1014:22 judgment [4] -1221:23, 1225:23,

1268:13 July [4] - 1261:16, 1261:20. 1266:16. 1266:24

jump [1] - 1073:14 **jumping** [1] - 1074:4 June [1] - 1266:24 junior [1] - 1267:22

jury [2] - 1216:23, 1226:6

Κ

Kansas [2] - 1126:20, 1127:24 KAREN [1] - 1005:12 **KAUN** [1] - 1005:15 keep [6] - 1066:9, 1142:3, 1142:7, 1165:10, 1185:7, 1245:19 keeping [2] - 1077:5, 1199:25 keeps [1] - 1142:4 **KELLER** [1] - 1005:2 kept [2] - 1144:19, 1193:19 KERRY [1] - 1005:16 ketoconazole [6] -1138:3, 1138:12, 1138:21, 1154:14, 1155:5, 1161:19 key [3] - 1133:24, 1145:23, 1153:16 kidney [3] - 1075:25, 1076:7, 1133:4 kill [1] - 1075:24 kind [24] - 1022:25, 1042:5, 1046:10, 1076:16, 1081:15, 1118:20, 1119:21, 1131:1, 1131:12, 1134:8, 1134:17, 1138:17, 1138:18, 1139:5, 1139:6, 1162:13, 1195:11, 1200:21, 1230:25, 1231:25, 1234:15, 1237:11, 1243:17, 1252:18 kindness [1] -1121:24 kinds [3] - 1060:24, 1081:4, 1097:1 KLEIN [39] - 1005:10, 1126:15, 1127:16, 1127:21, 1128:21, 1129:1, 1129:6, 1129:7, 1129:22, 1129:24, 1130:16, 1130:21, 1130:23, 1132:20, 1132:22, 1134:22, 1134:24, 1136:10, 1136:15, 1137:8, 1137:13, 1137:20, 1137:22, 1139:3, 1139:19, 1140:1, 1140:4,

1140:6, 1140:17,

1140:19, 1141:2,

1141:4, 1142:13,

1151:5, 1156:23, 1157:2, 1158:14, 1161:24, 1162:3 Klein [1] - 1056:2 knowing [7] -1040:11, 1053:9, 1078:25, 1090:2, 1134:21, 1229:1, 1259:18 knowledge [9] -1042:19, 1044:4, 1056:23, 1057:3, 1057:8, 1102:14, 1109:17, 1236:15, 1238:12 known [53] - 1011:21, 1017:10, 1036:3, 1037:10, 1037:16, 1038:22, 1040:7, 1040:13, 1042:10, 1042:11, 1043:3, 1043:14, 1043:18, 1046:5, 1047:23, 1048:15, 1049:24, 1053:9, 1053:24, 1055:1, 1063:10, 1064:9, 1068:25, 1069:14, 1092:23, 1098:6, 1098:7, 1105:5, 1111:21, 1111:22, 1111:24, 1116:21, 1117:1, 1134:3, 1141:18, 1145:18, 1145:23, 1146:4, 1146:13, 1146:20, 1147:9, 1148:19, 1148:22, 1148:23, 1149:4, 1151:13, 1153:21, 1156:3, 1156:7, 1177:7, 1181:18, 1204:12 known.. [1] - 1153:20 knows [3] - 1185:5, 1210:9, 1216:23 KSR [1] - 1057:4

L

lab [1] - 1179:9 label [8] - 1036:21, 1042:7, 1046:2, 1046:22, 1048:22, 1111:3, 1111:4, 1117:8 labeled [1] - 1173:3 labeling [1] - 1046:1 Labeling [1] - 1094:7 laboratory [2] -1169:21, 1170:16

lack [2] - 1190:25, 1258:3 LAH [1] - 1235:14 Lancet [2] - 1177:18, 1177:21 landed [1] - 1177:24 language [13] -1131:10, 1140:10, 1155:15, 1155:17, 1155:18, 1196:4, 1231:10, 1246:7, 1246:11, 1251:24, 1252:22, 1255:7, 1255:12 Lankford [2] -1057:21, 1184:8 large [20] - 1031:12, 1045:8, 1045:13, 1045:14, 1045:21, 1046:13, 1048:2, 1065:19, 1117:12, 1117:13, 1119:13, 1139:9, 1146:11, 1146:24, 1147:5, 1151:12, 1151:14, 1186:13, 1219:17, 1219:22 large-scale [2] -1186:13, 1219:22 largely [6] - 1067:2, 1067:5, 1068:1, 1068:18, 1071:4, 1074:10 largest [3] - 1032:6, 1219:24, 1220:11 last [24] - 1017:1, 1017:3, 1036:14, 1047:9, 1067:7, 1074:6, 1115:17, 1120:14, 1122:25, 1123:1, 1123:2, 1123:8, 1130:13, 1135:6, 1153:19, 1160:20, 1162:8, 1162:9, 1190:23, 1193:10, 1208:22, 1266:23, 1268:11, 1268:23 lastly [2] - 1189:13, 1256:19 late [5] - 1059:5, 1059:7, 1181:1,

1185:3, 1228:1

latest [1] - 1266:17

Latin [2] - 1077:2,

law [15] - 1054:12,

1056:5, 1057:4,

1232:3, 1233:2,

1225:23, 1230:22,

1077:3

1233:5, 1233:7,	1054:18, 1055:14,	1057:6, 1222:19,	litigation [3] -	1173:2, 1174:17,
1233:12, 1246:6,	1055:25, 1056:10,	1224:2, 1224:4	1212:21, 1214:5,	1176:12, 1185:17,
1247:18, 1256:2,	1056:13, 1056:17	limitation [16] -	1222:17	1192:5, 1194:3,
1256:3, 1258:18	legitimacy [1] -	1223:22, 1224:6,	live [2] - 1084:16,	1194:14, 1195:18,
laws [2] - 1240:20,	1264:18	1228:22, 1232:7,	1253:10	1195:20, 1201:4,
1263:20	length [1] - 1268:20	1232:22, 1234:20,	liver [32] - 1030:22,	1207:22, 1236:2,
lawyer [1] - 1087:4	lengthen [1] - 1190:11	1236:13, 1238:24,	1031:1, 1031:4,	1236:25, 1244:19,
lawyers [6] - 1086:21,	lengthens [1] -	1243:6, 1248:14,	1031:23, 1032:2,	1244:24, 1246:10,
1088:9, 1088:17,	1189:23	1255:17, 1255:19,	1032:3, 1033:9,	1247:2, 1248:6,
1167:1, 1257:22,	lengthy [1] - 1235:15	1255:20, 1255:21,	1034:1, 1034:2,	1251:3, 1251:6,
1267:9	lens [1] - 1056:25	1257:1	1034:10, 1039:22,	1253:1, 1256:2,
lay [1] - 1086:12	less [6] - 1098:4,	limitations [10] -	1041:18, 1051:19,	1263:17, 1265:3,
lead [2] - 1101:1,	1122:15, 1122:17,	1017:13, 1223:10,	1053:25, 1061:1,	1266:15, 1267:8,
1241:10	1205:18, 1263:19,	1225:24, 1236:7,	1061:3, 1061:4,	1267:9
leadership [1] -	1264:1	1243:17, 1259:8,	1065:14, 1065:20,	looked [9] - 1012:24,
1027:6	lessons [1] - 1118:12	1263:23, 1264:1,	1075:8, 1075:10,	1022:14, 1022:16,
leading [2] - 1046:16,	letter [5] - 1031:11,	1267:24, 1269:15	1076:8, 1076:12,	1048:21, 1051:5,
1261:4	1031:13, 1249:19,	limited [2] - 1210:5,	1077:23, 1078:4,	1064:18, 1148:7,
leads [1] - 1268:4	1251:20, 1263:9	1223:18	1080:20, 1081:5,	1198:1, 1254:12
learn [2] - 1064:10,	level [6] - 1011:3,	limiting [1] - 1223:24	1081:20, 1082:4,	looking [23] - 1008:9,
1084:13	1028:17, 1029:6,	limits [1] - 1230:4	1083:5, 1146:5,	1040:9, 1044:12,
learned [2] - 1012:11,	1098:3, 1104:12,	line [13] - 1044:18,	1150:23	1046:14, 1068:22,
1063:17	1198:22	1044:21, 1046:15,	lives [2] - 1178:10,	1075:2, 1079:5,
learning [1] - 1016:25	levels [8] - 1039:5,	1057:5, 1201:5,	1187:24	1081:12, 1083:18,
least [22] - 1040:18,	1041:15, 1044:16,	1201:11, 1202:11,	living [5] - 1026:23,	1088:15, 1095:12,
1060:18, 1066:17,	1051:9, 1051:20,	1236:10, 1241:23,	1077:6, 1126:19,	1107:5, 1113:17,
1067:11, 1086:25,	1104:12, 1185:8,	1244:10, 1244:19	1170:15, 1187:2	1133:25, 1145:12,
1088:9, 1092:1,	1185:11	Line [3] - 1083:19,	LLP [3] - 1005:2,	1154:16, 1170:7,
1098:19, 1100:24,	leveraged [2] -	1089:25, 1242:14	1005:8, 1005:12	1170:8, 1194:13,
1106:13, 1132:12,	1153:1, 1153:9	lines [8] - 1065:7,	Lockley [3] - 1173:4,	1201:24, 1205:9,
1190:24, 1224:14,	Lewy [3] - 1173:12,	1095:9, 1114:19,	1175:3, 1208:12	1234:7, 1234:16
1234:11, 1242:5,	1204:20, 1218:10	1144:8, 1205:4,	logarithmic [1] -	looks [2] - 1029:2,
1242:7, 1244:22,	liberal [1] - 1017:22	1234:14, 1235:18	1044:15	1104:16
1247:22, 1250:8,	Library [1] - 1027:22	lining [1] - 1030:18	London [2] - 1177:23,	lorazepam [1] -
1257:19, 1259:14,	license [1] - 1010:11	list [3] - 1015:23,	1179:17	1029:21
1262:4	licensed [1] - 1212:11	1130:4, 1265:14	long-felt [7] - 1187:16,	lose [1] - 1214:4 lost [1] - 1211:16
leave [5] - 1096:19,	life [8] - 1037:17,	listed [5] - 1129:10,	1217:7, 1222:2,	low [4] - 1035:17,
1096:25, 1225:20,	1040:10, 1040:18,	1141:8, 1220:6,	1223:2, 1223:5,	1118:6, 1142:2,
1255:1, 1269:21	1040:19, 1105:14,	1220:8, 1220:12	1224:6, 1224:19	1173:18
leaving [3] - 1112:23,	1175:5, 1175:6,	listen [3] - 1125:16, 1224:5, 1225:2	look [69] - 1009:1, 1022:9, 1022:20,	lower [4] - 1021:21,
1226:9, 1247:12	1246:10	listened [1] - 1188:25	1022:3, 1022:20,	1041:21, 1046:15,
led [1] - 1051:15 leeway [1] - 1125:20	lifetime [1] - 1028:3	listening [2] -	1037:9, 1040:20,	1047:25
left [24] - 1006:11,	light [17] - 1015:24,	1187:14, 1227:18	1040:21, 1056:24,	lowering [1] - 1104:11
1033:8, 1049:15,	1044:21, 1044:22,	listing [1] - 1042:12	1062:17, 1064:11,	lowers [1] - 1189:22
1064:5, 1068:4,	1046:14, 1054:14, 1054:15, 1164:13	lists [2] - 1042:15,	1069:1, 1069:2,	lowest [1] - 1218:10
1106:22, 1122:4,	1054:15, 1164:13, 1164:15, 1165:16,	1069:8	1070:19, 1071:7,	Lucin [1] - 1252:21
1122:6, 1122:11,	1170:9, 1170:23,	litany [1] - 1187:20	1071:11, 1073:17,	LUKAS [43] - 1023:18,
1122:14, 1122:16,	1171:3, 1174:24,	literally [1] - 1017:5	1088:1, 1088:13,	1025:9, 1025:17,
1122:20, 1123:14,	1174:25, 1177:14,	literature [10] -	1088:19, 1099:4,	1025:19, 1026:4,
1123:16, 1124:16,	1237:18	1034:20, 1038:9,	1102:16, 1102:21,	1026:9, 1028:5,
1125:5, 1133:11,	light/dark [2] -	1042:10, 1072:18,	1104:8, 1104:15,	1028:12, 1032:17,
1138:1, 1149:24,	1170:14, 1170:17	1104:6, 1105:5,	1104:17, 1105:4,	1032:22, 1034:12,
1151:10, 1160:10,	likelihood [1] - 1119:7	1106:12, 1109:15,	1106:18, 1109:15,	1034:24, 1035:4,
1206:6, 1207:3,	likely [8] - 1021:7,	1117:9, 1181:23	1125:15, 1130:9,	1035:25, 1036:24,
1243:3	1023:6, 1033:5,	lithium [8] - 1234:11,	1134:12, 1144:8,	1037:25, 1038:5,
left-hand [4] -	1050:18, 1080:18,	1234:23, 1235:8,	1147:20, 1149:8,	1038:6, 1038:10,
1133:11, 1149:24,	1080:23, 1081:1,	1235:14, 1236:5,	1154:11, 1154:15,	1038:16, 1038:18,
1151:10, 1160:10	1119:13	1236:17, 1254:16,	1158:24, 1160:10,	1043:2, 1044:6,
legal [7] - 1054:12,	limit [5] - 1055:18,	1254:17	1160:25, 1168:25,	1044:11, 1045:2,
. • ga. [/] . • • · · · · = ,				

M

M.D [1] - 1142:25 M11 [1] - 1161:5 M12 [1] - 1161:5 M13 [1] - 1161:5 M14 [1] - 1161:5 **M9**[1] - 1161:5 magnitude [17] -1051:23, 1086:1, 1086:4, 1089:8, 1090:3, 1090:6, 1090:23, 1090:24, 1091:16, 1092:13, 1155:9, 1155:13, 1155:15, 1155:21, 1155:23, 1155:25 magnitudes [1] -1172:20 main [3] - 1072:21, 1073:1, 1174:20 mainstream [1] -1252:18 maintain [3] - 1166:6, 1166:19, 1179:6 maintained [1] -1178:4 maintaining [1] -1196:13 maintenance [2] -1203:6, 1203:19 major [7] - 1041:24, 1116:19, 1127:10, 1131:25, 1133:1, 1136:24, 1161:2 majority [1] - 1148:17 mammals [1] -1202:21 management [1] -1057:6 manipulations [1] -1235:16 mannerism [1] -1258:2

manufacture [1] -1220:25 manufacturer [2] -1220:19. 1220:22 manufacturers [1] -1220:24 manufacturing [7] -1221:7, 1232:23, 1259:22, 1259:25, 1260:11, 1263:2, 1263:10 manuscript [1] -1106:11 manyfold [1] -1051:21 map [1] - 1234:20 mapping [2] - 1235:4, 1235:25 maps [1] - 1237:19 marathon [1] -1202:23 March [2] - 1:16, 1251:21 mark [1] - 1133:16 marked [2] - 1180:9, 1204:7 Markman [4] - 1121:5, 1121:6, 1225:8, 1226:18 mass [4] - 1077:18, 1077:19, 1077:21, 1134:11 Mass [1] - 1026:19 massive [1] - 1116:18 masters [1] - 1253:10 match [1] - 1234:15 material [2] - 1032:13, 1229:8 matter [16] - 1012:21, 1013:1, 1013:6, 1055:25, 1057:6, 1059:10, 1094:18, 1094:19, 1140:3, 1156:24, 1164:7, 1204:16, 1223:8, 1225:23, 1251:16, 1254:7 matters [4] - 1024:16, 1271:7, 1271:12, 1271:21 maximum [2] -1189:22, 1203:17 mayor [1] - 1160:13 McNeil [2] - 1233:17, 1244:10 MCTIGUE [1] -1005:16 MD [3] - 1025:13, 1163:18, 1163:22

meal [1] - 1185:25

mean [79] - 1017:7, 1017:11, 1024:11, 1037:17, 1053:3, 1060:17, 1065:19, 1072:18, 1082:14, 1084:5, 1086:16, 1090:24, 1093:11, 1105:1. 1105:6. 1105:8, 1108:23, 1112:5, 1112:17, 1120:25, 1121:13, 1125:8, 1125:15, 1131:20, 1133:18, 1148:25, 1183:2, 1183:12, 1183:19, 1183:22, 1194:11, 1197:24, 1208:17, 1209:2, 1210:1, 1213:4, 1227:19, 1229:16, 1230:9, 1233:12, 1233:14, 1236:23, 1236:24, 1236:25, 1237:16, 1237:25, 1238:1, 1238:5, 1238:11, 1239:7, 1239:10, 1240:5, 1242:13, 1242:23, 1242:24, 1243:1, 1244:12, 1245:4, 1246:8, 1247:1, 1247:4, 1247:13, 1248:8, 1253:18, 1253:20, 1254:11, 1255:11, 1257:7, 1261:7, 1263:13, 1264:5, 1265:17, 1266:16, 1268:4, 1268:16 meaning [27] - 1039:6, 1138:6, 1183:22, 1226:23, 1227:15, 1229:10, 1229:24, 1230:5, 1230:8, 1230:11, 1233:18, 1240:1, 1241:15, 1244:25, 1245:8, 1246:12, 1246:24, 1246:25, 1247:25, 1248:15, 1248:17, 1248:19, 1249:21, 1251:17, 1251:25, 1256:15 meaningful [3] -1133:21, 1139:16, 1242:21 meaningless [1] -1245:9 means [27] - 1015:21, 1023:12, 1024:1, 1029:4, 1041:11,

1041:20, 1065:6, 1065:10, 1065:19, 1076:22, 1076:23, 1077:6, 1085:16, 1125:2, 1139:11, 1142:3, 1197:14, 1207:6, 1228:6, 1231:18, 1237:13, 1239:9, 1240:21, 1241:9, 1252:5, 1252:8, 1252:13 meant [9] - 1024:3, 1024:6, 1084:8, 1085:1, 1093:12, 1121:8, 1244:23, 1247:7, 1248:10 measures [1] -1121:24 mechanically [1] -1034:4 mechanism [10] -1035:9, 1035:19, 1037:7, 1037:14, 1040:10, 1048:6, 1104:20, 1109:21, 1110:12, 1110:16 mechanisms [2] -1026:23, 1040:16 medical [3] - 1063:19, 1186:7, 1219:19 Medical [8] - 1026:14, 1026:16, 1026:17, 1026:20, 1126:21, 1127:24, 1163:11, 1163:17 medication [4] -1030:2, 1030:11, 1030:12, 1187:19 medications [3] -1103:12, 1147:22, 1153:23 medicine [6] -1026:15, 1042:2, 1142:23, 1143:1, 1164:3, 1212:14 Medicine [5] -1025:22, 1027:22, 1163:11, 1163:12, 1217:19 medium [1] - 1235:23 meet [6] - 1143:8, 1143:24, 1144:12, 1186:6, 1190:21, 1263.6 meeting [9] - 1180:24, 1181:7, 1181:9, 1207:16, 1207:23, 1215:9, 1218:23, 1218:25, 1219:2 meetings [1] - 1174:6

meets [1] - 1263:20 melatonergic [2] -1069:14, 1107:22 Melatonin [2] -1072:5, 1159:24 melatonin [83] -1035:11, 1035:13, 1037:13, 1062:5, 1107:16, 1107:23, 1156:3, 1168:19, 1168:23, 1170:10, 1170:12, 1170:16, 1170:19, 1170:22, 1170:25, 1171:3, 1171:11, 1172:17, 1172:24, 1173:6, 1173:9, 1173:18, 1174:2, 1174:4, 1175:2, 1175:20, 1175:22, 1175:24, 1176:2, 1176:4, 1176:8, 1176:16, 1176:19, 1176:24, 1177:2, 1185:7, 1185:12, 1186:13, 1187:17, 1196:15, 1199:16, 1200:5, 1200:7, 1201:16, 1203:3, 1204:18, 1208:10, 1208:14, 1208:16, 1208:17, 1208:23, 1208:24, 1209:1, 1209:20, 1209:21, 1210:2, 1210:12, 1210:16, 1210:21, 1211:13, 1211:20, 1214:17, 1214:19, 1214:21, 1217:14, 1217:15, 1218:2, 1218:24, 1219:5, 1219:6, 1220:8, 1220:12, 1220:19, 1221:6, 1221:10, 1224:10 melting [2] - 1021:20, 1264:7 member [4] - 1027:15, 1027:17, 1029:9, 1029:14 members [1] - 1185:1 membrane [1] -1034:6 membrane-bound [1] - 1034:6 Memorial [2] -1267:13, 1267:20 mention [6] - 1055:7, 1070:17, 1155:20, 1191:8, 1192:7, 1198:2

mentioned [16] -	1160:13, 1161:3,	1196:7, 1196:14,	1180:13, 1196:15,	modifier [1] - 1089:17
1016:25, 1017:21,	1161:15, 1185:4	1197:15, 1222:12,	1196:25, 1197:7,	modifies [1] - 1041:7
1036:14, 1045:10,	Metabolism [6] -	1258:14, 1259:11	1211:2	modifying [1] -
1063:13, 1064:25,	1039:21, 1064:6,	methodologies [1] -	MILLIKEN [10] -	1240:10
1117:25, 1151:19,	1072:4, 1115:9,	1083:25	1005:5, 1215:18,	mold [1] - 1154:24
1151:23, 1154:13,	1115:14, 1150:22	methodology [1] -	1215:25, 1216:7,	molecular [2] -
1165:22, 1185:15,	metabolisms [1] -	1083:20	1216:11, 1216:25,	1035:18, 1163:15
1186:10, 1199:1,	1126:25	methods [1] - 1258:24	1219:8, 1219:14,	molecule [6] -
1264:21, 1264:24	metabolite [4] -	mic [1] - 1089:3	1220:15, 1221:16	1078:14, 1105:3,
mentions [1] - 1154:2	1078:16, 1078:18,	Michele [2] - 2:1,	million [2] - 1214:2,	1146:21, 1147:11,
mere [1] - 1155:23	1079:1, 1079:15	1272:7	1219:18	1233:20, 1243:14
merely [1] - 1078:25	metabolites [14] -	micromolar [1] -	mind [8] - 1056:3,	molecules [3] -
message[1] - 1047:17	1033:5, 1077:25,	1035:24	1058:23, 1068:11,	1108:16, 1146:14,
met [4] - 1017:13,	1078:22, 1079:6,	microorganism [1] -	1082:21, 1122:12,	1148:17
1052:10, 1190:20,	1080:23, 1134:13,	1065:24	1192:16, 1239:18,	Moltke [1] - 1044:1
1263:24	1135:6, 1135:8,	microorganisms [2] -	1258:6	moment [18] - 1008:3,
meta [3] - 1218:4,	1135:9, 1135:15,	1033:12, 1065:13	minor [2] - 1131:25,	1027:7, 1038:2,
1218:7	1135:19, 1138:4,	microphone [1] -	1161:3	1052:5, 1058:17,
meta-analysis [3] -	1138:8, 1161:5	1187:1	minus [3] - 1021:23,	1065:2, 1065:4,
1218:4, 1218:7	metabolize [16] -	microsome [2] -	1021:24, 1230:14	1066:9, 1082:25,
metabolic [7] -	1041:12, 1041:20,	1034:1, 1081:20	minute [5] - 1064:20,	1088:13, 1096:19,
1039:3, 1042:13,	1066:18, 1078:21,	microsomes [15] -	1075:5, 1125:4,	1098:2, 1100:2,
1048:7, 1115:20,	1114:25, 1115:24, 1131:3, 1131:16,	1034:6, 1034:8,	1125:11, 1192:22 minutes [29] - 1017:4,	1101:7, 1102:5,
1132:14, 1133:8, 1145:23	1131:23, 1140:24,	1039:22, 1064:21,	1019:11, 1019:13,	1102:8, 1188:8, 1206:12
metabolism [72] -	1141:13, 1146:15,	1065:5, 1065:23, 1067:24, 1068:5,	1079:25, 1122:4,	monitoring [1] -
1028:7, 1028:19,	1146:22, 1147:1,	1067:24, 1008:3,	1122:16, 1123:12,	1091:13
1029:11, 1030:7,	1147:10, 1148:1	1081:5, 1083:6,	1123:19, 1123:24,	Montefiore [1] -
1030:17, 1030:23,	metabolized [34] -	1085:14, 1136:22,	1124:11, 1124:12,	1026:15
1031:6, 1031:19,	1036:8, 1066:7,	1150:23	1124:13, 1124:15,	month [8] - 1059:6,
1031:22, 1031:25,	1066:19, 1067:25,	mid [1] - 1079:23	1125:1, 1125:6,	1059:12, 1194:6,
1033:5, 1033:17,	1069:17, 1073:25,	mid-morning [1] -	1125:21, 1125:23,	1213:8, 1213:9,
1036:4, 1039:1,	1074:24, 1075:6,	1079:23	1176:9, 1176:10,	1213:10, 1266:23,
1039:7, 1039:22,	1075:7, 1075:10,	midazolam [1] -	1176:17, 1177:2,	1267:14
1040:12, 1041:2,	1075:11, 1075:17,	1029:22	1177:9, 1177:20,	monthly [1] - 1213:7
1041:5, 1041:7,	1076:13, 1077:23,	middle [1] - 1231:25	1205:12, 1205:19,	months [1] - 1265:25
1041:13, 1041:21,	1079:14, 1092:20,	midnight [1] - 1185:10	1206:7, 1207:4,	morning [16] - 1006:5,
1048:7, 1049:20,	1100:8, 1100:10,	might [34] - 1011:24,	1207:8, 1210:9	1006:9, 1006:10,
1051:8, 1055:3,	1100:21, 1101:10, 1103:7, 1103:17,	1011:25, 1019:10,	misaligned [1] -	1018:8, 1023:18,
1064:10, 1064:11,	1104:6, 1105:3,	1022:1, 1054:24,	1183:24	1025:10, 1025:11,
1069:14, 1070:18, 1073:10, 1074:4,	1114:21, 1115:22,	1064:10, 1078:8,	misheard [2] - 1105:17, 1130:17	1025:15, 1028:15,
1073:10, 1074:4,	1116:10, 1135:23,	1094:18, 1101:11,	missed [1] - 1084:22	1068:9, 1079:23,
1075:3, 1076:12,	1139:15, 1140:15,	1101:17, 1102:2,	misspoke [4] -	1167:15, 1168:3,
1076:17, 1077:17,	1141:7, 1156:3,	1113:7, 1118:16,	1014:5, 1024:4,	1168:9, 1188:19, 1218:20
1078:1, 1078:18,	1156:8	1119:2, 1119:12, 1120:24, 1135:12,	1067:16, 1176:24	MORRIS [1] - 1005:12
1080:18, 1081:2,	metabolizes [3] -	1146:24, 1182:1,	mistake [1] - 1175:19	most [22] - 1028:1,
1081:17, 1082:7,	1032:4, 1078:25,	1200:17, 1201:17,	misunderstood [1] -	1030:15, 1031:4,
1092:4, 1092:10,	1140:22	1205:11, 1205:18,	1248:9	1031:22, 1031:24,
1096:10, 1103:22,	metabolizing [5] -	1211:1, 1227:19,	mixing [2] - 1248:16,	1032:6, 1051:18,
1104:1, 1104:11,	1031:3, 1040:22,	1229:1, 1230:14,	1248:17	1102:1, 1119:14,
1104:22, 1108:20,	1133:7, 1142:4,	1237:10, 1244:16,	model [3] - 1033:13,	1134:14, 1142:6,
1109:3, 1109:11,	1159:4	1249:7, 1252:2,	1202:3, 1220:23	1148:2, 1161:4,
1112:6, 1112:7,	methanamine [4] -	1268:16, 1270:24	models [3] - 1033:2,	1167:24, 1170:17,
1114:18, 1130:8,	1006:25, 1007:8,	mild [1] - 1085:22	1039:12, 1040:18	1171:3, 1183:7,
1132:6, 1135:12,	1007:12, 1251:11	milligrams [13] -	moderate [1] -	1200:22, 1202:21,
1136:7, 1136:21,	method [13] - 1008:8,	1173:12, 1173:14,	1161:17	1213:13, 1214:20,
1136:24, 1138:7,	1192:1, 1192:2,	1176:19, 1177:2,	modified [4] -	1258:24
1141:23, 1142:8, 1146:11, 1147:22,	1195:23, 1195:24, 1196:5, 1196:6,	1178:6, 1178:7,	1230:14, 1231:8,	mostly [3] - 1040:11,
1140.11, 1141.22,	1130.5, 1130.0,	1178:9, 1178:19,	1250:6, 1250:19	1070:20, 1228:7

	1050.2 1050.4	1120.24 1120.16	1001.16 1001.10	1000.00 1000.00
motion [5] - 1014:14,	1052:3, 1052:4,	1129:24, 1130:16,	1221:16, 1221:18, 1221:21, 1222:3,	1262:20, 1262:23,
1221:22, 1225:13,	1052:8, 1054:7,	1130:21, 1130:23,	, ,	1263:16, 1264:3,
1226:6, 1226:11	1054:13, 1054:19,	1132:20, 1132:22,	1222:5, 1222:8,	1264:5, 1264:10, 1264:20, 1264:25,
motions [2] - 1225:10,	1055:15, 1056:2,	1134:22, 1134:24,	1222:14, 1222:16,	, ,
1226:2	1056:16, 1056:19,	1136:10, 1136:12,	1222:20, 1222:24,	1265:13, 1265:20,
motivated [4] -	1057:9, 1057:10,	1136:15, 1137:8,	1223:3, 1223:13,	1266:1, 1266:7,
1010:17, 1010:23,	1057:14, 1057:25,	1137:10, 1137:13,	1224:8, 1224:21,	1266:11, 1266:14,
1011:2, 1011:10	1058:2, 1058:7,	1137:20, 1137:22,	1225:4, 1225:7,	1267:7, 1268:3,
Mountain [1] -	1058:12, 1058:16,	1139:3, 1139:19,	1225:12, 1225:16,	1268:8, 1270:10,
1251:21	1061:16, 1061:18, 1063:24, 1064:1,	1139:22, 1140:1, 1140:4, 1140:6,	1225:22, 1226:3, 1226:20, 1227:3,	1270:21, 1270:23, 1271:5, 1271:15
mouth [1] - 1030:11	1064:15, 1064:17,	1140:17, 1140:19,	1220.20, 1227.3, 1227:5, 1227:8,	MS [19] - 1014:3,
move [21] - 1017:24,	1069:4, 1069:6,	1141:2, 1141:4,	1227:3, 1227:0,	1019:17, 1019:19,
1026:4, 1032:17,	1071:21, 1071:22,	1142:13, 1142:17,	1227:11, 1227:14,	1019:17, 1019:19, 1019:25, 1020:6,
1036:24, 1037:25,	1071:21, 1071:22,	1142:19, 1147:15,	1227.22, 1227.24, 1228:3, 1228:8,	1019.23, 1020.0,
1038:10, 1042:22,	1071:23, 1072:2,	1147:16, 1150:15,	1228:17, 1228:20,	1021:1, 1023:7,
1044:6, 1048:22,	1073:14, 1073:10,	1150:16, 1151:3,	1229:13, 1229:18,	1124:24, 1226:5,
1084:10, 1158:11,	1079:17, 1079:24,	1151:5, 1151:8,	1230:7, 1230:16,	
1158:14, 1166:12,	1079.17, 1079.24, 1080:8, 1080:13,	1151.5, 1151.6,	1230:7, 1230:10,	1226:10, 1226:16, 1228:14, 1266:6,
1170:4, 1176:14,	1086:11, 1086:13,	1156:11, 1156:13,	1230.21, 1231.17, 1232:13, 1233:15,	1266:18, 1267:15,
1202:16, 1209:5,	1086:14, 1086:15,	1156:23, 1157:1,	1232:13, 1233:13,	1268:22, 1271:10
1209:13, 1219:10,	1086:19, 1086:23,	1157:2, 1157:5,	1235:13, 1236:12,	MT-1 [8] - 1035:13,
1235:5, 1265:9	1080:19, 1080:23,	1157:10, 1157:14,	1236:23, 1237:2,	1040:17, 1107:13,
moved [1] - 1175:12	1087:21, 1088:5,	1158:11, 1158:14,	1237:6, 1237:24,	1107:21, 1108:2,
moves [1] - 1202:15	1088:11, 1089:1,	1158:19, 1159:16,	1238:10, 1238:16,	1110:6, 1157:23,
moving [4] - 1165:1,	1089:5, 1089:6,	1159:19, 1161:22,	1238:21, 1239:2,	1210:3
1262:6, 1262:11	1089:23, 1094:25,	1161:24, 1162:1,	1239:12, 1239:17,	MT-2 [8] - 1035:14,
MR [455] - 1006:8,	1095:2, 1095:8,	1162:3, 1162:19,	1239:23, 1240:8,	1040:17, 1107:13,
1013:25, 1014:9,	1095:11, 1095:17,	1162:24, 1163:3,	1240:14, 1240:15,	1107:21, 1108:2,
1014:14, 1014:20,	1095:22, 1095:25,	1163:5, 1165:9,	1240:14, 1240:16,	1110:6, 1157:23,
1015:6, 1015:13,	1096:1, 1096:18,	1165:15, 1166:10,	1241:20, 1242:1,	1210:3
1016:6, 1016:23,	1096:21, 1099:7,	1166:15, 1169:9,	1242:5, 1242:9,	multiple [3] - 1178:15,
1016:24, 1017:15,	1099:9, 1099:13,	1169:11, 1169:14,	1242:12, 1242:18,	1187:18, 1242:8
1018:2, 1018:5,	1099:14, 1099:17,	1169:25, 1170:1,	1243:9, 1243:20,	must [7] - 1024:23,
1018:9, 1018:13,	1099:20, 1099:21,	1170:4, 1170:6,	1244:2, 1244:6,	1025:6, 1059:4,
1018:16, 1018:20,	1106:19, 1106:21,	1171:22, 1171:24,	1244:8, 1244:14,	1063:16, 1230:5,
1018:23, 1019:4, 1019:9, 1019:13,	1107:9, 1107:11,	1172:4, 1172:6,	1245:4, 1245:21,	1236:4, 1270:2
1020:2, 1023:18,	1110:20, 1110:23,	1172:8, 1180:5,	1245:24, 1246:3,	mx [4] - 1189:23,
1023:20, 1024:8,	1110:25, 1111:1,	1185:19, 1185:21,	1246:5, 1246:14,	1190:7, 1190:9,
	1112:17, 1112:22,	1186:1, 1190:14,	1246:17, 1246:21,	1190:11
1024:12, 1024:20, 1024:25, 1025:3,	1112:25, 1113:12,	1190:18, 1191:20,	1247:1, 1247:7,	Myers [4] - 1036:15,
1024.25, 1025.3,	1113:16, 1114:13,	1191:24, 1205:10,	1248:2, 1248:5,	1072:9, 1113:20,
1025:19, 1026:4,	1114:16, 1116:2,	1205:14, 1205:18,	1248:9, 1248:24,	1211:11
1026:6, 1026:9,	1116:5, 1116:7,	1205:22, 1206:1,	1249:5, 1249:9,	
1028:5, 1028:9,	1117:14, 1120:9,	1206:3, 1206:4,	1249:10, 1249:16,	N
1028:12, 1032:17,	1120:18, 1120:21,	1206:7, 1206:9,	1250:4, 1250:8,	11
1032:19, 1032:22,	1120:24, 1121:3,	1206:12, 1206:17,	1250:12, 1250:15,	name [7] - 1025:12,
1034:12, 1034:24,	1121:8, 1121:12,	1206:21, 1206:24,	1250:20, 1250:24,	1029:23, 1052:9,
1035:1, 1035:4,	1122:5, 1122:8,	1207:9, 1207:14,	1253:14, 1253:17,	1058:19, 1062:2,
1035:25, 1036:24,	1122:13, 1122:21,	1207:24, 1208:1,	1253:21, 1253:23,	1065:3, 1163:8
1037:1, 1037:25,	1123:2, 1123:7,	1209:4, 1209:7,	1254:3, 1254:6,	named [4] - 1015:16,
1038:2, 1038:5,	1123:11, 1123:15,	1209:13, 1209:15,	1254:10, 1254:19,	1031:11, 1031:23,
1038:6, 1038:10,	1123:19, 1123:23,	1209:18, 1210:11,	1257:5, 1257:13,	1031:24
1038:12, 1038:16,	1124:7, 1124:15,	1211:19, 1214:10,	1257:20, 1258:17,	namely [1] - 1256:10
1038:18, 1042:24,	1125:11, 1125:19,	1214:14, 1214:24,	1258:21, 1258:25,	names [1] - 1156:14
1043:2, 1044:6,	1126:2, 1126:5,	1215:15, 1215:18,	1259:13, 1260:2,	nanomolar [1] -
1044:8, 1044:11,	1126:15, 1127:16,	1215:25, 1216:7,	1260:14, 1260:15,	1035:23
1045:2, 1047:10,	1127:18, 1127:21,	1216:11, 1216:13,	1260:22, 1261:3,	naps [2] - 1202:22
1047:12, 1048:21,	1128:21, 1128:24,	1216:25, 1219:8,	1261:8, 1261:17,	narrow [1] - 1056:20
1048:24, 1049:2,	1129:1, 1129:6,	1219:11, 1219:14,	1261:20, 1261:23,	
				narrowed [2] -
	1129:7, 1129:22,	1220:15, 1221:12,	1262:2, 1262:10,	narrowed [2] -

1135:1

1102:3

1250:21

1216:21

1146:25

1177:15

1163:17

net [2] - 1175:18,

neurobiology [2] -

1163:24, 1167:9

never [9] - 1054:4,

1010:3, 1091:8,

1267:5

1271:4

1224:6, 1224:11

NICHOLAS [1] -

NICHOLS [1] -

1005:8

1005:12

New [3] - 1054:22,

1097:5, 1099:4,

negatives [1] -

needlessly [1] -

1056:21, 1073:4
narrows [1] - 1031:14
NATHAN [1] - 1005:3
National [1] - 1027:22
natural [1] - 1084:15
nature [4] - 1015:3,
1019:9, 1104:24,
1159:8
NDA [1] - 1106:8
near [6] - 1156:24,
1170:23, 1196:9,
1199:25, 1202:5, 1211:2
necessarily [8] -
1017:11, 1017:13,
1022:18, 1100:25,
1177:5, 1200:16,
1228:4, 1235:16
necessary [6] -
1050:16, 1051:22,
1198:23, 1240:20,
1244:5, 1255:22 need [69] - 1011:23,
need [69] - 1011:23,
1012:7, 1012:13,
1013:8, 1042:4,
1047:19, 1052:1,
1054:2, 1071:1,
1077:8, 1081:20,
1081:22, 1081:25,
1083:24, 1084:3,
1085:5, 1085:8, 1085:17, 1085:19,
1086:2, 1086:4,
1089:8, 1090:11,
1090:12, 1090:14,
1090:16, 1091:22,
1100:11, 1119:18,
1123:12, 1124:8,
1132:12, 1132:15,
1134:9, 1143:8,
1143:24, 1144:12,
1144:21, 1162:1,
1166:21, 1183:8,
1186:7, 1187:16,
1194:17, 1195:1,
1197:13, 1205:20,
1206:15, 1217:7,
1223:5, 1224:6,
1224:19, 1226:19,
1228:12, 1249:24,
1250:24, 1250:25,
1252:13, 1252:19, 1257:3, 1265:24,
1266:4, 1266:16,
1266:17, 1266:19,
1266:20, 1269:9,
1269:18, 1270:8
needed [8] - 1010:11,
1050:19, 1096:22,
1098:5, 1098:12,

```
1101:19, 1117:7,
needs [6] - 1042:7,
 1047:22. 1053:4.
 1196:21, 1223:2,
neglected [1] - 1209:5
negligible [1] - 1132:5
neighborhood [1] -
neurosciences [1] -
 1070:8, 1094:14,
 1094:21, 1105:16,
 1142:23, 1162:11,
 1212:11, 1237:14
new [18] - 1009:20,
 1009:23, 1010:2,
 1118:21, 1145:13,
 1150:4, 1150:10,
 1152:25, 1153:8,
 1159:2, 1170:22,
 1173:21, 1179:15,
 1258:21, 1259:2,
 1165:20, 1173:11
newly [1] - 1179:15
next [27] - 1035:22,
 1035:23, 1076:16,
 1076:25, 1094:4,
 1115:6, 1115:19,
 1120:18. 1123:5.
 1150:10, 1162:18,
 1162:19, 1171:12,
 1172:6, 1175:20,
 1175:22, 1177:7,
 1178:3, 1181:11,
 1199:12, 1259:6,
 1265:25, 1269:15,
nexus [5] - 1223:1,
 1223:9, 1223:14,
nicely [1] - 1141:15
```

night [8] - 1017:1, 1165:3, 1165:6, 1166:21, 1166:22, 1167:5, 1185:8, 1187:6 nighttime [1] -1164:21 NIH [1] - 1034:3 nitrogen [1] - 1157:16 **NO** [1] - 1:6 nobody's [1] -1059:17 noise [1] - 1187:7 nomenclature [1] -1031:10 Non-24 [52] - 1057:17, 1110:1, 1163:2, 1167:9, 1168:14, 1174:2, 1186:6, 1186:22, 1190:22, 1191:8, 1192:10, 1192:15, 1194:17, 1195:3, 1196:8, 1198:3, 1199:24, 1200:1, 1200:22, 1201:23, 1202:4, 1207:20, 1209:22, 1210:13, 1210:16, 1210:20, 1210:21, 1211:8, 1212:1, 1212:5, 1212:16, 1214:17, 1217:8, 1217:17, 1217:22, 1218:1, 1218:8, 1218:17, 1218:23, 1219:6, 1220:2, 1220:7, 1220:10, 1220:13, 1222:7, 1222:13, 1222:23, 1223:5, 1223:16, 1223:19, 1224:13 non-24 [2] - 1057:19, 1059:23 Non-24-hour [4] -1164:17, 1186:11, 1192:4, 1192:8 nonbinding [1] -1143:13 none [3] - 1022:12, 1155:7, 1155:19 nonetheless [2] -1164:22, 1265:2 noninfringement [4] -1221:24, 1266:5, 1268:4, 1269:12 nonobvious [2] -1258:22, 1259:3 nonoxidizing [1] -1237:10 nonworking [1] -

1241:11 normal [2] - 1167:12, 1167:18 normally [2] -1065:21, 1270:13 notation [2] - 1234:7, 1234:17 notations [1] -1234:18 **NOTE** [1] - 1006:3 **note** [2] - 1022:16, 1216:2 noted [1] - 1046:22 notes [1] - 1272:5 nothing [7] - 1022:7, 1022:15, 1109:14, 1161:22, 1222:11, 1241:7, 1259:9 notice [2] - 1044:15, 1172:12 noticed [2] - 1023:21, 1176:7 notwithstanding [4] -1104:23, 1105:1, 1105:7, 1105:8 noun [1] - 1078:18 Novel [2] - 1072:4, 1159:24 novel [1] - 1259:11 November [1] - 1162:9 nowhere [1] - 1110:20 nuanced [1] - 1246:16 nucleus [1] - 1107:17 nullified [1] - 1246:20 nullifies [1] - 1256:11 number [24] -1027:15, 1027:17, 1029:20, 1030:4, 1031:11, 1031:12, 1031:15, 1036:14, 1052:19, 1057:7, 1068:1, 1082:23, 1096:12, 1111:4, 1139:9, 1146:11, 1146:24, 1151:12, 1156:21, 1157:19, 1157:21, 1160:17, 1235:17 numbering [1] -1027:21 numbers [7] -1035:14, 1035:15, 1035:17, 1108:4, 1111:18, 1115:11, 1199:9 numerous [4] -1042:12, 1043:7,

1242:15, 1262:15

0

o'clock [3] - 1019:14, 1168:2, 1172:18 O'CONNOR [1] -1005:15 oath [7] - 1006:6, 1020:3, 1020:4, 1087:12, 1126:13, 1193:2, 1215:24 obach [1] - 1150:19 Obach [3] - 1039:20, 1039:24, 1040:3 Obahi [1] - 1056:20 object [1] - 1028:9 objection [35] -1014:9, 1016:2, 1020:22, 1026:6, 1028:10, 1032:19, 1035:1, 1037:1, 1038:3, 1038:12, 1042:24, 1044:8, 1048:24, 1071:22, 1086:11, 1095:22, 1099:14, 1127:18, 1128:24, 1136:12, 1137:10, 1139:22, 1151:5, 1156:23, 1158:3, 1158:6, 1162:3, 1163:3, 1169:11, 1170:1, 1171:24, 1185:21, 1209:15, 1219:10, 1219:11 objects [2] - 1231:1, 1255:9 obligatory [1] -1110:14 observation [1] -1050:5 observed [5] - 1074:5, 1074:12, 1075:3, 1175:16 **obtain** [1] - 1263:13 obtained [2] - 1022:8, 1139:10 obtaining [1] -1013:12 **obvious** [16] - 1048:5, 1048:8, 1048:13, 1050:13, 1050:17, 1051:25, 1054:23, 1057:2, 1061:10, 1180:17, 1180:20, 1188:24, 1189:7, 1189:11, 1189:12, 1200:16 obviously [5] -1015:1, 1116:24, 1124:18, 1184:13,

_	_
\sim	_
/	- 4

1257:21
obviousness [14] -
1028:20, 1048:11,
1049:5, 1050:11,
1052:21, 1053:5,
1054:13, 1055:12,
1059:3, 1061:11,
1072:22, 1073:4,
1198:9, 1198:24
occasion [4] - 1087:6,
1087:10, 1089:16,
1193:10
occupation [1] -
1025:20
occupational [1] -
1164:2
occupied [1] -
1025:21
occur [3] - 1080:18,
1133:10, 1255:14
occurred [1] - 1227:17
occurring [2] - 1167:13, 1183:25
occurs [1] - 1259:7 October [11] -
1145:18, 1145:22,
1146:3, 1146:14,
1146:20, 1147:8,
1148:18, 1148:23,
1149:3, 1156:2,
1156:7
OF [1] - 1:3
offer [15] - 1014:7,
1028:5, 1071:21,
1095:21, 1099:13,
1127:16, 1128:21,
1136:10, 1137:8,
1139:21, 1151:3,
1162:2, 1169:9,
1169:25, 1171:22
offered [3] - 1095:19,
1126:25, 1139:19
offering [1] - 1109:24
offers [1] - 1185:19
office [2] - 1014:8,
1265:1
often [7] - 1166:20,
1167:2, 1224:1,
1232:24, 1259:1,
1262:6, 1270:13
Ogilvie [1] - 1159:20
Ogu [2] - 1042:16,
1047:14
old [2] - 1009:9,
1010:3
omitted [2] - 1157:24,
1188:14
omitting [1] - 1234:25
once [12] - 1012:24,
1120:4, 1185:12,

1193:9, 1196:16,	1186:25, 1187:8,
1196:25, 1197:7,	1187:9, 1188:1,
1239:7, 1240:16,	1188:13, 1191:3,
1242:10, 1250:6,	1191:11, 1195:1,
1255:24	1196:1, 1196:20,
	1199:12, 1204:16,
one [185] - 1011:19,	
1014:4, 1014:5,	1204:17, 1208:19,
1016:24, 1017:19,	1210:23, 1211:1,
1021:5, 1021:11,	1213:4, 1214:2,
1021:23, 1022:1,	1214:15, 1216:18,
1022:21, 1023:4,	1216:20, 1216:21,
1026:15, 1026:16,	1220:12, 1220:21,
1027:7, 1031:17, 1032:1, 1038:2,	1222:1, 1222:18,
	1223:14, 1224:14,
1041:5, 1041:11,	1225:1, 1225:15,
1052:4, 1053:1,	1228:12, 1231:5,
1053:23, 1054:24,	1232:25, 1233:17, 1234:15, 1236:18,
1055:19, 1055:20,	1234.15, 1236.16, 1238:10, 1240:10,
1057:14, 1058:4,	
1060:1, 1064:24,	1240:21, 1242:5,
1065:18, 1065:22,	1242:7, 1242:19, 1243:2, 1243:18,
1066:20, 1067:6, 1067:7, 1068:2,	1245.2, 1245.16, 1246:12, 1247:4,
1069:19, 1070:21,	1247:22, 1249:3,
1072:20, 1072:21, 1072:25, 1075:2,	1251:14, 1252:19, 1253:4, 1254:13,
1072:25, 1075:2,	1254:19, 1258:10,
1073:15, 1076:9,	1259:1, 1262:6,
1081:5, 1082:9,	1262:25, 1263:6,
1083:20, 1084:13,	1263:24, 1264:2,
1084:20, 1085:8,	1266:24, 1268:1,
1085:22, 1091:5,	1269:13, 1270:15,
1091:11, 1091:12,	1270:16, 1271:15,
1091:11, 1091:12,	1271:17
1098:20, 1103:9,	one's [1] - 1109:5
1105:12, 1105:21,	one-fifth [1] - 1181:4
1106:12, 1109:21,	one-to-one [1] -
1113:7, 1118:18,	1234:15
1121:14, 1122:25,	ones [3] - 1031:4,
1123:2, 1127:10,	1031:21, 1214:17
1129:11, 1129:13,	online [1] - 1221:10
1130:2, 1131:13,	onset [3] - 1175:25,
1131:24, 1131:25,	1176:1, 1180:21
1132:13, 1136:6,	open [1] - 1120:15
1136:23, 1138:17,	opening [2] - 1269:10
1139:5, 1139:13,	operations [2] -
1145:23, 1151:20,	1234:4, 1235:18
1151:22, 1152:3,	opiates [1] - 1074:20
1153:19, 1157:16,	opinion [34] - 1012:8,
1160:25, 1161:24,	1012:13, 1013:7,
1164:11, 1164:16,	1012:13, 1013:7,
1166:14, 1169:5,	1049:11, 1050:7,
1172:18, 1173:2,	
1173:5, 1175:21,	1050:11, 1051:3, 1051:22, 1055:14,
1177:17, 1177:18,	1062:9, 1098:25,
1178:20, 1179:1,	1101:6, 1101:24,
1179:2, 1179:23,	1101.6, 1101.24, 1104:2, 1109:24,
1180:14, 1181:4,	1116:13, 1129:17,
1181:25, 1184:2,	1116.13, 1129.17, 1141:8, 1174:1,
1184:25, 1185:16,	1174:3, 1180:16,
1185:24, 1186:16,	1114.3, 1100.10,
, ,	

```
1184:11, 1186:4,
 1188:22, 1189:10,
 1214:18, 1217:7,
 1217:10, 1217:12,
 1217:13, 1224:19,
 1264:17
Opinion [1] - 1061:20
opinions [20] -
 1011:17, 1011:19,
 1012:4, 1025:23,
 1029:6, 1032:13,
 1034:22, 1037:23,
 1040:4, 1043:22,
 1055:11, 1072:22,
 1136:8, 1137:6,
 1165:25, 1166:2,
 1169:23, 1171:20,
 1198:8, 1266:25
opportunity [2] -
 1176:17, 1228:9
oppose [2] - 1225:12,
 1248:17
opposed [3] -
 1056:10, 1216:14,
 1226:7
opposite [3] -
 1041:16, 1168:7,
 1255:12
optical [1] - 1264:6
optimal [2] - 1021:22,
 1183:21
optimization [1] -
 1218:14
optimizing [2] -
 1218:14
options [5] - 1091:3,
 1091:4, 1091:11,
 1091:14, 1091:15
oral [7] - 1111:15,
 1154:16, 1196:24,
 1197:6, 1256:25,
 1270:1, 1271:7
orally [1] - 1196:15
order [43] - 1006:25.
 1007:12, 1010:12,
 1011:5, 1011:12,
 1012:12, 1015:19,
 1015:24, 1016:4,
 1016:19, 1042:3,
 1081:24, 1085:16,
 1086:5, 1089:9,
 1090:10, 1120:11,
 1143:10, 1143:25,
 1144:13, 1144:23,
 1167:3, 1174:2,
 1194:16, 1194:19,
 1194:22, 1194:23,
 1194:25, 1195:2,
 1197:20, 1216:3,
 1229:21, 1234:3,
```

```
1265:17, 1265:18,
 1269:14, 1270:1,
 1270:8, 1270:13,
 1270:24, 1271:7
ordinarily [1] - 1065:9
ordinary [45] -
 1011:20, 1012:4,
 1023:13, 1024:18,
 1028:17, 1029:6,
 1029:8, 1032:24,
 1043:10, 1045:15,
 1048:12, 1049:12,
 1049:24, 1050:7,
 1050:14, 1051:4,
 1053:6, 1062:17,
 1066:16, 1069:8,
 1070:2, 1072:13,
 1072:15, 1100:5,
 1102:9, 1103:20,
 1104:7, 1104:15,
 1116:13, 1116:25,
 1145:3, 1145:22,
 1146:4, 1146:13,
 1146:19, 1147:8,
 1148:19, 1149:4,
 1156:2, 1156:6,
 1177:16, 1180:25,
 1198:10, 1227:15
organism [2] - 1077:6,
 1077:8
organisms [1] -
 1026:23
original [3] - 1027:23,
 1066:23, 1073:9
Ortho [2] - 1233:17,
 1244:10
Ortho-McNeil [2] -
 1233:17, 1244:10
Oscar [1] - 1028:2
otherwise [2] -
 1240:25, 1247:2
ought [4] - 1124:2,
 1221:22, 1238:12,
 1253:10
ourselves [1] -
 1106:10
outcome [2] -
 1104:17, 1184:3
outcomes [2] -
 1091:23, 1092:5
outline [1] - 1028:14
outlined [3] - 1044:18,
 1044:22, 1049:7
outlining [1] - 1030:6
outset [1] - 1052:12
outside [4] - 1076:23,
 1166:20, 1170:15,
 1182:18
over-the-counter [3] -
 1139:9, 1139:11,
```

1139:17 overall [5] - 1133:15, 1133:24, 1134:1, 1134:7, 1143:20 overemphasize [1] -1253:6 overestimate [1] -1141:25 overexpress [5] -1064:22, 1065:5, 1065:10, 1065:18, 1068:5 overexpressing[1] -1073:21 overly [1] - 1078:8 override [1] - 1167:2 oversimplified [1] -1065:8 overview [1] - 1031:8 own [4] - 1055:11, 1105:3, 1213:23, 1220:19 owner [1] - 1058:4 oxidation [1] -1133:12 oxygen [1] - 1157:16

P-I-C-O-M-O-L-A-R [1]

- 1035:22 **p.m** [10] - 1167:14, 1167:19, 1167:23, 1173:7, 1173:13, 1173:15, 1179:11, 1182:10, 1182:11, 1272:3 P450 [21] - 1031:5, 1031:10, 1060:25, 1073:9, 1114:19, 1131:3, 1131:16, 1132:14, 1132:16, 1133:20, 1133:23, 1136:20, 1136:22, 1141:17, 1142:6, 1143:18, 1143:19, 1145:24, 1147:21, 1153:22, 1160:12 pacemaker [4] -1163:25, 1164:14, 1202:25, 1217:16 package [3] - 1100:13, 1262:24, 1263:4

page [29] - 1006:16,

1007:20, 1008:16,

1061:17, 1082:19,

1082:20, 1082:22,

1082:23, 1094:12,

1096:8, 1107:10,

1114:11, 1114:14,

1115:7, 1115:11, 1115:12, 1115:17, 1115:19, 1143:14, 1144:8, 1149:17, 1153:13, 1160:20, 1161:10, 1165:20, 1263:9, 1269:15 Page [36] - 1007:20. 1008:5, 1008:17, 1019:25, 1035:5, 1036:1, 1037:10, 1037:15, 1038:23, 1045:6, 1047:1, 1049:17, 1050:1, 1068:22, 1073:15, 1083:4, 1083:18, 1086:8, 1086:10, 1089:25, 1094:25, 1095:13, 1115:3, 1131:7, 1152:9, 1152:13, 1156:12, 1158:24, 1160:2, 1160:9, 1160:21, 1160:24, 1161:10, 1207:25, 1208:4 Pages [2] - 1082:18, 1082:25 pages [4] - 1063:8, 1144:19, 1268:24 paid [1] - 1246:1 Pandi [8] - 1045:6, 1051:12, 1053:20, 1054:2, 1054:17, 1070:16, 1070:22, 1103:25 Pandi-Perumal [5] -1045:6, 1051:12, 1053:20. 1054:2. 1054:17 Pandi-Perumal [3] -1070:16, 1070:22, 1103:25 PANDIPERUNAL[1] -1058:20 panel [6] - 1129:25, 1131:2, 1131:5, 1131:9, 1131:19, 1131:22 Pani [1] - 1051:6 Pani-Perumal [1] -1051:6 paper [36] - 1071:8, 1128:5, 1128:6, 1130:2, 1130:8, 1130:9, 1136:8, 1136:18, 1136:19, 1137:3, 1137:5, 1137:14. 1140:24.

1147:17, 1147:18,

1149:12, 1149:14,

1150:19, 1153:13, 1159:20, 1160:1, 1164:18, 1171:14, 1171:17, 1172:11, 1173:11, 1174:8, 1174:15, 1184:8, 1184:9, 1203:22, 1204:20, 1204:24, 1205:1, 1205:2, 1218:11 papers [1] - 1204:23 Paragraph [2] -1006:24, 1008:6 paragraph [11] -1035:9, 1038:24, 1063:22, 1064:5, 1066:25, 1067:23, 1069:3, 1069:4, 1073:18, 1103:14, 1160:10 paragraphs [1] -1107:6 Paragraphs [4] -1006:21, 1007:7, 1007:19, 1020:1 parallel [1] - 1262:10 parameters [2] -1217:20, 1218:3 pardon [1] - 1204:4 parent [4] - 1008:13, 1135:10, 1135:13, 1135:18 parenthesis [1] -1233:3 PARKINSON [1] -1126:11 Parkinson [32] -1120:19, 1126:16, 1126:19, 1127:22, 1128:22, 1129:2, 1129:8, 1129:16, 1129:25, 1130:17, 1130:24, 1132:23, 1134:25, 1137:14, 1137:23, 1139:4, 1140:2, 1140:20, 1142:20, 1142:23, 1144:7, 1145:21, 1146:12, 1147:7, 1148:6, 1148:12, 1151:18, 1155:7, 1156:1, 1156:12, 1188:19, 1189:2 part [32] - 1013:17, 1033:22, 1049:15, 1066:10, 1071:25, 1075:7, 1092:22, 1095:3, 1100:22, 1108:19, 1108:21, 1116:21, 1117:6,

1126:11, 1132:12, 1132:25, 1133:24, 1143:4, 1151:18, 1169:22, 1171:19, 1172:14, 1182:3, 1205:3, 1218:13, 1228:21, 1229:16, 1235:25, 1247:4, 1262:21, 1266:22 partial [2] - 1221:22, 1221:23 partially [1] - 1032:5 participants [1] -1170:13 participate [1] -1118:18 participated [1] -1207:15 particular [30] -1012:23, 1017:20, 1028:16, 1029:17, 1031:2, 1032:25, 1035:9, 1049:23, 1051:15, 1055:21, 1063:11, 1081:8, 1081:13, 1136:20, 1141:13, 1146:10, 1154:15, 1170:11, 1173:10, 1174:14, 1184:25, 1185:6, 1228:23, 1232:7, 1232:9, 1253:6, 1254:20, 1255:17, 1258:9 particularly [5] -1067:20, 1067:21, 1164:9, 1241:10, 1244:19 parties [5] - 1058:4, 1121:19, 1228:21, 1270:14, 1271:11 parties' [1] - 1162:25 partners [1] - 1267:22 parts [1] - 1094:17 party [1] - 1017:23 pass [6] - 1014:1, 1030:7, 1030:14, 1052:3, 1214:11, 1220:15 passage [1] - 1083:16 passages [1] -1050:23 passed [4] - 1133:3, 1229:22, 1232:16, 1242:18 past [3] - 1056:13, 1076:25, 1164:5 patent [121] - 1006:19, 1007:4, 1008:2, 1008:4, 1008:5,

1008:9, 1008:15, 1009:1, 1009:12, 1010:10, 1010:11, 1010:12, 1010:14, 1010:19, 1010:25, 1011:9, 1011:10, 1013:2, 1013:6, 1015:9, 1015:10, 1015:14, 1015:17, 1015:19, 1015:22, 1015:23, 1016:9, 1017:9, 1017:20, 1018:17, 1020:15, 1020:18, 1021:10, 1021:16, 1029:2, 1049:4, 1050:12, 1050:21, 1053:1, 1053:18, 1053:19, 1055:6, 1059:10. 1060:1, 1060:12, 1060:23, 1062:19, 1063:3, 1100:3, 1100:6, 1102:10, 1102:16, 1106:16, 1129:11, 1129:14, 1140:3, 1140:7, 1155:8, 1155:11, 1155:20, 1180:11, 1184:8, 1184:13, 1184:16, 1188:5, 1188:22, 1189:8, 1189:13, 1189:15, 1189:19, 1190:10, 1190:12, 1190:13, 1191:4, 1191:10, 1191:12, 1195:19, 1223:23, 1223:25, 1224:15, 1226:21, 1227:1, 1227:7, 1227:10, 1228:13, 1228:25, 1229:22, 1232:5, 1232:12, 1232:16, 1232:22, 1233:23, 1234:9, 1235:4, 1236:22, 1240:13, 1240:23, 1241:7, 1241:16, 1241:24, 1245:17, 1245:18, 1246:20, 1247:21, 1248:20, 1254:5, 1256:11, 1256:13, 1256:20, 1258:13, 1258:18, 1259:1, 1259:7, 1259:8, 1261:3, 1263:20, 1263:25, 1265:1, 1271:17 patentable [3] -1258:16, 1259:10, 1259:12 patentee [1] - 1256:17

1057:2, 1059:3, 1068:2, 1072:22, 1088:16, 1092:3, 1155:8, 1155:20, 1188:15, 1191:17, 1224:14, 1259:2, 1268:1 pathway [1] - 1077:21 pathways [5] -1132:17, 1133:1, 1134:1, 1134:4, 1134:10 patient [22] - 1049:7, 1050:24, 1059:23, 1085:21, 1091:24, 1178:22, 1186:11, 1192:1, 1192:3, 1192:8, 1192:17, 1194:17, 1195:3, 1196:7, 1196:8, 1196:9, 1196:15, 1196:24, 1197:4, 1197:9, 1198:3, 1212:16 patients [22] -1153:24, 1167:21, 1168:6, 1191:8, 1194:4, 1200:1, 1201:23, 1208:13, 1208:18, 1209:22, 1209:24, 1212:1, 1212:9, 1212:14, 1218:1, 1218:8, 1218:24, 1219:6, 1220:20, 1222:13, 1258:14, 1262:7 pattern [5] - 1222:2, 1222:4, 1222:5. 1222:14, 1222:15 **PAUL**[1] - 1005:8 pause [3] - 1064:23, 1176:14, 1188:10 pay [1] - 1031:4 pays [1] - 1213:6 PDX [2] - 1137:21, 1141:3 PDX-10.10 [1] -1130:22 PDX-10.12 [1] -1132:21 PDX-10.14 [1] -1134:23 **PDX-10.18** [1] - 1140:5 PDX-10.19 [1] -1140:18 PDX-11.13 [1] - 1170:5 PDX-11.14 [1] -1199:10

PDX-11.21 [1] -1200:12 **PDX-11.25** [1] - 1201:5 PDX-17[1] - 1200:3 peak [1] - 1172:15 peaking [1] - 1203:2 peaks [1] - 1185:2 peer [2] - 1062:10, 1062:14 peer-reviewed [2] -1062:10. 1062:14 pellet [3] - 1034:5, 1065:23 people [54] - 1007:24, 1008:21, 1014:18, 1015:3, 1015:18, 1077:16, 1090:15, 1094:20, 1095:18, 1098:18, 1113:22, 1164:25, 1165:2, 1167:10, 1167:12, 1168:14, 1171:4, 1171:9, 1173:6, 1173:19, 1179:18, 1180:7, 1180:25, 1182:8, 1183:7, 1185:24, 1186:15, 1186:21, 1186:24, 1187:14, 1187:19, 1187:20, 1199:23, 1200:22, 1202:2, 1202:3, 1202:6, 1203:16, 1210:5, 1210:15, 1212:3, 1214:17, 1214:20, 1214:22, 1222:22, 1223:5, 1224:10, 1225:9, 1245:19, 1253:21, 1259:12, 1262:15, 1263:3 per [1] - 1268:24 percent [47] - 1010:5, 1010:18, 1010:23, 1015:15, 1015:16, 1017:10, 1021:16, 1022:1, 1022:22, 1023:4, 1023:10, 1023:14, 1023:24, 1024:2, 1024:3, 1024:19, 1024:23, 1032:4, 1046:15, 1076:11, 1076:12, 1097:14, 1097:24, 1111:5, 1111:7, 1133:15, 1133:23, 1134:1, 1134:15, 1138:5, 1138:6, 1138:7, 1143:19,

1147:4, 1148:1, 1148:15, 1194:6, 1194:8, 1218:7, 1218:12, 1219:5 percentage [6] -1055:22. 1146:8. 1146:9, 1146:24, 1147:5, 1147:11 perfect [1] - 1095:11 perfectly [1] - 1062:24 perform [1] - 1232:2 performing [1] -1232:23 perhaps [7] - 1014:16, 1087:18, 1091:13, 1148:17, 1196:4, 1200:13, 1229:7 Peribonal [1] - 1038:9 period [32] - 1118:6, 1164:22, 1165:4, 1165:22, 1166:17, 1166:18, 1166:24, 1167:7, 1167:10, 1167:13, 1167:22, 1168:1, 1168:4, 1168:9, 1168:12, 1168:15, 1175:11, 1179:22, 1183:7, 1196:10, 1200:23, 1201:6, 1201:10, 1227:1, 1227:10, 1227:16, 1228:2, 1228:5, 1228:9, 1239:24 permanently [1] -1183:24 Perni [1] - 1239:16 Perni's [1] - 1261:9 perpetrator [2] -1041:7, 1152:5 perpetrators [3] -1151:13, 1151:23, 1152:3 person [63] - 1010:21, 1011:20, 1012:4, 1012:11, 1012:12, 1012:17, 1013:7, 1029:8, 1032:23, 1043:10, 1045:15, 1048:12, 1049:12, 1049:23, 1050:7, 1050:14, 1051:4, 1053:6, 1054:14, 1054:16, 1054:20, 1056:24, 1059:15, 1059:22, 1061:23, 1062:17, 1064:8, 1066:16, 1066:21,

1100:5, 1102:7, 1102:15, 1103:20, 1104:7, 1104:16, 1113:6, 1116:13, 1116:25, 1145:2, 1145:22, 1146:4, 1146:13, 1146:19, 1147:8, 1148:19, 1149:4, 1156:2, 1156:6, 1164:18, 1177:7, 1177:16, 1183:23, 1191:5, 1194:24, 1195:9, 1198:9, 1228:3, 1228:6, 1236:16 personally [2] -1013:11, 1216:10 pertinent [3] -1012:18, 1012:21, 1072:19 Perumal [6] - 1045:6, 1051:6, 1051:12, 1053:20, 1054:2, 1054:17 Perunal [3] - 1070:16, 1070:22, 1103:25 perverse [1] - 1201:18 Pfizer [2] - 1040:2, 1058:4 pharmaceutical [15] -1010:15, 1010:25, 1011:22, 1013:2, 1013:6, 1013:9, 1113:23, 1113:25, 1127:5, 1127:8, 1128:15, 1128:19, 1145:12, 1262:5, 1262:15 pharmaceuticalgrade [3] - 1013:2, 1013:6, 1013:9 pharmaceuticals [1] -1259:16 **PHARMACEUTICAL S**[2] - 1:5, 1:7 Pharmaceuticals [3] -1005:6, 1005:13, 1160:6 pharmacokinetic [3] -1106:6, 1135:11, 1135:17 Pharmacokinetics [2] - 1064:6, 1072:4 pharmacokinetics [5] - 1028:19, 1029:11, 1106:3, 1128:23, 1150:24

pharmacologic [5] -

1135:10 pharmacologically [1] - 1135:20 pharmacologist [1] -1029:13 pharmacology [14] -1026:19, 1026:21, 1026:22, 1026:25, 1027:3, 1028:3, 1028:7, 1029:11, 1035:8, 1037:9, 1037:11, 1040:7, 1127:23, 1128:23 Pharmacology [2] -1027:12, 1027:19 **phase** [49] - 1150:12, 1166:5, 1167:21, 1168:6, 1168:17, 1168:18, 1168:22, 1170:9, 1170:12, 1170:18, 1171:2, 1171:8, 1171:11, 1172:10, 1172:13, 1172:15, 1172:16, 1173:5, 1173:10, 1173:18, 1173:21, 1173:22, 1175:9, 1175:16, 1175:22, 1177:4, 1177:15, 1178:5, 1180:22, 1181:4, 1182:4, 1183:5, 1183:6, 1183:16, 1183:24, 1190:4, 1199:15, 1200:18, 1201:6, 1201:11, 1202:9, 1203:16, 1204:8, 1220:10 Phase [1] - 1096:12 phases [4] - 1093:24, 1096:5, 1096:7, 1184:1 **PhD** [1] - 1163:17 phenomenon [1] -1138:14 phrase [4] - 1240:21, 1242:16, 1242:25, 1247:4 phrases [1] - 1049:7 physician [3] -1025:21, 1212:11, 1219:15 physicians [4] -1042:4, 1210:12, 1217:23, 1221:3 pick [7] - 1054:20, 1118:10, 1181:20, 1220:18, 1251:6,

1000 17 1070 15
1268:17, 1270:15
PICKARD [1] - 1005:4
picomolar [2] -
1035:16, 1035:20
picture [7] - 1082:6,
1082:9, 1082:13,
1083:25, 1084:4,
1084:5, 1134:7
pictures [1] - 1265:10
piece [4] - 1012:23,
1034:2, 1078:9,
1083:24
pieces [1] - 1263:6
pill [1] - 1177:19
pin [2] - 1067:22,
1068:17
pioneering [1] -
1208:11
place [11] - 1030:23,
1055:2, 1064:10,
1069:1, 1144:24,
1069:1, 1144:24,
1203:9, 1235:21,
1240:23, 1242:5,
1242:7, 1260:24
placebo [2] - 1171:1,
1175:18
places [3] - 1232:18,
1238:4, 1242:13
plain [5] - 1227:15,
1249:20, 1251:17,
1255:4, 1255:7
Plaintiff [2] - 1:5,
1126:12
plaintiff [9] - 1015:7,
1016:2, 1124:10,
1125:3, 1185:19,
1125.5, 1165.19,
1205:21, 1224:1,
1255:24, 1265:17
Plaintiff's [1] -
1169:10
plaintiff's [3] -
1079:18, 1080:10,
1171:22
plaintiffs [3] - 1016:1,
1205:15, 1255:5
plan [4] - 1028:14,
1079:14, 1129:8,
1130:18
plane [1] - 1177:23
planned [1] - 1130:18
plasma [5] - 1044:14,
1044:16, 1045:9,
1044.10, 1040.8,
1046:13, 1104:12
plateau [1] - 1142:7
play [1] - 1230:23
pleading [1] - 1017:22
pleadings [2] -
1016:3, 1017:24
pleasure [1] - 1190:21
plenty [2] - 1059:20,

1252:24 pleural [1] - 1057:18 plus [3] - 1092:23, 1134:15, 1230:14 point [56] - 1010:1, 1016:12, 1017:1, 1017:18, 1021:20, 1049:21, 1054:24, 1059:21, 1059:24, 1060:8, 1063:10, 1072:20, 1097:21, 1098:8, 1125:22, 1130:15, 1144:20, 1152:7, 1158:7, 1158:17, 1172:17, 1173:10, 1174:14, 1174:20, 1180:6, 1191:19, 1192:13, 1195:14, 1200:15, 1200:22, 1201:15, 1200:22, 1201:15, 1201:10, 1215:15, 1217:18, 1221:1, 1230:17, 1235:2, 1240:21, 1241:13, 1241:23, 1243:11, 1243:12, 1243:13, 1248:22, 1251:19, 1253:14, 1254:13, 1254:22, 1258:25, 1260:18, 1261:7, 1264:7, 1269:17,
1270:3, 1270:25 pointed [3] - 1214:16, 1230:1, 1232:18
points [2] - 1090:22, 1188:13
policy [3] - 1163:20, 1245:16, 1248:25 polymeropoulos [2] - 1114:5, 1181:22
polypropylene [1] - 1006:24
portal [1] - 1030:21 portion [12] - 1130:3, 1177:14, 1178:5, 1180:22, 1183:4, 1183:16, 1201:5, 1204:8, 1237:17, 1244:20, 1268:9
portions [1] - 1270:3 POSA [4] - 1010:17, 1057:7, 1145:18,
1057.7, 1145.16, 1254:17 POSAs [1] - 1057:3 POSITA [3] - 1238:15, 1238:17
position [5] - 1143:8, 1143:23, 1144:21, 1243:4, 1243:25 positions [1] - 1027:6

positive [1] - 1141:18	Preclinical [1] -
	1072:3
possessive [1] -	
1057:18	preclinical [1] -
possibility [3] -	1093:23
1048:18, 1101:20,	preclude [2] -
1102:4	1118:15, 1120:25
possible [23] - 1023:3,	precludes [1] - 1252:1
=	
1042:5, 1043:6,	predict [8] - 1051:23,
1043:15, 1050:18,	1098:15, 1098:16,
1068:9, 1068:24,	1098:20, 1119:12,
1072:18, 1076:15,	1152:20, 1153:4,
1077:17, 1077:19,	1153:9
1079:7, 1080:22,	predicted [1] -
1133:25, 1134:18,	1150:11
1135:21, 1150:4,	prediction [2] -
	•
1177:13, 1193:23,	1099:23, 1150:3
1195:6, 1195:25,	Prediction [1] -
1213:20, 1244:18	1149:25
possibly [3] - 1055:9,	prefer [1] - 1216:23
1061:13, 1104:12	preferred [2] -
postdoctoral [1] -	1245:13, 1253:4
1163:19	prejudice [1] -
posture [1] - 1225:17	1271:16
•	
pot [3] - 1231:19,	prejudiced [2] -
1231:22, 1233:8	1018:12, 1125:17
potential [3] -	prejudicial [1] -
1028:25, 1135:1,	1016:22
1159:9	premise [1] - 1012:3
potentially [1] -	premises [1] -
1124:6	1011:19
powerful [1] - 1170:18	
	prepare [9] - 1007:8,
practical [2] - 1079:2,	1007:21, 1025:14,
1254:7	1030:6, 1031:7,
practice [15] - 1032:5,	1040:6, 1132:18,
1037:8, 1042:1,	1136:2, 1231:24
1059:19, 1086:25,	prepared [4] - 1008:8,
1094:1, 1145:17,	1129:3, 1130:24,
1153:16, 1194:22,	1166:6
1196:23, 1197:14,	preparing [1] -
1197:15, 1217:20,	
1218:3, 1221:7	1166:25
	prescribe [2] - 1143:1,
practiced [1] -	1212:14
1197:12	prescribed [3] -
practicing [4] -	1142:23, 1214:20,
1027:2, 1194:23,	1220:1
1195:4, 1196:1	prescription [2] -
PRC [4] - 1170:22,	1139:10, 1215:3
1181:17, 1181:18,	presence [1] - 1252:2
1181:25	
PRCs [1] - 1170:19	present [4] - 1032:2,
	1085:18, 1181:9,
preamble [1] -	1207:7
1195:21	presentation [3] -
precedent [1] -	1147:18, 1148:8,
1252:17	1225:8
precedes [1] - 1118:1	presenting [1] -
precise [1] - 1261:9	1162:25
precisely [5] -	presents [1] - 1178:22
1085:25, 1158:5,	•
1231:5, 1260:5,	preserve [2] -
1263:2	1247:20, 1248:6 preserving [1] -

```
1225:19
president [1] -
 1027:18
presumably [1] -
 1222:6
presume [1] - 1122:6
presumed [1] -
 1012:17
pretend [1] - 1254:12
pretrial [4] - 1015:24,
 1016:3, 1016:19,
 1216:3
pretty [6] - 1021:21,
 1022:17, 1075:21,
 1234:14, 1239:19,
 1239:20
prevalent [1] - 1054:3
previous [4] -
 1126:24, 1138:11,
 1144:18, 1170:12
previously [7] -
 1018:25, 1039:13,
 1172:13, 1186:7,
 1192:23, 1215:21,
 1257:14
primarily [10] -
 1036:8, 1061:4,
 1066:7, 1066:19,
 1067:24, 1073:25,
 1074:20, 1074:23,
 1114:21, 1115:22
primary [22] - 1016:16,
 1049:11, 1051:3,
 1052:23, 1052:25,
 1053:19, 1054:11,
 1055:12, 1055:19,
 1055:22, 1055:25,
 1056:14, 1056:24,
 1062:18, 1063:18,
 1063:21, 1072:18,
 1074:11, 1075:2,
 1075:4, 1130:10,
 1164:13
principal [3] - 1039:3,
 1040:23, 1049:19
principally [1] -
 1256:10
principle [1] - 1244:24
principles [2] -
 1256:4, 1256:8
prioritize [1] - 1268:17
priority [20] - 1017:12,
 1042:11, 1050:17,
 1053:7, 1059:3,
 1059:9, 1073:7,
 1092:3, 1092:8,
 1092:17, 1093:17,
 1097:1, 1097:21,
 1098:2, 1098:10,
 1100:5, 1101:7,
```

1106:16, 1199:3, 1256:14 probable [1] - 1104:10 problem [18] - 1024:5, 1052:6, 1053:10, 1088:24, 1118:25. 1124:23, 1141:24, 1202:18, 1231:14, 1240:3, 1240:4, 1249:17, 1249:23, 1251:7, 1263:22, 1266:22, 1266:24 procedural [1] -1225:17 procedure [3] -1020:24, 1021:5, 1022:18 proceed [9] - 1019:16, 1023:20, 1050:6, 1080:6, 1118:9, 1118:23, 1119:19, 1142:17, 1259:22 proceeding [3] -1130:18, 1272:2, 1272:6 proceedings [1] -1102:13 process [52] -1006:18, 1007:15, 1008:7, 1009:4, 1009:6, 1009:9, 1009:17, 1009:18, 1009:21, 1010:2, 1010:3, 1010:24, 1011:5, 1011:8, 1016:9, 1020:10, 1020:19, 1021:9, 1021:14, 1033:1, 1033:21, 1105:21, 1128:19, 1218:14, 1220:23, 1228:22, 1229:2, 1229:5, 1230:22, 1231:21, 1231:23, 1232:1, 1232:3, 1233:2, 1233:5, 1234:2, 1235:17, 1259:22, 1259:25, 1260:11, 1260:17, 1260:18, 1260:20, 1261:15, 1261:25, 1262:6, 1262:11, 1262:12, 1262:18, 1262:19, 1263:10, 1263:22 processes [3] -1201:25, 1245:14, 1260:4 processing [3] -1164:23, 1167:7, 1168:15

prodrugs [1] -1079:13 produce [7] - 1016:10, 1016:13. 1016:14. 1021:11, 1035:11, 1066:4, 1078:21 produced [1] - 1023:3 produces [1] -1251:10 producing [1] -1041:15 product [25] -1008:23, 1011:12, 1012:25, 1013:12, 1013:18, 1015:20, 1036:21, 1042:7, 1117:8, 1211:7, 1228:22, 1229:5, 1230:22, 1231:21, 1231:23, 1232:1, 1232:3, 1233:2, 1233:5, 1233:10, 1234:2, 1251:2, 1251:12, 1251:15, 1263:19 product-by-process [10] - 1228:22.

1229:5, 1230:22, 1231:21, 1231:23, 1232:1, 1232:3, 1233:2, 1233:5, 1234:2 products [2] -1011:22, 1013:9 professionally [1] -1105:14 Professor [1] -1163:10

professor [5] -1025:22, 1126:20, 1127:23, 1128:2, 1128:3

proffered [2] - 1264:8, 1264:21 profile [1] - 1021:12

Profile [1] - 1062:4 profiles [1] - 1115:20 programmed [1] -1065:16

programming [1] -1065:8 progresses [1] -

1203:2 prominent [1] -1136:23 prominently [1] -1161:15

promise [2] - 1058:8, 1215:19 promoting [1] -

1187:22 promptly [1] - 1018:21 pronounce [1] -1062:1 pronunciation [1] -1058:23 propensity [1] -1202:20 proper [5] - 1119:19, 1177:6, 1240:20, 1244:5, 1244:6 properties [1] -1078:22 propionic [1] - 1021:6 propionylating [1] -1007:4 proportion [1] -1218:1 proposed [4] -

1249:18, 1252:5, 1269:14, 1271:3 proposition [1] -1252:22 prosecution [1] -1015:9 protocol [3] - 1182:14, 1182:21, 1182:23 prototype [1] - 1043:8 provide [10] - 1086:5, 1089:9, 1090:10, 1090:17, 1091:24, 1134:8, 1138:16, 1139:4. 1212:22. 1269:18 provided [3] -

1056:23, 1069:9, 1216:15 provides [2] -1017:23, 1247:18 providing [2] -1036:13, 1141:12 psychiatric [2] -1154:21, 1187:19 psychiatry [1] -1029:23 Psychopharmacolog

v [1] - 1027:15 PTX-10.3 [1] - 1129:6 PTX-10.9 [1] - 1129:23 PTX-263 [4] - 1207:24, 1209:6, 1209:14, 1209:17 PTX-393 [7] - 1136:25, 1137:8, 1137:12, 1139:20, 1139:21,

1139:24, 1154:11 PTX-394 [5] - 1136:3, 1136:10, 1136:14,

1139:21, 1139:25 PTX-513 [3] - 1185:16,

1185:20, 1185:23 PTX-613 [1] - 1114:2 PTX-683 [3] - 1099:4, 1099:13, 1099:16 PTX-824 [2] - 1169:5, 1169:13

pTX-827 [1] - 1127:20 PTX-829 [1] - 1014:7 pTX-829 [1] - 1014:11

public [7] - 1092:6, 1156:5, 1156:10

1055:1, 1073:12 publication [8] -

1106:9, 1136:6, 1152:9, 1153:14 publications [2] -

publish [1] - 1113:23 published [9] -

1020:1, 1071:25, 1073:18, 1107:9, 1129:6, 1129:22, 1140:4, 1140:17, 1141:2, 1150:15, 1191:20, 1199:7,

pure [7] - 1011:6,

1022:1, 1024:8, 1230:13, 1263:19 purely [1] - 1059:17 purification [1] -

1022:2, 1022:4,

purple [1] - 1044:18

PTX-827 [2] - 1127:12, 1127:17

PTX-830 [1] - 1014:11 1097:22. 1118:25. 1119:18, 1119:20,

publically [2] -

1036:15, 1036:16, 1039:20, 1106:8,

1027:21, 1027:23

1027:20, 1061:19, 1098:23, 1106:12, 1164:18, 1169:20, 1171:14, 1204:21, 1204:23

pull [19] - 1006:15, 1132:20, 1137:20, 1156:12, 1159:16, 1204:25, 1249:11

pulling [1] - 1199:9 pulse [1] - 1189:21 1011:12, 1015:15,

1022:18 purified [1] - 1013:2 purify [1] - 1012:24 purity [9] - 1017:10, 1021:15, 1021:22,

1022:5, 1022:8, 1022:22, 1024:19

purpose [1] - 1102:12

purposes [5] - 1079:2, 1086:25, 1219:9, 1226:10, 1270:24 pursuant [1] - 1162:24 put [41] - 1015:7, 1016:8, 1016:18, 1019:2, 1033:12, 1053:22, 1057:24, 1061:16, 1065:3, 1067:22, 1068:17, 1080:14, 1085:13, 1088:20, 1099:8, 1104:21, 1109:18, 1115:6, 1125:20, 1147:15, 1149:9, 1170:24, 1179:2, 1225:4, 1231:21, 1231:22, 1237:17, 1238:6, 1241:5, 1243:1, 1243:23, 1244:1, 1245:8, 1249:18, 1251:12, 1254:20, 1262:24,

1263:8, 1264:16, 1265:15, 1270:8 puts [1] - 1264:16 putting [4] - 1231:11, 1231:18, 1233:3,

puzzle [1] - 1132:12 puzzled [1] - 1194:13

Q

qualification [1] -1102:18 quantitative [5] -1032:6. 1052:1. 1085:25. 1098:16. 1098:20 quantitatively [2] -1152:20, 1153:4 questions [22] -1014:3, 1019:11, 1023:7, 1033:4, 1068:11, 1068:14, 1116:2, 1116:9, 1117:14, 1117:17, 1128:5, 1142:14, 1158:7, 1158:8, 1161:24, 1190:15, 1214:10, 1214:25, 1216:22, 1221:13, 1249:6, 1257:25 quickly [5] - 1080:24, 1114:11, 1154:11, 1263:13, 1272:1 quite [6] - 1021:21, 1076:8, 1164:24,

1190:23, 1242:19,

1246:8
quote [8] - 1032:8,
1045:3, 1046:25,
1049:16, 1050:1,
1071:4, 1074:10,
1093:25
_

R

raise [4] - 1014:15, 1016:4, 1018:20, 1132:5 raised [6] - 1016:7, 1016:15, 1016:25, 1017:1, 1017:15, 1117:20 raises [2] - 1118:17, 1140:25 Rajaratnam [5] -1174:8, 1174:15, 1174:22, 1175:9, 1176:5 ramelteon [84] -1029:18, 1035:11, 1036:21, 1037:5, 1037:6, 1037:11, 1037:16, 1037:17, 1038:8, 1038:22, 1039:2, 1039:6, 1039:22, 1040:8, 1040:17, 1040:24, 1043:19, 1044:13, 1044:17, 1044:19, 1044:23, 1044:24, 1045:9, 1045:25, 1046:1, 1046:5, 1046:11, 1046:12, 1046:16, 1046:18, 1046:23, 1047:24, 1048:22, 1051:7, 1051:10, 1058:8, 1070:20, 1070:23, 1103:24, 1104:1, 1104:6, 1104:17, 1104:19, 1105:5, 1105:15, 1105:19, 1105:21, 1106:1, 1106:2, 1106:4, 1107:23, 1108:1, 1108:8, 1108:13, 1109:8, 1109:11, 1109:15, 1109:20, 1109:25, 1110:18, 1111:2, 1111:12, 1111:22, 1116:22, 1116:24, 1117:2, 1117:8, 1117:11, 1131:4, 1150:22, 1150:24, 1156:8, 1156:17, 1156:21, 1157:6, 1157:11,

```
1157:15, 1157:22,
 1211:13, 1211:20,
 1211:25
ramelteon's [1] -
 1104:18
range [4] - 1031:20,
 1037:17, 1037:18,
 1111:7
rapidly [1] - 1178:1
rat [4] - 1077:9,
 1077:11, 1077:14,
 1202:22
ratchet [1] - 1125:12
rate [1] - 1037:16
rather [7] - 1015:25,
 1071:11, 1084:11,
 1084:14, 1200:17,
 1201:18, 1202:11
raw [1] - 1106:10
RE604 [3] - 1189:24,
 1190:12, 1195:18
reach [5] - 1142:7,
 1183:21, 1244:23,
 1248:8, 1257:11
reached [1] - 1217:21
reaches [2] - 1111:15,
 1150:12
react [19] - 1007:11,
 1176:4, 1229:21,
 1230:12, 1230:19,
 1236:17, 1236:18,
 1241:6, 1243:2,
 1249:24, 1250:12,
 1250:13, 1252:6,
 1252:8, 1252:9,
 1255:8
reacted [3] - 1230:14,
 1250:21, 1270:19
reacting [45] - 1227:6,
 1229:20, 1230:3,
 1230:4, 1230:18,
 1231:1, 1231:7,
 1231:9, 1231:12,
 1231:18, 1232:10,
 1232:11, 1232:18,
 1232:19, 1233:12,
 1233:13, 1233:16,
 1233:23, 1239:9,
 1239:21, 1240:9,
 1240:22, 1240:24,
 1241:8, 1241:16,
 1242:2, 1242:10,
 1242:16, 1242:17,
 1242:24, 1243:1,
 1243:7, 1243:16,
 1243:17, 1250:1,
 1251:1, 1251:2,
 1251:9, 1252:7,
```

1252:13, 1252:14,

1252:19, 1255:20,

```
1255:22, 1256:23
reaction [23] -
 1007:22, 1008:18,
 1014:23, 1035:19,
 1078:16, 1230:9,
 1230:12, 1233:19,
 1235:4. 1235:7.
 1237:16. 1240:25.
 1242:8, 1242:9,
 1251:2, 1251:10,
 1252:1, 1252:4,
 1253:2, 1253:19,
 1255:13, 1255:25,
 1265:4
reactions [6] - 1015:1,
 1026:24, 1047:21,
 1232:8, 1233:8,
 1235:16
read [29] - 1054:14,
 1070:12, 1072:16,
 1082:25, 1086:9,
 1144:18, 1161:1,
 1186:20, 1193:16,
 1236:21, 1236:22,
 1239:22, 1240:12,
 1243:6, 1243:8,
 1245:7, 1246:6,
 1246:22, 1247:14,
 1247:21, 1248:8,
 1248:16, 1253:15,
 1254:5, 1254:8,
 1255:5, 1256:4,
 1266:4
reader [2] - 1067:23,
 1229:6
reading [17] - 1007:24,
 1064:8, 1066:16,
 1074:11, 1092:17,
 1102:7, 1103:6,
 1103:21. 1130:8.
 1182:23, 1230:7,
 1233:6, 1245:12,
 1248:20, 1252:18,
 1255:3, 1270:18
reads [1] - 1256:9
ready [4] - 1083:2,
 1083:3, 1228:18,
 1235:5
reagents [2] - 1253:6,
 1254:20
real [3] - 1139:5,
 1177:6, 1231:14
real-world [1] - 1139:5
realize [1] - 1248:19
really [29] - 1022:1,
 1022:3, 1022:9,
 1022:23. 1034:7.
 1075:17. 1113:8.
 1124:17, 1153:1,
 1171:2, 1174:21,
```

```
1177:13, 1182:12,
 1214:15, 1217:18,
 1224:4, 1226:22,
 1240:5, 1243:5,
 1244:18, 1245:15,
 1245:23, 1251:17,
 1253:12, 1255:3,
 1256:7, 1266:16,
 1266:17
reason [16] - 1018:16,
 1049:20, 1060:9,
 1061:12, 1141:5,
 1154:20, 1175:19,
 1175:23, 1184:4,
 1203:15, 1211:1,
 1216:17, 1225:16,
 1230:10, 1240:25,
 1259:14
reasonable [11] -
 1061:6, 1113:12,
 1143:5, 1143:10,
 1143:25, 1144:13,
 1144:23, 1145:4,
 1198:10, 1198:15,
 1198:23
reasons [5] - 1016:9,
 1016:11, 1141:8,
 1177:17, 1223:22
rebuttal [6] - 1120:10,
 1120:12, 1123:13,
 1123:15, 1124:6,
 1156:12
recalculate [3] -
 1121:16, 1122:10,
 1124:1
recalling [1] - 1239:25
receive [1] - 1165:17
received [3] - 1027:25,
 1028:1, 1163:17
recent [1] - 1028:1
recently [2] - 1029:25,
 1259:23
receptive [1] -
 1125:24
receptor [2] - 1048:6,
 1110:11
Receptor [2] - 1072:5,
 1159:24
receptors [13] -
 1035:12, 1035:13,
 1037:13, 1040:17,
 1107:13, 1107:16,
 1107:21, 1108:2,
 1110:3, 1110:4,
 1110:16, 1157:23,
 1210:3
recess [1] - 1207:13
Recess [1] - 1126:9
reciprocal [1] -
 1135:14
```

```
1229:2
recognize [6] -
 1034:16, 1036:18,
 1037:21, 1071:18,
 1204:25, 1257:17
recognized [1] -
 1043:16
recollect [1] - 1213:18
recollection [7] -
 1086:22, 1087:1,
 1088:3, 1089:21,
 1143:22, 1239:22,
 1257:18
recombinant [12] -
 1081:8, 1081:12,
 1082:2, 1083:6,
 1083:20, 1085:14,
 1100:12, 1100:14,
 1100:18, 1128:9,
 1131:2, 1141:11
recommendation [3] -
 1050:8, 1050:10,
 1101:2
Recommendations
 [1] - 1094:7
recommendations [4]
 - 1050:5, 1090:18,
 1143:13, 1153:16
recommended [5] -
 1148:8, 1173:17,
 1183:21, 1211:11,
 1217:23
reconvene[1] -
 1257:16
record [23] - 1014:4,
 1014:22, 1025:12,
 1042:16, 1043:21,
 1043:25, 1080:10,
 1123:17, 1154:19,
 1155:3, 1157:7,
 1211:18, 1226:11,
 1234:8, 1259:21,
 1261:12, 1263:9,
 1267:3, 1268:14,
 1268:21, 1269:4,
 1269:5, 1271:12
recording [1] - 1179:5
recumbent [2] -
 1104:25, 1136:21
recumbently [1] -
 1066:4
REDIRECT [2] -
 1116:6, 1214:13
redirect [13] - 1014:2,
 1018:4, 1018:7,
 1018:12, 1068:12,
 1116:4, 1161:23,
 1162:4, 1206:1,
 1206:8, 1206:9,
```

recite [2] - 1174:25,

1214:12, 1221:16	1047:15, 1052:19,	relative [17] - 1081:15,	report [4] - 1130:3,	1027:23, 1027:25,
	1052:23, 1056:20,		1156:12, 1167:12,	1047:19, 1128:23,
reduce [4] - 1046:17,		1081:18, 1081:21,		
1135:12, 1178:10,	1056:22, 1057:3,	1081:24, 1082:3,	1178:2	1152:25, 1153:8,
1234:21	1057:7, 1057:19,	1084:14, 1131:10,	reported [1] - 1021:24	1163:23, 1163:24
reduced [2] - 1047:4,	1184:7	1131:20, 1131:24,	Reporter [1] - 1035:21	reserve [2] - 1225:25,
1140:11	referred [3] - 1080:9,	1132:2, 1132:9,	reporter [6] - 1058:18,	1226:12
reducing [25] -	1128:5, 1198:18	1132:13, 1132:15,	1065:4, 1089:2,	reserved [1] - 1268:13
1007:12, 1020:13,	referring [5] - 1066:6,	1134:3, 1134:6,	1113:1, 1137:18,	reset [6] - 1089:7,
1021:3, 1021:8,	1087:17, 1091:4,	1134:9, 1155:4	1271:8	1164:15, 1165:16,
1185:9, 1226:23,	1092:25, 1130:5	release [1] - 1185:7	REPORTER [1] -	1177:19, 1182:14,
1234:10, 1234:24,	refers [4] - 1036:9,	released [1] - 1203:4	1089:4	1183:8
1235:14, 1236:5,	1070:21, 1166:4,	relevant [7] - 1033:16,	REPORTER'S [1] -	resetting [4] -
1236:19, 1237:8,	1240:20	1056:11, 1084:15,	1006:3	1163:25, 1164:13,
1237:12, 1243:8,	reflected [1] - 1046:1	1142:9, 1164:9,	reporters [1] -	1175:9, 1175:20
1249:25, 1250:7,	reflects [2] - 1014:22,	1239:6, 1239:8	1269:25	residential [1] -
1250:9, 1250:13,	1143:16	reliable [2] - 1141:12,	reports [2] - 1110:21,	1187:3
1251:1, 1254:16,	refresh [3] - 1086:22,	1264:6		resort [4] - 1238:8,
1251:1, 1254:10,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	relied [5] - 1011:17,	1149:2	
	1088:2, 1143:22		represent [3] -	1238:11, 1243:5,
1255:25, 1270:19	refreshing [2] -	1044:4, 1049:12,	1024:13, 1043:25,	1245:10
refer [4] - 1155:8,	1087:1, 1089:20	1072:21, 1169:22	1261:12	respect [22] - 1020:18,
1191:10, 1232:10,	regard [1] - 1103:12	rely [9] - 1036:22,	representative[1] -	1060:12, 1062:20,
1234:11	Regard [1] - 1070:9	1042:19, 1047:6,	1042:14	1069:25, 1070:3,
Reference [1] -	regarded [4] -	1072:24, 1073:2,	represents [1] -	1071:3, 1097:3,
1039:19	1069:20, 1069:25,	1136:8, 1137:5,	1133:8	1100:3, 1100:14,
reference [65] -	1070:3, 1103:10	1220:23, 1239:10	reproduction [1] -	1101:22, 1102:10,
1006:12, 1006:18,	regarding [4] -	relying [1] - 1239:13	1199:20	1112:6, 1129:20,
1009:15, 1015:22,	1125:1, 1172:24,	remain [2] - 1006:6,	request [2] - 1085:11,	1165:16, 1174:13,
1015:24, 1032:9,	1234:18, 1271:17	1165:5	1223:24	1188:4, 1189:8,
1032:12, 1032:14,	regardless [1] -	remaining [2] -	require [14] - 1020:15,	1217:11, 1227:13,
1039:14, 1039:20,	1204:17	1007:22, 1030:24		1266:5, 1269:15,
1040:3, 1042:17,		remember [8] -	1033:20, 1050:14,	1271:7
1042:18, 1045:6,	regards [1] - 1130:8	• •	1087:18, 1195:10,	respond [3] - 1265:8,
1049:11, 1049:15,	regimen [1] - 1091:18	1061:13, 1085:1,	1195:15, 1197:16,	1266:3
	regimented [1] -	1144:2, 1193:11,	1197:17, 1198:4,	
1049:17, 1049:23,	1179:22	1203:24, 1254:21,	1198:6, 1243:6,	response [28] -
1051:4, 1051:6,	registration [3] -	1261:8, 1265:11	1255:6, 1264:2,	1120:11, 1168:18,
1051:12, 1052:25,	1186:16, 1198:19,	remind [4] - 1071:2,	1269:21	1168:23, 1170:9,
1053:19, 1053:20,	1198:22	1102:25, 1158:7,	required [11] -	1170:12, 1170:13,
1054:4, 1054:12,	regular [1] - 1179:7	1215:23	1033:21, 1056:19,	1171:2, 1171:8,
1054:17, 1055:6,	regulated [1] -	reminded [1] - 1162:1	1057:4, 1087:24,	1171:11, 1172:10,
1055:7, 1055:12,	1259:16	remote [1] - 1102:4	1093:23, 1159:9,	1172:13, 1172:16,
1055:19, 1055:22,	regulations [1] -	remove [1] - 1022:19	1179:6, 1179:13,	1173:5, 1173:10,
1055:25, 1056:14,	1013:15	renal [1] - 1133:4	1179:15, 1198:15,	1173:18, 1173:21,
1056:23, 1056:25,	regulatory [3] -	render [1] - 1184:12	1198:16	1173:22, 1175:17,
1057:12, 1057:20,	1010:7, 1011:21,	renew [1] - 1221:22	requirement [5] -	1177:5, 1177:15,
1057:23, 1058:19,	1013:8	renewable [1] -	1012:2, 1012:22,	1178:5, 1180:22,
1058:23, 1062:17,	reinvent [1] - 1260:6	1213:19	1055:21, 1144:12,	1183:5, 1183:17,
1062:18, 1062:21,		renewed [3] -	1223:2	1199:15, 1266:8
1062:25, 1063:1,	reissued [8] -		requirements [8] -	responses [3] -
1063:4, 1066:17,	1180:10, 1184:12,	1213:16, 1213:21,	1009:1, 1143:9,	1014:8, 1022:25,
1069:18, 1070:16,	1191:4, 1223:23,	1225:13	· · · · · ·	1172:20
1070:19, 1071:3,	1224:14, 1227:3,	reoccurs [1] - 1247:13	1143:13, 1143:15,	responsible [4] -
1071:13, 1071:19,	1227:4, 1227:11	repeat [3] - 1017:17,	1143:24, 1144:13,	1049:20, 1097:14,
1108:12, 1108:15,	related [4] - 1037:6,	1146:17, 1197:3	1259:17, 1263:20	1097:23, 1134:1
1129:18, 1151:1,	1143:18, 1181:17,	repeatedly [1] -	requires [7] - 1033:2,	
1151:11, 1160:17,	1213:14	1183:15	1080:17, 1193:19,	rest [6] - 1066:22,
1160:21, 1182:19,	relates [2] - 1026:25,	repetition [1] -	1196:6, 1255:8,	1067:1, 1069:23,
1189:24, 1190:12	1029:7	1141:12	1255:13, 1270:18	1101:17, 1215:16,
	relation [1] - 1106:5	reply [7] - 1120:22,	requiring [2] -	1221:17
references [13] -	relationship [3] -	1266:9, 1266:20,	1193:16, 1248:16	restricted [1] -
1039:17, 1043:8,	1069:13, 1107:2,	1267:6, 1269:7,	reread [1] - 1193:6	1164:20
1047:7, 1047:13,	1212:20	1269:10, 1269:17	research [8] -	result [9] - 1034:8,

1042:6, 1078:15, 1118:16, 1131:6, 1134:19, 1141:19, 1150:5, 1252:11 results [7] - 1047:3, 1098:15, 1098:16, 1098:20. 1118:14. 1127:9, 1159:7 resuming [2] -1120:12, 1120:15 retainer [1] - 1213:7 reverse[1] - 1117:23 review [14] - 1034:19, 1038:8, 1038:21, 1042:12, 1054:25, 1063:14, 1064:9, 1113:25, 1146:9, 1146:25, 1219:4, 1269:24, 1270:2 reviewed [3] -1062:10, 1062:14, 1219:2 reviewer's [1] -1063:11 reviewing [1] - 1044:2 **rhythm** [10] - 1062:6, 1163:1, 1164:2, 1165:17, 1167:20, 1178:1, 1184:22, 1192:1, 1201:19, 1202:20 rhythms [2] - 1163:1, 1201:1 Rifampicin [1] -1043:14 rifampicin [7] -1129:15, 1140:12, 1148:20, 1148:23, 1151:22, 1151:25, 1154:8 rifampin [19] - 1029:3, 1046:6, 1046:12, 1046:20, 1047:5, 1048:3, 1048:17, 1050:24, 1050:25, 1051:1, 1051:19, 1051:24, 1104:10, 1105:11, 1116:15, 1117:2, 1117:11, 1129:14, 1161:19 rifampicin [2] -1060:15, 1060:19 **RIFKIND** [1] - 1005:8 right-hand [4] -1049:5, 1151:10, 1161:9, 1200:3 rigorous [2] - 1218:4, 1262:12 ring [3] - 1157:19,

1157:21, 1204:22

rise [1] - 1224:11 risen [1] - 1177:12 rising [3] - 1044:20, 1176:16, 1177:10 risk [3] - 1077:17, 1101:11, 1236:20 Robert [1] - 1208:12 role [6] - 1040:24, 1073:9, 1106:1, 1112:7, 1116:19, 1128:1 Rolfe [2] - 2:1, 1272:7 room [1] - 1267:9 rose [3] - 1176:9, 1177:2, 1194:8 rotation [2] - 1021:22, 1264:7 rough [2] - 1269:25, 1270:4 round [2] - 1120:13, 1216:1 rounds [1] - 1266:2 routine [1] - 1033:22 routinely [2] -1152:24, 1153:7 row [1] - 1135:6 rows [1] - 1135:4 Rozendaal [14] -1006:5, 1015:5, 1019:22, 1020:7, 1124:5, 1190:19, 1203:12, 1205:8, 1207:6, 1214:16, 1225:21, 1228:22, 1249:8, 1258:20 rozendaal [2] -1122:19, 1126:1 ROZENDAAL [76] -1005:3, 1006:8, 1013:25, 1014:9, 1014:14, 1014:20, 1015:6, 1015:13, 1016:23, 1018:20, 1020:2, 1024:20, 1024:25, 1122:21, 1123:15, 1123:19, 1124:7, 1126:2, 1126:5, 1163:3, 1165:9, 1169:11, 1170:1, 1171:24, 1185:21, 1190:18, 1191:20, 1191:24, 1205:10, 1205:14, 1205:18, 1206:1, 1206:4, 1206:17, 1207:9, 1207:14, 1207:24, 1208:1, 1209:4, 1209:7, 1209:13, 1209:18, 1210:11, 1211:19,

1214:10, 1221:18, 1221:21, 1225:22, 1227:14, 1228:8, 1249:10, 1249:16, 1250:4, 1250:8, 1250:12, 1250:15, 1250:20, 1250:24, 1253:14, 1253:17, 1253:21, 1253:23, 1254:3, 1254:6, 1254:10, 1254:19, 1257:20, 1258:21, 1258:25, 1260:14, 1265:13, 1267:7, 1268:8, 1270:23, 1271:5, 1271:15 Rozendaal's [1] -1014:23 Rozerem [3] -1029:19, 1036:21, 1047.4 **RPR** [2] - 2:1, 1272:7 Rudiger [2] - 1061:23, 1061:24 Rugby [2] - 1221:6, 1221:10 Rule [3] - 1017:22, 1087:19, 1226:6 rule [2] - 1113:5, 1124:21 rules [2] - 1087:24, 1088:6 ruling [2] - 1226:1, 1256:25 run [10] - 1024:12, 1100:14, 1127:3, 1128:13, 1131:1, 1141:23, 1148:16, 1200:1, 1235:19, 1271:3 running [2] - 1082:19, 1171:5 S

Sack [2] - 1173:9, 1208:12 safe [5] - 1139:11, 1186:14, 1203:9, 1209:23, 1263:19 safeguards [2] -1118:23, 1119:19 safely [3] - 1042:3, 1117:7, 1118:9 safer [1] - 1047:20 safety [1] - 1118:17 sake [1] - 1231:11 sample [2] - 1057:11, 1208:14 samples [3] - 1134:14,

1195:10, 1196:18 sandwiches [1] -1206:20 SAR [2] - 1106:23, 1107:1 satisfied [1] - 1087:19 satisfy [1] - 1260:4 **satisfying** [1] - 1198:3 saw [10] - 1037:12, 1074:6, 1141:19, 1147:17, 1186:24, 1192:15, 1218:11, 1225:16, 1232:24 scale [4] - 1044:15, 1186:13, 1219:22, 1262:14 schedule [4] -1170:24, 1179:7, 1265:19, 1269:7 schematic [5] -1030:10, 1133:9, 1199:15, 1199:20, 1200:14 scheme [10] - 1235:7, 1236:10, 1236:12, 1237:17, 1243:13, 1243:14, 1243:15, 1254:9, 1254:10, 1256:10 School [6] - 1025:22, 1026:14, 1026:20, 1163:11, 1163:17, 1163:21 school [2] - 1164:22, 1187:3 Science [1] - 1165:19 scientific [10] -1027:17, 1036:16, 1042:4, 1043:7, 1043:17, 1113:6, 1119:5, 1213:2, 1213:5, 1234:7 scientists [3] -1076:17, 1113:8, 1180:24 **scope** [2] - 1158:4, 1158:13 **score** [1] - 1077:5 screen [7] - 1027:8, 1027:24, 1088:20, 1149:10, 1170:5, 1191:21, 1199:14 screening [1] -1080:17 scrivener [1] - 1244:1 search [1] - 1233:22 seat [2] - 1126:10, 1269:3

seated [1] - 1258:12

second [18] - 1015:11,

1023:8, 1031:13, 1038:24, 1055:20, 1069:4, 1081:12, 1082:5, 1086:11, 1121:15, 1123:1, 1123:2, 1129:13, 1131:19, 1135:11, 1172:3, 1255:10, 1266:21 second-to-last [2] -1123:1, 1123:2 secondary [2] -1063:18, 1063:20 secondly [1] - 1263:24 seconds [1] - 1122:16 section [14] - 1039:17, 1046:3, 1064:6, 1064:11, 1068:23, 1106:23, 1109:7, 1109:12, 1113:15, 1115:8, 1115:14, 1152:15, 1263:1 sections [1] - 1108:25 see [114] - 1007:6, 1012:12, 1018:17, 1023:1, 1025:25, 1031:23. 1032:10. 1039:15, 1044:20, 1047:13, 1050:2, 1061:20, 1062:7, 1062:8, 1064:4, 1066:19, 1067:6, 1068:13, 1068:19, 1068:20, 1069:11, 1069:15, 1070:12, 1072:6, 1074:2, 1074:12, 1074:14, 1074:15, 1085:13, 1088:16, 1090:4, 1094:8, 1094:11, 1096:2, 1096:15, 1096:16, 1097:16, 1100:13, 1102:21, 1106:24, 1107:14, 1107:24, 1108:4, 1112:22, 1112:23, 1113:13, 1114:22, 1115:1, 1115:10, 1115:14, 1115:25, 1125:24, 1130:5, 1131:22, 1135:13, 1135:14, 1135:25, 1140:10, 1140:13, 1144:16, 1147:23, 1148:4, 1149:18, 1149:24, 1150:1, 1150:8, 1150:13, 1150:21, 1151:11, 1151:16, 1152:15, 1152:17, 1152:22,

	T			
1153:5, 1153:10,	1018:24	showing [12] - 1030:6,	similarly [1] - 1189:8	1066:16, 1069:8,
1153:17, 1153:19,	series [3] - 1208:13,	1044:14, 1046:15,	simple [1] - 1181:20	1070:2, 1072:13,
1153:25, 1154:4,	1233:3	1064:16, 1130:1,	simply [8] - 1022:9,	1072:15, 1100:5,
1158:2, 1158:3,	serve [1] - 1219:18	1131:5, 1132:23,	1022:16, 1101:12,	1103:21, 1104:8,
1158:22, 1158:25,	served [4] - 1026:18,	1132:25, 1137:23,	1101:23, 1189:4,	1104:15, 1116:13,
1159:5, 1159:21,	1027:5, 1027:13,	1173:5, 1217:14	1231:18, 1237:14,	1116:25, 1145:3,
1160:2, 1160:4,	1027:18	shown [17] - 1049:5,	1243:22	1145:22, 1146:4,
1160:7, 1160:15,	Service [1] - 1026:16	1066:18, 1066:19,	simulate [1] - 1175:13	1146:13, 1146:19,
1160:16, 1160:18,	services [3] - 1126:25,	1114:8, 1146:15,	simultaneous [5] -	1147:8, 1148:19,
1160:22, 1161:6,	1212:22, 1213:6	1146:21, 1172:13,	1231:3, 1231:13,	1149:4, 1156:2,
1161:10, 1161:12,	set [12] - 1020:19,	1173:3, 1175:8,	1238:25, 1243:7,	1156:7, 1173:20,
1161:20, 1166:9,	1021:9, 1129:3,	1177:19, 1181:4,	1248:16	1177:16, 1180:25,
1186:25, 1191:11,	1151:19, 1173:22,	1184:24, 1185:1,	simultaneously [5] -	1198:10, 1238:12
1192:5, 1192:6,	1180:10, 1196:13,	1208:10, 1208:16,	1239:9, 1247:16,	skilled [35] - 1054:3,
1199:14, 1203:10,	1255:18, 1256:8,	1208:17, 1223:14	1255:14, 1266:3,	1056:24, 1060:4,
1219:4, 1224:8,	1265:12, 1265:13,	shows [5] - 1031:9,	1270:20	1060:8, 1060:13,
1227:17, 1230:10,	1269:18	1119:6, 1170:9,	Singh [1] - 1009:15	1060:17, 1061:7,
1234:1, 1234:2,	SET [1] - 1182:14	1173:4, 1252:16	single [9] - 1031:17,	1061:8, 1061:11,
1245:2, 1257:7,	sets [1] - 1217:19	side [13] - 1014:17,	1053:4, 1057:11,	1068:24, 1069:7,
1259:5, 1266:7,	seven [5] - 1148:9,	1017:21, 1049:6,	1062:21, 1063:9,	1074:11, 1092:8,
1268:16	1148:14, 1187:2,	1056:7, 1068:23,	1070:17, 1133:14,	1092:12, 1092:18,
seeing [7] - 1046:19,	1208:20, 1234:16	1101:23, 1200:3,	1133:22, 1254:12	1098:2, 1101:9,
1103:21, 1114:10,	several [7] - 1107:21,	1207:3, 1216:10,	single-spaced [1] -	1101:21, 1102:9,
1138:17, 1139:5,	1172:12, 1190:23,	1216:13, 1249:14,	1063:9	1104:4, 1105:4,
1139:6, 1259:6	1240:10, 1257:19,	1268:24, 1269:10	site [2] - 1104:20,	1109:15, 1111:20,
seem [3] - 1112:14,	1259:21, 1261:5	sidebar [8] - 1014:19,	1107:18	1129:17, 1130:7,
1154:24, 1242:20	shape [2] - 1106:7,	1014:21, 1014:24,	sitting [2] - 1164:4,	1132:2, 1134:9,
seize [1] - 1103:23	1170:22	1015:3, 1019:6,	1241:14	1134:18, 1135:7,
semicolon [1] -	share [3] - 1108:10,	1054:6, 1054:9,	situate [1] - 1106:15	1138:13, 1140:20,
1255:19	1135:10, 1156:17	1058:14	situation [5] -	1141:5, 1171:9,
sends [1] - 1203:1	sharp [1] - 1189:21	sides [5] - 1016:16,	1019:10, 1041:4,	1177:7, 1236:15
senior [1] - 1163:20	SHAW [1] - 1005:2	1112:14, 1112:16,	1168:7, 1244:17,	skin [1] - 1138:22
sense [8] - 1054:19,	shielded [1] - 1170:14	1154:25, 1245:2	1245:3	slam [1] - 1268:11
1055:2, 1217:24,	shift [9] - 1140:2,	sighted [7] - 1164:18,	six [17] - 1031:21,	sleep [80] - 1030:1,
1248:25, 1254:6,	1166:21, 1175:15,	1164:25, 1167:2,	1031:23, 1067:6,	1037:8, 1062:6,
1255:21, 1265:20,	1175:16, 1177:4,	1170:13, 1175:11,	1074:6, 1074:10,	1110:3, 1163:1,
1265:23	1177:15, 1178:1,	1199:23, 1202:3	1148:1, 1173:19,	1164:2, 1164:20, 1164:22, 1165:1,
sensing [1] - 1112:19	1178:3, 1200:18	signals [1] - 1041:18	1174:5, 1208:21,	1165:4, 1165:6,
sensitive [1] - 1045:20	shifted [1] - 1179:12	significance [7] -	1230:2, 1232:9,	1165:22, 1166:6,
sent [1] - 1182:18	shifting [5] - 1177:5,	1055:14, 1056:10,	1242:11, 1243:15,	1166:17, 1166:18,
sentence [12] -	1181:5, 1201:24,	1056:13, 1056:18, 1173:25, 1232:20,	1243:19, 1243:21,	1166:19, 1166:20,
1067:1, 1068:18,	1202:8, 1204:15	1264:25	1243:25, 1266:11	1166:22, 1166:24,
1070:21, 1074:4,	shifts [1] - 1203:13	significant [6] -	sixth [2] - 1208:3,	1167:4, 1167:7,
1103:24, 1109:7, 1147:21, 1150:10,	short [5] - 1040:17,	1045:23, 1105:13,	1256:20	1167:10, 1167:13,
1160:25, 1161:10,	1040:19, 1118:6,	1148:2, 1153:22,	size [2] - 1052:1, 1173:15	1167:18, 1167:19,
1208:22, 1230:3	1123:10, 1189:21	1155:25, 1229:4	skill [53] - 1007:24,	1167:20, 1167:21,
separate [4] -	shorten [2] - 1125:24,	significantly [2] -	1008:21, 1010:21,	1167:22, 1167:25,
1217:20, 1251:13,	1201:2	1011:6, 1214:6	1011:20, 1012:4,	1168:1, 1168:4,
1263:8, 1269:1	shorter [1] - 1123:8	silly [1] - 1015:2	1011:20, 1012:4, 1012:17,	1168:5, 1168:6,
separately [1] -	shortly [3] - 1267:25	similar [7] - 1037:12,	1012:12, 1012:17,	1168:9, 1168:12,
1241:18	shortly [3] - 1201:17, 1271:19	1040:21, 1046:10,	1023:13, 1024:18,	1168:15, 1170:24,
sequential [11] -	show [13] - 1087:25,	1103:24, 1108:13,	1028:17, 1029:7,	1173:7, 1175:11,
1230:11, 1231:2,	1101:18, 1117:19,	1109:8, 1135:25	1029:8, 1032:24,	1178:24, 1179:6,
1231:13, 1236:25,	1119:12, 1135:22,	similarities [1] -	1043:10, 1045:16,	1183:4, 1183:20,
1237:1, 1237:18,	1164:14, 1173:1,	1048:5	1048:12, 1049:12,	1183:23, 1184:1,
1238:2, 1238:24,	1195:17, 1198:15,	similarity [5] -	1049:24, 1050:7,	1190:1, 1190:4,
1239:21, 1248:17,	1198:23, 1259:1	1104:18, 1104:19,	1050:14, 1051:4,	1190:6, 1191:5,
1255:11	showed [2] - 1138:2,	1108:9, 1108:16,	1053:6, 1059:15,	1191:9, 1192:2,
sequestered [1] -	1259:25	1157:9	1062:17, 1064:8,	1192:15, 1192:17,
	·			1194:17, 1196:10,

1122:8, 1146:17,

1149:17, 1149:23,

\sim	
- ≺	6
	τ.

1196:13, 1197:10, 1201:17, 1202:20, 1202:24, 1203:5, 1203:7, 1203:17, 1203:20, 1212:7, 1217:16, 1217:23, 1220:7, 1227:10, 1227:16, 1228:1, 1228:8, 1228:9, 1239:24 Sleep [5] - 1163:9, 1163:11, 1163:12, 1192:4, 1217:19 sleep-wake [15] - 1167:21, 1168:6, 1170:24, 1179:6, 1184:1, 1191:5, 1191:9, 1192:15, 1192:17, 1194:17, 1196:13, 1197:10, 1203:16, 1220:7, 1220:10 Sleep-Wake [1] - 1192:4
sleepiness [1] -
1210:24
sleeping [3] - 1165:3, 1187:5, 1228:4
sleepy [1] - 1182:8
slept [1] - 1241:20
slide [34] - 1030:9,
1031:9, 1047:9,
1031.9, 1047.9,
1047:25, 1049:6,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:18, 1132:24, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3, 1166:7, 1199:8,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3, 1166:7, 1199:8, 1202:19, 1225:5,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3, 1166:7, 1199:8,
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3, 1166:7, 1199:8, 1202:19, 1225:5, 1228:14, 1238:6, 1249:13 slightly [1] - 1234:7
1047:25, 1049:6, 1049:15, 1052:20, 1080:15, 1083:11, 1109:18, 1130:1, 1130:18, 1130:24, 1131:19, 1132:25, 1133:14, 1134:25, 1137:24, 1167:11, 1172:6, 1172:9, 1176:14, 1180:9, 1181:11, 1181:12, 1184:20, 1185:17, 1186:2, 1188:3, 1199:8, 1234:16 Slide [3] - 1166:11, 1166:13, 1172:7 slides [8] - 1129:3, 1166:7, 1199:8, 1202:19, 1225:5, 1228:14, 1238:6, 1249:13

```
1203:25, 1204:6
slipped [1] - 1144:19
slips [1] - 1203:14
slower [2] - 1041:13,
 1205:11
small [15] - 1030:15,
 1030:16, 1030:18,
 1035:15, 1045:19,
 1065:25, 1117:11,
 1124:6, 1134:7,
 1146:14, 1146:21,
 1147:11, 1148:17,
 1151:12, 1151:19
small-molecule [2] -
 1146:21, 1147:11
smaller [1] - 1031:14
smart [1] - 1257:22
smoking [1] - 1161:18
snack [1] - 1185:10
so-call [1] - 1174:8
so-called [7] -
 1035:16, 1041:8,
 1119:2, 1168:17,
 1181:6, 1188:16,
 1228:21
so.. [4] - 1124:21,
 1187:25, 1267:10,
 1268:16
societies [1] - 1027:17
society [1] - 1167:6
sodium [3] - 1020:12,
 1020:16, 1021:5
sold [1] - 1223:16
solubilized [1] -
 1030:14
solution [1] - 1249:18
solve [1] - 1053:10
solvents [1] - 1235:1
solves [1] - 1249:23
someone [4] - 1010:9,
 1011:9, 1183:4,
 1193:10
sometimes [10] -
 1041:7, 1079:6,
 1079:8, 1117:18,
 1166:24, 1177:4,
 1198:17, 1241:17,
 1256:16
somewhere [4] -
 1021:24, 1085:23,
 1089:20, 1214:1
soporific [3] - 1182:6,
 1190:2, 1211:3
sorry [29] - 1010:20,
 1038:5, 1045:3,
 1047:8, 1081:20,
 1082:19, 1084:22,
 1091:6, 1091:20,
```

1095:13, 1096:6,

1097:10, 1114:14,

```
1176:23, 1183:12,
 1188:9, 1195:23,
 1197:3, 1200:10,
 1211:16, 1225:12,
 1228:19, 1229:14,
 1235:11, 1261:22
sort [8] - 1055:18,
 1056:9, 1201:17,
 1205:3, 1219:21,
 1243:10, 1252:17,
 1254:13
sorts [1] - 1225:20
sought [1] - 1207:20
sound [1] - 1055:20
sounds [2] - 1226:14
source [11] - 1053:4,
 1063:18, 1063:20,
 1063:21, 1073:8,
 1074:11, 1075:2,
 1075:4, 1130:11,
 1258:4
spaced [1] - 1063:9
speaking [4] -
 1038:19, 1045:15,
 1062:20, 1216:13
special [3] - 1091:13,
 1196:4, 1229:23
specialist [1] - 1212:8
specialized [1] -
 1030:21
specific [16] -
 1031:17, 1031:18,
 1033:6, 1049:21,
 1063:4, 1064:22,
 1065:5, 1068:5,
 1073:22, 1077:25,
 1085:16, 1114:19,
 1131:16, 1141:24,
 1170:16, 1234:23
specifically [10] -
 1012:3, 1027:1,
 1067:10, 1110:10,
 1168:18, 1186:5,
 1224:14, 1229:8,
 1233:19, 1270:17
specification [4] -
 1189:25, 1190:8,
 1229:7, 1234:16
specifications [1] -
 1020:25
specified [2] -
 1234:10, 1237:8
specifies [2] - 1235:2
specify [1] - 1155:23
spectrum [1] -
 1150:11
speed [1] - 1235:4
spell [4] - 1035:20,
```

```
1065:3, 1137:17,
 1243:15
spelled [2] - 1020:25,
 1058:20
spend [1] - 1064:19
spent [1] - 1105:13
spillover [6] -
 1174:22, 1174:23,
 1175:18, 1176:18,
 1199:1, 1199:4
split [2] - 1121:18,
 1124:20
sponsor [4] - 1106:3,
 1106:14, 1119:2,
 1119:14
sponte [1] - 1227:19
Squibb [3] - 1036:15,
 1072:9, 1211:11
stage [2] - 1084:15,
 1089:8
stand [7] - 1017:8,
 1019:2, 1019:18,
 1215:19, 1233:22,
 1239:12, 1256:25
standard [6] -
 1022:17, 1033:1,
 1094:1, 1133:19,
 1143:16, 1206:18
standards [1] -
 1017:23
standing [2] -
 1101:22, 1224:22
stands [1] - 1031:10
Stanford [1] - 1163:16
stark [1] - 1076:9
start [32] - 1008:7,
 1012:24, 1033:1,
 1040:13, 1053:12,
 1054:16, 1055:2,
 1055:6, 1055:9,
 1055:16, 1061:17,
 1080:15, 1084:19,
 1093:20, 1093:21,
 1102:11, 1145:14,
 1153:1, 1168:9,
 1169:5, 1178:24,
 1230:12, 1230:19,
 1231:21, 1232:1,
 1232:25, 1234:3,
 1243:11, 1246:6,
 1249:16, 1256:14,
 1267:5
started [6] - 1168:5,
 1177:10, 1178:11,
 1186:10, 1215:5,
 1228:17
starting [7] - 1006:11,
 1051:1, 1054:24,
 1091:8, 1097:18,
 1167:22, 1205:3
```

```
starts [3] - 1055:20,
 1096:10, 1127:23
state [5] - 1007:4,
 1025:12, 1116:19,
 1116:20, 1142:11
statement [4] -
 1070:5, 1086:22,
 1087:12, 1108:14
statements [2] -
 1116:10, 1140:21
States [4] - 1059:13,
 1059:25, 1185:14,
 1212:4
STATES[1] - 1:2
states [3] - 1151:11,
 1160:11, 1219:23
stating [1] - 1039:3
statue [1] - 1249:2
stay [5] - 1102:7,
 1165:7, 1166:22,
 1166:23
staying [2] - 1068:21,
 1168:1
stenographic [1] -
 1272:5
step [13] - 1008:6,
 1014:12, 1023:16,
 1101:22, 1119:23,
 1215:12, 1221:14,
 1232:23, 1251:11,
 1251:13, 1252:3,
 1256:21, 1259:7
stepped [1] - 1225:11
steps [15] - 1006:18,
 1007:16, 1007:22,
 1007:25, 1008:18,
 1009:4, 1009:6,
 1009:21, 1232:2,
 1232:9, 1232:11,
 1233:4, 1234:19,
 1241:4, 1251:9
Steven [1] - 1208:12
stick [2] - 1250:16,
 1252:12
sticking [1] - 1249:19
still [15] - 1020:3,
 1020:4, 1067:3,
 1084:7, 1105:9,
 1119:8, 1128:1,
 1176:20, 1178:7,
 1197:11, 1235:10,
 1245:14, 1246:23,
 1250:20, 1263:21
stimulated [3] -
 1177:14, 1178:4,
 1183:5
stimulus [4] -
 1164:13, 1174:24,
 1175:3, 1175:21
```

stipulated [1] - 1028:9

stipulation [4] -1162:25, 1269:14, 1271:11, 1271:16 stock [4] - 1213:23, 1214:1, 1214:5, 1214:7 stomach [2] -1030:13, 1030:14 stone [5] - 1016:24, 1054:11, 1080:7, 1244:5, 1246:4 Stone [1] - 1052:9 **STONE** [119] - 1005:9, 1024:12, 1026:6, 1028:9, 1032:19, 1035:1, 1037:1, 1038:2, 1038:12, 1042:24, 1044:8, 1048:24, 1052:4, 1052:8, 1054:7, 1054:13, 1054:19, 1055:15, 1056:2, 1056:16, 1057:9, 1057:14, 1058:2, 1058:7, 1058:12, 1058:16, 1061:16, 1061:18, 1063:24, 1064:1, 1064:15, 1064:17, 1069:4, 1069:6, 1071:21, 1071:25, 1072:2, 1073:14, 1073:16, 1073:18, 1073:20, 1079:17, 1079:24, 1080:8, 1080:13, 1086:13, 1086:15, 1086:19, 1086:23, 1087:2. 1087:14. 1087:21, 1088:5, 1088:11, 1089:1, 1089:5, 1089:6, 1089:23, 1094:25, 1095:2, 1095:8, 1095:11, 1095:17, 1095:25, 1096:1, 1096:18, 1096:21, 1099:7, 1099:9, 1099:13, 1099:17, 1099:20, 1099:21, 1106:19, 1106:21, 1107:9, 1107:11, 1110:20, 1110:23, 1110:25, 1111:1, 1112:17, 1112:22, 1113:12, 1113:16, 1114:13, 1114:16, 1116:2, 1120:9, 1120:18, 1120:24, 1121:3, 1121:8, 1121:12, 1122:5,

1122:8, 1122:13, 1123:2, 1123:23, 1124:15, 1125:11, 1125:19, 1216:13, 1240:15, 1240:18, 1241:20, 1246:5, 1246:14, 1246:17, 1246:21, 1247:1, 1247:7, 1248:2, 1248:5, 1248:9, 1266:1, 1266:7, 1266:11, 1266:14 **stop** [3] - 1066:8, 1072:16, 1190:7 story [2] - 1081:22, 1090:13 stream [1] - 1175:4 stress [2] - 1268:17, 1268:18 stressful [1] - 1162:13 strict [2] - 1218:5 strike [3] - 1102:7, 1158:14, 1158:17 strikingly [1] -1251:24 strong [16] - 1028:24, 1043:11, 1047:4, 1049:8, 1051:19, 1060:15, 1100:15, 1102:22, 1105:11, 1138:8, 1148:20, 1148:24, 1149:5, 1161:17, 1161:18, 1237:10 stronger [2] - 1203:1 strongest [3] - 1043:3, 1043:6, 1043:15 strongly [1] - 1217:11 struck [1] - 1017:8 structural [5] - 1108:9, 1108:16, 1157:8, 1233:16, 1251:7 structurally [3] -1103:24, 1108:13, 1109:8 structure [11] -1040:20, 1048:6, 1104:20, 1107:2, 1107:6, 1109:5, 1109:7, 1156:17, 1158:9, 1251:13, 1251:16 structures [3] -1040:11, 1040:22, 1259:19 stuck [3] - 1245:23, 1251:18, 1258:9 students [1] - 1063:19 studied [1] - 1202:4

Studies [3] - 1094:5,

1115:9, 1115:15 studies [29] - 1043:9, 1073:21, 1083:5, 1092:4, 1092:5, 1096:11, 1104:24, 1127:3, 1127:9, 1136:19, 1137:25, 1141:11, 1145:15, 1158:21, 1159:3, 1159:8, 1160:5, 1160:11, 1161:1, 1161:16, 1164:19, 1175:19, 1180:6, 1184:21, 1184:24, 1208:11, 1218:6, 1263:1 study [73] - 1026:22, 1034:9, 1036:9, 1039:22, 1046:10, 1064:21, 1064:24, 1065:2, 1065:24, 1066:6, 1067:24, 1076:17, 1077:16, 1077:18, 1077:19, 1077:22, 1084:14, 1084:17, 1085:14, 1086:2, 1090:3, 1104:5, 1105:2, 1106:3, 1108:22, 1128:6, 1128:9, 1128:10, 1128:11, 1128:13, 1129:19, 1130:6, 1130:11, 1131:1, 1131:13, 1132:10, 1134:8, 1134:11, 1135:22, 1137:15, 1138:1, 1138:11, 1139:14, 1140:23, 1141:15, 1141:16, 1141:20, 1142:9, 1143:18, 1144:22, 1145:2, 1154:15, 1158:25, 1159:1, 1169:20, 1173:9, 1173:12, 1173:14, 1174:21, 1178:2, 1184:25, 1185:15, 1186:15, 1195:12, 1199:2, 1202:3, 1211:12, 1264:16 Study [1] - 1094:6 studying [1] - 1032:24 stuff [3] - 1158:4, 1257:8, 1268:18 sua [1] - 1227:19 **sub** [1] - 1236:7 subfamily [1] -1031:14 subject [11] - 1012:21,

1013:1, 1013:5, 1053:21, 1067:2, 1140:3, 1156:24, 1164:7, 1165:23, 1256:1, 1257:21 subjects [4] - 1044:19, 1134:12. 1175:12. 1218:6 submission [1] -1106:8 submit [6] - 1265:21, 1270:2, 1270:7, 1271:2, 1271:4, 1271:14 submitted [6] -1229:11, 1251:20, 1263:4, 1265:11, 1269:18, 1270:14 subsequent [4] -1062:22, 1164:19, 1232:11, 1259:2 subset [1] - 1151:12 substance [1] -1080:2 substances [2] -1153:23, 1158:9 substantial [1] -1085:22 substrate [8] - 1041:8, 1078:11, 1078:14, 1079:1, 1097:13, 1097:23, 1118:20, 1159:3 substrates [6] -1078:5, 1078:21, 1099:24, 1100:14, 1141:18, 1188:23 success [9] - 1143:6, 1143:10, 1144:1, 1144:14, 1145:4, 1198:11, 1198:15, 1198:23, 1198:24 successful [3] -1011:13, 1197:21, 1209:22 successfully [3] -1152:25, 1153:9, 1218:16 suddenly [1] -1175:12 suffer [2] - 1212:4 suffering [2] - 1196:8, 1199:24 sufficient [3] -1206:22, 1270:20, 1270:21 sufficiently [1] -1011:12

sugar [1] - 1185:7

suggest [7] - 1022:5,

1022:7, 1022:13, 1022:15, 1247:1, 1252:11, 1256:22 suggested [4] -1066:7, 1160:11, 1161:1, 1214:22 suggesting [4] -1049:13, 1051:5, 1083:14, 1083:15 summarize [2] -1028:22, 1028:24 summarized [1] -1170:21 summarizing [1] -1031:8 summary [6] - 1040:6, 1047:23, 1099:2, 1099:3, 1131:6, 1137:25 superb [1] - 1082:21 superfluous [1] -1230:6 supersonic [1] -1179:16 support [1] - 1251:19 supports [1] - 1256:23 suppose [4] -1196:24, 1197:4, 1221:21, 1266:9 suprachiasmatic [1] -1107:17 surely [1] - 1052:2 surety [1] - 1259:10 surge [1] - 1203:11 surprise [2] - 1164:24, 1210:15 surprised [2] - 1111:9, 1182:24 surprisingly [1] -1016:6 susceptible [1] -1246:11 suspect [4] - 1024:3, 1060:18, 1224:16, 1266:4 suspected [1] -1232:14 sustain [2] - 1158:3, 1158:6 swapped [1] - 1184:2 **switch** [1] - 1084:11 sworn [2] - 1126:13, 1215:21 synchronization [1] -1193:19 synchronize [5] -1187:25, 1193:10, 1193:20, 1194:2, 1194:11 synchronized [4] -

ten [2] - 1193:7,

tend [1] - 1141:25

term [12] - 1010:10,

1054:12, 1055:12,

1056:12, 1143:5,

1165:23, 1166:1,

1166:4, 1166:17,

1208:21

1216:2, 1219:5,

1223:4, 1223:8,

1229:20, 1231:11,

1237:7, 1237:14,

1238:11, 1238:20,

1238:22, 1239:1,

1258:4, 1258:9,

1239:22, 1245:11,

1052:6, 1054:6,

1054:8, 1054:11,

1054:18, 1055:10,

1055:24, 1056:6,

1056:17, 1057:5,

1057:11, 1058:1,

1058:3, 1058:10,

1058:13, 1071:23,

1131:17, 1131:23,

1134:5, 1140:11,

1140:14, 1140:15,

1140:22, 1140:24,

1141:1, 1141:6,

1142:9, 1142:10,

1146:14, 1146:21,

1155:9, 1155:21,

1156:16, 1156:20,

1007:9, 1008:19,

1008:23, 1009:2,

1010:2, 1010:10,

1010:15, 1010:19,

1010:25, 1011:6,

1011:10, 1013:3,

1013:6, 1015:15,

1017:9, 1017:12,

1178:18, 1178:21,

1178:22, 1179:4,

1179:8, 1179:9, 1179:18, 1179:20, 1179:21, 1180:1, 1180:3, 1185:22, 1185:24, 1188:11, 1190:16, 1205:8, 1205:13, 1205:15, 1205:20, 1205:24, 1206:5, 1206:8, 1206:11, 1206:14, 1206:19, 1206:22, 1206:25, 1207:11, 1209:16, 1210:4, 1210:6, 1210:7, 1211:16, 1214:12, 1215:1, 1215:4, 1215:5, 1215:7, 1215:8, 1215:10, 1215:11, 1215:13, 1215:17, 1215:23, 1216:5, 1216:9, 1216:12, 1216:17, 1219:12, 1221:14, 1221:17, 1221:20, 1221:25, 1222:4, 1222:6, 1222:10, 1222:15, 1222:18, 1222:21, 1223:1, 1223:4, 1223:17, 1224:17, 1224:24, 1225:6, 1225:9, 1225:14, 1225:18, 1225:25, 1226:8, 1226:14, 1226:17, 1227:1, 1227:4, 1227:6, 1227:9, 1227:17, 1227:23, 1228:1, 1228:6, 1228:11, 1228:16, 1228:19, 1229:12, 1229:15, 1230:1, 1230:10, 1230:17, 1230:24, 1232:5, 1233:11, 1233:24, 1235:9, 1235:12, 1236:10, 1236:21, 1236:24, 1237:4, 1237:21, 1238:7, 1238:14, 1238:19, 1238:23, 1239:6, 1239:15, 1239:19, 1240:3, 1240:12, 1240:17, 1241:21, 1242:2, 1242:6, 1242:10, 1242:15, 1243:4, 1243:19, 1243:24, 1244:4, 1244:7, 1244:13, 1245:1, 1245:6, 1245:22, 1246:1, 1246:13, 1246:15,

1246:18, 1246:22, 1247:6, 1247:24, 1248:3, 1248:6, 1248:13, 1249:4, 1249:7, 1249:15, 1250:3, 1250:5, 1250:11, 1250:14, 1250:18, 1250:23, 1253:13, 1253:15, 1253:20, 1253:22, 1253:25, 1254:4, 1254:8, 1254:15, 1254:25, 1257:7, 1257:24, 1258:19, 1258:23, 1259:4, 1259:24, 1260:8, 1260:20, 1261:1, 1261:6, 1261:15, 1261:18, 1261:22, 1261:24, 1262:9, 1262:17, 1262:22, 1263:7, 1263:21, 1264:4, 1264:8, 1264:11, 1264:23, 1265:3, 1265:15, 1265:22, 1266:10, 1266:13, 1266:15, 1266:20, 1267:4, 1267:8, 1267:17, 1268:6, 1268:10, 1268:15, 1269:2, 1269:6, 1270:12, 1271:2, 1271:6, 1271:13, 1271:20 themselves [3] -1103:25, 1113:24, 1184:11 then-stimulated [1] -1177:14 theory [1] - 1052:21 therapeutic [2] -1135:16 therapeutics [3] -1028:2, 1028:4, 1187:22 thereby [1] - 1140:10 therefore [8] -1016:10, 1024:21, 1051:8, 1108:1, 1176:5, 1244:23, 1259:19, 1260:6 they've [6] - 1073:5, 1114:8, 1122:5, 1185:1, 1231:10, 1247:9 thinking [4] - 1113:11, 1187:15, 1245:15, 1265:23 third [3] - 1031:15,

1098:3, 1120:13

thirds [1] - 1218:7 thoughts [1] - 1257:12 thousand [1] -1219:20 three [13] - 1042:14, 1047:6, 1047:13, 1047:15, 1057:3, 1067:6, 1072:8, 1132:25, 1138:4, 1186:15, 1208:20, 1266:1, 1266:11 threshold [3] - 1010:6, 1010:18, 1010:24 thresholds [1] -1011:11 throughout [5] -1202:22, 1221:3, 1240:22, 1241:2, 1241:16 Thursday [4] - 1:16, 1267:21, 1269:8 tie [1] - 1248:24 timely [1] - 1016:7 timing [6] - 1167:3, 1180:10, 1180:16, 1181:24, 1200:5, 1200:15 tired [1] - 1025:6 tissues [1] - 1096:11 title [5] - 1013:1, 1072:3, 1099:22, 1136:16, 1160:1 today [15] - 1043:5, 1084:3, 1089:13, 1089:14, 1121:5, 1129:4, 1129:9, 1175:7, 1193:5, 1193:22, 1210:12, 1213:20, 1258:7, 1267:16, 1270:9 together [20] - 1011:5, 1029:9, 1033:12, 1041:5, 1042:1, 1044:20, 1046:2, 1048:15, 1053:22, 1104:21, 1191:23, 1225:5, 1241:17, 1241:21, 1241:22, 1242:16, 1254:20, 1262:24, 1263:8, 1265:16 **Tokyo** [1] - 1165:6 tomorrow [2] -1257:6, 1267:17 took [5] - 1106:10, 1125:1, 1210:15, 1210:16, 1259:21 top [23] - 1007:20, 1008:6, 1008:16,

1044:21, 1046:11,

1061:21, 1071:25, 1094:12, 1095:8, 1096:2, 1107:14, 1113:15, 1114:14, 1114:15, 1129:25, 1130:3, 1131:5, 1132:25, 1143:14, 1153:14, 1235:20, 1239:18, 1253:1 topic [4] - 1036:16, 1102:14, 1106:12, 1218:20 total [8] - 1124:12, 1124:14, 1157:21, 1207:3, 1207:7, 1266:11, 1268:24 totality [2] - 1104:8, 1193:18 totally [3] - 1098:17, 1113:12, 1258:23 touch [3] - 1212:19, 1250:1, 1250:9 touched [2] - 1016:12, 1222:1 touches [1] - 1250:7 touching [2] - 1231:6, 1252:14 tough [1] - 1245:16 toxic [1] - 1079:6 toxicities [1] -1026:24 toxicity [2] - 1041:15, 1047:18 toxicology [1] -1127:24 tract [2] - 1030:21, 1051:18 trained [1] - 1026:14 training [1] - 1163:19 **Transcript** [1] - 1:16 transcript [9] -1023:21, 1088:13, 1089:19, 1158:8, 1219:2, 1219:4, 1270:3, 1271:1, 1272:5 transcripts [2] -1269:24, 1269:25 transfected [1] -1066:4 transfection [1] -1065:17 transformed [1] -1187:24 transition [1] -1180:21 travel [1] - 1165:4 treat [13] - 1037:8, 1057:17, 1059:23, 1174:2, 1186:6,

1186:12, 1195:6,	1178:13, 1198:17,	1040:25, 1042:8,	1163:21, 1169:16,	1098:11, 1121:3,
1210:13, 1211:7,	1198:19, 1208:19,	1046:4, 1048:10,	1172:19, 1173:7,	1125:22, 1126:13,
1210:13, 1211:17, 1220:2, 1222:12,	1211:25, 1216:20,	1063:7, 1063:8,	1175:6, 1178:8,	1127:22, 1139:11,
1220.2, 1222.12, 1222:22, 1224:13	1211:23, 1210:20, 1216:23, 1262:13		1181:25, 1188:15,	· · · · · ·
,	•	1068:21, 1069:19,		1150:3, 1193:2,
treated [10] - 1049:8,	tried [10] - 1011:7,	1082:17, 1086:8,	1195:10, 1196:19,	1215:24, 1218:5,
1050:24, 1194:5,	1014:5, 1187:17,	1094:3, 1094:25,	1201:16, 1202:9,	1221:7, 1233:6,
1196:24, 1197:6,	1187:18, 1193:5,	1101:17, 1102:2,	1217:19, 1217:20,	1233:7, 1259:14
1212:16, 1214:17,	1211:7, 1214:21,	1114:2, 1114:11,	1218:7, 1220:23,	underestimate [1] -
1214:18, 1214:19,	1232:13, 1268:13,	1115:3, 1117:20,	1231:15, 1231:21,	1141:22
1218:1	1271:23	1118:13, 1127:12,	1241:4, 1241:10,	underlying [1] -
treating [18] - 1042:4,	trigger [1] - 1143:17	1129:18, 1130:21,	1251:9, 1252:8,	1103:16
1057:19, 1118:24,	tripped [1] - 1197:24	1134:22, 1136:3,	1255:8, 1255:11,	understood [4] -
1191:8, 1192:1,	true [12] - 1011:8,	1136:25, 1144:4,	1263:9, 1266:24,	1012:5, 1065:15,
1192:3, 1192:6,	1082:6, 1082:13,	1150:17, 1160:2,	1266:25, 1269:24	1207:9, 1234:5
1192:8, 1192:15,	1082:14, 1083:25,	1165:13, 1169:15,	two-column [1] -	undesirable [1] -
1193:15, 1194:16,	1084:4, 1084:5,	1171:12, 1174:8,	1063:9	1253:24
1195:2, 1195:15,	1091:10, 1118:19,	1174:24	two-hour [1] - 1175:6	undisputed [3] -
1196:15, 1198:3,	1171:2, 1202:2,	turned [2] - 1059:9,	two-minute [1] -	1024:17, 1113:2,
1198:4, 1210:20,	1272:4	1175:1	1125:11	1234:14
1210:21	trusting [1] - 1079:18	turning [20] - 1027:5,	two-page [1] - 1263:9	unduly [1] - 1195:13
treatment [34] -	try [21] - 1011:14,	1027:24, 1028:13,	two-process [1] -	unexpected [2] -
1049:9, 1051:1,	1068:16, 1084:23,	1030:5, 1031:7,	1220:23	1015:25, 1184:5
1062:5, 1091:18,	1085:3, 1105:25,	1031:18, 1032:23,	two-thirds [1] - 1218:7	unfortunately [4] -
1164:1, 1186:17,	1108:24, 1143:22,	1033:23, 1040:6,	two-year [1] - 1026:18	1167:4, 1185:2,
1192:11, 1192:19,	1165:6, 1165:7,	1043:18, 1045:24,	twofold [1] - 1045:19	1202:19, 1245:24
1192:21, 1193:10,	1166:9, 1166:21,	1047:6, 1047:23,	Tylenol [3] - 1139:14,	uninduced [1] -
1193:20, 1193:21,	1166:22, 1167:2,	1049:3, 1050:20,	1139:16	1116:20
1193:23, 1193:25,	1168:12, 1175:13,	1068:22, 1071:15,	type [5] - 1039:10,	unique [2] - 1032:1,
1194:2, 1194:7,	1186:3, 1187:20,	1189:13, 1236:15,	1128:8, 1134:8,	1142:1
1194:10, 1194:19,	1199:9, 1199:11,	1267:5	1141:19, 1229:5	UNITED [1] - 1:2
1195:24, 1201:1,	1200:12, 1214:22	turns [3] - 1065:25,	types [4] - 1148:16,	United [5] - 1059:13,
1207:20, 1209:23,	trying [28] - 1011:9,	1229:10, 1237:25	1167:15, 1229:7	1059:25, 1185:14,
1210:16, 1211:22,	1012:24, 1053:9,	twice [2] - 1120:5,	typical [1] - 1141:19	1212:4, 1219:22
1217:8, 1217:22,	1058:7, 1059:23,	1173:9	typically [2] - 1088:15,	universe [2] -
1220:9, 1222:6,	1060:4, 1060:13,	two [80] - 1006:18,	1145:14	1101:25, 1102:13
1222:12, 1223:5,	1061:8, 1077:12,	1007:15, 1007:22,		University [3] -
1223:16, 1223:19	1098:18, 1105:25,	1009:4, 1009:6,	U	1025:22, 1126:20,
treats [2] - 1109:25,	1135:8, 1158:3,	1009:20, 1016:16,		1127:24
1110:1	1165:5, 1166:23,	1026:18, 1028:22,	U.S [1] - 1272:7	unless [3] - 1158:7,
tree [4] - 1096:3,	1167:4, 1192:13,	1029:7, 1035:12,	ultimate [1] - 1021:7	1248:16, 1249:5
1098:4, 1098:7,	1194:14, 1194:15,	1040:14, 1040:20,	ultimately [4] -	unlike [2] - 1174:23,
1098:11	1195:13, 1203:17,	1041:4, 1041:10,	1030:23, 1119:8,	1226:6
tremendous [2] -	1223:11, 1224:4,	1048:15, 1056:22,	1247:11, 1247:18	unlikely [2] - 1116:15,
1203:11, 1263:2	1229:22, 1240:16,	1063:9, 1074:21,	unable [1] - 1060:21	1141:22
trial [27] - 1006:3,	1244:20, 1245:17,	1081:4, 1081:23,	unaffected [6] -	unmet [2] - 1119:18,
1017:19, 1017:21,	1262:12	1083:4, 1083:9,	1067:2, 1067:5,	1186:7
1020:22, 1087:4,	tube [3] - 1131:15,	1083:11, 1083:14,	1068:1, 1068:18,	unnecessary [1] -
1117:16, 1118:18,	1138:2, 1142:4	1083:15, 1084:4,	1071:4, 1074:10	1102:3
1164:8, 1165:23,	tubercular [2] -	1085:21, 1086:1,	unambiguous [3] -	unpublished [1] -
1166:25, 1182:14,	1154:2, 1154:8	1086:5, 1089:9,	1251:25, 1252:23,	1251:23
1182:24, 1184:3,	Tufts [1] - 1025:21	1090:23, 1090:24,	1255:12	unreliability [1] -
1186:13, 1186:16,	TUNNELL [1] -	1095:9, 1097:1,	unchanged [2] -	1264:15
1194:3, 1198:22,	1005:12	1108:16, 1110:15,	1133:3, 1241:9	unsure [1] - 1124:18
1203:22, 1208:21,	turn [47] - 1008:18,	1110:17, 1116:15,	unclear [1] - 1194:12	unusual [1] - 1170:24
1210:19, 1226:6,	1025:24, 1028:21,	1125:11, 1130:2,	uncontested [1] -	up [98] - 1006:15,
1228:23, 1262:8,	1029:5, 1033:23,	1132:13, 1135:4,	1271:11	1007:6, 1010:1,
1266:23, 1267:1,	1034:13, 1035:5,	1137:25, 1144:19,	under [21] - 1006:6,	1010:6, 1010:1,
1271:18, 1271:23	1036:1, 1036:17,	1148:2, 1148:9,	1020:3, 1020:4,	1010:0, 1011:5,
Trial [1] - 1:16		1155.10 1157.16		1011.12, 1012.24,
[.]	1037:15, 1037:19,	1155:12, 1157:16,	1054:12. 1057:4	1014-16 1016-10
trials [9] - 1059:20,	1037:15, 1037:19, 1038:23, 1039:17,	1158:9, 1161:24,	1054:12, 1057:4, 1087:12, 1087:24,	1014:16, 1016:19, 1020:1, 1024:10,

variables [1] - 1233:20

varieties [1] - 1031:18

variety [1] - 1139:11

Page 310 of 311 PageID #:

1025:18, 1026:10,
1027:8, 1031:16, 1033:4, 1033:9,
1033:4, 1033:9,
1036:7, 1039:18,
1045:3, 1054:20, 1061:16, 1061:20,
1063:24, 1065:3,
1069:5, 1071:25,
1073:18, 1078:2, 1080:15, 1092:18,
1095:7, 1096:19,
1106:19, 1107:9,
1109:18, 1113:13, 1113:14, 1114:13,
1114:15, 1115:6,
1117:19, 1118:10, 1119:2, 1124:3,
1129:6, 1129:22,
1132:20, 1137:21, 1140:4, 1140:18,
1141:3, 1144:19,
1147:15, 1149:9, 1154:13, 1154:19,
1154:13, 1154:19, 1156:12, 1159:16,
1165:10, 1165:13,
1166:10, 1168:1, 1168:2, 1168:3,
1168:10, 1168:11,
1172:3, 1186:24,
1187:1, 1187:8, 1191:11, 1191:21,
1194:8, 1197:24,
1199:7, 1199:10,
1204:25, 1220:18, 1225:11, 1226:9,
1225:11, 1226:9, 1226:25, 1232:2,
1233:1, 1234:14, 1235:1, 1249:11,
1255:1, 1258:11, 1261:4, 1264:16,
1261:4, 1264:16, 1270:13
update [1] - 1122:21
upheld [1] - 1246:19
uponti [1] - 1038:9 upregulated [1] -
1093:16
urine [6] - 1076:1,
1077:24, 1133:4, 1134:13, 1195:10,
1196:18
USA [1] - 1:7 useful [3] - 1225:5,
1258:21, 1259:2
usual [8] - 1045:21,
1168:12, 1172:18, 1172:20, 1176:7,
1179:13, 1203:2,
1203:7 utility [4] - 1259:20,
utility [4] - 1209.20,

1263:18, 1263:19 utterance [1] - 1056:2

V

various [3] - 1042:13, 1082:6, 1184:6 VA [6] - 1219:15, 1219:17, 1220:5, 1220:8, 1220:18, 1221:9 Vachharajani [46] -1071:7, 1071:12, 1071:18, 1072:1, 1072:16, 1072:20, 1073:8, 1073:17, 1081:11, 1092:18, 1092:19, 1092:23, 1093:1, 1100:7, 1103:16, 1103:21, 1104:23, 1105:1. 1105:2, 1105:9, 1112:4, 1112:9, 1112:11, 1112:15, 1113:2, 1113:17, 1116:9, 1128:6, 1128:9, 1129:18, 1130:5, 1130:9, 1130:11, 1131:1, 1131:10, 1131:13, 1131:22, 1140:21, 1140:23, 1141:6, 1141:15, 1142:9, 1160:21, 1178:2, 1180:1 VACHHARAJANI[1] -1071:8 validity [6] - 1011:18, 1011:19, 1223:21, 1265:8, 1266:6, 1266:7 value [5] - 1214:1, 1214:5, 1214:7, 1257:17, 1259:18 Van [1] - 1044:1 **VANDA**[1] - 1:5 Vanda [22] - 1005:13, 1009:7, 1010:1, 1010:2, 1010:6, 1160:6, 1194:3, 1195:12, 1211:7, 1212:20, 1212:22, 1213:3, 1213:5, 1213:6, 1213:13, 1213:23, 1214:4, 1214:5, 1215:5, 1215:10, 1249:18, 1260:16 Vanda's [2] - 1120:18, 1162:19

variability [1] -

1090:15

vast [1] - 1148:17 verb [2] - 1067:2, 1240:24 verified [1] - 1141:16 version [1] - 1271:14 versus [5] - 1082:10, 1086:22, 1117:18, 1251:21. 1252:21 via [1] - 1110:3 victim [2] - 1041:8, 1045:18 view [18] - 1009:23, 1057:3, 1102:4, 1103:20, 1104:5, 1113:7, 1197:17, 1224:12, 1231:18, 1235:3, 1235:24, 1236:8, 1243:21, 1244:8, 1244:21, 1245:4, 1250:10, 1257:14 vis-à-vis [1] - 1081:25 vitae [2] - 1127:15, 1169:7 Vitro [2] - 1115:8, 1115:14 vitro [64] - 1033:1, 1033:14, 1036:10, 1039:12, 1039:23, 1046:20, 1076:19, 1076:22, 1076:23, 1077:2, 1077:13, 1081:5, 1081:18, 1081:25, 1082:7, 1083:5, 1084:12, 1084:14, 1085:14, 1092:20, 1093:20, 1096:10, 1097:2, 1098:15, 1098:16, 1098:19, 1099:22, 1100:7, 1100:11, 1101:1, 1101:10, 1103:22, 1107:12, 1114:17, 1115:21, 1117:18, 1117:19, 1117:20, 1117:25, 1118:3, 1118:12, 1118:14, 1118:17, 1118:23, 1119:6, 1119:12, 1128:8, 1135:22, 1135:24, 1136:7, 1136:19, 1138:1, 1138:8, 1138:17, 1139:14, 1142:11, 1145:15,

1150:6, 1152:20, 1153:4, 1159:2, 1159:7, 1160:11, 1161:1 vivo [35] - 1046:20, 1046:21, 1050:15, 1076:20, 1077:6, 1077:8. 1077:9. 1077:11, 1077:13, 1077:14, 1084:11, 1084:13, 1084:17, 1086:2, 1092:4, 1092:9, 1093:5, 1093:9, 1093:15, 1093:18, 1098:15, 1098:21, 1100:24, 1101:18, 1117:18, 1117:21, 1118:1, 1118:4, 1118:13, 1118:15, 1119:8, 1139:6, 1143:17, 1150:6, 1159:8 vocabulary [3] -1058:17, 1064:23, 1076:18 **voice** [1] - 1165:10 volunteers [1] -1106:4 W

wait [5] - 1033:25, 1058:13, 1176:21, 1192:22, 1246:13 waited [1] - 1068:9 waiting [1] - 1122:21 waiver [1] - 1226:7 Wake [1] - 1192:4 wake [23] - 1167:21, 1168:2, 1168:6, 1168:10, 1170:24, 1179:6, 1179:11, 1184:1, 1191:5, 1191:9, 1192:15, 1192:17, 1194:17, 1196:9, 1196:13, 1197:10, 1203:6, 1203:11, 1203:16, 1203:19, 1220:7, 1220:10 wakening [1] -1202:23 wakes [1] - 1168:3 walk [1] - 1030:9 wants [4] - 1210:8, 1224:2, 1228:3, 1257:16 War [1] - 1054:23 warn [2] - 1080:1, 1268:10

warned [1] - 1100:22 warning [4] - 1046:3, 1100:18, 1100:23, 1102:22 warnings [2] -1049:21, 1100:16 warns [1] - 1067:10 warranted [1] -1091:18 watch [1] - 1104:22 watching [1] - 1258:8 ways [1] - 1231:23 weak [2] - 1237:11, 1237:12 Wednesday [1] -1271:4 week [5] - 1166:25, 1266:23, 1268:23, 1269:15, 1271:4 weekend [2] -1267:14, 1267:20 weeks [4] - 1195:11, 1196:19, 1257:19, 1265:11 weigh [1] - 1245:16 weight [1] - 1187:22 weight-promoting [1] - 1187:22 Weir [27] - 1061:16, 1063:24, 1064:15, 1069:4, 1071:25, 1073:14, 1079:18, 1095:1, 1096:18, 1096:19, 1099:7, 1106:19, 1113:14, 1114:13, 1115:3, 1115:5, 1129:2, 1129:6, 1129:22, 1130:21, 1132:20, 1134:22, 1137:20, 1140:4, 1140:17, 1141:2, 1166:12 WEISS [1] - 1005:8 welcome [1] - 1217:1 well-aligned [1] -1239:24 WELLS [1] - 1005:4 Westlaw [1] - 1233:22 WHARTON[1] -1005:8 wheel [1] - 1260:7 whereas [2] - 1237:16, 1244:18 wherein [2] - 1236:4, 1236:6 white [3] - 1063:7, 1126:16, 1169:1 whole [12] - 1075:7,

1096:8, 1100:21,

1107:6, 1182:17,

1183:2, 1246:23, 1248:14, 1251:13, 1259:16, 1263:4, 1267:14 wide [1] - 1165:18 WILLIAM [1] - 1005:5 Williams [1] - 1052:15 **Wilmington** [4] - 1:15, 1054:22, 1068:8, 1165:5 window [1] - 1203:7 wisdom [1] - 1174:1 wise [1] - 1124:3 wiser [1] - 1226:4 wishing [1] - 1253:9 withdraw [3] - 1091:7, 1092:16 withdrawn [9] -1059:11, 1060:24, 1061:8, 1067:16, 1072:14, 1078:4, 1092:16, 1103:5, 1109:19 WITNESS [41] -1020:5, 1020:24, 1023:11, 1023:15, 1034:2, 1035:22, 1080:4, 1095:10, 1117:23, 1118:2, 1118:5, 1118:19, 1119:10, 1119:12, 1120:2, 1120:4, 1120:7, 1137:19, 1138:23, 1139:1, 1159:18, 1162:9, 1162:11, 1162:13, 1162:16, 1165:12, 1176:23, 1177:1, 1178:17, 1178:21, 1179:4, 1179:9, 1179:20, 1180:1, 1185:24, 1188:11, 1210:6, 1215:4, 1215:7, 1215:10, 1215:13 witness [38] - 1014:1, 1018:1, 1018:2, 1020:2, 1024:6, 1052:3, 1056:13, 1057:21, 1087:4, 1087:5, 1087:6, 1087:7, 1087:8, 1087:11, 1087:12, 1087:23, 1087:25, 1095:15, 1113:10, 1120:14, 1120:18, 1123:1, 1123:2, 1123:5, 1123:8, 1124:1, 1124:6, 1126:12, 1162:8,

1162:19, 1162:22, written [25] - 1038:8, 1165:9, 1206:10, 1098:14, 1133:14, 1206:19, 1207:7, 1183:2, 1232:8, 1214:11, 1220:15 1232:24, 1234:7, Witness [4] - 1014:13, 1235:6, 1235:7, 1120:8, 1162:17, 1235:25, 1236:9, 1215:14 1237:17. 1238:5. 1242:3. 1242:22. witnesses [7] -1244:21, 1244:25, 1016:20, 1121:4, 1251:8, 1251:14, 1124:6, 1125:13, 1231:5, 1258:8, 1253:7, 1253:8, 1265:10 1253:11, 1253:16, 1270:7, 1270:13 Women's [1] wrote [3] - 1099:10, 1163:10 wonder [2] - 1054:24, 1099:22, 1232:5 1270:23 X wondering [4] -1007:18, 1014:15, 1019:10, 1223:11 XenoTech [2] -Word [1] - 1271:14 word [23] - 1055:19,

1062:24, 1068:4,

1070:17, 1078:2,

1115:17, 1192:7,

1192:15, 1193:13,

1196:22, 1229:10,

1237:25. 1241:13.

1246:10, 1247:3,

1247:4, 1248:1,

1249:19, 1250:16,

1252:12, 1255:6,

wording [2] - 1102:24,

words [19] - 1054:2,

1064:19, 1071:6,

1073:2, 1074:16,

1074:18, 1118:16,

1179:1, 1230:2,

1231:9, 1235:8,

1239:4, 1241:5,

1241:16, 1246:23,

1247:13, 1252:1,

1256:15, 1256:16

workers [1] - 1166:21

works [1] - 1262:24

world [6] - 1083:15,

1094:18, 1139:5,

1165:18, 1245:4,

worry [3] - 1041:14,

1041:22, 1154:25

worse [2] - 1186:22,

worst [1] - 1185:3

write [5] - 1203:21,

wrapped [1] - 1124:3

1203:22, 1232:12,

1266:25, 1267:2

writing [1] - 1270:8

1250:10

1249:2

1267:24

1103:2

Xanax [1] - 1029:22 1126:25, 1128:11 XPD [3] - 1126:21, 1126:23, 1127:1

Υ

year [7] - 1026:15, 1026:16, 1026:18, 1120:5, 1213:11, 1261:1, 1268:11 years [11] - 1027:4, 1027:13, 1030:4, 1120:5, 1163:21, 1164:17, 1186:11, 1244:22, 1259:21, 1260:23, 1261:5 yellow [5] - 1030:11, 1031:22, 1049:7, 1050:23, 1087:8 yes/no[1] - 1141:12 yesterday [16] -1006:11, 1009:14, 1014:6, 1017:7, 1057:21, 1068:8, 1121:14, 1121:17, 1174:9, 1174:23, 1175:4, 1175:14, 1205:23, 1208:19, 1218:13, 1229:11 vesterday's [2] -1123:20, 1183:17 York [2] - 1054:22, 1165:20 young [2] - 1261:11, 1261:13 YOUNG [9] - 1005:9, 1014:3, 1019:17, 1019:19, 1019:25,

1020:6, 1021:1,

1023:7, 1037:4

yourself [10] -1013:14, 1013:20, 1017:17, 1057:7, 1082:25, 1086:9, 1088:1, 1128:13, 1163:6, 1212:17

Ζ

zolpidem [1] - 1030:1 zone [2] - 1203:6, 1203:19 zoom [4] - 1064:2, 1064:15, 1075:5, 1095:8 zooming [1] - 1135:21